

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

SPECIAL PROVISIONS PROPOSAL CONTRACT AND BOND

FOR

INTERSTATE ROUTE H-3
HALAWA-LULUKU INTERPRETIVE DEVELOPMENT
LULUKU PROJECT AREA
FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. I-H3-1(75)
DISTRICT OF KOOLAUPOKO
ISLAND OF OAHU

FY 2024

NOTICE TO BIDDERS

Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS), Chapter 103D

The receiving of bids for INTERSTATE ROUTE H-3, HALAWA-LULUKU

INTERPRETIVE DEVELOPMENT, LULUKU PROJECT AREA, DISTRICT OF

KOOLAUPOKO, ISLAND OF OAHU, FEDERAL-AID PROJECT NO. I-H3-1(75), will begin as of the HIePRO Release Date. Bidders shall register and submit complete bids through HIePRO only. Refer to the following HIePRO link for important information on Vendor Registration: https://hiepro.ehawaii.gov/welcome.html.

The solicitation plans, specifications, proposal, and additional documents designated or incorporated by reference shall be available in HIePRO.

HIEPRO OFFER DUE DATE & TIME is <u>August 14, 2024</u>, at 2:00 p.m., Hawaii

Standard Time (HST). Bidders shall submit and <u>upload the complete proposal to HIEPRO</u>

prior to the offer due date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as <u>confidential</u> and/or proprietary shall be uploaded as a <u>separate file</u> to HIEPRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents as part of their proposal. The record of each bidder and their respective proposal shall be open to public inspection. <u>FAILURE</u>

TO UPLOAD THE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION.

Scope of work consists of sewer line and water line installation, site grading, installation of permeable pavement, and construction of support facility structures. The estimated cost of construction is \$3,770,000.

To be eligible for award, bidders shall possess a valid State of Hawaii General Engineering "A" license **prior to the award of contract.**

A virtual pre-bid conference is scheduled for <u>July 24, 2024</u>, at 10:30 a.m., HST. Interested bidders shall contact Evan Kimoto, Project Manager, directly at evan.kimoto@hawaii.gov, no later than five working days prior to the scheduled pre-bid conference to receive the meeting invitation. All prospective bidders and/or their respective representatives are encouraged to attend; however, attendance is not mandatory. All information presented at the pre-bid conference shall be provided for clarification and information only. Any amendments to the solicitation shall be made by formal addendum and posted in HIePRO.

All Request for Information (RFI) questions and Substitution Requests shall be submitted in HIePRO no later than July 31, 2024, at 2:00 p.m., HST. RFI questions received after the stated deadline shall not be addressed. Substitution Requests received after the stated deadline shall not be considered. Verbal RFI(s) shall not receive a response. All responses to RFI questions shall be provided for clarification and information only and issued by formal addendum. Any amendments to the solicitation shall be made by formal addendum and posted in HIePRO.

If there is a conflict between the solicitation and information stated in the pre-bid conference, the meeting minutes, and/or the responses to RFI questions, the solicitation shall govern and control, unless as amended by formal addendum.

Campaign contributions by State and County Contractors. Contractors are hereby notified of the applicability of HRS § 11-355 which states that campaign contributions are prohibited from specified State or county government contractors during the term of the contract if the contractors are paid with funds appropriated by a legislative body. For more information, contact the Campaign Spending Commission at (808) 586-0285.

<u>Protests</u>. Any protest of this solicitation shall be submitted in writing to the Director of

Transportation, in accordance with HRS § 103D-701 and Hawaii Administrative Rules § 3-126.

The Equal Employment Opportunity Regulations of the Secretary of Labor implementing Executive Order 11246, as amended, shall be complied with on this project.

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulation entitled "Nondiscrimination in Federally Assisted Programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation", Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Part 21, is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation shall affirmatively ensure that the contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder without discrimination on the grounds of race, color, national origin, or sex (as directed by 23 CFR Part 200).

The U.S. Department of Transportation Regulations entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs", Title 49, CFR, Part 26, is applicable to this project. Bidders are hereby notified that the Department of Transportation shall strictly enforce full compliance with all the requirements of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program with respect to this project.

Bidders shall read the DBE Requirements, included in this solicitation, which establishes the program requirements pursuant to Title 49, CFR, Part 26, and includes the requirements of certification, method of award, and evidence of good faith. All Bidders shall email Evan Kimoto, Project Manager, at evan.kimoto@hawaii.gov, the following: "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts Documentation for Construction"; "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement – Trucking Company"; and "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement – Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier",

no later than August 19, 2024, at 4:30 p.m., HST. Failure to provide the respective documents

shall be grounds for rejection of bid.

Driving While Impaired (DWI) Education. The Hawaii Department of

Transportation (HDOT) encourages all organizations contracted with HDOT to have an

employee education program preventing DWI. DWI is defined as operating a motor vehicle

while impaired by alcohol or other legal or illegal substances. HDOT promotes this type of

program to accomplish our mission to provide a safe environment for motorists, bicyclists, and

pedestrians utilizing our State highways, and expects its contractors to do so as well.

For additional information, contact Evan Kimoto, Project Manager, by phone

at (808) 692-7551, or by email at evan.kimoto@hawaii.gov.

The State reserves the right to reject any or all proposals and to waive any defects in said

proposals in the best interest of the public.

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ROBIN K. SHISHIDO

Deputy Director of Transportation for Highways

HIePRO RELEASE DATE: July 15, 2024

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Performance Bond

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Labor and Material Payment Bond

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INSTRUCTIONS FOR CONTRACTOR'S LICENSING

"A" general engineering contractors and "B" general building contractors are reminded that due to the Hawaii Supreme Court's January 28, 2002 decision in Okada Trucking Co., Ltd. v. Board of Water Supply, et al., 97 Haw. 450 (2002), they are prohibited from undertaking any work, solely or as part of a larger project, which would require the general contractor to act as a specialty contractor in any area where the general contractor has no license. Although the "A" and "B" contractor may still bid on and act as the "prime" contractor on an "A" or "B" project (See, HRS § 444-7 for the definitions of an "A" and "B" project.), respectively, the "A" and "B" contractor may only perform work in the areas in which they have the appropriate contractor's license (An "A" or "B" contractor obtains "C" specialty contractor's licenses either on its own, or automatically under HAR § 16-77-32.). The remaining work must be performed by appropriately licensed entities. It is the sole responsibility of the contractor to review the requirements of this project and determine the appropriate licenses that are required to complete the project.

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NOTICE OF REQUIREMENT FOR AFFIRMATIVE ACTION TO ENSURE EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

- 1. The Bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity" and the "Specific Equal Employment Opportunity Responsibilities" set forth in the "Required Federal Aid Construction Contract Provisions."
- 2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate workforce in each trade on all construction work on this project are as follows:

CATEGORY	TIMETABLE	GOAL
Female participation in each trade	Indefinite	6.9%
Minority participation in each	None	69.1% (Oahu)
Trade (female included)	None	70.4% (Hawaii, Maui, Kau

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's aggregate on-site construction workforce whether or not part of that workforce is performing work on a Federal or Federally assisted construction contract or subcontract.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, and its efforts to meet the goals established for the contract resulting from this solicitation. The hours of female and minority employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in trade and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be a violation of the contract and Executive Order. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Area Director, Hawaii Area Office, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, U.S. Department of Labor, 300 Ala Moana Blvd., P.O. Box 50149, Honolulu, Hawaii 96850, within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; and estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract. The Contractor shall indicate which are minority group subcontractors and the ethnic identity and sex of the owner(s) and policy-making official(s).

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE REQUIREMENTS

I. GENERAL

This project is subject to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 26, entitled "Participation by Disadvantaged Business Enterprise in Department of Transportation Financial Assistance Programs," hereinafter referred to as the ("DBE Regulations") and is incorporated and made a part of this contract herein by this reference. The following shall be incorporated as part of the contract documents for compliance. If any requirements herein are in conflict with the general provisions or special provisions applicable to this project, the requirements herein shall prevail unless specifically superseded or amended in the special provisions or by addendum.

II. POLICY

It is the policy of the U.S. Department of Transportation ("USDOT") and the State of Hawaii, Department of Transportation and its political subdivisions ("Department") that Disadvantaged Business Enterprises ("DBE"), as defined in the DBE Regulations, have an equal opportunity to receive and participate in federally assisted contracts.

III. <u>DBE ASSURANCES</u>

Each contract signed with a prime contractor (and each subcontract the prime contractor signs with a subcontractor) shall include the following assurance:

"The contractor, sub-recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate which may include, but is not limited to; 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible."

The prime contractor agrees to include the above statements in any subsequent contracts that it enters into with other contractors and shall require those contractors to include similar statements in further agreements.

IV. BIDDER/OFFEROR RESPONSIBILITIES

All bidders/offerors are required to register with the Department's OCR, DBE Section, using the Bidder Registration Form, which can be downloaded from the Department's website at http://hidot.hawaii.gov/administration/ocr/dbe/dbe-program-forms/. Certified DBEs are considered registered with the Department and are not required to submit a

Bidder Registration Form. All other bidders/offerors are required to complete this form which may be faxed to (808) 831-7944, e-mailed to HDOT-DBE@hawaii.gov, or mailed to the HDOT DBE Section at 200 Rodgers Boulevard, Honolulu, Hawaii, 96819. Registered bidders/offerors are posted on the website listed above.

Bidders/offerors, subcontractors, manufacturers, vendors or suppliers, and trucking companies shall fully inform themselves with respect to the requirements of the DBE Regulations. Particular attention is directed to the following matters:

- A. Bidders/offerors shall take all necessary steps to ensure that DBEs have an opportunity to participate in this contract.
- B. DBEs may participate as a consultant, prime contractor, subcontractor, trucking company, or vendor of materials or supplies. DBEs may also team with other DBEs or non-DBE firms as part of a joint venture or partnership.
- C. Agreements between a bidder/offeror and a DBE in which an DBE promises not to provide subcontracting quotations to other bidders/offerors are strictly prohibited.
- D. A DBE shall be certified by the Department under the appropriate North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code and work in their registered field of work in order for credit to be allowed.
- E. Information regarding the current certification status of DBEs is available on the internet at https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.
- F. <u>Commercially Useful Function ("CUF")</u>. An DBE must perform a CUF. This means that an DBE must be responsible for the execution of a distinct element of the work, must carry out its responsibility by actually performing, managing, and supervising at least 30% of the work involved by using its own employees and equipment, must negotiate price, determine quality and quantity, order and install material (when applicable), and must pay for the material itself.¹

To determine whether an DBE is performing a CUF, the Department must evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing, the DBE credit claimed for performance of the work, and other relevant factors. The prime contractor is responsible to ensure that the DBE performs a CUF.

V. PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

A. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

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¹ The use of joint checks payable to an DBE subcontractor and supplier may be allowed to purchase materials and supplies under limited circumstances. See VII USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- B. DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, trucking companies, and any second tier subcontractors shall be listed on the respective DBE forms as specified below in order to receive credit.
- C. The following forms are due to the Department's Project Manager or designee by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. Hawaii Standard Time (HST), five (5) days after bid opening:²
 - 1. <u>DBE Confirmation and Commitment Agreement</u>. This form must be signed by the bidder/offeror and each DBE subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, or trucking company. Information to be provided on the form shall include, among other things, the project number, the DBE's NAICS codes, description of work, bid items with corresponding price information, prime contractor name and contact information DBE name and contact information and subcontractor name and contact information if the DBE is a second tier subcontractor.
 - DBE Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation for Construction. List the dollar amount of all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, and trucking companies (both DBE and non-DBE firms). Bidder/offeror must also list the DBE project goal on this form (See paragraph D below regarding goal calculation). The bidder/offeror must submit documentation demonstrating how the DBE goal was met or how the bidder/offeror attempted to meet the goal if the goal was not met. This documentation shall include quotations for both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors when a non-DBE is selected over a DBE for the project. Documentation of good faith efforts is required irrespective of whether the bidder/offeror met the DBE project goal.

The above forms must be complete and provide the necessary information to properly evaluate bids/proposals. Failure to provide any of the above shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- D. Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:
 - 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).

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² In computing calendar days, the day from which the period begins to run is not counted, and when the last day of the period is a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal or State holiday, the period extends to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or holiday.

2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

VI. COUNTING DBE PARTICIPATION TOWARDS CONTRACT GOAL

- A. Count the entire amount of the portion of a contract (or other contract not covered by paragraph B below) that is performed by the DBE's own forces. Include the cost of supplies and materials obtained by the DBE for the work on the contract, including supplies purchased or equipment leased by the DBE (except supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate).
- B. Count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by an DBE firm for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a USDOT-assisted contract, toward DBE goals, provided the Department determines the fee to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- C. When an DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself an DBE. Work that an DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.
- D. When an DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture, count a portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract that the DBE performs with its own forces toward DBE goals.
- E. Count expenditures to an DBE contractor toward DBE goals only if the DBE is performing a CUF on that contract.
- F. The following is a list of appropriate DBE credit to be allowed for work to be performed by an DBE subcontractor. Count expenditures with DBEs for materials or supplies toward DBE goals as provided in the following:
 - 1. If the materials or supplies are obtained from an DBE manufacturer, count 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
 - 2. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a manufacturer is a firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces (on the premises) the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications;

- 3. If the materials or supplies are purchased from an DBE regular dealer, count 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals;
- 4. For purposes of determining DBE goal credit, a regular dealer is a firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the public in the usual course of business;
- 5. To be a regular dealer, the firm must be an established, regular business that engages, as its principal business and under its own name, in the purchase and sale or lease of the products in question;
- 6. A person may be a regular dealer in such bulk items as petroleum products, steel, cement, gravel, stone, or asphalt without owning, operating, or maintaining a place of business as provided in the DBE Regulations, if the person both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of a regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by a long-term lease agreement and not on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis;
- 7. Packagers, brokers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions are not regular dealers;
- 8. With respect to materials or supplies purchased from an DBE, which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on a job site, toward DBE goals, provided that the Department determines the fees to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. Do not count any portion of the cost of the materials and supplies themselves toward DBE goals; however,
- 9. If a firm is not currently certified as an DBE in accordance with standards of this part at the time of the execution of the contract, do not count the firm's participation toward any DBE goals, except as provided for in §26.87(i);
- 10. Do not count the dollar value of work performed under a contract with a firm after it has ceased to be certified toward the Department's overall goal; and
- 11. Do not count the participation of an DBE subcontractor toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until the amount being counted has actually been paid to the DBE.
- G. The following factors are used in counting DBE participation for trucking companies:
 - 1. The DBE must be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular

- contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals;
- 2. The DBE must itself own and operate at least one (1) fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the contract;
- 3. The DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services it provides on the contract using trucks it owns, insures, and operates using drivers it employs;
- 4. The DBE may lease trucks from another DBE firm, including an owneroperator who is certified as an DBE. The DBE who leases trucks from another DBE receives credit for the total value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the contract;
- 5. The DBE may also lease trucks from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator. The DBE that leases trucks equipped with drivers from a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of transportation services provided by non-DBE leased trucks equipped with drivers not to exceed the value of transportation services on the contract provided by DBEowned trucks or leased trucks with DBE employee drivers. Additional participation by non-DBE owned trucks equipped with drivers receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement. If a recipient chooses this approach, it must obtain written consent from the appropriate Department operating administration. EXAMPLE: DBE firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract, leases two (2) trucks from DBE Firm Y and six (6) trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by Firm X and Firm Y, and may also be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by four (4) of the six (6) trucks provided by Firm Z. In all, full credit would be allowed for the participation of eight (8) trucks. With respect to the other two (2) trucks provided by Firm Z, DBE credit could be awarded only for the fees or commissions pertaining to those trucks Firm X receives as a result of the lease with Firm Z;
- 6. The DBE may lease trucks without drivers from a non-DBE truck leasing company. If the DBE leases trucks from a non-DBE truck leasing company and uses its own employees as drivers, it is entitled to credit for the total value of these hauling services.
 EXAMPLE: DBE Firm X uses two (2) of its own trucks on a contract. It leases two (2) additional trucks from non-DBE Firm Z. Firm X uses its own employees to drive the trucks leased from Firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of the transportation services provided by all four (4) trucks; and
- 7. For purposes of determining whether a trucking firm performs a CUF, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck. This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck. Leased trucks must display the name and identification number of the DBE.

- H. The bidder/offeror may be a joint venture or partnership that has a certified DBE as a partner. A "Joint Venture" means an association between an DBE firm and one (1) or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit, business enterprise for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract, and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks and profits are commensurate with its ownership interest.
- I. <u>Effects of a Summary Suspension of an DBE</u>. When an DBE's certification is suspended, the DBE may not be considered to meet a contract goal on a new contract and any work it does on a contract received during the suspension shall not be counted towards the overall goal. The DBE may continue to perform work under an existing contract executed before the DBE received a Notice of Suspension and may be counted towards the contract goal during the period of suspension as long as the DBE is performing a CUF under the existing contract.
- J. <u>Effects of Decertification of an DBE</u>. Should an DBE become decertified during the term of the subcontract for reasons beyond the control of and with no fault or negligence on the part of the contractor, the work remaining under the subcontract may be credited towards the contract goal, but are not included in the overall accomplishments.

Should the DBE be decertified after contract award and before notice to proceed, the contractor must still meet the DBE goal by either: a) withdrawing the subcontract from the DBE and expending good faith efforts to replace it with an DBE that is currently certified for that same work; or b) continuing with the subcontract with the decertified firm and expending good faith efforts to find other work not already subcontracted out to DBEs in an amount to meet the DBE goal either by; 1) increasing the participation of other DBEs on the project; 2) documenting good faith efforts; or 3) by a combination of the above.

VII. USE OF JOINT CHECKS UNDER THE DBE PROGRAM

- A. The following guidelines apply to the use of joint checks:
 - 1. The second party (typically the prime contractor) acts solely as a guarantor;
 - 2. The DBE must release the check to the supplier;
 - 3. The use of joint checks is a commonly recognized business practice;
 - 4. The Department must approve the use of joint checks prior to use by contractors and/or DBEs. As part of this approval process the Department will analyze industry practice to confirm that the use of joint checks is commonly employed outside of the DBE program for non-DBE subcontractors on both federal and state funded contracts. Using joint checks shall not be approved if it conflicts with other aspects of the DBE Regulations regarding CUF; and
 - 5. The Department will monitor the use of joint checks closely to avoid abuse.

- B. Contractors and DBEs should review the following general guidelines when determining whether to use joint checks closely to avoid abuse:
 - 1. That standard industry practice applies to all contractors (federal and state contracts);
 - 2. Use of joint checks must be available to all subcontractors;
 - 3. Material industry sets the standard industry practice, not prime contractors;
 - 4. Short term, not to exceed reasonable time (i.e., one (1) year, two (2) years) to establish/increase a credit line with the material supplier;
 - 5. No exclusive arrangement between one (1) prime and one (1) DBE in the use of joint checks that might bring the independence of the DBE into question;
 - 6. Non-proportionate ratio of DBE's normal capacity to size of contract and quantity of material to be provided under the contract;
 - 7. The DBE is normally responsible to install and furnish the work item; and
 - 8. The DBE must be more than an extra participant in releasing the check to the material supplier.
- C. The Department shall allow the use of joint checks if the following general conditions are met:
 - 1. DBE submits request to the Department for action;
 - 2. There is a formalized agreement between all parties that specify the conditions under which the arrangement shall be permitted;
 - 3. There is a full and prompt disclosure of the expected use of joint checks;
 - 4. The Department will provide prior approval;
 - 5. DBE remains responsible for all other elements of 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1);
 - 6. The agreement states clearly and determines that independence is not threatened because the DBE retains final decision making responsibility;
 - 7. The Department will determine that the request is not an attempt to artificially inflate DBE participation;
 - 8. Standard industry practice is only one (1) factor;
 - 9. The Department will monitor and maintain oversight of the arrangement by reviewing cancelled checks and/or certification statement of payment; and
 - 10. The Department will verify there is no requirement by prime contractor that the DBE is to use a specific supplier nor the prime contractor's negotiated unit price.

VIII. <u>DEMONSTRATION OF GOOD FAITH EFFORTS FOR CONTRACT AWARD</u>

A. When a project goal is not met, the Department shall conduct the initial review of GFE submitted by the bidder/offeror and shall determine whether the bidder/offeror has performed the quality, quantity, and intensity of efforts that demonstrate a reasonably active and aggressive attempt to meet the contract goal in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A.

- B. The bidder/offeror bears the responsibility of demonstrating that it met the contract goal, or if the contract goal was not met, by documenting the GFE it made in an attempt to meet the goal. It is the sole responsibility of the bidder/offeror to submit any and all documents, logs, correspondence, and any other records or information to the Department that will demonstrate that the bidder/offeror made good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal.
- C. In its good faith evaluation, the Department shall perform the following as part of its evaluation: a) compare the bidder's/offeror's bid against the bids/offers of other bidders/offerors, and compare the DBEs and DBE work areas utilized by the bidder/offeror with the DBEs listed in other bids/offers submitted for this contract (If other bidders obtained DBEs in a particular work area in which the low bidder did not, the Department shall take this into consideration in its evaluation); b) verify contacts by bidders/offerors with DBEs; and c) compare the DBE and the categories of DBE work targeted by the bidder/offeror for participation in the contract, with the total pool of available DBEs ready, willing and able to perform work on each particular subcontract targeted by the bidder/offeror.
- D. Actions on the part of the bidder/offeror that will be considered demonstrative of good faith efforts include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Whether the bidder/offeror submitted the required information (i.e., DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number), and dollar amounts for all subcontractors, within five (5) days of bid opening;
 - 2. Whether the bidder/offeror solicited through all reasonable and available means (e.g., attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract. The Department will also consider whether the bidder/offeror solicited the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable, and allowed sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation. The Department will also review whether the bidder/offeror took appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitate participation by DBEs in this project;
 - 3. Whether the bidder/offeror identified and broke up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that an DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g., breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when the bidder/offeror might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items with its own forces);
 - 4. Whether the bidder/offeror made available or provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assisted them in responding to the bidder's/offeror's solicitation;

- 5. Whether the bidder/offeror negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided to DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project;
- 6. Whether the bidder/offeror solely relied on price in determining whether to use an DBE. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by itself, sufficient reasons for a bidder's/offeror's refusal to utilize an DBE, or the failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a bidder/offeror to perform a portion of the work with its own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relieve the bidder/offeror of the responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participation in other areas of the project to meet the DBE goal;
- 7. Whether the bidder/offeror rejected DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associations, and political or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs;
- 8. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance;
- 9. Whether the bidder/offeror made efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or related assistance or services;
- 10. Whether the bidder/offeror effectively used the services of available minority/women community organizations, minority/women business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices or other organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs;
- 11. Whether the bidder/offeror, who selects a non-DBE over an DBE subcontractor, has quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor submitted to the bidder for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized by the bidder/offeror for a contract, the bidder/offeror has a detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for the bidder's/offeror's failure or inability to utilize, or to allow the DBE to participate in the contract; and
- 12. Whether other bidders/offerors met the goal and whether the apparent successful bidder/offeror could have met the goal with additional efforts. The Department may determine that an apparent successful bidder/offeror who fell short of meeting the goal, made good faith efforts when it met or exceeded the average DBE participation obtained by other bidders/offerors.

IX. ADMINISTRATIVE RECONSIDERATION.

If it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of 49 CFR Section 26.53(a), the bidder/offeror may submit a request for administrative reconsideration. If under the provisions of 49 CFR, Section 26.53(d), it is determined by the Department that the apparent successful bidder/offeror has failed to meet the provisions of this subsection, the bidder/offeror may submit a written request for administrative reconsideration.

A. Within five (5) working days of being informed in writing by the Department that the bidder/offeror has not documented sufficient GFE, a bidder/offeror may request administrative reconsideration. Bidders/offerors should make this request in writing to the following official:

Director of Transportation Hawaii Department of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street, Room 509 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

- B. The reconsideration official, or his or her designee (referred to as "reconsideration official"), shall not have played any role in the original determination that the bidder/offeror failed to meet the goal or make adequate good faith efforts to do so.
- C. As part of this reconsideration, the bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to provide written documentation or argument concerning the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so. The bidder/offeror will have the opportunity to meet in person with the reconsideration official to discuss the issue of whether it met the goal or made adequate GFE to do so.
- D. In an administrative reconsideration, the reconsideration official will review all previously submitted documents, oral and written arguments, and other evidence presented in the reconsideration, in making the decision.
- E. The Department shall inform the bidder/offeror of the decision within thirty (30) days of the proceeding. The decision will state the Department's findings, and explain the basis of those findings, with respect to whether or not the bidder/offeror met the contract goal, or whether or not the bidder/offeror made adequate GFE to achieve the contract goal.
- F. The reconsideration decision is not administratively appealable to USDOT but is appealable under HRS 103D-709.

X. AWARD OF CONTRACT

A. In a sealed bid procurement, the Department reserves the right to reject any or all bids. The award of contract, if it is awarded, will be to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder who meets or exceeds the DBE project goal, or who makes

good faith efforts to meet or exceed the DBE project goal, as determined by the Department.

B. If the lowest responsible bidder does not meet the DBE project goal and does not demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Department that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal, such bid shall be rejected as non-responsive. The Department will then consider the next lowest responsive and responsible bidder for award in accordance with paragraph A above.

XI. REPLACEMENT OF AN DBE ON A PROJECT WITH A CONTRACT GOAL

Under this contract, the prime contractor shall utilize the specific DBE listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains written consent from the Department to replace an DBE. If the Department's consent is not provided, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE. The Department reserves the right to request copies of all DBE subcontracts.

The Department will require a contractor to make good faith efforts to replace an DBE that is terminated or has otherwise failed to complete its work on a contract with another certified DBE, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal. A prime contractor's inability to find a replacement DBE at the original price is not sufficient to demonstrate that good faith efforts have been made to replace the original DBE. The fact that the contractor has the ability and/or desire to perform the contract work with its own forces does not relieve the contractor of the obligation to make good faith efforts to find a replacement DBE, and it is not a sound basis for rejecting a prospective replacement DBE's reasonable quote.

The Department will require the prime contractor to promptly provide written notice to the project manager of the DBE's inability or unwillingness to perform and provide reasonable documentation.

The written notice by the contractor must include the following:

- 1. The date the contractor determined the certified DBE to be unwilling, unable or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 2. The projected date that the contractor shall require a substitution or replacement DBE to commence work if consent is granted by the Department;
- 3. Documentation of facts that describe and cite specific actions or inactions on the part of the affected DBE that led to the contractor's conclusion that the DBE is unwilling, unable, or ineligible to perform work on the contract;
- 4. A brief statement of the affected DBE's capacity and ability or inability to perform the work as determined by the contractor;
- 5. Documentation of contractor's good faith efforts to enable affected DBE to perform the work;
- 6. The current percentage of work completed on each bid item by the affected DBE;

- 7. The total dollar amount currently paid per bid item for work performed by the affected DBE:
- 8. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed but for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor has no dispute; and
- 9. The total dollar amount per bid item remaining to be paid to the DBE for work completed, for which the DBE has not received payment, and with which the contractor and DBE have a dispute.

The prime contractor shall send a copy of the written notice to replace a certified DBE on a contract to the affected DBE. The affected DBE may submit a written response within five (5) calendar days to the Department to explain its position on its performance on the committed work. The Department shall consider both the prime contractor's request and DBE's stated position before approving the termination or substitution request, or determining if any action shall be taken against the contractor.

There shall be no substitution or termination of an DBE subcontractor at any time without the prior written consent of the Department. The Department will provide written consent only if the contractor has good cause, as determined by the Department, to terminate the DBE. Good cause may include, but is not limited to the following circumstances:

- 1. The DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- 2. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards;
- 3. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- 4. The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness:
- 5. The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law;
- 6. The Department has determined that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- 7. The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to the Department written notice of its withdrawal;
- 8. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required; and
- 9. An DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract.

Upon approval from the Department to replace an DBE, the contractor's good faith efforts shall be documented and submitted to the Department within seven (7) calendar days. This time period may be extended for another seven (7) calendar days upon request by the prime contractor.

If an DBE subcontractor is unable to perform work under the contract, and is to be

replaced, the contractor's failure to obtain a substitute certified DBE or to make good faith efforts to obtain such a substitute DBE subcontractor to perform said work, may constitute a breach of this contract for which the Department may terminate the contract or pursue such remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department.

XII. CONTRACT COMPLIANCE

This contract is subject to contract compliance tracking, and the prime contractor and all subcontractors are required to report payments electronically in the HDOT online Certification and Contract Compliance Management System (hereafter referred to as "online tracking system"). The prime contractor shall report the date payment was made by the Department and shall report payment to all subcontractors for the audit period. The prime contractor and all subcontractors are responsible for responding by any noted response date or due date to any instructions or request for information, and to check the online tracking system on a regular basis to manage contact information and contract records.

The prime contractor is responsible for ensuring all subcontractors have completed all requested items and that their contact information is accurate and up-to-date. HDOT may require additional information related to the contract to be provided electronically through the online tracking system at any time before, during, or after contract award. Information related to contractor access of the online tracking system will be provided to designated point of contact with each contractor upon award of the contract. The online tracking system is web-based and can be accessed at the following Internet address: https://hdot.dbesystem.com/.

XIII. PAYMENT

- A. The Department will make an estimate in writing each month based on the items of work performed and materials incorporated in the work and the value therefore at the unit prices or lump sum prices set forth in the contract. All progress estimates and payments will be approximate only and shall be subject to correction at any time prior to or in the final estimate and payment. The Department will not withhold any amount from any payment to the contractor, including retainage.
- B. The contractor shall pay all subcontractors within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of any progress payments from the Department. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.
- C. The contractor will verify that payment or retainage has been released to the subcontractors or its suppliers within the specified time through entries in the Department's online tracking system during the corresponding monthly audits. Prompt payment will be monitored and enforced through the contractor's reporting of payments to its subcontractors and suppliers in the online tracking system.

Subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors and/or suppliers will confirm the timeliness and the payment amounts received utilizing the online tracking system. Discrepancies will be investigated by the DBE Program Office and the project engineer. Payments to the subcontractors, including lower tier subcontractors, and including retainage released after the subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor's work has been completed to the Department's satisfaction, will be reported by the Contractor or the subcontractor.

D. When any subcontractor has satisfactorily completed its work as specified in the subcontract, and there are no bona fide disputes, the contractor shall make prompt and full payment to the subcontractor of all monies due, including retainage, within ten (10) calendar days after the subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed. A subcontractor's work is satisfactorily completed when all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented, as required by the Department. The contractor must obtain the prior written approval from the Department before it can continue to withhold retainage from any subcontractor who has completed its portion of the work. This clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontractors, and all tiers of subcontracts.

XIV. RECORDS

The contractor shall maintain and keep all records necessary for the Department to determine compliance with the contractor's DBE obligations. The records shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by the Department and appropriate Federal agencies. The records to be kept by the contractor shall include:

- 1. The names, race/ethnicity, gender, address, phone number, and contact person of all DBE and non-DBE consultants, subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers, truckers and vendors identified as DBEs;
- 2. The nature of work of each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor;
- 3. The dollar amount contracted with each DBE and non-DBE consultant, subcontractor, manufacturer, supplier, trucker and vendor; and
- 4. Cumulative dollar amount of all change orders to the subcontract.

XV. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH DBE REQUIREMENTS

The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of USDOT assisted contracts. All contractors, subcontractors, manufacturers and suppliers are hereby advised that failure to carry out all DBE requirements specified herein shall constitute a material breach of contract that may result in termination of the contract or such other remedy as deemed appropriate by the Department including but not limited to: 1) withholding monthly progress payments; 2) assessing sanctions; 3) liquidated damages; and/or 4) disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction

	Project #:	County:
	DBE Project Goal:	Prime Contractor:
aı	L s required by the specifications " <i>Disadvantaged Business Enterpris</i> a nd non-DBE firms) for all subcontractors, manufacturers, suppliers,	, and trucking companies is due by the close of business, $4:30\ P.M.$
Н	awaii Standard Time (HST) five (5) days after bid opening. Failure t	o provide required information sufficient to evaluate the
h	id/proposal shall be cause for hid/proposal rejection	

Calculation of the DBE contract goal for this project is the proportionate contract dollar value of work performed, materials, and goods to be supplied by DBEs. DBE credit shall not be given for mobilization, force account items, and allowance items. This DBE contract goal is applicable to all the contract work performed for this project and is calculated as follows:

- 1. DBE contract goal percentage = Contract Dollar Value of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors and manufacturers, plus 60% of the contract dollar value of DBE suppliers, divided by the sum of all contract items (sum of all contract items is the total amount for comparison of bids less mobilization, force account items, and allowance items).
- 2. The Department shall adjust the bidder's/offeror's DBE contract goal to the amount of the project goal if it finds that the bidder/offeror met the goal but erroneously calculated a lower percentage. If the amount the bidder/offeror submits as its contract goal exceeds the project goal, the bidder/offeror shall be held to the higher goal.

DBE (Y/N)	Bid Item Number and Description	Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Unit	Unit Price/ Rate	Dollar Amount
			Unit		Dollar Amount
(Y/N)	Description	Hours	Unit	Rate	Dollar Amount
					1

A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking	
companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers	
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force account items, allowance items	
A/B = DBE contract goal	
NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:

Page 1 of 3

Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)

As required by the specifications "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Requirements," documentation of GFE shall be submitted by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST five (5) days of bid opening. The bidder/offeror shall respond to the following questions and describe efforts to obtain DBE participation whether or not the DBE project goal is met. Responses must be sufficient to properly evaluate the bidder's/offeror's good faith efforts. Copies of correspondence return receipts, telephone logs, or other documentation will be required to support GFE. Attach additional sheets, if necessary. Based on responses given, HDOT shall make a determination of the bidders' GFE. Failure to provide required information sufficient to evaluate the bid/proposal shall be cause for bid/proposal rejection.

- 1. Did you submit the required information by the close of business, 4:30 P.M. HST, five (5) days after bid opening (i.e. DBE name, address, NAICS code, description of work, project name, and number)?
- Explain your GFE if any, to solicit through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform part or all of the work to be included under the contract.
 - a. Explain your GFE if any, to solicit the participation of potential DBEs as early in the procurement process as practicable.
 - b. Explain your GFE if any, to allow sufficient time for the DBEs to properly inquire about the project and respond to the solicitation.
 - c. Explain your GFE if any, to take appropriate steps to follow up with interested DBEs in a timely manner to facilitateparticipation by DBEs in this project.
- 3. Explain your GFE if any, to identify and break up portions of work that can be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that a DBE will be able to participate, and that the DBE goal could be achieved (e.g. breaking out contract items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation even when you might otherwise prefer to self-perform these work items).
- 4. Explain your GFE if any, to make available or provide interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specifications, and requirements of the project in a timely manner, and assist them in responding to your solicitation.
- 5. Explain your GFE if any, to negotiate in good faith with interested DBEs. Evidence of such negotiations includes documenting: a) the names, addresses and telephone numbers of DBEs that were contacted; b) a description of the information that was provided DBEs regarding the plans and specifications; and c) detailed explanation for not utilizing individual DBEs on the project.
- 6. Did you solely rely on price in determining whether to use a DBE? If yes please explain. The fact that there may be additional or higher costs associated with finding and utilizing DBEs are not, by themselves, sufficient reasons for your refusal to utilize a DBE or

NAME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:
Page 2 of 3	

	failure to meet the DBE goal, provided that such additional costs are not unreasonable. Also, the ability or desportion of the work with your own forces, that could have been undertaken by an available DBE, does not relieve responsibility to make good faith efforts to meet the DBE goal, and to make available and solicit DBE participatof the project to meet the DBE goal.	eve you of the
7.	Did you reject DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their cap please explain. The DBEs standing within the industry, membership in specific groups, organizations or associal or social affiliation are not legitimate basis for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids from particular DBEs.	
8.	Explain your GFE to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance.	
9.	Explain your GFE if any, to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials or relaservices.	ted assistance or
10.	If you selected a non-DBE over a DBE subcontractor, please provide the quotes of each DBE and non-DBE subcontracted to you for work on the contract; and for each DBE that was contacted but not utilized for a contract detailed written explanation for each DBE detailing the reasons for not utilizing or allowing the DBE to particip contract.	t, provide a
11.	Explain your GFE if any, to effectively use the services of available minority/women community organizations, r business groups, contractors' groups, and local, state and federal minority/women business assistance offices organizations to provide assistance in recruitment and placement of DBEs.	-
NA	ME and SIGNATURE of AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE of PRIME CONTRACTOR:	DATE:



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Contract Goal Verification and Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation For Construction INSTRUCTIONS

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
DBE Project Goal	Indicate DBE goal listed in the proposal on P-1
Prime Contractor	Name of prime contractor
Name of Subcontractor, Supplier, Manufacturer, and	Company name of subcontractor, supplier,
Trucking Company	manufacturer, or trucking firm
DBE (Y/N)	Y for yes and N for no
Bid Item Number and Description	Pay item and description
Approx. Quantity/ Hours	Self-explanatory
Unit	Unit of measure
Unit Price/ Rate	Self-explanatory
Dollar Amount	Total dollar amount committed to subcontractor,
	supplier, manufacturer, or trucking firm
A. Dollar amount of the work to be performed by DBE subcontractors, manufacturers, and trucking companies, plus 60% of the dollar amount of DBE suppliers	Total amount of DBE participation
B. Sum of all work items less mobilization, force	List total of work items minus mobilization, force
account items, allowance items	accounts and allowances. DBE credit shall not be
	given for mobilization, force account items, and
	allowance items.
A/B = DBE contract goal	Self-explanatory
Name and Signature of Authorized Representative of Prime Contractor	Self-explanatory (Note: bidder must sign and date every page of form.)
Date	Date form is signed
Summary of Good Faith Efforts (GFE)	Complete by answering questions in detail and providing documentation to support how bidder demonstrated good faith efforts to meet the goal, irrespective of whether or not the goal was met.



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:				Cour	County:				
NAICS CODE/DESCRIPTION OF WORK:				SECONDARY NAICS CODE:					
•			d tab item whenever	•					
			dates when the truck					nder the subcontract.	
Estimated Beginni	ng Date (Mo	onth/Year):		Estin	nated Co	mplet	ion Date (Month,	Year):	
TRUCKING	Item	No	Item Description		Tu	nit	Unit Price /	Amount	
COMPANY:	reem		reem Bescription				Rate		
							\$	\$	
							\$	\$	
							\$	\$	
				Т	OTAL CO	MMIT	MENT AMOUNT	\$	
 Number of fully Number of fully 	operational operational	trucks to be	es to be hauled:e used:ed by DBE:eg companies are to b	Tr D	ump truc	ks:	Dump f		
4. If Owner Operators or additional trucking companies are to be Name of Trucking Company DBE Y/N Estimated Dollar An to be Contracted									
			\$						
			\$						
If a DBE trucking cor substitution/replace prime contractor, a	mpany is una ement appro nd subcontr	able to perfo val process a actor (only i	rm the work as listed as outlined in the con	on this tract DI cond ti	agreeme BE require er sub) co	ent for ement onfirn	rm, the prime conts. IMPORTANT! 1	ed on the agreement form. tractor will follow the The signatures of the DBE, ation on this Agreement is	
DBE NAME:					e/Title (p		print):		
Address:				Signature:					
Phone:		Fax:							
Email:				Date:					
Prime Contractor:				Name/Title (please print):					
Address:			Signature:						
Phone:				7 ~					
Email:				Date:					
Subcontractor (on	ly if the DBE	will be a se	cond tier sub):	Nam	e/Title (p	lease	print):		
Address:				Signa	ature:				
Phone:		Fax:		<u> </u>					
Email:				Date:					
HDOT retains the inf	formation co	ollected thro	ugh this form. With fo	ew exce	ptions, y	ou are	e entitled on requ	est to be informed about	
he information that	t we collect	about you.							



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Trucking Company INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE trucking company, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification
·	System code under which DBE is certified to
	performand description of work to be done
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed
Trucking Company	Name of DBE trucking company
Item No.	List pay item number
Item Description	Description of item
Unit	Unit of measure – e.g. weight or hours
Unit Price/Rate	Cost per unit or hourly rate
Amount	Total amount per pay item
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of
	bidder/offeror to DBE
Number of hours contracted or quantities to be	Approximate number of hours or tonnage to be
hauled	hauled
Number of fully operational trucks to be used:	Total number of trucks to be used for the project
Tractor/Trailers	Number of tractor trailers to be used
Dump Trucks	Number of dump trucks to be used
Number of fully operational trucks owned by DBE	Number of listed DBE's trucks to be used on
	thisproject
Name of Trucking Company	If other trucking companies (DBE or non-DBE) are to
	be leased, list name and information about type of
	trucks in this section
Estimated Dollar Amount to be Contracted	Provide information about estimated cost to lease
Number of Dump Trucks, Tractor/Trailer	trucks Self-explanatory
DBE NAME	
Name/Title	DBE Company name Name and title of DBE's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Prime Contractor	Company name
FIIIIE COILLIACIOI	Company name

Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier sub):	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE trucking company will be performing work under this subcontractor
Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor
Date	Date agreement is signed



Address:

Phone:

Email:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier

This commitment is subject to the award and receipt of a signed contract from the Hawaii Department of Transportation (HDOT) for the subject project. DBEs must be certified by the bid opening date.

Project #:			County:				
NAICS CODE/DESCRIPTION OF WORK:				SECONDARY NAICS CODE:			
*All quantities and units	should match	the bid tab ite	m whenever p	ossible.			
The prime contractor sh	all inform HDO	T of the dates	when the sub	contractor star	ts and completes a	Ill work under the subcontract.	
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year):			Estimated Co	ompletion Date (M	onth/Year):		
SUBCONTRACTOR:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
			7	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
	•					1 -	
MANUFACTURER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
		· ·	1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
	1						
SUPPLIER:	Item No.	Item	Approx. Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Amount	
					\$	\$	
					\$	\$	
			1	TOTAL COMMI	TMENT AMOUNT	\$	
and the DBE subcontrac agreement form, the pri requirements. IMPORT A	tors as listed o ime contractor ANT! The signa	n the agreeme will follow the tures of the D	ent form. If a E e substitution/ BBE, prime con	DBE subcontrac replacement a otractor, and su	tor is unable to pe pproval process as abcontractor (only	etween the prime contractor rform the work as listed on this outlined in the contract DBE if the DBE will be a second tier ement in the order in which	
DBE NAME:				Name/Title (p	olease print):		
Address:			Signature:				
Phone: Fax:			J.B.Iacare.				
Email:				Date:			
Prime Contractor:				Name/Title (p	olease print):		
Address:				Signature:			
Phone:	Fax	:		3.5.1.4.4.6.			
Email:	1 : 201			Date:			
Subcontractor (only if	e a second tie	r sub):	Name/Title (please print):				

HDOT retains the information collected through this form. With few exceptions, you are entitled on request to be informed about the information that we collect about you.

Fax:

Signature:

Date:



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Confirmation and Commitment Agreement Subcontractor, Manufacturer, or Supplier INSTRUCTIONS

The purpose of this agreement is to secure the commitment of the bidder/offeror to utilize the listed DBE, and the DBE's confirmation that it will perform work for the bidder/offeror on this project. The information on this form shall be provided by the DBE.

Project #	Self-explanatory
County	County where project is located
NAICS Code/Description of Work	Primary North American Industry Classification
·	System code under which DBE is certified to
	performand description of work to be done
Secondary NAICS Code	List other NAICS codes firm is certified to perform
Estimated Beginning Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE shall begin work on the project
Estimated Completion Date (Month/Year)	Date DBE's work will be completed
Subcontractor	Name of DBE subcontractor (company name)
Item No.	List pay item number
Item	Description of item
Approx. Quantity	Self-explanatory
Unit	List unit of measure
Unit Price	Cost per unit
Amount	Total amount per pay item
Total Commitment Amount	Sum of all pay items and total commitment of
	bidder/offeror to DBE
Manufacturer	Name of DBE manufacturer
Supplier	Name of DBE supplier (aka regular dealer)
DBE NAME	DBE Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of DBE's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of DBE's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Prime Contractor	Company name
Name/Title	Name and title of prime contractor's representative
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of prime contractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed
Subcontractor (only if the DBE will be a second tier	Name of subcontractor only if the listed DBE will be
sub):	performing work under this subcontractor as a second
	tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer

Name/Title	Name and title of the subcontractor's representative that the listed DBE will work under as a second tier subcontractor/supplier/manufacturer
Address	Self-explanatory
Phone	Self-explanatory
Fax	Self-explanatory
Email	Self-explanatory
Signature	Signature of subcontractor's representative
Date	Date agreement is signed

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
 - (2) Assessing sanctions;
 - (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- b. Frequently recurring classifications. (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:
 - (i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.
- c. Conformance. (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.
- (3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

- under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- d. Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor. take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

- 2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- (2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.
- (3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.
- (4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

- agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.
- (2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/ legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.
- (3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:
 - (i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (4) Use of Optional Form WH–347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

- (5) Signature. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
- (6) Falsification. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.
- (7) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- c. Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- d. Required disclosures and access (1) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
- (2) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.
- (3) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Apprentices (1) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (2) Fringe benefits. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (3) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (4) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.
- b. Equal employment opportunity. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts**. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- **10. Certification of eligibility**. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of <u>40 U.S.C. 3144(b)</u> or § 5.12(a).

- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, <u>18</u> U.S.C. 1001.
- **11. Anti-retaliation**. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

- a. Withholding process. The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate:
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

- **5. Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part: or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
 "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
 and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
 in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200.
 "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal
 funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract).
 "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as
 subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant
 who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or
 subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general
 contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who
 has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier
 Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as
 subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800: and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

* * * * *

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 - 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:
- (1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

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XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

HIGHWAYS DIVISION

HONOLULU, OAHU, HAWAII

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

These Special Provisions shall supplement and/or amend the applicable provisions of the Hawaii Standard Specification for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, hereinafter referred to as the "Standard Specifications".

The "WATER SYSTEM STANDARDS" of the Board of Water Supply, City and County of Honolulu, dated 2002, and all subsequent amendments and additions, are by reference incorporated herein and made a part of these contract documents. The work embraced herein shall be performed by the CONTRACTOR in accordance with the "WATER SYSTEM STANDARDS", and the various sections of the Special Provisions.

Amend **Section 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS** to read as follows:

"DIVISION 100 - GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 101 - TERMS, ABBREVIATIONS, AND DEFINITIONS

 101.01 Meaning of Terms. The specifications are generally written in the imperative mood. In sentences using the imperative mood, the subject, "the Contractor shall", is implied. In the material specifications, the subject may also be the supplier, fabricator, or manufacturer supplying material, products, or equipment for use on the project. The word "will" generally pertains to decisions or actions of the State.

When a publication is specified, it refers to the most recent date of issue, including interim publications, before the bid opening date for the project, unless a specific date or year of issue is provided.

101.02 Abbreviations. Meanings of abbreviations used in the specifications, on the plans, or in other contract documents are as follows:

23	AAN	American Association of Nurserymen
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25	AASHTO	American Association of State Highway and
26		Transportation Officials
27		
28	ACI	American Concrete Institute
29		
30	ADA	Americans with Disabilities Act
31		
32	ADAAG	Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
33		
34	AGC	Associated General Contractors of America
35		
36	AIA	American Institute of Architects
37	4100	
38	AISC	American Institute of Steel Construction
39	4101	A
40	AISI	American Iron and Steel Institute
41	4 1 1 0 1	A N
42	ANSI	American National Standards Institute
43		A
44	APA	American Plywood Association
45		

46	ARA	American Railway Association
47 48	AREA	American Railway Engineering Association
49 50	ASA	American Standards Association
51		
52 53	ASCE	American Society of Civil Engineers
54 55	ASLA	American Society of Landscape Architects
56 57	ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
58	AWG	American Wire Gauge
59 60	AWPA	American Wood Preserver's Association
61 62	AWS	American Welding Society
63 64	AWWA	American Water Works Association
65 66	BMP	Best Management Practice
67 68	CCO	Contract Change Order
69 70	CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
71 72	CRSI	Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute
73 74 75	DCAB	Disability and Communication Access Board, Department of Health, State of Hawaii
76 77	DOTAX	Department of Taxation, State of Hawaii
78 79	EPA	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
80 81 82	FHWA	Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation
83 84 85	FSS	Federal Specifications and Standards, General Services Administration, U.S. Department of Defense
86 87	HAR	Hawaii Administrative Rules
88 89 90	HDOT	Department of Transportation, State of Hawaii

91 92 93	HIOSH	Occupational Safety and Health, Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, State of Hawaii
94 95	HMA	Hot Mix Asphalt
96	HRS	Hawaii Revised Statutes
97 98	ICEA	Insulated Cable Engineers Association (formerly IPCEA)
99 100	IMSA	International Municipal Signal Association
101 102	IRS	Internal Revenue Service
103 104	ITE	Institute of Transportation Engineers
105 106 107 108	MUTCD	Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, FHWA, U.S. Department of Transportation
109	NCHRP	National Cooperative Highway Research Program
110 111	NEC	National Electric Code
112 113	NEMA	National Electrical Manufacturers Association
114 115	NFPA	National Forest Products Association
116 117	NPDES	National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System
118 119 120	OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration/Act, U.S. Department of Labor
121 122	SAE	Society of Automotive Engineers
123 124	SI	International Systems of Units
125 126	UFAS	Uniform Federal Accessibility Standards
127 128	UL	Underwriter's Laboratory
129 130	USGS	U.S. Geological Survey
131 132 133 134	VECP	Value Engineering Cost Proposal

135 **Definitions.** Whenever the following words, terms, or pronouns are 136 used in the contract documents, unless otherwise prescribed therein and without regards to the use or omission of uppercase letters, the intent and meaning shall 137 138 be interpreted as follows: 139 140 Addendum (plural - Addenda) - A written or graphic document, including 141 drawings and specifications, issued by the Director during the bidding period. This 142 document modifies or interprets the bidding documents by additions, deletions, 143 clarifications or corrections. 144 145 Addition (to the contract sum) - Amount added to the contract sum by change 146 order. 147 148 **Advertisement -** A public announcement inviting bids for work to be performed or 149 materials to be furnished. 150 151 Amendment - A written document issued to amend the existing contract between 152 the State and Contractor and properly executed by the Contractor and Director. 153 154 Award - Written notification to the bidder that the bidder has been awarded a 155 contract. 156 157 Bad Weather Day (or Unworkable Day) - A day when weather or other conditions prevent a minimum of four hours of work with the Contractor's normal work force 158 159 on critical path activities at the site. 160 161 **Bag** - 94 pounds of cement. 162 163 **Barrel -** 376 pounds of cement. 164 165 Base Course - The layer or layers of specified material or selected material of a 166 designed thickness placed on a subbase or subgrade to support a surface course. 167 168 Basement Material - The material in excavation or embankments underlying the 169 lowest layer of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or other specified layer. 170 171 Bid - See Proposal. 172 173 **Bidder -** An individual, partnership, corporation, joint venture or other legal entity 174 submitting, directly or through a duly authorized representative or agent, a

Bidding Documents (or Solicitation Documents) - The published solicitation notice, bid requirements, bid forms and the proposed contract documents including all addenda and clarifications issued prior to receipt of the bid.

proposal for the work or construction contemplated.

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Bid Security - The security furnished by the bidder from which the State may recover its damages in the event the bidder breaches its promise to enter into a contract with the State, or fails to execute the required bonds covering the work contemplated, if its proposal is accepted.

Blue Book - EquipmentWatch Cost Recovery (formerly known as EquipmentWatch Rental Rate Blue Book), available from EquipmentWatch, a division of Penton, Inc.

Calendar Day - See Day.

Change Order (or Contract Change Order) - A written order signed by the Engineer issued with or without the consent of the Contractor directing changes in the work, contract time or contract price. The purposes of a change order include, but are not limited to (1) establishing a price or time adjustment for changes in the work; (2) establishing full payment for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, including costs of delay; (3) establishing price adjustment or time adjustment for work covered and affected by one or more field orders; or (4) settling Contractor's claims for direct, indirect, and consequential costs, or for additional contract time, in whole or in part.

Completion - See Substantial Completion and Final Completion.

Completion Date - The date specified by the contract for the completion of all work on the project or of a designated portion of the project.

Comptroller - the Comptroller of the State of Hawaii, Department of Accounting and General Services.

Contract - The written agreement between the Contractor and the State, by which the Contractor shall provide all labor, equipment, and materials and perform the specified work within the contract time stipulated, and by which the State of Hawaii is obligated to compensate the Contractor at the prices set forth in the contract documents.

Contract Certification Date - The Date on which the Deputy Comptroller for the State of Hawaii (or authorized representative) signs the Contract Certification.

Contract Completion Date - The calendar day on which all work on the project, required by the contract, must be completed. See CONTRACT TIME.

Contract Documents - The contract, solicitation, addenda, notice to bidders, Contractor's bid proposal (including wage schedule, list of subcontractors and other documentations accompanying the bid), notice to proceed, bonds, general provisions, special provisions, specifications, drawings, all modifications, all written amendments, change orders, field orders, orders for minor changes in the work, the Engineer's written interpretations and clarifications issued on or after the effective date of the contract.

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Contract Item (Pay Item) - A specific unit of work for which there is a price in the contract.

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233 **Contract Modification (Modification) -** A change order that is mutually agreed to 234 and signed by the parties to the contract.

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Contract Price - The amount designated on the face of the contract for the performance of work.

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Contract Time (or Contract Duration) - The number of calendar or working days provided for completion of the contract, inclusive of authorized time extensions. Contract time shall commence on the Start Work Date and end on the Substantial Completion Date. If in lieu of providing a number of calendar or working days, the contract requires completion by a certain date, the work shall be completed by that date.

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Contracting Officer - See Engineer.

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Contractor - Any individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture, or other legal entity undertaking the execution of the work under the terms of the contract with the State.

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Critical Path - Longest logical sequence of activities that must be completed on schedule for the entire project to be completed on schedule.

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Day - Any day shown on the calendar, beginning at midnight and proceeding up to, but not including, midnight the following day. If no designation of calendar or working day is made, "day" shall mean calendar day.

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Department - The Department of Transportation of the State of Hawaii (abbreviated HDOT).

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Director - The Director of the HDOT acting directly or through duly authorized representatives.

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Plans (or Drawings) - The contract drawings in graphic or pictorial form including the notes, tables and other notations thereon indicating the design, location, character, dimensions, and details of the work.

Equipment - All machinery, tools, and apparatus needed to complete the contract.

Field Order - A written order issued by the Engineer or the Engineer's authorized representative to the Contractor requiring a change or changes to the contract work. A field order may (1) establish a price adjustment or time adjustment; or (2) may declare that no adjustment will be made to contract price or contract time; or (3) may request the Contractor to submit a proposal for an adjustment to the contract price or contract time.

Final Acceptance - The Status of the project when the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State.

Final Completion - The date set by the Director that all work required by the contract has been completed in full compliance with the contract documents.

Final Inspection - Inspection where all contract items (with the exception of Planting Period and Plant Establishment Period) are accepted by the Engineer. Substantial Completion will be issued by the Engineer based on the satisfactory results of the Final Inspection.

Float - The amount of time between when an activity can start and when an activity must start, i.e., the time available to complete non-critical activities required for the performance of the work without affecting the critical path.

Guarantee - Legally enforceable assurance of the duration of satisfactory performance of quality of a product or work.

Hawaii Administrative Rules - Rules adopted by the State in accordance with Chapter 91 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.

Hawaii eProcurement System (HlePRO) - The State of Hawaii eProcurement System for issuing solicitations, receiving proposals and responses, and issuing notices of award.

Highway (Street, Road, or Roadway) - A public way within a right-of-way designed, intended, and set aside for use by vehicles, bicyclists, or pedestrians.

Highways Division - The Highways Division of the Hawaii Department of Transportation constituted under the laws of Hawaii for the administration of highway work.

315	Holidays - The days of each year which are set apart and established as State
316	holidays pursuant to Chapter 8 of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended.
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318	Inspector - The Engineer's authorized representative assigned to make detailed
319	inspections of contract performance, prescribed work, and materials supplied.
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Laboratory - The testing laboratory of the Highways Division or other testing laboratories that may be designated by the Engineer.

Laws - All Federal, State, and local laws, executive orders and regulations having the force of law.

Leveling Course - An aggregate mixture course of variable thickness used to restore horizontal and vertical uniformity to existing pavements or shoulders.

Liquidated Damages - The amount prescribed in Subsection 108.08 - Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of the Work on Time, to be paid to the State or to be deducted from any payments payable to or, which may become payable to the Contractor.

Lump Sum (LS) - When used as a payment method means complete payment for the item of work described in the contract documents.

Material - Any natural or manmade substance or item specified in the contract to be incorporated in the work.

Notice to Bidders - The advertisement for proposals for all work or materials on which bids are required. Such advertisement will indicate the location of the work to be done or the character of the material to be furnished and the time and place for the opening of proposals.

Notice to Proceed - Written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor identifying the date on which the Contractor is to begin procuring materials and required permits and adjusting work forces, equipment, schedules, etc. prior to beginning physical work.

Pavement - The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or shoulders or both. Pavement and surfacing may be interchangeable.

Pavement Structure - The combination of subbase, base, pavement, surfacing or other specified layer of a roadway constructed on a subgrade to support the traffic load.

Payment Bond - The security executed by the Contractor and surety or sureties furnished to the Department to guarantee payment by the Contractor to laborers, material suppliers and subcontractors in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Physical Work - Physical construction activities on the project site or at appurtenant facilities including staging areas. It includes; (i) building or installing any structures or facilities including, but not limited to sign erection; BMP installation; field office site grading and building; (ii) removal, adjustment, or demolition of physical obstructions on site; (iii) any ground breaking activities; and (iv) any utility work. It does not include pre-construction environmental testing (such as water quality baseline measurements) that may be required as part of contract.

Pre-Final Inspection - Inspection scheduled when Contractor notifies Engineer that all physical work on the project, with the exception of planting period and plant establishment period, has been completed. Notice from Contractor of substantial completion will suspend contract time until Contractor receives punchlist from Engineer.

Profile Grade - The elevation or gradient of a vertical plane intersecting the top surface of the proposed pavement.

Project Acceptance Date - The calendar day on which the Engineer accepts the project as completed. See Final Completion.

Proposal (or Bid) - The offer of a Bidder, on the prescribed HDOT form, to perform the work and to furnish the labor and materials at the prices quoted.

Public Traffic - Vehicular or pedestrian movement on a public way.

Punchlist - A list compiled by the Engineer specifying work yet to be completed or corrected by the Contractor in order to substantially complete the contract.

Questionnaire - The specified forms on which the bidder shall furnish required information as to its ability to perform and finance the work.

Request for Change Proposal - A written notice from the Engineer to the Contractor requesting that the Contractor provide a price and/or time proposal for contemplated changes preparatory to the issuance of a field order or change order.

Right-of-Way - Land, property, or property interests acquired by a government agency for, or devoted to transportation purposes.

Roadbed - The graded portion of a highway within top and side slopes, prepared as a foundation for the pavement structure and shoulders.

Roadside - The area between the outside edges of the shoulders and the right-of-way boundaries. Unpaved median areas between inside shoulders of divided highways and infield areas of interchanges are included.

Section and Subsection - Section or subsection shall be understood to refer to these specifications unless otherwise specified.

Shop Drawings - All drawings, diagrams, illustrations, schedules and other data or information which are specifically prepared or assembled by or for the Contractor and submitted by the Contractor to illustrate some portion of the work.

Shoulder - The portion of the roadway next to the traveled way for: accommodation of stopped vehicles, placement of underground facilities, emergency use, and lateral support of base and surface courses.

Sidewalk - That portion of the roadway primarily constructed for use by pedestrians.

Solicitation - An invitation to bid or request for proposals or any other document issued by the Department to solicit bids or offers to perform a contract. The solicitation may indicate the time and place to receive the bids or offers and the location, nature and character of the work, construction or materials to be provided.

Specifications - Compilation of provisions and requirements to perform prescribed work.

(A) Standard Specifications. Specifications by the State intended for general application and repetitive use.

(B) Special Provisions. Revisions and additions to the standard specifications applicable to an individual project.

Standard Plans - Drawings provided by the State for specific items of work approved for repetitive use.

State - The State of Hawaii, its Departments and agencies, acting through its authorized representative(s).

State Waters – All waters, fresh, brackish, or salt, around and within the State, including, but not limited to, coastal waters, streams, rivers, drainage ditches, ponds, reservoirs, canals, ground waters, and lakes; provided that drainage ditches, ponds, and reservoirs required as a part of a water pollution control system are excluded.

Start Work Date - Date on which Contractor begins physical work on the contract. This date shall also be the beginning of Contract Time.

Structures - Bridges, culverts, catch basins, drop inlets, retaining walls, cribbing, manholes, endwalls, buildings, sewers, service pipes, underdrains, foundation drains, and other such features that may be encountered in the work.

Subbase - A layer of specified material of specified thickness between the subgrade and a base.

Subcontract - Any written agreement between the Contractor and its subcontractors which contains the conditions under which the subcontractor is to perform a portion of the work for the Contractor.

Subcontractor - An individual, partnership, firm, corporation, joint venture or other legal entity, as licensed or required to be licensed under Chapter 444, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as amended, which enters into an agreement with the Contractor to perform a portion of the work.

Subgrade - The top surface of completed earthwork on which subbase, base, surfacing, pavement, or a course of other material is to be placed.

Substantial Completion - The Status of the project when the Contractor has completed the work, except for the planting period and plant establishment period, and each of the following requirements are met:

 (1) All traffic lanes (including shoulders, ramps, sidewalks and bike paths) are in their final configuration as designed and the final wearing surface has been installed;

- (2) All operational and safety devices have been installed in accordance with the contract documents including guardrails, end treatments, traffic barriers, required signs and pavement markings, drainage, parapet, and bridge and pavement structures;
- (3) All required illumination and lighting for normal and safe use and operation is installed and functional in accordance with the contract documents;
- (4) All utilities and services are connected and working;
- (5) The need for temporary traffic controls or lane closures at any time has ceased, except for lane closures required for routine maintenance:
- (6) The building, structure, improvement or facility can be used for its intended purpose.

Substantial Completion Date - The date the Substantial Completion is granted by the Engineer in Writing and Contract Time stops.

Superintendent - The employee of the Contractor who is responsible for all the work and is a Contractor's agent for communications to and from the State.

Surety - The qualified individual, firm or corporation other than the Contractor, which executes a bond with and for the Contractor to insure its acceptable performance of the contract.

Surfacing - The uppermost layer of material placed on the traveled way or shoulders. This term is used interchangeably with pavement.

Traveled Way - The portion of the roadway for the movement of vehicles, exclusive of shoulders.

Unsuitable Material - Materials that contain organic matter, muck, humus, peat, sticks, debris, chemicals, toxic matter, or other deleterious materials not suitable for use in earthwork.

Utility - A line, facility, or system for producing, transmitting, or distributing communications, power, electricity, heat, gas, oil, water, steam, waste, or storm water.

Utility Owner - The entity, whether private or owned by a State, Federal, or County governmental body, that has the power and responsibility to grant approval for, or undertake construction work involving a particular utility.

Water Pollutant - Dredged spoil, solid refuse, incinerator residue, sewage, garbage, sewage sludge, munitions, chemical waste, biological materials, radioactive materials, heat, wrecked or discarded equipment, rock, sand, soil, sediment, cellar dirt and industrial, municipal, and agricultural waste.

Water Pollution - (1) Such contamination or other alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological properties of any state waters, including change in temperature, taste, color, turbidity, or odor of the waters, or **(2)** Such discharge of any liquid, gaseous, solid, radioactive, or other substances into any state waters, as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters unreasonably harmful, detrimental, or injurious to public health, safety, or welfare, including harm, detriment, or injury to public water supplies, fish and aquatic life and wildlife, recreational purposes and agricultural and industrial research and scientific uses of such waters or as will or is likely to violate any water quality standards, effluent standards, treatment and pretreatment standards, or standards of performance for new sources adopted by the Department of Health.

Work - The furnishing of all labor, material, equipment, and other incidentals necessary or convenient for the successful execution of all the duties and obligations imposed by the contract.

Working Day - A calendar day in which a Contractor is capable of working four or more hours with its normal work force, exclusive of:

547 (1) Saturdays, Sundays, and recognized legal State holidays ar	nd such
other days specified by the contract documents as non-working day	s,
549	
550 (2) Day in which the Engineer suspends work for four or more	hours
through no fault of the Contractor."	
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556 END OF SECTION 101	

"SECTION 102 - BIDDING REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

102.01 Prequalification of Bidders. Prospective bidders shall be capable of performing the work for which they are bidding.

In accordance with HRS Chapter 103D-310, the Department may require any prospective bidder to submit answers to questions contained in the 'Standard Qualification Questionnaire For Prospective Bidders On Public Works Contracts' furnished by the Department, properly executed and notarized, setting forth a complete statement of the experience of such prospective bidder and its organization in performing similar work and a statement of the equipment proposed to be used, together with adequate proof of the availability of such equipment. Whenever it appears to the Department, from answers to the questionnaire or otherwise, that the prospective bidder is not fully qualified and able to perform the intended work, the Department will, after affording the prospective bidder an opportunity to be heard and if still of the opinion that the bidder is not fully qualified to perform the work, refuse to receive or consider any bid offered by the prospective bidder. All information contained in the answers to the questionnaire shall be kept confidential. Questionnaire so submitted shall be returned to the bidders after serving their purpose.

 No person, firm or corporation may bid where (1) the person, firm, or corporation, or (2) a corporation owned substantially by the person, firm, or corporation, or (3) a substantial stockholder or an officer of the corporation, or (4) a partner or substantial investor in the firm is in arrears in payments owed to the State or its political subdivisions or is in default as a surety or failure to do faithfully and diligently previous contracts with the State.

102.02 Contents of Proposal Forms. The Department will furnish prospective bidders with proposal forms posted in HlePRO stating:

(1) The location,

(2) Description of the proposed work,

(3) The approximate quantities,

(4) Items of work to be done or materials to be furnished,

(5) A schedule of items, and

(6) The time in which the work shall be completed.

 Papers bound with or attached to the proposal form are part of the proposal. The bidder shall not detach or alter the papers bound with or attached to the proposal when the bidder submits its proposal through HIePRO.

Also, the bidder shall consider other documents including the plans and specifications a part of the proposal form whether attached or not.

102.03 (Unassigned).

- **102.04 Estimated Quantities.** The quantities shown in the contract are approximate and are for the comparison of bids only. The actual quantity of work may not correspond with the quantities shown in the contract. The Department will make payment to the Contractor for unit price items in accordance with the contract for only the following:
 - (1) Actual quantities of work done and accepted, not the estimated quantities; or
 - **(2)** Actual quantities of materials furnished, not the estimated quantities.

The Department may increase, decrease, or omit each scheduled quantities of work to be done and materials to be furnished. When the Department increases or decreases the estimated quantity of a contract item by more than 15% the Department will make payment for such items in accordance with Subsection 104.06 - Methods of Price Adjustment.

102.05 Examination of Contract and Site of Work. The bidder shall examine carefully the site of the proposed work and contract before submitting a proposal.

By the act of submitting a bid for the proposed contract, the bidder warrants that:

- (1) The bidder and its Subcontractors have reviewed the contract documents and found them free from ambiguities and sufficient for the purpose intended;
- (2) The bidder and its workers, employees and subcontractors have the skills and experience in the type of work required by the contract documents bid upon;
- (3) Neither the bidder nor its employees, agents, suppliers or subcontractors have relied upon verbal representations from the Department, its employees or agents, including architects, engineers or consultants, in assembling the bid figure; and

93 94		(4) docur	The basis for the bid figure are solely on the construction contract ments.
95 96 97	work.		the bidder warrants that the bidder has examined the site of the its investigations, the bidder acknowledges satisfaction on:
98 99		(1)	The nature and location of the work;
100 101		(2)	The character, quality, and quantity of materials;
102 103		(3)	The difficulties to be encountered; and
104 105		(4)	The kind and amount of equipment and other facilities needed;
106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121	the D location within condition conditions assumed to the condition or the	rs' con epartmons. The tions for tions was postions arface in If the eatly are	urface information or hydrographic survey data furnished are for the venience only. The data and information furnished are the product of nent's interpretation gathered in investigations made at the specific These conditions may not be typical of conditions at other locations project area or that such conditions remain unchanged. Also, bund at the time of the subsurface explorations may not be the same when work starts. The bidder shall be solely responsible for s, deductions, or conclusions the bidder may derive from the information or data furnished. Engineer determines that the natural conditions differ from that inticipated or contemplated by the Contractor in the items of the State may treat the difference in natural conditions, as falling eaning of Subsection 104.02 – Changes.
122 123	102.0 forms		reparation of Proposal. The submittal of its proposal shall be on hed by the Department. The bidder shall specify in words or figures:
124 125 126		(1)	A unit price for each pay item with a quantity given;
120 127 128		(2)	The products of the respective unit prices and quantities
129 130		(3)	The lump sum amount; and
131 132		(4) of the	The total amount of the proposal obtained by adding the amounts several items.
133 134 135 136		en the	words and figures shall be in ink or typed. If a discrepancy occurs prices written in words and those written in figures, the prices written all govern.

When an item in the proposal contains an option to be made, the bidder shall choose in accordance with the contract for that particular item. Determination of an option will not permit the Contractor to choose again.

The bidder shall sign the proposal properly in ink. A duly authorized representatives of the bidder or by an agent of the bidder legally qualified and acceptable to the Department shall sign, including one or more partners of the bidder and one or more representatives of each entity comprising a joint venture.

When an agent, other than the officer(s) of a corporation authorized to sign contracts for the corporation or a partner of a partnership, signs the proposals, a 'Power of Attorney' shall be on file with the Department or submitted with the proposal. Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and unauthorized.

The bidder shall submit acceptable evidence of the authority of the partner, member(s) or officer(s) to sign for the partnership, joint venture, or corporation respectively with the proposal. Otherwise, the Department will reject the proposal as irregular and unauthorized.

102.07 Irregular Proposals. The Department may consider proposals irregular and may reject the proposals for the following reasons:

(1) The proposal is a form not furnished by the Department, altered, or detached:

(2) The proposal contains unauthorized additions, conditions, or alternates. Also, the proposal contains irregularities that may tend to make the proposal incomplete, indefinite, or ambiguous to its meaning;

(3) The bidder adds provisions reserving the right to accept or reject an award. Also, the bidder adds provisions into a contract before an award;

(4) The proposal does not contain a unit price for each pay item listed except authorized optional pay items; and

(5) Prices for some items are out of proportion to the prices for other items.

(6) If in the opinion of the Director, the bidder and its listed subcontractors do not have the Contactor's licenses or combination of Contractor's licenses necessary to complete the work.

102.09 Delivery of Proposal. Bidders shall submit and <u>upload the complete proposal to HlePRO</u> prior to the bid opening date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as <u>confidential and/or proprietary</u> shall be uploaded as a <u>separate file</u> to HlePRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents with the proposal. The record of each bidder and respective bid shall be open to public inspection. Original (wet ink, hard copy) proposal documents are not required to be submitted. Contract award shall be based on evaluation of proposals submitted and uploaded to HlePRO.

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FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION OF THE BID.

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If there is a conflict between the specification document and the HIePRO solicitation, the specifications shall govern and control, unless otherwise specified

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102.10 Withdrawal or Revision of Proposals. Bids may be modified or withdrawn prior to the bid opening date and time. Withdrawal or revision of proposal shall be completed, and submitted and uploaded to HlePRO prior to the bid opening date and time.

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102.11 Public Opening of Proposals. Not applicable.

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102.12 Disqualification of Bidders. The Department may disqualify a bidder and reject its proposal for the following reasons:

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(1) Submittal of more than one proposal whether under the same or different name.

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(2) Evidence of collusion among bidders. The Department will not recognize participants in collusion as bidders for any future work of the Department until such participants are reinstated as qualified bidders.

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(3) Lack of proposal guaranty.

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(4) Submittal of an unsigned or improperly signed proposal.

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(5) Submittal of a proposal without a listing of subcontractors or containing only a partial or incomplete listing of subcontractors.

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(6) Submittal of an irregular proposal in accordance with Subsection 102.07 - Irregular Proposals.

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(7) Evidence of assistance from a person who has been an employee of the agency within the preceding two years and who participated while in

272	State	office or employment in the matter with which the contract is directly
273	conce	erned, pursuant to HRS Chapter 84-15.
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275	(8)	Suspended or debarred in accordance with HRS Chapter 104-25.
276		
277	(9)	Failure to complete the prequalification questionnaire, if applicable.
278		
279	(10)	Failure to attend the mandatory pre-bid meeting, if applicable.
280		
281	102.13 Ma	aterial Guaranty. The successful bidder may be required to furnish
282	a statement	of the composition, origin, manufacture of materials, and samples.
283		
284	102.14 Տւ	ubstitution of Materials and Equipment Before Bid Opening. See
285	Subsection	106.13 for Substitution Of Materials and Equipment After Bid
286	Opening.	
287		

(A) General. When brand names of materials or equipment are specified in the contract documents, they are to indicate a quality, style, appearance, or performance and not to limit competition. The bidder shall base its bid on one of the specified brand names unless alternate brands are qualified as equal or better in an addendum. Qualification of such proposed alternate brands shall be submitted via email to the Contact person listed in HlePRO for the solicitation and also post a question in HlePRO under the question/answer tab referencing the email with the request. The request must be posted in HlePRO no later than 14 calendar days before the bid opening date, not including the bid opening date.

An addendum will be issued to inform all prospective bidders of any accepted substitution in accordance with Subsection 102.17 – Addenda.

- (B) Statement of Variances. The statement of variances must list all features of the proposed substitution that differ from the contract documents and must further certify that the substitution has no other variant features. The brochure and information submitted shall be clearly marked showing make, model, size, options, and any other features requested by the Engineer and must include sufficient evidence to evaluate each feature listed as a variance. A request will be denied if submitted without sufficient evidence. If after installing the substituted product, an unlisted variance is discovered, the Contractor shall immediately replace the product with a specified product at no increase in contract price and contract time.
- **(C)** Substitution Denial. Any substitution request not complying with the above requirements will be denied.
- **102.15 Preferences.** Preferences shall not apply to this project.
- **102.16** Certification for Safety and Health Program for Bids in excess of \$100,000. In accordance with HRS Chapter 396-18, the bidder or offeror, by signing and submitting this proposal, certifies that a written safety and health plan for this project will be available and implemented by the notice to proceed date for this project. Details of the requirements of this plan may be obtained from the State Department of Labor and Industrial Relations, Occupational Safety and Health Division (HIOSH).

328	102.17 Addenda. Addenda issued shall become part of the contract
329	documents. Addenda to the bid documents will be provided to all prospective
330	bidders via HlePRO. Each addendum shall be an addition to the contract
331	documents. The terms and requirements of the bid documents (i.e., drawings,
332	specifications and other bid and contract documents) cannot be changed prior to
333	the bid opening except by a duly issued addendum."
334	

END OF SECTION 102

"SECTION 103 - AWARD AND EXECUTION OF CONTRACT

103.01 Consideration of Proposals. The Department will compare the proposals in terms of the summation of the products of the approximate quantities and the unit bid prices after the submittal date and time established in HlePRO. If a discrepancy occurs between the unit bid price and the bid price, the unit bid price shall govern.

The "Buy America" provisions in the Surface Transportation Assistance Act of 1982 is applicable to Federal-aid projects. Bidders may submit a bid based upon the furnishing and use of domestic steel or foreign steel. Manufacturing processes for domestic steel shall occur in the United States.

The Department reserves the right to reject proposals, waive technicalities or advertise for new proposals, if the rejection, waiver, or new advertisement favors the Department.

103.02 Award of Contract. The award of contract, if it be awarded, will be made within 60 calendar days after the opening of bids, to the lowest responsible and responsive bidder whose proposal complies with all the prescribed requirements. The Department may request the bidders to allow the Department to consider the bids for the issuance of an award beyond the 60-calendar day period. Agreement to such an extension must be made by a bidder in writing. Only bidders who have agreed to such an extension will be eligible for the award.

(1) Requirement for Award. The Bidder, as proof of compliance with the requirements of section 103D-310(c), HRS, upon award of a contract made pursuant to section 103D-302, HRS, shall provide the documents listed below. The documents shall be submitted promptly to the Department. If a valid certificate/clearance is not submitted on a timely basis upon award, the Bidder may be deemed non-responsible. See also Subsection 108.03 – Preconstruction Data Submittal.

 (A) Tax Clearance. Pursuant to §103D-310(c), 103-53 and 103D-328, HRS, the bidder shall submit a tax clearance certificate from the State of Hawaii Department of Taxation (DOTAX) and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), subject to section 103D-328, HRS, current within six months of issuance date.

FORM A6, TAX CLEARANCE CERTIFICATE, is available at the following website:

47	https://tax.hawaii.gov/
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49	To receive DOTAX Forms by fax or mail, phone
50	(808) 587-4242 or 1-800-222-3229.
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52	The application for the Tax Clearance Certificate is the responsibility
53	of the bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DOTAX or IRS. The
54	approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department.
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56	(B) DLIR Certificate of Compliance. Pursuant to §103D-310(c), HRS,
57	the bidder shall submit a certificate of compliance for Hawaii Employment
58	Security Law (Chapter 383, HRS), Workers' Compensation Law (Chapter
59	386, HRS), Temporary Disability Insurance (Chapter 392, HRS), and
60	Prepaid Health Care Act (Chapter 393, HRS), from the State of Hawaii
61	Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), current within six
62	months of issuance date.
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64	FORM LIR#27, APPLICATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF
65	COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 3-122-112, HAR, is available at the
66	following website:
67	Tone many movement
68	http://labor.hawaii.gov/
69	ntip.//tabor.nawan.gov/
70	Contact the DLIR Unemployment Insurance Division at (808) 586-8926 for
71	additional information.
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73	Inquiries regarding the status of a LIR#27 Form may be made by calling the
74	DLIR Disability Compensation Division at (808) 586-9200.
75	Ben't Bloadinty Componedation Biviolon at (000) 000 0200.
76	The application for the Certificate of Compliance is the responsibility of the
77	bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DLIR. The approved certificate
78	may then be submitted to the Department.
79	may then be eastimed to the Bepartment.
80	(C) DCCA Certificate of Good Standing. Pursuant to §103D-310(c),
81	HRS, the bidder shall submit a certificate of good standing from the
82	business registration division (BREG) of the State of Hawaii Department of
83	Commerce and Consumer Affairs (DCCA), current within six months of
84	issuance date, to demonstrate it is either:
85	issuance date, to demonstrate it is eliner.
86	(1) Incorporated or organized under the laws of the State; or
87	(1) Incorporated or organized under the laws of the otate, or
88	(2) Registered to do business in the State as a separate branch or
89	(2) Registered to do business in the State as a separate branch or division that is capable of fully performing under the contract.
90	division that is capable of fully performing under the contract.
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A Hawaii business that is a sole proprietorship, is not required to register with the BREG, and therefore not required to submit a

certificate of good standing. Bidders are advised of costs associated 93 94 with registering and obtaining a Certificate of Good Standing from the DCCA. 95 96 97 To purchase a CERTIFICATE OF GOOD STANDING, go to On-Line Services at the following website: 98 99 100 http://cca.hawaii.gov/ 101 The application for the Certificate of Good Standing is the 102 responsibility of the bidder. Bidder shall submit directly to the DCCA. 103 104 The approved certificate may then be submitted to the Department. 105 106 (D) Hawaii Compliance Express (HCE). In lieu of the certificates referenced in subsection A, B, and C, the bidder may make available proof 107 of compliance through a state procurement office designated certification 108 109 process. 110 103.03 Cancellation of Award. The Department reserves the right to cancel 111 112 the award of contracts before the execution of said contract by the parties. There will be no liability to the awardee and to other bidders. 113 114 **Return of Proposal Guaranty.** The Department will return the proposal 115 103.04 guaranties, except those of the three lowest bidders, after the Department checks 116 the proposals. The Department will return the proposal guaranties of the remaining 117 118 two lowest bidders, not awarded the contract, within five working days following the execution of the contract. The Department will return the successful bidder's 119 proposal guaranty after the successful bidder furnishes a bond and executes the 120 contract. 121 122 103.05 Requirement of Contract Bond. At the time of execution of the 123 contract, the successful bidder shall file a good and sufficient performance bond 124 125 and a payment bond on the forms furnished by the Department conditioned for the full and faithful performance of the contract in accordance with the terms and intent 126 thereof and for the prompt payment to all others for all labor and material furnished 127 by them to the bidder and used in the prosecution of the work provided for in the 128 contract. The bonds shall be of an amount equal to 100 percent of the amount of 129 the contract price and include 5 percent of the contract amount estimated to be 130 131 required for extra work. The bidder shall limit the acceptable performance and payment bonds to the following: 132 133 134 (a) Legal tender; 135

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the State of Hawaii; or

Surety bond underwritten by a company licensed to issue bonds in

A certificate of deposit; share certificate; cashier's check; treasurer's 139 140 check, teller's check drawn by or a certified check accepted by and payable on demand to the State by a bank savings institution or credit union insured 141 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or the National Credit 142 Union Administration (NCUA). 143 144 The bidder may use these instruments only to a maximum of 145 \$100,000. 146 147 If the required security or bond amount totals over \$100,000 148 more than one instrument not exceeding \$100,000 each and issued 149 by different financial institutions shall be acceptable. 150 151 Such bonds shall also by the terms insure to the benefit of any and all 152 persons entitled to file claims for labor done or material furnished in the work so as 153 to give them a right of action as contemplated by HRS Section 103D-324. 154 155 **Execution of the Contract.** The contract bond and HRS Chapter 104 156 - Compliance Certificate, similar to a copy of the same annexed hereto, shall be 157 executed by the successful bidder and returned within ten days after the award 158 of the contract or within such further time as the Director may allow after the 159 bidder has received the contract for execution. 160 161 162 The contract shall not bind the Department unless said parties execute the contract and the Director of Finance endorses the bidder's certificate in 163 accordance with HRS Section 103-39. 164 165 103.07 Failure to Execute Contract. Failure to execute the contract and file 166 acceptable bonds shall be cause for the cancellation of the award in accordance 167 with Subsection 103.06 - Execution of the Contract. Also, the Contractor forfeits 168 the proposal guaranty which becomes the property of the Department. This is not 169 a penalty, but liquidated damages sustained by the State. The Department may 170 then make award to the next lowest responsible and responsive bidder or the 171 Department may readvertise and construct the work under contract." 172 173 174 175 176 **END OF SECTION 103** 177

submission by the contractor of proper documentation of completed force account work, whether periodic (conforming to the applicable billing cycle) or final. The Engineer shall return any documentation that is defective, to the contractor within fifteen days after receipt, with a statement identifying the defect; or

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> **(B)** For change orders with value exceeding \$50,000 by a unilateral determination by the Engineer of the costs attributable to the events or situations with adjustment of profit and fee, all as computed by the Engineer in accordance with applicable sections of HAR Chapters 3-123 and 3-126, and Section 109.05 -Allowances for Overhead and Profit. When a unilateral determination has been made, a unilateral change order shall be issued within ten days. Upon receipt of the unilateral change order, if the contractor does not agree with any of the terms or conditions, or the adjustment or nonadjustment of the contract time or contract price, the contractor shall file a notice of intent to claim within thirty days after the receipt of the written unilateral change Failure to file a protest within the time specified shall constitute agreement on the part of the contractor with the terms, conditions, amounts, and adjustment or nonadjustment of the contract time or the contract price set forth in the unilateral change order.

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76 77 A contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in contract price is subject to the provisions of HAR Chapter 3-122, Subchapter 15. A fully executed change order or other document permitting billing for the adjustment in price under any method listed in Subsections 104.06(1) through 104.06(7) shall be issued within ten days after agreement on the method of adjustment."

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END OF SECTION 104

SECTION 105 – CONTROL OF WORK

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I) Amend 105.01 – Authority to read as follows:

"105.01 Authority.

- (A) Authority of the Engineer. The Engineer is the representative of the Director and has all the authority of the Director with respect to the contract. The Engineer will make decisions on all questions that may arise regarding the contract, such as, but not limited to:
 - (1) Interpretation of the contract documents.
 - (2) Acceptability of the materials furnished and work performed.
 - (3) Manner of performance and rate of progress of the work.
 - **(4)** Acceptable fulfillment of the contract on the part of the Contractor.
 - **(5)** Compensation under the contract.

The Engineer's decisions on questions, claims, and disputes will be final and conclusive subject to Subsection 107.15 – Disputes and Claims.

The Engineer may delegate specific authority to act for the Engineer to a specific person or persons. Such delegation of authority shall be established in writing and shall become effective upon delivery to the Contractor.

(B) Authority of the Inspectors. Inspectors, as a representative of the Engineer or other agencies, will inspect the work done and materials furnished. Such inspection may extend to the preparation, fabrication or manufacture of the materials to be used. The Inspector does not have authority vested in the Engineer unless specifically delegated in writing. The Inspector may not alter or waive the provisions of the contract, issue instructions contrary to the contract, or act as agent or representative of the Contractor.

Failure of an Inspector at any time to reject non-conforming work shall not be considered a waiver of the State's right to require work in strict conformity with the contract documents as a condition of final acceptance.

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- **(C)** Authority of the Consultant and Construction Management.
 47 The State may engage consultants and construction managements to
 48 perform duties in connection with the work. Unless otherwise specified in
 49 writing to the Contractor, such retained consultants and construction
 50 managements shall have no greater authority than an Inspector."
 - (II) Amend **Subsection 105.02 Submittals** by revising the first paragraph from lines 52 to 61 to read as follows:
 - "105.02 Submittals. The contract contains the description of various items that the Contractor must submit to the Engineer for review and acceptance. The Contractor shall review all submittals for correctness, conformance with the requirements of the contract documents and completeness before submitting them to the Engineer. The submittal shall indicate the contract items and specifications subsections for which the submittal is provided. The submittal shall be legible and clearly indicate what portion of the submittal is being submitted for review. The Contractor shall provide six copies of the required submissions at the earliest possible date.

Any and all submittals, reports, requests, claims, notices, complaints, and concerns under the contract shall be processed through the Construction Manager, DOT Project Manager, and OHA Project Manager."

- (III) Amend Subsection 105.08 (A) Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions to read as follows:
 - "(A) Furnishing Drawings and Special Provisions. The State will furnish the Contractor an electronic set of the special provisions and plans." The Contractor shall have and maintain at least one set of plans and specifications on the work site, at all times."
- (IV) Supplement Subsection 105.08 Coordination Between the Contractor and the State by adding the following paragraph after line 272:
 - **(C)** Other Parties. The Contractor shall coordinate all the necessary work for temporary utility services, permanent service, and appurtenances with the appropriate agencies, including but not limited to the Board of Water Supply, Hawaiian Electric Company, City and County of Honolulu, and Department of Transportation.

The Contractor shall also coordinate with Hoomaluhia Botanical Garden for all appropriate work within the park including but not limited to mobilization and road closures."

(V) Supplement Subsection 105.10 – Construction Stakes, Lines and Grades by adding the following paragraph after line 316:

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"(C) Surveying Services. Upon completion, the CONTRACTOR shall prepare an as-built plan for the project site in which the finished grades are certified by a Registered Land Surveyor. Six (6) copies of the as-built plan shall be submitted to the Construction Manager and Engineer. The as-built plan shall be incidental to the contract. No separate payment shall be made.

Any surveying services required shall be the responsibility of the CONTRACTOR and considered incidental to the scope of work under this contract and therefore covered under the terms of this contract. No separate payment shall be made"

(VI) Amend **Subsection 105.14(D) – No Designated Storage Area** from lines 421 to 432 to read as follows:

"(D) No Designated Storage Area. If no storage area is designated within the contract documents, materials and equipment may be stored anywhere within the State highway right-of-way, provided such storage and access to and from such site, within the sole discretion of the Engineer, does not create a public or traffic hazard or an impediment to the movement of traffic."

(VII) Amend **105.16(A)** – **Subcontract Requirements** by adding the following paragraph after line 483:

The 'Specialty Items' of work for this project are as follows:

120	Section	Description
121	No.	
122		
123	401	Contract Item No. 401.0100 under Section 401 - Hot Mix
124		Asphalt Pavement
125		•
126	421	Contract Item No. 421.0100 under Section 421 – Permeable
127		Surface
128		
129	608	Contract Item No. 608.1000 under Section 608 - Modular
130		Storage Containers
131		
132	609	Contract Item No. 609.1000 under Section 609 - Precast
133		Concrete Restroom Building
134		ŭ
135	624	Contract Item No. 624.0100 under Section 624 - Water
136		System
137		

138	625	Contract Item No. 625.0100 under Section 625 - Sewer				
139		System				
140						
141	645	Contract Item No. 645.0100 under Section 645 – Work Zone				
142		Traffic Control"				
143						
144	(VIII) Amend S	ubsection 105.16(B) - Substituting Subcontractors from line				
145	487 to line 494 to	` '				
146						
147	"(B) Su	bstituting Subcontractors. Under HRS Chapter 103D-302, the				
148	` <i>'</i>	or is required to list the names of persons or firms to be engaged				
149		ontractor as a subcontractor or joint contractor in the performance				
150	•	ontract. No subcontractor may be added or deleted, unless				
		d by the Engineer. Substitutions will be allowed only if the				
151		, ,				
152	subcontra	ICIOT.				
153	(ISA) I ((* 40840 B. I.B. * () ()				
154	(IX) Insert sec	ction 105.18 – Record Drawings to read as follows:				
155	"407.040					
156	"105.018	Record Drawings. Field Posted As-Built Drawings, the				
157		ch is to record the actual in-place construction so that any future				
158		or tie-ins can be anticipated accurately, shall be prepared and				
159		the Contractor. To accomplish this, the following procedure shall				
160	be followed b	by the Contractor:				
161						
162	(A) A full-size set of field posted as-built drawings shall be neatly maintained					
163		job site. All changes made by addenda, submittals, shop				
164		s, change orders, or field adjustments to alignments, elevations				
165 166		nensions stipulated on the drawings and authorizations by the ction Manager shall be clearly and accurately recorded by the				
		, , ,				
167 168	Contract	or on this set of field posted as-built drawings.				
169	(R) Change	s shall be recorded immediately after they are constructed in				
170	` ,	o assure they are not forgotten. Record the changes using				
171		e colored pencil and refer to the authorizing document (RFI,				
172		rawing, Field Modification) or Change Order.				
173	Onop Di	awing, I leid Modification) of Orlange Order.				
174	The follo	owing color codes shall be used to document these changes on				
175	the drav					
176	the drav	Additions - RED				
177		Deletions - GREEN				
178		Comments - BLUE				
179		Dimensions- GRAPHITE*				
180		Difficition of the first				
181	* Legibl	y mark to record actual depths, horizontal and vertical location of				
182	•	and structures relative to permanent surface improvements.				
183	dillido	and the detailed folders to pormanoint defiate improvements.				
184	The fie	ld posted as-built drawings shall be made available to the				
185		ction Manager and Engineer during normal working hours at the				
		.g —g				

186 187	Contractor's field office so that its clarity and accuracy can be monitored.
188	A monthly log of all the record changes shall be submitted with each
189	progress payment request. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any
190	progress payment until he has provided a completed log which
191	accurately reflects the work that was done.
192	described in the man mas demon
193	The log shall identify each revision by drawing number and a description
194	of the revision. The Contractor and Construction Manager shall schedule
195	a day each month to meet and review the log and drawings together.
196	at any control of the
197	(C) The words "FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT" shall be labeled on the title
198	sheet and certified by the CONTRACTOR as to accuracy and
199	completeness as shown below:
200	•
201	FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT
202	Certified By: Date:
203	•
204	Contractor (Include name and company)
205	, ,,
206	(D) The words "FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT" shall be labeled on all sheets in
207	the margin space to the right of the sheet number written from the
208	bottom upward.
209	
210	(E) The Index to Drawings shall be revised with the label "FIELD POSTED
211	AS-BUILT" for each sheet. The index shall conclude with the following
212	note: "A COMPLETE SET CONTAINS SHEETS" with the total
213	number of sheets comprising the set to be placed in the blank.
214	
215	(F) Any "FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT" drawing which the Construction
216	Manager determines does not accurately record the deviation, or is not
217	legible, will be rejected and returned to the Contractor for corrections.
218	Drawings that are ripped or has excessive eraser marks from changes
219	shall be replaced with a clean set of drawings.
220	(C) Submit the set of approved "FIFLD DOSTED AS BLILLT" drawings to the
221 222	(G)Submit the set of approved "FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT" drawings to the Engineer no later than five (5) calendar days prior to the date of final
222	inspection.
224	inspection.
225	(H)"RECORD DRAWINGS" will be prepared by the design consultant using
226	the "FIELD POSTED AS-BUILT." Both sets of drawings will be sent to
227	the Contractor for review and approval. The Contractor will have one (1)
228	week to review and approve the drawings. After the Contractor is satisfied
229	the Record Drawings are correct, the Contractor shall certify changes by
230	signing the tracings.
231	J J
232	
233	END OF SECTION 105
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

1	Make the following amendment to said Section:				
2 3 4	s	ECTION 100	6 – M <i>A</i>	ATERIAL RESTRICTIONS AND REQUIREMENTS	
5 6 7	(I) Amend 106.05(B) – Deviation by revising the third sentence from line 106 to 108 to read as follows:				
8 9 10		•		Il be subject to Subsection 102.14 – Substitution of ipment Before Bid Opening.	
11 12 13	` '	Amend Sec the followin		106 – Material Restrictions and Requirements by r line 334	
14 15	106.14	Constru	ction	Materials.	
16 17 18 19 20				ca requirements apply to the following construction anently incorporated into the project unless otherwise	
21		(1)	Non-	ferrous metals.	
22 23		(2)	Plast	ic and polymer-based products such as:	
2425			(a)	High Density Polyethylene	
26 27			(b)	Polyvinylchloride.	
28			(6)	1 Glyvinyionionae.	
29			(c)	Composite building materials.	
30 31			(d)	Polymers used in fiber optic cables.	
32 33		(3)	Glass	s (including optic glass).	
34					
35 36	(4) Fiber optic cable (including drop cable).				
37		(5)	Optic	cal fiber.	
38 39		(6)	Lumb	per.	
40					
41 42		(7)	⊨ng⊪	neered wood.	
43		(8)	(8) Drywall.		
44		(0)	N/a==	ifoctured products containing steel and iron material	
45 46		(9)	ıvıanı	ufactured products containing steel and iron material	

Where one or more of these construction materials have been combined by a manufacturer with other materials through a manufacturing process, Buy America requirements do not apply unless otherwise specified. Furnish construction materials to be incorporated into the work with certificates of compliance with each project delivery. Manufacturer's certificate of compliance must identify where the construction material was manufactured and attest specifically to Buy America compliance. All manufacturing processes for these materials must occur in the United States.

Non-ferrous metals, such as aluminum, copper, lead, nickel, tin, titanium, zinc, brass, and bronze, are subject to Buy America requirements if used as construction materials in various shapes, sizes, and gauges including channels, bars, pipe, couplers, fittings, bolts, nuts, and products made of 100 percent of the non-ferrous metal. If the non-ferrous metal is combined with other construction materials during a manufacturing process, the product is considered a manufactured product and not subject to Buy America requirements.

One hundred percent plastic or polymer materials are subject to Buy America requirements. This includes high-density polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride pipe and fittings. Plastics or polymers that are combined with other construction materials in a manufacturing process are considered a manufactured product and not subject to these requirements.

Glass construction materials subject to Buy America requirements are composed solely of glass. This includes glass beads incorporated into pavement striping and 100 percent Fiberglass material.

Fiber optic cable (including drop cable) and optical fiber are subject to Buy America requirements.

Lumber products including engineered lumber are subject to Buy America requirements.

Manufactured products containing steel or iron including pre-cast concrete products are subject to Buy America requirements.

END OF SECTION 106

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(I)

read as follows:

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"(A) Obligation of Contractor. Contractor shall not commence any work until it obtains, at its own expense, all required insurance described herein. Such insurance shall be provided by an insurance company authorized by the laws of the State to issue such insurance in the State of Hawaii. Coverage by a "Non-Admitted" carrier is permissible provided the carrier has a Best's Rating of "A-VII" or better. The Contractor shall

maintain and ensure all insurance policies are current for the full period of

the contract until final acceptance of the work by the State.

Amend Section 107.01 Insurance Requirements from lines 5 to 81 to

The Certificate of Insurance shall contain: a clause that it is agreed that any insurance maintained by the State of Hawaii will apply in excess of, and not contribute with, insurance provided by this policy; and shall be accompanied by endorsement form CG2010 or equivalent naming the State as an additional insured to the policy which status shall be maintained for the full period of the contract until final acceptance of the work by State.

The Contractor shall obtain all required insurance as part of the contract price. Where there is a requirement for the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees to be named as additional insureds under any Contractor's insurance policy, before the State of Hawaii issues the Notice to Proceed, the Contractor shall obtain and submit to the Engineer a Certificate of Insurance and a written policy endorsement that confirms the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees are additional insureds for the specific State project number and project title under such insurance policies. The written policy endorsement must be issued by the insurance company insuring the Contractor for the specified policy type or by an agent of such insurance company who is vested with the authority to issue a written policy endorsement. The insurer's agent shall also submit written confirmation of such authority to bind the insurer. Any delays in the issuance of the Notice to Proceed attributed to the failure to obtain the proof of the State of Hawaii and its officers and employees' additional insured status shall be charged to the Contractor.

A mere Certificate of Insurance issued by a broker who represents the Contractor (but not the Contractor's insurer), or by any other party who is not authorized to contractually name the State as an additional insured under the Contractor's insurance policy, is not sufficient to meet the Contractor's insurance obligations.

Certificates shall contain a provision that coverages being certified will not be cancelled or materially changed without giving the Engineer at least thirty (30) days prior written notice. Contractor will immediately provide written notice to the Director should any of the insurance policies evidenced on its Certificate of Insurance form be cancelled, reduced in scope or coverage, or not renewed upon expiration. Should any policy be canceled before final acceptance of the work by the State, and the Contractor fails to immediately procure replacement insurance as specified, the State, in addition to all other remedies it may have for such breach, reserves the right to procure such insurance and deduct the cost thereof from any money due or to become due to the Contractor.

Nothing contained in these insurance requirements is to be construed as limiting the extent of Contractor's responsibility for payment of damages resulting from its operations under this contract, including the Contractor's obligation to pay liquidated damages, nor shall it affect the Contractor's separate and independent duty to defend, indemnify and hold the State harmless pursuant to other provisions of this contract. In no instance will the State's exercise of an option to occupy and use completed portions of the work relieve the Contractor of its obligation to maintain the required insurance until the date of final acceptance of the work.

All insurance described herein shall be primary and cover the insured for all work to be performed under the contract, all work performed incidental thereto or directly or indirectly connected therewith, including but not limited to traffic detour work, barricades, warnings, diversions, lane closures, and other work performed outside the work area and all change order work.

The Contractor shall, from time to time, furnish the Engineer, when requested, satisfactory proof of coverage of each type of insurance required covering the work. Failure to comply with the Engineer's request may result in suspension of the work, and shall be sufficient grounds to withhold future payments due the Contractor and to terminate the contract for Contractor's default.

Types of Insurance. Contractor shall purchase and maintain insurance described below which shall provide coverage against claims arising out of the Contractor's operations under the contract, whether such operations be by the Contractor itself or by any subcontractor or by anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them or by anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable.

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(1) Workers' Compensation. The Contractor shall obtain worker's compensation insurance for all persons whom they employ in carrying out the work under this contract. This insurance shall be in strict conformity with the requirements of the most current and

92 93		applicable State of Hawaii Worker's Compensation Insurance laws in effect on the date of the execution of this contract and as modified
94		during the duration of the contract.
95		
96 97		(2) Auto Liability. The Contractor shall obtain Auto Liability Insurance covering all owned, non-owned and hired autos with a
98		Combined single Limit of not less than \$1,000,000 per occurrence
99		for bodily injury and property damage with the State of Hawaii named
100		as additional insured. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any
101		additional requirements.
102		
103		(3) General Liability. The Contractor shall obtain General
104		Liability insurance with a limit of not less than \$2,000,000 per
105		occurrence and in the Aggregates for each of the following:
106		
107		(a) Products - Completed/Operations Aggregate,
108		
109		(b) Personal & Advertising Injury, and
110		
111		(c) Bodily Injury & Property Damage
112		
113		The General Liability insurance shall include the State as an
114		Additional Insured. The required limit of insurance may be provided
115		by a single policy or with a combination of primary and excess
116		policies. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any additional
117		requirements.
118		
119		(4) Builders Risk For All Work. The Contractor shall take out
120		a policy of builder's risk insurance for the full replacement value of
121		the project work; from a company licensed or otherwise authorized
122		to do business in the State of Hawaii; naming the State as an
123		additional insured under each policy; and covering all work, labor,
124		and materials furnished by such Contractor and all its
125 126		subcontractors against loss by fire, windstorm, tsunamis,
120		earthquakes, lightning, explosion, other perils covered by the standard Extended Coverage Endorsement, vandalism, and
127		malicious mischief. Refer to SPECIAL CONDITIONS for any
129		additional requirements."
130		additional requirements.
131	(II)	Amend Section 107.02 Permits and Licenses to as follows:
132	(")	Amena dection 107.02 i emits and Licenses to as follows.
133		"107.02 Permits and Licenses. As part of the contract price, the
134		Contractor shall obtain all permits and licenses required by law to
135		perform the work and pay charges, fees, and taxes incidental to
136		obtaining such permits and licenses. The Contractor assumes
137		exclusive responsibility for identifying and acquiring all permits and
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licenses necessary to perform the work, except for those permits and licenses identified in the contract documents as being the responsibility of the State. If the Contractor does not hold all of the licenses required to perform a particular item of work on this project with its own workers, when bidding, he must list subcontractors that hold the appropriate licenses in its proposal

The terms and conditions of any permit or license required for performance of the work, whether or not issued in the name of the Contractor, are incorporated into the contract. Compliance with such terms and conditions are duties owed by the Contractor to the State under the contract. Notwithstanding the enforcement authority of the permitting or licensing agency, whether or not a State agency, non-compliance by the Contractor with any term or condition of such license or permit shall be deemed non-compliance with the contract and may constitute grounds for default.

The Engineer may grant a time adjustment, cost adjustment, or both, to the extent the Engineer determines that the Contractor was not a contributing factor for such delay"

(III) Revise Section 107.13 Pollution Control and Protection of Archeological, Historical, and Burial Sites from lines 378 to 388 to read as follows:

(B) Archaeological, Historical and Burial Sites.

- (1) Archaeological Sites The Contractor should be aware that archaeological sites may be encountered during the construction of this project. If the Contractor encounters a potential archaeological site during construction, he shall immediately cease all operations in the area and contact the Construction Manager and the State Historic Preservation Division.
- (2) Inadvertent Discovery of Human Burials Although not expected, in the event human burials are inadvertently discovered, the Contractor shall immediately stop work in the vicinity of the burial and contact the following parties and agencies immediately: State Historic Preservation Division, the Construction Manager, the Engineer, the Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

The Department of Transportation and Office of Hawaiian affairs shall provide the Contractor with a Supplemental Agreement for additional time added to the Contractor's performance schedule for the mitigation of any inadvertent discovery of human remains.

(C) Endangered Species

- (1) Construction activity shall be restricted to daylight hours as much as practicable during the seabird breeding season (April through November) to avoid the use of nighttime lighting that could be an attraction to seabirds
- (2) For any nighttime work required during construction, all outdoor lighting shall be shielded to prevent upward radiation so as to reduce the potential for interactions of nocturnally flying Hawaiian petrels and Newell's shearwaters with external lights and man-made structures.
- (3) Outside lights that are not needed for security and safety shall be turned off from dusk through dawn during the fledging fallout period (September 15-December 15).
- (4) To avoid potential impacts to the Hawaiian hoary bat, no trees taller than 15 feet within the project site shall be trimmed or removed between June 1 and September 15 when non-volant juvenile bats may be roosting in the trees.
- (5) Any fences that are erected as part of the Project shall have a barbless top-strand wire to prevent entanglements of the Hawaiian hoary bat on barbed wire. For existing fences at the project site, the top strand of barbed wire shall be removed or replaced with barbless wire.
- (6) All outdoor lighting at the Project shall be shielded to prevent upward radiation so as to reduce the potential for seabird attraction. Shielding shall conform to the County's standards for streetlights to prevent light diffusion upward into the night sky.

Contractor shall coordinate construction activities with the USFWS during construction of the Project to avoid creating standing water and other attractive nuisances that could attract protected water birds to unsafe construction conditions. The Contractor shall have a qualified biologist survey the project site prior to construction and after a delay of at least three days in construction for the presence of Hawaiian goose nests. Work shall immediately stop if a nest is discovered and the USFWS shall be contacted for further quidance.

END OF SECTION 107

"SECTION 108 - PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS

108.01 Notice to Proceed (NTP). A Notice To Proceed will be issued to the Contractor not more 30 calendar days after the contract certification date. The Engineer may suspend the contract before issuing the Notice To Proceed, in which case the Contractor's remedies are exclusively those set forth in Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

The Contractor shall be allowed up to 14 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed to begin physical work. The Start Work Date will be established when this period ends or on the actual day that physical work begins, whichever is first. Charging of Contract Time will begin on the Start Work Date. The Contractor shall notify the Engineer, in writing, at least five working days before beginning physical work.

In the event that the Contractor fails to start physical work within the time specified, the Engineer may terminate the contract in accordance with Subsection 108.11 – Termination of Contract for Cause.

During the period between the Notice to Proceed and the Start Work Date the Contractor should adjust work forces, equipment, schedules, and procure materials and required permits, prior to beginning physical work.

Any physical work done prior to the Start Work Date will be considered unauthorized work. If the Engineer does not direct that the unauthorized work be removed, it shall be paid for after the Start Work Date and only if it is acceptable.

In the event that the Engineer establishes, in writing, a Start Work Date that is beyond 60 calendar days from the Notice to Proceed date, the Contractor may submit a claim in accordance with, Subsection 107.15 – Disputes and Claims for increased labor and material costs which are directly attributable to the delay beyond the first 60 calendar days after the Notice to Proceed date.

The Contractor shall notify the Engineer at least 24 hours before restarting physical work after a suspension of work pursuant to Subsection 108.10 – Suspension of Work.

Once physical work has begun, the Contractor shall work expeditiously and pursue the work diligently to completion with the contract time. If a portion of the work is to be done in stages, the Contractor shall leave the area safe and usable for the user agency and the public at the end of each stage.

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Initial Progress Schedule (See Subsection 108.06 - Progress (4) Schedule).

70 71 72

Water Pollution and Siltation Control Submittals, including Site-Specific Best Management Practice Plan.

73 74 75

(6) Solid Waste Disposal form.

Insurance Rates.

76 77

(7) Tax Rates.

(8)

78 79 80

Certificate of Insurance, satisfactory to the Engineer, indicating that the Contractor has in place all insurance coverage required by the contract documents.

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Schedule of agreed prices. (10)

85 86 87

(11) List of suppliers.

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(12)Traffic Control Plan, if applicable.

108.04 Character and Proficiency of Workers. The Contractor shall at all times provide adequate supervision and sufficient labor and equipment for prosecuting the work to full completion in the manner and within the time required by the contract. The superintendent and all other representatives of the Contractor shall act in a civil and honest manner in all dealings with the Engineer, all other State officials and representatives, and the public, in connection with the work.

All workers shall possess the proper license, certification, job classification, skill, training, and experience necessary to properly perform the work assigned to them

The Engineer may direct the removal of any worker(s) who does not carry out the assigned work in a proper and skillful manner or who is disrespectful, intemperate, violent, or disorderly. The worker shall be removed forthwith by the Contractor and will not work again without the written permission of the Engineer.

108.05 Contract Time.

(A) Calculation of Contract Time. When the contract time is on a working day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of working days shown in the contract plus any additional working days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed working days to be charged against contract time, will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. When multiple shifts are used to perform the work, the State will not consider the hours worked over the normal eight working hours per day or night as an additional working day.

When the contract is on a calendar day basis, the total contract time allowed for the performance of the work will be the number of days shown in the contract plus any additional days authorized in writing as provided hereinafter. The count of elapsed days to be charged against contract time will begin from the Start Work Date and will continue consecutively to the date of Substantial Completion. The Engineer will exclude days elapsing between the orders of the Engineer to suspend work and resume work for suspensions not the fault of the Contractor.

(B) Modifications of Contract Time. Whenever the Contractor believes that an extension of contract time is justified, the Contractor shall serve written notice on the Engineer not more than five working days after the occurrence of the event that causes a delay or justifies a contract time extension. Contract time may be adjusted for the following reasons or events, but only if and to the extent the critical path has been affected:

(1) Changes in the Work, Additional Work, and Delays Caused by the State. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is

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justified on account of any act or omission by the State, and is not adequately provided for in a field order or change order, it must request the additional time as provided above. At the request of the Engineer, the Contractor must show how the critical path will be affected and must also support the time extension request with schedules, as well as statements from its subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers, as necessary. Claims for compensation for any altered or additional work will be determined pursuant to Subsection 104.02 – Changes.

Additional time to perform the extra work will be added to the time allowed in the contract without regard to the date the change directive was issued, even if the contract completion date has passed. A change requiring time issued after contract time has expired will not constitute an excusal or waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.

- (2) Delay for Permits. For delays in the routine application and processing time required to obtain necessary permits, including permits to be obtained from State agencies, the Engineer may grant an extension provided that the permit takes longer than 30 days to acquire and the delay is not caused by the Contractor, and provided that as soon as the delay occurs, the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that the permits are not available. Permits required by the contract that take less than 30 days to acquire from the time which the appropriate documents are granted shall be acquired between Notice to Proceed and Start Work Date or accounted for in the contractor's progress schedule. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted on account of such delays.
- (3) Delays Beyond Contractor's Control. For delays caused by acts of God, a public enemy, fire, inclement weather days or adverse conditions resulting therefrom, earthquakes, floods, epidemics, quarantine restrictions, labor disputes impacting the Contractor or the State, freight embargoes and other reasons beyond the Contractor's control, the Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that:
 - (a) In the written notice of delay to the Engineer, the Contractor describes possible effects on the completion date of the contract. The description of delays shall:
 - 1. State specifically the reason or reasons for the delay and fully explain in a detailed chronology how the delay affects the critical path.

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- **2.** Include copies of pertinent documentation to support the time extension request.
- **3.** Cite the anticipated period of delay and the time extension requested.
- **4.** State either that the above circumstances have been cleared and normal working conditions restored as of a certain day or that the above circumstances will continue to prevent completion of the project.
- **(b)** The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing when the delay ends. Time extensions will be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor for such delays.
- (4) Delays in Delivery of Materials or Equipment. For delays in delivery of materials or equipment, which occur as a result of unforeseeable causes beyond the control and without fault of the Contractor, its subcontractor(s) or supplier(s), time extensions shall be the exclusive relief granted and no additional compensation will be paid the Contractor on account of such delay. The delay shall not exceed the difference between the originally scheduled delivery date and the actual delivery date. The Contractor may be granted an extension of time provided that it complies with the following procedures:
 - (a) The Contractor's written notice to the Engineer must describe the delays and state the effect such delays may have on the critical path.
 - **(b)** The Contractor, if requested, must submit to the Engineer within five days after a firm delivery date for the material and equipment is established, a written statement regarding the delay. The Contractor must justify the delay as follows:
 - **1.** State specifically all reasons for the delay. Explain in a detailed chronology the effect of the delay on the critical path.
 - 2. Submit copies of purchase order(s), factory invoice(s), bill(s) of lading, shipping manifest(s), delivery tag(s), and any other documents to support the time extension request.

- **3.** Cite the start and end date of the delay and the time extension requested.
- (5) **Delays for Suspension of Work.** When the performance of the work is totally suspended for one or more days (calendar or working days, as appropriate) by order of the Engineer in accordance with Subsections 108.10(A)(1), 108.10(A)(2), or 108.10(A)(5) the number of days from the effective date of the Engineer's order to suspend operations to the effective date of the Engineer's order to resume operations shall not be counted as contract time and the contract completion date will be adjusted. During periods of partial suspensions of the work, the Contractor will be granted a time extension only if the partial suspension affects the critical path. If the Contractor believes that an extension of time is justified for a partial suspension of work, it must request the extension in writing at least five working days before the partial suspension will affect the critical operation(s) in progress. The Contractor must show how the critical path was increased based on the status of the work and must also support its claim if requested, with statements from its subcontractors. A suspension of work will not constitute a waiver of pre-existing Contractor delay.
- **(6) Contractor Caused Delays.** No time extension will be granted under the following circumstances:
 - (a) Delays within the Contractor's control in performing the work caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof.
 - **(b)** Delays within the Contractor's control in arrival of materials and equipment caused by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or any combination thereof, in ordering, fabricating, and delivery.
 - **(c)** Delays requested for changes which do not affect the critical path.

263	(d) Delays caused by the failure of the Contractor to make
264	submittals in a timely manner for review and acceptance by the
265	Engineer, such as but not limited to shop drawings, descriptive
266	sheets, material samples, and color samples except as covered
267	in Subsection 108.05(B)(3) - Delays Beyond Contractor's
268	Control and 108.05(B)(4) – Delays in Delivery of Materials or
269	Equipment.
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271	(e) Delays caused by the failure to submit sufficient
272	information and data in a timely manner in the proper form in
273	order to obtain necessary permits related to the work.
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275	(f) Failure to follow the procedure within the time allowed
276	by contract to request a time extension.
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278	(g) Failure of the Contractor to provide evidence sufficient
279	to support the time extension request.
280	
281	(7) Reduction in Time. If the State deletes or modifies any portion
282	of the work, an appropriate reduction of contract time may be made
283	in accordance with Subsection 104.02 - Changes.
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285	108.06 Progress Schedules.
286	
287	(A) Forms of Schedule. All schedules shall be submitted using the
288	specific computer program designated in the bid documents. If no such
289	scheduling software program is designated, then all schedules shall be
290	submitted using the latest version of Microsoft Project by Microsoft or
291	approved equivalent software program.
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293	Schedule submittals shall be as follows:
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295	(1) For Contracts \$2,000,000 or less or For Contract Time 100
296	Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less. For contracts of
297	\$2,000,000 or less or for contract time of 100 working days or 140
298	calendar days or less, the progress schedule will be a Time Scaled
299	Logic Diagram (TSLD). The Contractor shall submit a TSLD submittal
300	package meeting the following requirements and having these
301	essential and distinctive elements:
302	
303	(a) The major features of work, such as but not limited to
304	BMP installation, grubbing, roadway excavation, structure
305	excavation, structure construction, shown in the chronological
306	order in which the Contractor proposes to work that feature or
307	work and its location on the project. The schedule shall account
308	for normal inclement weather, unusual soil or other conditions

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that may influence the progress of the work, schedules, and coordination required by any utility, off or on site fabrications, and other pertinent factors that relate to progress;

- **(b)** All features listed or not listed in the contract documents that the Contractor considers a controlling factor for the timely completion of the contract work.
- **(c)** The time span and sequence of the activities or events for each feature, and its interrelationship and interdependencies in time and logic to other features in order to complete the project.
- **(d)** The total anticipated time necessary to complete work required by the contract.
- **(e)** A chronological listing of critical intermediate dates or time periods for features or milestones or phases that can affect timely completion of the project.
- (f) Major activities related to the location on the project.
- **(g)** Non-construction activities, such as submittal and acceptance periods for shop drawings and material, procurement, testing, fabrication, mobilization, and demobilization or order dates of long lead material.
- **(h)** Set schedule logic for out of sequence activities to retain logic. In addition, open ends shall be non-critical.
- (i) Show target bars for all activities.
- (j) Vertical and horizontal sight lines both major and minor shall be used as well as a separator line between groups. The Engineer will determine frequency and style.
- **(k)** The file name, print date, revision number, data and project title and number shall be included in the title block.
- (I) Have columns with the appropriate data in them for activity ID, description, original duration, remaining duration, early start, early finish, total float, percent complete, resources. The resource column shall list who is responsible for the work to be done in the activity. These columns shall be to the left of the bar chart.

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- (2) For Contracts Which Have A Contract Amount More Than \$2,000,000 Or Having A Contract Time Of More Than 100 Working Days Or 140 Calendar Days. For contracts which have a contract amount more than \$2,000,000 or contract time of more than 100 working days or 140 calendar days, the Contractor shall submit a Timed-Scaled Logic Diagram (TSLD) meeting the following requirements and having these essential and distinctive elements:
 - (a) The information and requirements listed in Subsection 108.06(A)(1) For Contracts \$2,000,000 or Less or For Contract Time 100 Working Days or 140 Calendar Days or Less.
 - **(b)** Additional reports and graphics available from the software as requested by the Engineer.
 - **(c)** Sufficient detail to allow at least weekly monitoring of the Contractor and subcontractor's operations.
 - (d) The time scaled schematic shall be on a calendar or working days basis. What will be used shall be determined by how the contract keeps track of time. It will be the same. Plot the critical calendar dates anticipated.
 - **(e)** Breakdown of activity, such as forming, placing reinforcing steel, concrete pouring and curing, and stripping in concrete construction. Indicate location of work to be done in such detail that it would be easily determined where work would be occurring within approximately 200 feet.
 - **(f)** Latest start and finish dates for critical path activities.
 - **(g)** Identify responsible subcontractor, supplier, and others for their respective activity.
 - **(h)** No individual activity shall have duration of more than 20 calendar days unless requested and approved by the Engineer.
 - (i) All activities shall have work breakdown structure codes and activity codes. The activity codes shall have coding that incorporates information for phase, location, who is responsible for doing work and type of operation and activity description.
 - (j) Incorporate all physical access and availability restraints.

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- **(B) Inspection and Testing.** Throughout the construction period, the work may be subject to periodic inspection by the Department of Transportation, Office of Hawaiian Affairs, Engineer, designated Construction Manager, and other applicable government agencies. All schedules shall provide reasonable time and opportunity to inspect and test each work activity.
- Engineer's Acceptance of Progress Schedule. The submittal of, (C) and the Engineer's receipt of any progress schedule, shall not be deemed an agreement to modify any terms or conditions of the contract. modifications to the contract terms and conditions that appear in or may be inferred from an acceptable schedule will not be valid or enforceable unless and until the Engineer exercises discretion to issue an appropriate change order. Nor shall any submittal or receipt imply the Engineer's approval of the schedule's breakdown, its individual elements, any critical path that may be shown, nor shall it obligate the State to make its personnel available outside normal working hours or the working hours established by the Contract in order to accommodate such schedule. The Contractor has the risk of all elements (whether or not shown) of the schedule and its execution. No claim for additional compensation, time, or both, shall be made by the Contractor or recognized by the Engineer for delays during any period for which an acceptable progress schedule or an updated progress schedule as required by Subsection 108.06(E) - Contractor's Continuing Schedule Submittal Requirements had not been submitted. Any acceptance or approval of the schedule shall be for general format only and shall not be deemed an agreement by the State that the construction means, methods, and resources shown on the schedule will result in work that conforms to the contract requirements or that the sequences or durations indicated are feasible.
- **(D) Initial Progress Schedule.** The Contractor shall submit an initial progress schedule. The initial progress schedule shall consist of the following:
 - (1) Four sets of the TSLD schedule.
 - (2) All the software files and data to re-create the TSLD in a computerized software format as specified by the Engineer.
 - (3) A listing of equipment that is anticipated to be used on the project. Including the type, size, make, year of manufacture, and all information necessary to identify the equipment in the Rental Rate Blue Book for Construction Equipment.
 - **(4)** An anticipated manpower requirement graph plotting contract time and total manpower requirement. This may be superimposed over the payment graph.

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all new activities and any changes in duration or start or finish dates of any activity.

The Contractor shall submit with every update, in report form acceptable to the Engineer, a list of changes to the progress schedule since the previous schedule submittal. The Engineer may change the frequency of the submittal requirements but may not require a submittal of the schedule to be more than once a week. The Engineer may decrease the frequency of the submittal of the bi-weekly schedule.

The Contractor shall submit updates of the anticipated work completion graph, equipment listing, manpower requirement graph or method statement when requested by the Engineer. The Contractor shall submit such updates within 4 calendar days from the date of the request by the Engineer.

The Engineer may withhold progress payment until the Contractor is in compliance with all schedule update requirements

(F) Float. All float appearing on a schedule is a shared commodity. Float does not belong to or exist for the exclusive use or benefit of either the State or the Contractor. The State or the Contractor has the opportunity to use available float until it is depleted. Float has no monetary value.

(G) Scheduled Meetings. The Contractor shall meet on a bi-weekly basis with the Engineer to review the progress schedule. The Contractor shall have someone attending the meeting that can answer all questions on the TSLD and other schedule related submittals.

(H) Accelerated Schedule; Early Completion. If the Contractor submits an accelerated schedule (shorter than the contract time), the Engineer's review and acceptance of an accelerated schedule does not constitute an agreement or obligation by the State to modify the contract time or completion date. The Contractor is solely responsible for and shall accept all risks and any delays, other than those that can be directly and solely attributable to the State, that may occur during the work, until the contract completion date. The contract time or completion date is established for the benefit of the State and cannot be changed without an appropriate change order or Substantial Completion granted by the State. The State may accept the work before the completion date is established, but is not obligated to do so.

If the TSLD indicates an early completion of the project, the Contractor shall, upon submittal of the schedule, cooperate with the Engineer in explaining how it will be achieved. In addition, the Contractor shall submit the above explanation in writing which shall include the State's part, if any, in achieving the early completion date. Early completion of the project shall not rely on changes to the Contract Documents unless approved by the

Engineer.

(I) Contractor Responsibilities. The Contractor shall promptly respond to any inquiries from the Engineer regarding any schedule submission. The Contractor shall adjust the schedule to address directives from the Engineer and shall resubmit the TSLD package to the Engineer until the Engineer finds it acceptable.

The Contractor shall perform the work in accordance with the submitted TSLD. The Engineer may require the Contractor to provide additional work forces and equipment to bring the progress of the work into conformance with the TSLD at no increase in contract price or contract time whenever the Engineer determines that the progress of the work does not insure completion within the specified contract time.

108.07 Weekly Meeting. In addition to the bi-weekly schedule meetings, the Contractor shall be available to meet once a week with the Engineer at the time and place as determined by the Engineer to discuss the work and its progress including but not limited to, the progress of the project, potential problems, coordination of work, submittals, erosion control reports, etc. The Contractor's personnel attending shall have the authority to make decisions and answer questions.

The Contractor shall bring to weekly meetings a detailed work schedule showing the next three weeks' work. Number of copies of the detailed work schedule to be submitted will be determined by the Engineer. The three-week schedule is in addition to the TSLD and shall in no way be considered as a substitute for the TSLD or vice versa. The three-week schedule shall show:

(a) All construction events, traffic control and BMP related activities in such detail that the Engineer will be able to determine at what location and type of work will be done for any day for the next three weeks. This is for the State to use to plan its manpower requirements for that time period.

(b) The duration of all events and delays.

(c) The critical path clearly marked in red or marked in a manner that makes it clearly distinguishable from other paths and is acceptable to the Engineer.

(d) Critical submittals and requests for information (RFI's).

(e) The project title, project number, date created, period the schedule covers, Contractor's name and creator of the schedule on each page.

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Two days prior to each weekly meeting, the Contractor shall submit a list of outstanding submittals, RFIs and issues that require discussion.

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Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Work or Portions of 108.08 the Work on Time. The actual amount of damages resulting from the Contractor's failure to complete the contract in a timely manner is difficult to accurately determine. Therefore, the amount of such damages shall be liquidated damages as set forth herein and in the special provisions. The State may, at its discretion, deduct the amount from monies due or that may become due under the contract.

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The Contractor shall complete all work as specified or indicated in the contract documents on or before 245 calendar days after receiving written Notice to Proceed, subject to extensions, as may be granted.

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In case of failure on the part of the Contractor to complete the work within the time specified, the Contractor shall pay to DOT and OHA as liquidated damages, and not as a penalty, \$1,000.00 per calendar day for each day that the project, in its entirety, remains incomplete.

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Liquidated Damages Upon Termination. If the State terminates on account of Contractor's default, liquidated damages may be charged against the defaulting Contractor and its surety until final completion of work.

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> (B) Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist. The Contractor shall complete the work on any punchlist created after the prefinal inspection, within the contract time or any extension thereof.

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When the Contractor fails to complete the work on such punchlist within the contract time or any extension thereof, the Contractor shall pay liquidated damages to the State of 20 percent of the amount of liquidated damages established for failure to substantially complete the work within contract time. Liquidated damages shall not be assessed for the period between:

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(1) Notice from the Contractor that the project is substantially complete and the time the punchlist is delivered to the Contractor.

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> The date of the completion of punchlist as determined by the (2) Engineer and the date of the successful final inspection, and

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The date of the Final Inspection that results in Substantial (3) Completion and the receipt by the Contractor of the written notice of Substantial Completion.

(C) Actual Damages Recoverable If Liquidated Damages Deemed Unenforceable. In the event a court of competent jurisdiction holds that any liquidated damages assessed pursuant to this contract are unenforceable, the State will be entitled to recover its actual damages for Contractor's failure to complete the work, or any designated portion of the work within the time set by the contract.

108.09 Rental Fees for Unauthorized Lane Closure or Occupancy. In addition to all other remedies available to the State for Contractor's breach of the terms of the contract, the Engineer will assess the rental fees in the amount of \$500 for every one-to fifteen-minute increment for each roadway lane closed to public use or occupied beyond the time periods authorized in the contract or by the Engineer. The maximum amount assessed per day shall be \$5,000. The State may, at its discretion, deduct the amount from monies due or that may become due under the contract. The rental fee may be waived in whole or part if the Engineer determines that the unauthorized period of lane closure or occupancy was due to factors beyond the control of the Contractor. Equipment breakdown is not a cause to waive liquidated damages.

108.10 Suspension of Work.

(A) Suspension of Work. The Engineer may, by written order, suspend the performance of the work, either in whole or in part, for such periods as the Engineer may deem necessary, for any cause, including but not limited to:

(1) Weather or soil conditions considered unsuitable for prosecution of the work.

(2) Whenever a redesign that may affect the work is deemed necessary by the Engineer.

(3) Unacceptable noise or dust arising from the construction even if it does not violate any law or regulation.

(4) Failure on the part of the Contractor to:

(a) Correct conditions unsafe for the general public or for the workers.

(b) Carry out orders given by the Engineer.

- **(c)** Perform the work in strict compliance with the provisions of the contract.
- (d) Provide adequate supervision on the jobsite.
- (5) The convenience of the State.
- **(B)** Partial and Total Suspension. Suspension of work on some but not all items of work shall be considered a "partial suspension". Suspension of work on all items shall be considered "total suspension". The period of suspension shall be computed from the date set out in the written order for work to cease until the date of the order for work to resume.
- (C) Reimbursement to Contractor. In the event that the Contractor is ordered by the Engineer in writing as provided herein to suspend all work under the contract for the reasons specified in Subsections 108.10(A)(2), 108.10(A)(3), or 108.10(A)(5) of the "Suspension of Work" paragraph, the Contractor may be reimbursed for actual direct costs incurred on work at the jobsite, as authorized in writing by the Engineer, including costs expended for the protection of the work. An allowance of 5 percent for indirect categories of delay costs will be paid on any reimbursed direct costs, including extended branch and home-office overhead and delay impact costs. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. Payment for equipment which is ordered to standby during such suspension of work shall be made as described in Subsection 109.06(H) Idle and Standby Equipment.
- **(D) Cost Adjustment.** If the performance of all or part of the work is suspended for reasons beyond the control of the Contractor except an adjustment shall be made for any increase in cost of performance of this contract (excluding profit) necessarily caused by such suspension, and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

However, no adjustment to the contract price shall be made for any suspension, delay, or interruption:

- (1) For weather related conditions.
- **(2)** To the extent that performance would have been so suspended, delayed, or interrupted by any other cause, including the fault or negligence of the Contractor.
- (3) Or, for which an adjustment is provided for or excluded under any other provision of this Contract.

(E) Claims for Adjustment. Any adjustment in contract price made shall be determined in accordance with Subsections 104.02 – Changes and 104.06 – Methods of Price Adjustment.

Any claims for such compensation shall be filed in writing with the Engineer within 30 days after the date of the order to resume work or the claim will not be considered. The claim shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 107.15(D) – Making of a Claim. The Engineer will take the claim under consideration, may make such investigations as are deemed necessary and will be the sole judge as to the equitability of the claim. The Engineer's decision will be final.

(F) No Adjustment. No provision of this clause shall entitle the Contractor to any adjustments for delays due to failure of its surety, the cancellation or expiration of any insurance coverage required by the contract documents, for suspensions made at the request of the Contractor, for any delay required under the contract, for suspensions, either partial or whole, made by the Engineer under Subsection 108.10(A)(4) of the "Suspension of work" paragraph.

108.11 Termination of Contract for Cause.

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- **Default.** If the Contractor refuses or fails to perform the work, or any (A) separable part thereof, with such diligence as will assure its completion within the time specified in this contract, or any extension thereof, or commits any other material breach of this contract, and further fails within seven days after receipt of written notice from the Engineer to commence and continue correction of the refusal or failure with diligence and promptness, the Engineer may, by written notice to the Contractor, declare the Contractor in breach and terminate the Contractor's right to proceed with the work or the part of the work as to which there has been delay or other breach of contract. In such event, the State may take over the work, perform the same to completion, by contract or otherwise, and may take possession of, and utilize in completing the work, the materials, appliances, and plants as may be on the site of the work and necessary therefore. Whether or not the Contractor's right to proceed with the work is terminated, the Contractor and the Contractor's sureties shall be liable for any damage to the State resulting from the Contractor's refusal or failure to complete the work within the specified time.
- **(B)** Additional Rights and Remedies. The rights and remedies of the State provided in this contract are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law.
- **(C)** Costs and Charges. All costs and charges incurred by the State, together with the cost of completing the work under contract, will be deducted

from any monies due or which would or might have become due to the Contractor had it been allowed to complete the work under the contract. If such expense exceeds the sum which would have been payable under the contract, then the Contractor and the surety shall be liable and shall pay the State the amount of the excess.

In case of termination, the Engineer will limit any payment to the Contractor to the part of the contract satisfactorily completed at the time of termination. Payment will not be made until the work has satisfactorily been completed and all required documents, including the tax clearance required by Subsection 109.11 – Final Payment are submitted by the Contractor. Termination shall not relieve the Contractor or Surety from liability for liquidated damages.

(D) Erroneous Termination for Cause. If, after notice of termination of the Contractor's right to proceed under this section, it is determined for any reason that good cause did not exist to allow the State to terminate as provided herein, the rights and obligations of the parties shall be the same as, and the relief afforded the Contractor shall be limited to, the provisions contained in Subsection 108.12 – Termination for Convenience.

108.12 Termination For Convenience.

- (A) Terminations. The Director may, when the interests of the State so require, terminate this contract in whole or in part, for the convenience of the State. The Director will give written notice of the termination to the Contractor specifying the part of the contract terminated and when termination becomes effective.
- (B) Contractor's Obligations. The Contractor shall incur no further obligations in connection with the terminated work and on the date set in the notice of termination the Contractor shall stop work to the extent specified. The Contractor shall also terminate outstanding orders and subcontracts as they relate to the terminated work. The Contractor shall settle the liabilities and claims arising out of the termination of subcontracts and orders connected with the terminated work subject to the State's approval. The Engineer may direct the Contractor to assign the Contractor's right, title, and interest under terminated orders or subcontracts to the State. The Contractor must still complete the work not terminated by the notice of termination and may incur obligations as necessary to do so.
- **(C) Right to Construction and Goods.** The Engineer may require the Contractor to transfer title and to deliver to the State in the manner and to the extent directed by the Engineer, the following:

- (1) Any completed work.
- (2) Any partially completed construction, goods, materials, parts, tools, dies, jigs, fixtures, drawings, information, and contract rights (hereinafter called "construction material") that the Contractor has specifically produced or specially acquired for the performance of the terminated part of this contract.
- (3) The Contractor shall protect and preserve all property in the possession of the Contractor in which the State has an interest. If the Engineer does not elect to retain any such property, the Contractor shall use its best efforts to sell such property and construction materials for the State's account in accordance with the standards of HRS Chapter 490:2-706.

(D) Compensation.

- (1) The Contractor shall submit a termination claim specifying the amounts due because of the termination for convenience together with cost or pricing data, submitted to the extent required by HAR Subchapter 15, Chapter 3-122. If the Contractor fails to file a termination claim within one year from the effective date of termination, the Engineer may pay the Contractor, if at all, an amount set in accordance with Subsection 108.12(D)(3).
- (2) The Engineer and the Contractor may agree to a settlement provided the Contractor has filed a termination claim supported by cost or pricing data submitted as required and that the settlement does not exceed the total contract price plus settlement costs reduced by payments previously made by the State, the proceeds of any sales of construction, supplies, and construction materials under Subsection 108.12(C)(3), and the proportionate contract price of the work not terminated.
- **(3)** Absent complete agreement, the Engineer will pay the Contractor the following amounts less any payments previously made under the contract:
 - (a) The cost of all contract work performed prior to the effective date of the notice of termination work plus a 5 percent markup on the actual direct costs, including amounts paid to subcontractor, less amounts paid or to be paid for completed portions of such work; provided, however, that if it appears that the Contractor would have sustained a loss if the entire contract would have been completed, no markup shall be allowed or included and the amount of compensation shall

848 849			be reduced to reflect the anticipated rate of loss. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid.
850 851			(b) Subcontractors shall be paid a markup of 10 percent on
852 853			their direct job costs incurred to the date of termination. No anticipated profit or consequential damage will be due or paid
854			to any subcontractor. These costs must not include payments
855			made to the Contractor for subcontract work during the contract
856			period.
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858 859 860			(c) The total sum to be paid the Contractor shall not exceed the total contract price reduced by the amount of any sales of construction supplies, and construction materials.
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862		(4)	Cost claimed, agreed to, or established by the State shall be in
863		accor	dance with HAR Chapter 3-123.
864 865	108.13 Pr	o_Fina	al and Final Inspections.
866	100.13	G-1 1116	ii and i mai mspections.
867	(A)	Inspe	ection Requirements. Before the Engineer undertakes a final
868	insped		f any work, a pre-final inspection must first be conducted. The
869			shall notify the Engineer that the work has reached substantial
870	compl	letion a	and is ready for pre-final inspection.
871	(D)	D., .	"incline postion. Defens notificion the Funince of the title world because
872 873	(B)		Final Inspection. Before notifying the Engineer that the work has estantial completion, the Contractor shall inspect the project and
874			alled items with all of its subcontractors as appropriate. The
875			shall also submit the following documents as applicable to the
876	work:		man area captilla are teneving accuments as applicable to the
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878		(1)	All written guarantees required by the contract.
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880		(2)	Two accepted final field-posted drawings as specified in
881		Section	on 648 – Field-Posted Drawings;
882		(2)	Complete weekly cortified neverall records for the Contractor
883 884		(3)	Complete weekly certified payroll records for the Contractor Subcontractors.
885		and c	Judeonii actors.
886		(4)	Certificate of Plumbing and Electrical Inspection.
887		(- /	Gordinostic or risking and Erecurson inspection.
888		(5)	Certificate of building occupancy as required.
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890		(6)	Certificate of Soil and Wood Treatments.
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892		(7)	Certificate of Water System Chlorination.
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894	(8) Certificate of Elevator Inspection, Boiler and Pressure Pipe
895	Inspection.
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897	(9) Maintenance Service Contract and two copies of a list of all
898	equipment installed.
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900	(10) Current Tax clearance. The contractor will be required to
901	submit an additional tax clearance certificate when the final payment
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904	(11) And any other final items and submittals required by the
905	contract documents.
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907	(C) Procedure. When in compliance with the above requirements, the
908	Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing that the project has reached
909	substantial completion and is ready for pre-final inspection.
910	
911	The Engineer will then make a preliminary determination as to whether
912	or not the project is substantially complete and ready for pre-final inspection.
913	The Engineer may, in writing, postpone until after the pre-final inspection the
914	Contractor's submittal of any of the items listed in Subsection 108.13(B) -
915	Pre-Final Inspection, herein, if in the Engineer's discretion it is in the interest
916	of the State to do so.
917	
918	If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the project is not substantially
919	complete, the Engineer will provide the Contractor a punchlist of specific
920	deficiencies in writing which must be corrected or finished before the work
921	will be ready for a pre-final inspection. The Engineer may add to or otherwise
922	modify this punchlist from time to time. The Contractor shall take immediate
923	action to correct the deficiencies and must repeat all steps described above
924	including written notification that the work is ready for pre-final inspection.
925	
926	After the Engineer is satisfied that the project appears substantially
927	complete a final inspection shall be scheduled within ten working days after
928	receipt of the Contractor's latest letter of notification that the project is ready
929	for final inspection.
930	
931	If, as a result of the pre-final inspection, the Engineer determines the

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deliver to the Contractor a punchlist describing such deficiencies.

work is not substantially complete, the Engineer will inform the Contractor in

writing as to specific deficiencies which must be corrected before the work will be ready for another pre-final inspection. If the Engineer finds the work

is substantially complete but finds deficiencies that must be corrected before

the work is ready for final inspection, the Engineer will prepare in writing and

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At any time before final acceptance, the Engineer may revoke the determination of substantial completion if the Engineer finds that it was not warranted and will notify the Contractor in writing the reasons therefore together with a description of the deficiencies negating the declaration.

When the date of substantial completion has been determined by the State, liquidated damages for the failure to complete the punchlist, if due to the State will be assessed in pursuant to Subsection 108.08(B) - Liquidated Damages for Failure to Complete the Punchlist.

(D) Punchlist; Clean Up and Final Inspection. Upon receiving a punchlist after pre-final inspection, the Contractor shall promptly devote all required time, labor, equipment, materials and incidentals to correct and remedy all punchlist deficiencies. The Engineer may add to or otherwise modify this punchlist until substantial completion of the project.

Before final inspection of the work, the Contractor shall clean all ground occupied by the Contractor in connection with the work of all rubbish, excess materials temporary structures and equipment, shall remove all graffiti and defacement of the work and all parts of the work and the worksite must be left in a neat and presentable condition to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

Final inspection will occur within ten working days after the Contractor notifies the Engineer in writing that all punchlist deficiencies remaining after the pre-final inspection have been completed and the Engineer concurs. If the Engineer determines that deficiencies still remain at the final inspection. the work will not be accepted and the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the deficiencies which shall be corrected and the steps above repeated.

Neither the scheduling nor the conduct of the aforementioned final inspection shall be deemed a waiver of the DOT and OHA's right to subsequently require Contractor to complete all unfinished or defective work to the satisfaction of the DOT and OHA. If the Contractor fails to correct the deficiencies and complete the work by the established or agreed date, the State may correct the deficiencies by whatever method it deems appropriate and deduct the cost from any payments due the Contractor.

108.14 Substantial Completion and Final Acceptance.

(A) Substantial Completion. When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all work for the project in compliance with the contract, with the exception of the planting period and the plant establishment period, the Engineer will notify the Contractor, in writing, of the project's substantial completion, effective as of the date of the final inspection. The substantial completion date shall determine end of contract time and relieve contractor of any additional accumulation of liquidated damages for failure to complete the punchlist.

(B) Final Acceptance. When the Engineer finds that the Contractor has satisfactorily completed all contract work in compliance with the contract including all plant establishment requirements, and all the materials have been accepted by the State, the Engineer will issue a Final Acceptance Letter. The Final Acceptance date shall determine the commencement of all guaranty periods subject to Subsection 108.16 – Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage.

108.15 Use of Structure or Improvement. The State has the right to use the structure, equipment, improvement, or any part thereof, at any time after it is considered by the Engineer as available. In the event that the structure, equipment or any part thereof is used by the State before final acceptance, the Contractor is not relieved of its responsibility to protect and preserve all the work until final acceptance.

108.16 Contractor's Responsibility for Work; Risk of Loss or Damage. Until the written notice of final acceptance has been received, the Contractor shall take every precaution against loss or damage to any part of the work by the action of the elements or from any other cause whatsoever, whether arising from the performance or from the non-performance of the work. The Contractor shall rebuild, repair, restore and make good all loss or damage to any portion of the work resulting from any cause before its receipt of the written notice of final acceptance and shall bear the risk and expense thereof.

The risk of loss or damage to the work from any hazard or occurrence that may or may not be covered by a builder's risk policy is that of the Contractor and Surety, unless such risk of loss is placed elsewhere by express language in the contract documents.

108.17 Guarantee of Work.

(1) Regardless of, and in addition to, any manufacturers' warranties, all work and equipment shall be guaranteed by the Contractor against defects in materials, equipment or workmanship for one year from the date of final acceptance or as otherwise specified in the contract documents.

(2) When the Engineer determines that repairs or replacements of any guaranteed work and equipment is necessary due to materials, equipment, or workmanship which are inferior, defective, or not in accordance with the terms of the contract, the Contractor shall, at no increase in contract price or contract time, and within five working days of receipt of written notice from

1028 contract time, and within five working days the State, commence to all of the following:

- (a) Correct all noted defects and make replacements, as directed by the Engineer, in the equipment and work.
- **(b)** Repair or replace to new or pre-existing condition any damages resulting from such defective materials, equipment or installation thereof.
- (3) The State will be entitled to the benefit of all manufacturers and installers warranties that extend beyond the terms of the Contractor's guaranty regardless of whether or not such extended warranty is required by the contract documents. The Contractor shall prepare and submit all documents required by the providers of such warranties to make them effective, and submit copies of such documents to the Engineer. If an available extended warranty cannot be transferred or assigned to the State as the ultimate user, the Contractor shall notify the Engineer who may direct that the warranted items be acquired in the name of the State as purchaser.
- (4) If a defect is discovered during a guarantee period, all repairs and corrections to the defective items when corrected shall be guaranteed for a new duration equal to the original full guarantee period. The running of the guarantee period shall be suspended for all other work affected by any defect. The guarantee period for all other work affected by any such defect shall restart for its remaining duration upon confirmation by the Engineer that the deficiencies have been repaired or remedied.
- (5) Nothing in this section is intended to limit or affect the State's rights and remedies arising from the discovery of latent defects in the work after the expiration of any guarantee period.
- **108.18 No Waiver of Legal Rights.** The following will not operate or be considered as a waiver of any portion of the contract, or any power herein reserved, or any right to damages provided herein or by law:
 - (1) Any payment for, or acceptance of, the whole or any part of the work.
 - (2) Any extension of time.
 - (3) Any possession taken by the Engineer.

A waiver of any notice requirement or of any noncompliance with the contract will not be held to be a waiver of any other notice requirement or any other noncompliance with the contract.

1074	108.19 Final S	ettlement of Contract.
1075 1076	(A) Clo	sing Requirements. The contract will be considered settled after
1077	` ,	et acceptance date and when the following items have been
1078		ily submitted, where applicable:
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1080	(1)	All written guarantees required by the contract.
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1082	(2)	Complete and certified weekly payrolls for the Contractor and
1083	its s	subcontractor's.
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1085	(3)	Certificate of plumbing and electrical inspection.
1086	(4)	Contificate of building accurate
1087	(4)	Certificate of building occupancy.
1088 1089	(5)	Certificate for soil treatment and wood treatment.
1090	(3)	Certificate for soil treatment and wood treatment.
1091	(6)	Certificate of water system chlorination.
1092	(•)	Continuate of mater of etc.
1093	(7)	Certificate of elevator inspection, boiler and pressure pipe
1094	inst	allation.
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1096	(8)	Tax clearance.
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1098	(9)	All other documents required by the Contract or by law.
1099	(D) E-1	Lordo Mart Olaria Dan improveda TLO (L. L. III.)
1100	` ,	ure to Meet Closing Requirements. The Contractor shall meet
1101 1102		able closing requirements within 60 days from the date of Project e or the agreed to Punchlist complete date. Should the Contractor
1102	•	nply with these requirements, the Engineer may terminate the
1103	contract fo	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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1109		FND OF SECTION 108

Sums necessary to meet the claims of any governmental agencies
may be withheld from the sums due the Contractor until said claims
have been fully and completely discharged or otherwise satisfied."
END OF SECTION 109

Amend **201.03 – Construction** by revising line 22 to read as follows:

201.03 – Construction. The Contractor shall apply for and obtain the necessary

permits prior to the commencement of work. The Contractor shall pay for all fees.

The Contractor shall verify all lines, levels, and elevations indicated on the plans

before any clearing, excavation or construction begins. Any discrepancy shall be immediately brought to the attention of the Construction Manager and any

change shall be made in accordance with his instruction. The Contractor shall not

be entitled to extra payment if he fails to report the discrepancies before

proceeding with any work whether within the area affected or not. All lines and

Revise Subsection 201.03 - Construction from lines 28 to 31 to read as

measures are in place before clearing and grubbing starts. If BMP

measure is removed temporarily to accommodate construction operations.

reinstall before end of workday. The Construction Manager has the

authority to limit the surface area exposed by clearing and grubbing and to

limit the surface area exposed by excavation, borrow and fill operations.

Best Management Practices (BMP). Ensure that all BMP

grades shall be established by a surveyor licensed in the State of Hawaii.

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follows:

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44 45 **"201.04** 46 per acre in a

The Construction Manager may also direct the Contractor to provide immediate, permanent, or temporary pollution control measures to prevent contamination of streams, drainage channels and pipes, road, neighboring

lands, and other areas

Make the following amendments to said Section:

(II) Revise **Subsection 201.03 – Construction** from lines 138 to 150 to read as follows:

- **(E) Grubbing**. The Contractor shall grub the surface within the area to be graded of all grass and weeds to 6 inches below present grades. This material shall be disposed offsite properly. Any stumps or roots larger than 3 inches in diameter shall be removed to a depth not less than 18 inches below the original grade level. Fill voids with excavated on-site soils that are free of vegetation, deleterious materials, and rock fragments greater than 3 inches in largest dimension.
- (III) Amend **201.04 Measurement** by revising lines 167 to 168 to read as follows:
- **"201.04 Measurement.** The Engineer will measure clearing and grubbing per acre in accordance with the contract documents."

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48	(IV) Amend 201.05 – Payment by revising lines 170 to 179 to read as follows:
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50	"201.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted clearing and
51	grubbing per acre. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in
52	this section and the contract documents.
53	
54	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the
55	proposal schedule:
56	
57	Pay Item Pay Unit
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59	Clearing and Grubbing Acre"
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63	END OF SECTION 201

accordance with ASTM Test designation D 1557. The optimum

47 moisture content is the moisture content corresponding to the 48 maximum compacted dry density. 49

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allowed to compact the fills. Where compaction is less than required, additional compactive effort should be applied with adjustment of moisture content as necessary, to obtain the specified compaction. Excessive vibrations from compaction equipment shall be kept at a minimum to avoid softening on-site soils with high in-situ moisture contents. (3) Surface Tolerances of Subgrade. Finish subgrade upon

Compaction should be accomplished by sheepsfoot rollers, vibratory rollers, and other types of acceptable compaction

equipment. Water tamping, jetting, pr ponding should not be

which pavement structure is to be placed shall not vary more than 0.04-foot above or below theoretical grade.

Amend **203.04 – Measurement** by revising lines 345 to 366 to read as (IV) follows:

"203.04 Measurement.

The Engineer will measure roadway excavation per cubic yard. The Engineer will compute quantities of roadway excavation by average end area method and centerline distances. Curvature correction will not be applied to quantities within roadway prism, as indicated in the contract documents. In computing excavation quantities from outside the roadway prism, where roadway centerline is used as a base, curvature correction will be applied when centerline radius is 1,000 feet or less.

When roadway excavation quantities by average end area method cannot be computed due to the nature of a particular operation or changed conditions, the Engineer will determine and use computation method that will produce an accurate quantity estimate.

- (B) The Engineer will measure imported borrow per cubic yard in accordance with the contract documents. The Engineer will compute quantities of imported borrow incorporated into the work on a volume basis, using average end area method in place at work site.
- (V) Amend **203.05 – Payment** by revising lines 368 to 457 to read as follows:
- "203.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule.

92 93	•	nent will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the act documents.
94	00.14	
95		The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in
96	the n	roposal schedule:
97	uie p	noposal schedule.
98		Pay Item Pay Unit
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100	(A)	Site Excavation for Cubic Yard
101 102		The Engineer will pay for:
103		
104 105 106		(1) 10 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of staking out and cross sectioning existing condition at borrow excavated and in- place sites and establishing borrow area.
107		
108 109 110		(2) 5 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of providing, replacing, and maintaining temporary and permanent fencing, and confining livestock.
111		
112		(3) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of all
113		necessary storing and processing of borrow material.
114		
115		(4) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of watering
116		and hauling material to work site.
117		
118		(5) 20 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of placing,
119		grading, and compacting material in accordance with contract
120		requirements at work site.
121		
122		(6) 15 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of restoring
123		and regrading borrow area.
124		
125		(7) 10 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of staking
126		out and cross sectioning final condition at borrow excavated and in-
127		place sites.
128		
129		(8) 10 percent of the contract bid price upon completion of
130		removing and disposing of excess and unsuitable material from work
131		site.
132	 .	
133 134	(B)	Imported Borrow for Cubic Yard
135		The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of subexcavation, as
136	roady	way excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when ordered by
137		Engineer, for work prescribed in Subsection 203.03(A)(4) – Subexcavation.

Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed therein and in the contract documents.

The Engineer will pay for accepted quantities of unlined gutter excavation as roadway excavation at the contract unit price per cubic yard, when gutter is located as follows: within median area of a divided highway; and between roadbed shoulder and adjacent cut slope. Payment will be full compensation for removing and disposing of excavated material; backfilling and compacting; and for the work prescribed in the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for stockpiling selected material, placing selected material in final position, or placing selected material in windrows along tops of roadway slopes for erosion control work, separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for overhaul separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit prices for the various excavation contract pay items. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.

The Engineer will not pay for embankment separately and will consider the cost as included in the unit price for roadway excavation. The cost is for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents."

END OF SECTION 203

1 2	S	ECTIO	N 204 – EXCAVATION AND BACKF FACILITIES	ILL FOR MISCELLANEOUS
3 4	Make	the fo	llowing amendments to said Section:	
5 6 7	(I) follov		nd 204.04 – Measurement by revisi	ing lines 180 to 186 to read as
8 9	"204.	04	Measurement.	
10 11 12		(A)	The Engineer will measure trench accordance with the contract docum	•
13 14 15		(B)	Trench backfill will be paid on a lun payment will not apply."	np sum basis. Measurement fo
16 17	(II)	Amer	nd 204.05 – Payment by revising line	s 196 to 200 to read as follows:
18 19	"		Pay Item	Pay Unit
20 21 22		Trend	ch Excavation for	Cubic Yard
23 24		Trend	ch Backfill for	Lump Sum"
25				
26 27				
28			END OF SECTION 2	204

I-H3-1(75) 204-1a Amend Section 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION **CONTROL** to read as follows:

"SECTION 209 - TEMPORARY WATER POLLUTION, DUST, AND EROSION CONTROL

209.01 **Description.** This section describes the following:

- (A) Including detailed plans, diagrams, and written Site-Specific Best Management Practices (BMP); constructing, maintaining, and repairing temporary water pollution, dust, and erosion control measures at the project site, including local material sources, work areas and haul roads; removing and disposing hazardous wastes; control of fugitive dust (defined as uncontrolled emission of solid airborne particulate matter from any source other than combustion); and complying with applicable State and Federal permit conditions.
- (B) Work associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities and complying with conditions of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit(s) authorizing discharges associated with construction stormwater, dewatering, and hydrotesting activities.

(C) Potential pollutant identification and mitigation measures are listed in Appendix A for use in the development of the Contractor's Site-Specific BMP.

Requirements of this section also apply to construction support activities including concrete or asphalt batch plants, rock crushing plants, equipment staging yards/areas, material storage areas, excavated material disposal areas, and borrow areas located outside the State Right-of-Way. For areas serving multiple construction projects, or operating beyond the completion of the construction project in which it supports, the Contractor shall be responsible for securing the necessary permits, clearances, and documents, and following the conditions of the permits and clearances, at no cost to the State.

209.02 Materials. Comply with applicable materials described in Chapters 2 and 3 of the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual". In addition, the materials shall comply with the following:

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(A) Grass. Grass shall be a quick growing species such as rye grass, Italian rye grass, or cereal grasses. Grass shall be suitable to the area and provide a temporary cover that will not compete later with permanent cover. Alternative grasses are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

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(B) Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Fertilizer and soil conditioners shall be a standard commercial grade acceptable to the Engineer. Fertilizer shall conform to Subsection 619.02(H)(1) - Commercial Fertilizer.

- **Hydro-mulching**. Hydro-mulching used as a temporary vegetative (C) stabilization measure shall consist of materials in Subsections 209.02(A) -Grass, and 209.02(B) - Fertilizer and Soil Conditioners. Mulches shall be recycled materials including bagasse, hay, straw, wood cellulose bark, wood chips, or other material acceptable to the Engineer. Mulches shall be clean and free of noxious weeds and deleterious materials. Potable water shall meet the requirements of Subsection 712.01 - Water. Submit alternate sources of irrigation water for the Engineer's acceptance if deviating from 712.01 - Water. Installation and other requirements shall be in accordance with portions of Section 641- Hydro-Mulch Seeding including 641.02(D) - Soil and Mulch Tackifier, 641.03(A) – Seeding, and 641.03(B) - Planting Period. Install non-vegetative controls including mulch or rolled erosion control products while the vegetation is being established. Water and fertilize grass. Apply fertilizer as recommended by the manufacturer. Replace grass the Engineer considers unsuitable or sick. Remove and dispose of trash and debris. Remove invasive species. Mow as needed to prevent site or signage obstructions, fire hazard, or nuisance to the public. Do not remove down stream sediment control measures until the vegetation is uniformly established, including no large bare areas, and provides 70 percent of the density of pre-disturbance vegetation. Temporary vegetative stabilization shall not be used longer than one year.
- **(D) Silt Fences.** Comply with ASTM D6462, Standard Practice for Silt Fence Installation.

Alternative materials or methods to control, prevent, remove and dispose pollution are allowable if acceptable to the Engineer.

209.03 Construction.

- (A) Preconstruction Requirements. Subsurface soil investigations have been made at the project site. A copy of the complete reports entitled "Geotechnical Exploration Report for Halawa-Luluku Interpretive Development Project, Luluku Project Area, Kaneohe, Oahu, Hawaii," dated July 16, 2019, and all supplemental revisions to these reports prepared by PSC Consultants LLC are available on the compact disc (CD) provided with these bid documents. Test pit and boring logs are shown in the soils report
 - (1) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Meeting. Schedule a water pollution, dust, and erosion control meeting with the Engineer after Site-Specific BMP is accepted in writing by the Engineer. Meeting shall be scheduled a minimum of 7 calendar days

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prior to the Start Work Date. Discuss sequence of work, plans and proposals for water pollution, dust, and erosion control.

(2) Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals. Except for specified measures which may be shown on the plans, the Contractor shall determine the appropriate erosion control measures to use. Such work may involve the construction of temporary berms, dikes, dams, sediment basins, and slope drains, and the use of temporary mulches, mats, and grassing, or the construction and use of other control devices or methods as necessary to control erosion.

Submit a Site-Specific BMP Plan within 21 calendar days of date of award. Submission of complete and acceptable Site-Specific BMP Plan is the sole responsibility of the Contractor and additional contract time will not be issued for delays due to incompleteness. Include the following:

- (a) Written description of activities to minimize water pollution and soil erosion into State waters, drainage or sewer systems. BMP shall include the following:
 - **1.** An identification of potential pollutants and their sources.
 - **2.** A list of all materials and heavy equipment to be used during construction.
 - **3.** Descriptions of the methods and devices used to minimize the discharge of pollutants into State waters, drainage or sewer systems.
 - **4.** Details of the procedures used for the maintenance and subsequent removal of any erosion or siltation control devices.
 - **5.** Methods of removing and disposing hazardous wastes encountered or generated during construction.
 - **6.** Methods of removing and disposing concrete and asphalt pavement cutting slurry, concrete curing water, and hydrodemolition water.
 - **7.** Spill Control and Prevention and Emergency Spill Response Plan.

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- **8.** Fugitive dust control, including dust from grinding, sweeping, or brooming off operations or combination thereof.
- **9.** Methods of storing and handling of oils, paints and other products used for the project.
- **10.** Material storage and handling areas, and other staging areas.
- **11.** Concrete truck washouts.
- **12.** Concrete waste control.
- **13.** Fueling and maintenance of vehicles and other equipment.
- **14.** Tracking of sediment offsite from project entries and exits.
- **15.** Litter management.
- **16.** Toilet facilities.
- **17.** Other factors that may cause water pollution, dust and erosion control.
- (b) Provide plans indicating location of water pollution, dust and erosion control devices; provide plans and details of BMPs to be installed or utilized; show areas of soil disturbance in cut and fill, indicate areas used for construction staging and storage including items (1) through (17) above, storage of aggregate (indicate type of aggregate), asphalt cold mix, soil or solid waste, equipment and vehicle parking, and show areas where vegetative practices are to be implemented. Indicate intended drainage pattern on plans. Include flow arrows. Include separate drawing for each phase of construction that alters drainage patterns. Indicate approximate date when device will be installed and removed.
- (c) Construction schedule.
- (d) Name(s) of specific individual(s) designated responsible for water pollution, dust, and erosion controls on the project site. Include home, cellular, and business telephone numbers, fax numbers, and e-mail addresses.

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- **(e)** Description of fill material to be used.
- **(f)** For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction Activities, submit information to address all sections in the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP).
- **(g)** For projects with an NPDES Permit, information required for compliance with the conditions of the Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC)/NPDES Permit.
- **(h)** Site-Specific BMP Review Checklist. The checklist may be downloaded from HDOT's Stormwater Management website at http://stormwaterhawaii.com.

Date and sign Site-Specific BMP Plan. Keep accepted copy on site or at an accessible location so that it can be made available at the time of an on-site inspection or upon request by the Engineer, HDOT Third-Party Inspector, and/or DOH/EPA Representative. Amendments to the Site-Specific BMP Plan shall be included with original Site-Specific BMP Plan. Modify SWPPP if necessary to conform to revisions. Include date of installation and removal of Site-Specific BMP measures. Obtain written acceptance by the Engineer before implementing revised Site-Specific BMPs in the field.

Follow the guidelines in the current HDOT "Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual", in developing, installing, and maintaining Site-Specific BMPs for all projects. For any conflicting requirements between the Manual and applicable bid documents, the applicable bid documents will govern. Should a requirement not be clearly described within the applicable bid documents, notify the Engineer immediately for interpretation. For the purposes of clarification "applicable bid documents" include the construction plans, standard specifications, special provisions, Permits, and the SWPPP when applicable.

Follow Honolulu's City and County "Rules for Soil Erosion Standards and Guidelines" for all projects on Oahu. Use respective Soil Erosion Guidelines for Maui, Kauai and Hawaii projects.

(B) Construction Requirements. Do not begin work until submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) - Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

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Address all comments received from the Engineer.

Modify and resubmit plans and construction schedules to correct conditions that develop during construction which were unforeseen during the design and pre-construction stages.

No deviation from these specifications shall be made except upon the written approval of the Geotechnical Engineer and/or other public agencies having jurisdiction.

- (1) General. Install, maintain, monitor, repair and replace site-specific BMP measures, such as for water pollution, dust and erosion control; installation, monitoring, and operation of hydrotesting activities; removal and disposal of hazardous waste indicated on plans, concrete cutting slurry, concrete curing water; or hydrodemolition water. Site-Specific BMP measures shall be in place, functional and accepted by HDOT personnel prior to initiating any ground disturbing activities.
- Geotechnical Engineering Consultant. The services of a (2) Geotechnical Engineering firm shall be retained by the Contractor. The Contractor shall notify the Construction Manager whenever the Geotechnical Engineering firm's presence is needed at the site. A licensed Geotechnical Engineer shall be present to observe site grading and other work concerning excavation, placing and compacting soil materials, scarification, and to take field density tests. The Geotechnical Engineer shall approve all fill material, methods of placing and compaction and perform field density tests during the grading. Also, the Geotechnical Engineer shall perform laboratory testing of all imported soils or on-site soils to determine its acceptability for its intended use as select material or general fill material. Where conditions encountered require, the Geotechnical Engineer shall direct the necessary modifications to be made. Suitable material from excavation shall be used in the fill, and unsuitable material from excavation shall be disposed of offsite. The Geotechnical Engineer shall compile the daily observations, test data, test results and recommendations into a weekly submittal to the Construction Manager. The Geotechnical Engineer shall ensure that the geotechnical work complies with the specifications and drawings.
- (3) Earth Disturbing Activities. The Construction Manager shall be notified seven (7) days prior to the start of grading. Limit maximum surface area of earth material exposed at any time to 300,000 square feet. Do not expose or disturb surface area of earth material (including clearing and grubbing) until BMP measures are installed and accepted in writing by the Engineer. Protect temporarily or

permanently disturbed soil surface from rainfall impact, runoff and wind before end of the work day.

The Contractor shall, at the end of each work operation in any one day, shape the earthwork in such a manner as to control and direct the runoff to minimize the erosion of soils. He shall construct earth berms along the top edges of embankments or along the property line with adjacent properties, streams and water channels, to intercept any runoff. Temporary slope drains shall be provided to carry runoff from the top of cuts and fills. Temporary facilities for controlled discharges shall be provided for runoff impounded, directed, or controlled by project activities or by any erosion control measure employed

(4) Inspection. Inspect disturbed areas of the construction site, areas that have not been finally stabilized used for storage of materials exposed to precipitation, stabilization practices, structural practices, other controls, and area where vehicles exit the site at least once every seven (7) calendar days and within 24 hours of the end of any storm that produces .5 inches or more rainfall at the site. Conduct inspections at least once every month where sites have been finally stabilized

Inspect disturbed areas and areas used for material storage that are exposed to precipitation for evidence of, or the potential for, pollutants entering the drainage system. Observe erosion and sediment control measures identified in the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan to ensure that they are operating correctly. Inspect discharge locations or points to ascertain whether erosion control measures are effective in preventing significant impacts to receiving waters. Inspect locations where vehicles exit the site for evidence of offsite sediment tracking.

For each inspection conducted, prepare a report summarizing the scope of the inspection, name(s) and qualifications of personnel making the inspection, the date(s) of the inspection, major observations relating to the implementation of the Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan, maintenance performed, and actions taken. Furnish the report to the Contracting Officer within 24 hours of the inspection as a part of the CONTRACTORS daily CQC REPORT. A copy of the inspection report shall be maintained on the job site

(5) Rainfall. The project site is located in a high rainfall environment throughout the year; therefore, the in-situ soils will constantly be in a very moist to wet condition and drying or aerating the excavated materials may be necessary prior to their use as

general fill. If necessary, furnish and install rain gage in a secure location prior to field work including installation of site-specific BMP. Provide rain gage with a tolerance of at least 0.05 inches of rainfall. Install rain gage on project site in an area that will not deter rainfall from entering the gate opening. Do not install in a location where rain water may splash into rain gage. The rain gage installation shall be stable and plumbed. Maintain rain gage and replace rain gage that is stolen, does not function properly or accurately, is worn out, or needs to be relocated. Do not begin field work until rain gage is installed and Site-Specific BMPs are in place. Rain gage data logs shall be readily available. Submit rain gage data logs weekly to the Engineer.

Care shall be exercised during grading so that areas involved will drain properly. Water shall be prevented from running over the slopes by the temporary berms or drainage swales. The Contractor shall be responsible for the protection of existing surface and subsurface utilities and poles within and abutting the project site, trench excavations and other work areas. During construction, the Contractor shall properly grade and maintain all excavated surfaces to provide positive drainage and prevent ponding of water. In the event that ponding of water caused softening of the subgrades, the Contractor shall remove the soft soils and shall backfill the excavation with compacted fill at no additional cost to DOT and OHA.

When the work is interrupted by rain, operations shall not be resumed until field tests by the Geotechnical Engineer indicate that conditions will permit satisfactory results. If unforeseen or undetected soil conditions such as soft spots, existing utility trenches, structure foundations, voids or cavities, boulders, seepage water or expansive soil pockets, etc. are encountered, the Contractor shall immediately inform the Construction Manager and determine the extent of the unforeseen anomaly, determine the resolution and negotiate cost of such resolution, whether it be positive or negative. The DOT and OHA retains the right to further negotiate if quantities are determined to be less than designed.

(6) Stabilization. Coordinate temporary control provisions with permanent control features throughout the construction and post-construction period.

Immediately initiate stabilizing exposed soil areas upon completion of earth disturbing activities for areas permanently or temporarily ceased on any portion of the site. Earth-disturbing activities have permanently ceased when clearing and excavation within any area of the construction site that will not include permanent structures has been completed. Earth-disturbing activities have temporarily ceased

371	when clearing, grading, and excavation within any area of the site that
372	will not include permanent structures will not resume for a period of
373	14 or more calendar days, but such activities will resume in the future.
374	The term "immediately" is used in this section to define the deadline
375	for initiating stabilization measures. "Immediately" means as soon as
376	practicable, but no later than the end of the next work day, following
377	the day when the earth-disturbing activities have temporarily or
378	permanently ceased
379	
380	For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction activities:
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382	(a) For construction areas discharging into waters not
383	impaired for nutrients or sediments, complete initial stabilization
384	within 14 calendar days after the temporary or permanent
385	cessation of earth-disturbing activities.
386	g a can an ear an e
387	(b) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or
388	sediment impaired waters, complete initial stabilization within 7
389	calendar days after the temporary or permanent cessation of
390	earth-disturbing activities.
391	carar dictarbing detivities.
392	For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,
393	complete initial stabilization within 14 calendar days after the
394	temporary or permanent cessation of earth-disturbing activities.
395	temperary or permanent deceation of earth dictarbing detivities.
396	Any of the following types of activities constitutes initiation of
397	stabilization:
398	oldonization.
399	(a) Prepping the soil for vegetative or non-vegetative
400	stabilization;
401	otabin_attori,
402	(b) Applying mulch or other non-vegetative product to the
403	exposed area;
404	oxposed area,
405	(c) Seeding or planting the exposed area;
406	(c) cooding of planting the expected area,
407	(d) Starting any of the activities in items $(1) - (3)$ above on
408	a portion of the area to be stabilized, but not on the entire area;
409	and
410	did
411	(e) Finalizing arrangements to have stabilization product
412	fully installed in compliance with the deadline for completing
413	initial stabilization activities.
414	initial otabilization dotavitios.
415	Any of the following types of activities constitutes completion of initial
416	stabilization activities:
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- (a) For vegetative stabilization, all activities necessary to initially seed or plant the area to be stabilized; and/or
- **(b)** For non-vegetative stabilization, the installation or application of all such non-vegetative measures.

If the Contractor is unable to meet the deadlines above due to circumstances beyond the Contractor's control, and the Contractor is using vegetative cover for temporary or permanent stabilization, the Contractor may comply with the following stabilization deadlines instead as agreed to by the Engineer:

- (a) Immediately initiate, and complete within the timeframe shown above, the installation of temporary non-vegetative stabilization measures to prevent erosion;
- **(b)** Complete all soil conditioning, seeding, watering or irrigation installation, mulching, and other required activities related to the planting and initial establishment of vegetation as soon as conditions or circumstances allow it on the site; and
- (c) Notify and provide documentation to the Engineer the circumstances that prevent the Contractor from meeting the deadlines above for stabilization and the schedule the Contractor will follow for initiating and completing initial stabilization and as agreed to by the Engineer.

Follow the applicable requirements of the specifications and special provisions including Section 619 Planting and Section 641 Hydro-Mulch Seeding.

Immediately after seeding or planting the area to be vegetatively stabilized, to the extent necessary to prevent erosion on the seeded or planted area, select, design, and install non-vegetative erosion controls that provide cover (e.g., mulch, rolled erosion control products) to the area while vegetation is becoming established.

Protect exposed or disturbed surface area with mulches, grass seeds or hydromulch. Spray mulches at a rate of 2,000 pounds per acre. Add tackifier to mix at a rate of 85 pounds per acre. Apply grass seeds at a rate of 125 pounds per acre. For hydromulch, use the ingredients and rates required for mulches and grass seeds. Submit recommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates above.

Apply fertilizer to mulches, grass seed or hydromulch per 463 manufacturer's recommendations. Submit recommendations from a 464 licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the manufacturer's 465 466 recommendations. 467 468 Install velocity dissipation measures when exposing erodible surfaces 469 greater than 15 feet in height. 470 471 BMP measures shall be in place and operational at the end of work 472 day or as required by Section 209.03(B) Construction Requirements. 473 474 Install and maintain either or both stabilized construction entrances 475 and wheel washes to minimize tracking of dirt and mud onto roadways. Restrict traffic to stabilized construction areas only. Clean dirt, mud, 476 477 or other material tracked onto the road, sidewalk, or other paved area 478 by the end of the same day in which the track-out occurs. Modify 479 stabilized construction entrances to prevent mud from being tracked 480 onto road. Stabilize entire access roads if necessary. 481 482 Chemicals may be used as soil stabilizers for either or both erosion and dust control if acceptable to the Engineer. 483 484 485 Provide temporary slope drains of rigid or flexible conduits to carry runoff from cuts and embankments. Provide portable flume at the 486 487 entrance. Shorten or extend temporary slope drains to ensure proper 488 function. 489 490 Protect ditches, channels, and other drainageways leading away from 491 cuts and fills at all times by either: 492 493 Hydro-mulching the lower region of embankments in the 494 immediate area. 495 496 (b) Installing check dams and siltation control devices. 497 498 (c) Other methods acceptable to the Engineer. 499 500 Provide for controlled discharge of waters impounded, directed, or 501 controlled by project activities or erosion control measures. 502 503 Cover exposed surface of materials completely with tarpaulin or 504 similar device when transporting aggregate, soil, excavated material 505 or material that may be source of fugitive dust. 506 507 Cleanup and remove any pollutant that can be attributed to the Contractor. 508

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510	Install or modify Site-Specific BMP measures due to change in the
511	Contractor's means and methods, or for omitted condition that should
512	have been allowed for in the accepted Site-Specific BMP or a Site-
513	Specific BMP that replaces an accepted Site-Specific BMP that is not
514	satisfactorily performing. Modifications to Site-Specific BMP
515	measures shall be accepted in writing by the Engineer prior to
516	implementation.
517	implementation.
518	Properly maintain all Site-Specific BMP measures.
519	Tropony mamam an one opeane bin meacare.
520	For projects with an NPDES Permit for Construction Activities:
521	To projecte with all the BEOT chill for Conditional Administra
522	(a) For construction areas discharging into nutrient or
523	sediment impaired waters, inspect, prepare a written report,
524	and make repairs to BMP measures at the following intervals:
525	and make repairs to bin measures at the following intervals.
526	(1) Weekly.
527	(1) Wedney.
528	(2) Within 24 hours of any rainfall of 0.25 inch or
529	greater which occurs in a 24-hour period.
530	greater which occurs in a 24 flour period.
531	(3) When existing erosion control measures are
532	damaged or not operating properly as required by Site-
533	Specific BMP.
534	oposino Bivii .
535	(b) For construction areas discharging to waters not impaired
536	for nutrients or sediments, inspect, prepare a written report, and
537	make repairs to BMP measures at the following intervals:
538	make repaire to Bini measures at the renewing intervals.
539	(1) Weekly.
540	(i) iiissiiiji
541	(2) When existing erosion control measures are
542	damaged or not operating properly as required by Site-
543	Specific BMP.
544	
545	For projects without an NPDES Permit for Construction activities,
546	inspect, prepare a written report, and make repairs to BMP measures
547	at the following intervals:
548	at the following macroscope
549	(a) Weekly.
550	(4)
551	(b) When existing erosion control measures are damaged
552	or not operating properly as required by Site-Specific BMP.
553	in the specime property as required by the eposition.
554	Temporarily remove, replace or relocate any Site-Specific BMP that
	time in the control of the control o

must be removed, replaced or relocated due to potential or actual flooding, or potential danger or damage to project or public.

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Maintain records of inspections of Site-Specific BMP work. Keep continuous records for duration of the project. Submit copy of Inspection Report to the Engineer within 24 hours after each inspection.

The Contractor's designated representative specified in Subsection 209.03(A)(2)(d) shall address any Site-Specific BMP deficiencies brought up by the Engineer immediately, including weekends and holidays, and complete work to fix the deficiencies by the close of the next work day if the problem does not require significant repair or replacement, or if the problem can be corrected through routine maintenance. Address any Site-Specific BMP deficiencies brought up by the State's Third-Party Inspector in the timeframe above or as specified in the Consent Decree or MS4 NPDES Permit, whichever is more stringent. The Consent Decree timeframe requirement applies statewide. The MS4 NPDES Permit only applies to Oahu. In this section, "immediately" means the Contractor shall take all reasonable measures to minimize or prevent discharge of pollutants until a permanent solution is installed and made operational. If a problem is identified at a time in the day in which it is too late to initiate repair, initiation of repair shall begin on the following work day. When installation of a new pollution prevention control or a significant repair is needed, complete installation or repair no later than 7 calendar days from the time of notification/Contractor discovery. Notify the Engineer and document why it is infeasible to complete the installation or repair within 7 calendar days and complete the work as soon as practicable and as agreed to by the Engineer. Address Site-Specific BMP deficiencies discovered by the Contractor within the timeframe above. The Contractor's failure to satisfactorily address these Site-Specific BMP deficiencies, the Engineer reserves the right to employ outside assistance or use the Engineer's own labor forces to provide necessary corrective measures. The Engineer will charge the Contractor such incurred costs plus any associated project engineering costs. The Engineer will make appropriate deductions from the Contractor's monthly progress estimate. Failure to apply Site-Specific BMP measures may result in one or more of the assessment of liquidated damages, suspension, or following: cancellation of Contract with the Contractor being fully responsible for all additional costs incurred by the State.

(C) Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction Activities. If work includes disturbance of one acre or more, an NPDES Permit authorizing Discharges of Storm Water Associated with Construction

Activity (CWB-NOI Form C) or Individual Permit authorizing storm water discharges associated with construction activity is required from the Department of Health Clean Water Branch (DOH-CWB).

Do not begin construction activities until all required conditions of the permit are met and submittals detailed in Subsection 209.03(A)(2) – Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control Submittals are completed and accepted in writing by the Engineer.

(D) Discharges Associated with Hydrotesting Activities. If hydrotesting activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Hydrotesting Waters Permit (CWB-NOI Form F) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with hydrotesting from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

Do not begin hydrotesting activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct Hydrotesting operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

(E) Discharges Associated with Dewatering Activities. If dewatering activities require effluent discharge into State waters or drainage systems, an NPDES Dewatering Permit (CWB-NOI Form G) or Individual Permit authorizing discharges associated with dewatering from DOH-CWB is required from the DOH-CWB.

Do not begin dewatering activities until the DOH-CWB has issued an Individual NPDES Permit or Notice of General Permit Coverage (NGPC). Conduct dewatering operations in accordance with the conditions of the permit or NGPC.

- **(F) Solid Waste.** Submit the Solid Waste Disclosure Form for Construction Sites to the Engineer within 21 calendar days of date of award. Provide a copy of all the disposal receipts from the facility permitted by the Department of Health to receive solid waste to the Engineer monthly. This should also include documentation from any intermediary facility where solid waste is handled or processed, or as directed by the Engineer.
- **(G) Construction BMP Training.** The Contractor's representative responsible for development of the Site-Specific BMP Plan and implementation of Site-Specific BMPs in the field shall attend the State's Construction Best Management Practices Training. The Contractor shall keep training logs updated and readily available.

209.04 Measurement.

(A) Installation, maintenance, monitoring, and removal of BMP will be paid

647	on a lump sum basis. Measurement for payment will not	apply.
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649	(B) The Engineer will only measure additional water	
650	erosion control required and requested by the Engineer	
651	basis in accordance with Subsection 109.06 – Force Acco	unt Provisions and
652	Compensation.	
653		
654	209.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for accepted pay ite	ms listed below at
655	contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. F	Payment will be full
656	compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract do	cuments.
657		
658	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items	s when included in
659	proposal schedule:	
660		
661	Pay Item	Pay Unit
662		
663	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP	Lump Sum
664		
665	Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control	Force Account
666		
667	An estimated amount for force account is allocated in	
668	under 'Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control', bu	
669	be paid will be the sum shown on accepted force account records	•
670	be more or less than estimated amount allocated in proposition	
671	Engineer will pay for BMP measures requested by the Engineer	er that are beyond
672	scope of accepted Site-Specific BMP on a force account basis.	
673		
674	No progress payment will be authorized until the Enginee	
675	Site-Specific BMP or when the Contractor fails to maintain project	site in accordance
676	with accepted BMP.	
677		
678	For all citations or fines received by the Department for	
679	including compliance with NPDES Permit conditions, the Contract	
680	State within 30 calendar days for full amount of outstanding cost	State has incurred,
681	or the Engineer will deduct cost from progress payment.	
682		
683	The Engineer will assess liquidated damages up to \$27,50	•
684	compliance of each BMP requirement and all other requirements	s in this section.

Appendix A

The following list identifies potential pollutant sources and corresponding BMPs used to mitigate the pollutants. Each BMP is referenced to the corresponding section of the current HDOT Construction Best Management Practices Field Manual or appropriate Supplemental Sheets. The Manual may be obtained from the HDOT Statewide Stormwater Management Program Website at http://www.stormwaterhawaii.com/resources/contractors-and-consultants/storm-water-pollution-prevention-plan-swppp/ under Concrete Curing and Irrigation Water.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Construction debris, green waste, general litter	 Separate contaminated clean up materials from construction and demolition (C&D) wastes. Provide waste containers (e.g., dumpster or trash receptacle) of sufficient size and number to contain construction and domestic wastes. Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. Schedule recycling activities based on construction/demolition phases. Empty waste containers weekly or when they are two-thirds full, whichever is sooner. Do not allow containers to overflow. Clean up immediately if they do. On work days, clean up and dispose of waste in designated waste containers. See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. Collect and dispose of all waste materials in trash dumpsters. Place dumpsters, with secure watertight lids, away from storm water conveyances and drains, in a covered materials storage area. Dispose of construction and non-construction solid waste in accordance with State DOH regs. Load removed non-recyclable vegetation directly onto trucks; cover and transport to a licensed facility 	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6. Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, and Perimeter Sediment Controls where applicable.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	ВМР
Source	Implemented	Requirements
	 See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning, Maintenance, and Refueling, Sections SM-11, 	
	SM-12, and SM-13 and Material Storage and Handling Section SM-2 for additional requirements.	

Soil erosion from the disturbed areas - Provide Soil Stabilization, Slope Protection, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-3, Level Spreader EC-6, Paving Operations SM-20, Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization SC-10, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Construction BMP Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-17). - Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. - Preserve native topsoil where practicable In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote vegetative growth.
from the disturbed areas Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers, Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds, Check Dams SC-3, Level Spreader EC-6, Paving Operations SM-20, Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization SC-10, Controlling Storm Water Flowing Onto and Through the Project, Post-Construction BMPs, and Non-Structural BMPs (Construction BMP Training SM-1, Scheduling SM-14, Location of Potential Sources of Sediment SM-15, Preservation of Existing Vegetation SM-17). Delineate, and clearly mark off, with flags, tape, or other similar marking device all natural buffer areas defined in the SWPPP. Preserve native topsoil where practicable. In areas where vegetative stabilization will occur, restrict vehicle/equipment use in areas to avoid soil compaction or condition soil to promote Stabilization 1. SM-22 Topsoil Management 2. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 3. EC-14 Mulching 4. EC-11 Geotextiles and Mats Slope Protection 1. EC-12 Seeding and Planting 2. EC-14
 For Storm Drain Inlet Protection, clean, or remove and replace, the protection measures as sediment accumulates, the filter becomes clogged, and/or performance is compromised. Use "true dam" sediment filter (by Dandy Products, Inc.) or approved equal for catch basin inlet filters. Where there is evidence of sediment accumulation adjacent to the inlet protection measure, remove the deposited sediment by the end of the same day in which it is found or by the same day is not feasible. Sediment basins shall be designed and maintained in accordance with HAR Chapter 11-55. Minimize disturbance on steep slopes (Greater than 15% in grade). If disturbance of steep slopes are unavoidable.

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
	For temporary drains and swales use velocity dissipation devices within and at the outlet to minimize erosive flow velocities.	Perimeter Controls and Sediment Barriers 1. SC-7 Silt Fence or Filter Fabric Fence 2. SC-2 Vegetated Filter Strips and Buffers 3. SC-6 Compost Filter Berm/Sock 4. SC-8 Sandbag Barrier 5. SC-9 Brush or Rock Filter
		Sediment Basins and Detention Ponds 1. SC-4 Sediment Trap 2. SC-5 Sediment Basin SC-3 Check Dams
		EC-6 Level Spreader SM-20 Paving Operations SC-10 Construction Roads and Parking Area Stabilization

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
		Controlling Storm Water Flowing onto and Through the Project 1. EC-3 Run-On Diversion 2. EC-5 Earth Dike, Swales and Ditches
		Post Construction BMPs 1. EC-2 Flared Culvert End Sections 2. EC-10 Rip-Rap and Gabion Inflow Protection 3. EC-8 Outlet Protection and Velocity Dissipation Devices 4. SM-22 Topsoil Management
		Non-Structural BMPs 1. SM-1 Construction BMP Training 2. SM-14 Scheduling 3. SM-15 Location of Potential Sources of Sediment 4. SM-17 Preservation of Existing Vegetation

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP Boquiroments
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Sediment	Locate stockpiles a minimum of 50 feet or as	See Stockpile
from soil	far as practicable from concentrated runoff or	Management Section SM-3.
stockpiles	outside of any natural buffers identified on the	Storm Drain
	SWPPP.	Inlet Protection
	 Place bagged materials on pallets and under cover. 	SC-1, and
		Perimeter
	Provide physical diversion to protect stackpiles from concentrated runoff	Sediment
	stockpiles from concentrated runoff.	Controls where
	 Cover stockpiles with plastic or comparable material when practicable. 	applicable.
	Place silt fence, fiber filtration tubes, or straw	
	wattles around stockpiles.	
	 Do not hose down or sweep soil or sediment 	
	accumulated on pavement or other impervious	
	surfaces into any storm water conveyance (unless	
	connected to a sediment basin, sediment trap, or	
	similarly effective control), storm drain inlet, or	
	state water.	
	Unless infeasible, contain and securely	
	protect stockpiles from the wind.	
	Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or	
	Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.	
	See Stockpile Management Section SM-3 for	
	additional requirements.	
Emulsified	Provide training for employees and	See Material
asphalt or	contractors on proper material delivery and	Storage and
prime/tack	storage practices and procedures.	Handling
coat	Restrict paving operations during wet	Section SM-2,
	weather to prevent paving materials from being	and Stockpile
	discharged.	Management
	Use asphalt emulsions such as prime coat	Section SM-3,
	when possible.	Paving
	Protect drain inlet structures and manholes	Operations
	during application of tack coat, seal coat, slurry	Section SM-20,
	seal, and fog seal.	Storm Drain
	 Keep ample supplies of drip pans and 	Inlet Protection
	absorbent materials on site.	SC-1, and
	 Inspect inlet protection devices. 	Perimeter
	See Material Storage and Handling Section	Sediment
	SM-2 and Paving Operations Section SM-20 for	Controls where
	additional requirements.	applicable.
	Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or	
	Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.	

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
	-	
Materials	Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in a visited containing.	See Material
associated with	and stored in original containers.	Storage and Handling Use
	Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on	Section SM-2,
painting, such as	site.	Stockpile
paint and	Dispose container only after all of the product	Management
paint and	has been used.	Section SM-3,
solvent	Remove as much paint from brushes on pointed surface.	Hazardous
GOIVOIN	painted surface.	Materials and
	Rinse from water-based paints shall be discharged into the confidence system where	Waste
	discharged into the sanitary sewer system where	Management
	possible. If not, direct all washwater into a leak- proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or	Section SM-9,
	pit must be designed so that no overflows can	Waste
	occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation.	Management,
	 Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 	Spill Prevention
	feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain	and Control
	inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies.	Section SM-10,
	 Do not dump liquid wastes into the storm 	and Structure
	drainage system.	Construction
	Filter and re-use solvents and thinners.	and Painting
		Section SM-21,
	 Dispose of oil-based paints and residue as a hazardous waste. 	Storm Drain
		Inlet Protection
	 Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. 	SC-1, and
	,	Perimeter
	Immediately clean up spills and leaks. Properly store points, solvents, and appropriate	Sediment
	Properly store paints, solvents, and epoxy	Controls where
	compounds.	applicable.
	 Properly store and dispose waste materials generated from painting and structure repair and 	
	construction activities.	
	Mix paints in a covered and contained area,	
	when possible, to minimize adverse impacts from	
	spills.	
	Do not apply traffic paint or thermoplastic if	
	rain is forecasted.	
	 See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2, 	
	Hazardous Materials and Waste Management	
	Section SM-9, Spill Prevention and Control	
	Section SM-10, and Structure Construction and	
	Painting Section SM-21 for additional	
	requirements.	
	Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or	
	Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable.	

Pollutant	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be	BMP
Source	Implemented	Requirements
Industrial chemicals, fertilizers, and/or pesticides	 Hazardous chemicals shall be well-labeled and stored in original containers. Keep ample supply of cleanup materials on site. Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a furtherance of an ongoing discharge. Dispose container only after all of the product has been used. Retain a complete set of safety data sheets (formerly MSDS) on site. Store industrial chemicals in water-tight containers and provide either cover or secondary containment. Provide cover when storing fertilizers or pesticides to prevent these chemicals from coming into contact with rainwater. Restrict amount of pesticide prepared to quantity necessary for the current application. Do not apply fertilizers or pesticides during or just before a rain event. Do not apply to stormwater conveyance channels with flowing water. Comply with fertilizer and pesticide manufacturer's recommended usage and disposal instructions. Document departures from manufacturer's recommended usage and disposal instructions. Document departures from manufacturer's specifications in Attachment J. Apply fertilizers at the appropriate time of year for the location, and preferably timed to coincide as closely as possible to the period of maximum vegetation uptake and growth. Follow federal, state, and local laws regarding fertilizer application. Do not dispose of toxic liquid wastes (solvents, used oils, and paints) or chemicals (additives, acids, and curing compounds) in dumpsters allocated for construction debris. 	See Material Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9, and Spill Prevention and Control SM-10

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Hazardous	 Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. See Material Storage and Handling Use SM-2, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. Do not dispose of toxic materials in dumpsters 	See Hazardous
waste (Batteries, Solvents, Treated Lumber, etc.)	 allocated for construction debris. Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with regulations. Hazardous waste that cannot be reused or recycled shall be disposed of by a licensed hazardous waste hauler. Segregate and recycle wastes from vehicle/equipment maintenance activities such as used oil or oil filters, greases, cleaning solutions, antifreeze, automotive batteries, and hydraulic and transmission fluids. Store waste in sealed containers, which are constructed of suitable materials to prevent leakage and corrosion, and which are labeled in accordance with applicable Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) requirements and all other applicable federal, state, and local requirements. All containers stored outside shall be kept away from surface waters and within appropriately sized secondary containment (e.g., spill berms, decks, spill containment pallets). Provide cover if possible. Clean up spills immediately, using dry clean-up methods where possible, and dispose of used materials properly. Do not clean surfaces or spills by hosing the area down. Eliminate the source of the spill to prevent a discharge or a continuation of an ongoing discharge. 	Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
	 Ensure collection, removal, and disposal of hazardous waste complies with manufacturer's recommendations and is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements. See Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 and Vehicle and Equipment Management, Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance SM-12 for additional requirements. 	
Metals and Building Materials	 Inspect construction waste and recycling areas regularly. Schedule solid waste collection regularly. If building materials or metals are stored on site (such as rebar or galvanized poles) store under cover under tarps or in containers. Minimize the amount of material stored on site. Do not stockpile uncovered metals or other building materials in close proximity to discharge points. See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6 for additional requirements. 	See Solid Waste Management Section SM-6
Contaminated Soil	 See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. At minimum contain contaminated material soil by surrounding with impermeable lined berms or cover exposed contaminated material with plastic sheets. 	See Waste Management, Contaminated Soil Management Section SM-8 and/or Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Fugitive Dust Control and Dust Control Water	 Do not over spray water for dust control purposes which will result in runoff from the area. Apply water as conditions require. Washing down of debris or dirt into drainage, sewage systems, or State waters is not allowed. Minimize exposed areas through the schedule of construction activities. Utilize vegetation, mulching, sprinkling, and stone/gravel layering to quickly stabilize exposed soil. Direct construction vehicle traffic to stabilized roadways. Cover dump trucks hauling material from the site with a tarpaulin. See Dust Control Section SM-19 for additional requirements. 	See Dust Control Section SM-19
Concrete Truck Wash Water	 Disposal of concrete truck wash water via percolation is prohibited. Wash concrete-coated vehicles or equipment off-site or in the designated wash area. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Runoff from the on-site concrete wash area shall be contained in a temporary pit or level bermed area where the concrete can set. Design the area so that no overflow can occur due to inadequate wash area sizing or precipitation. The temporary pit shall be lined with plastic to prevent seepage of wash water into the ground. Allow wash water to evaporate or collect wash water and all concrete debris in a concrete washout system bin. Do not dump liquid wastes into storm drainage system. Dispose of liquid and solid concrete wastes in compliance with federal, state, and local standards. See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4 for additional requirements. 	See Waste Management, Concrete Wash and Waste Management Section SM-4

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Sediment Track-Out	 Include Stabilized Construction Entrance at all points that exit onto paved roads. A sediment trapping device is required if a wash rack is used in conjunction with the stabilized construction entrance/exit. The pavement shall not be cleaned by washing down the street. If sweeping is ineffective or it is necessary to wash the streets, wash water must be contained either by construction of a sump, diverting the water to an acceptable disposal area, or vacuuming the wash water. Use BMPs for adjacent drainage structures. Remove sediment tracked onto the street by the end of the day in which the track-out occurs. Restrict vehicle use to properly designated exit points. Include additional BMPs that remove sediment prior to exit when minimum dimensions cannot be met. See Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit Section SC-11 for additional requirements. 	See Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit Section SC-11
Irrigation Water	 Consider irrigation requirements. Where possible, avoid species which require irrigation. Design, timing and application methods of irrigation water to eliminate the runoff of excess irrigation water into the storm water drainage system. See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD-12 Efficient Irrigation included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. 	See Seeding and Planting Section EC-12 and California Stormwater BMP Handbook SD- 12 Efficient Irrigation
Hydrotesting Effluent	• If work includes removing, relocation or installing waterlines, and Contractor elects to flush waterline or discharge hydrotesting effluent into State waters or drainage systems, the Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form F application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Hydrotesting Activities if necessary. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.	Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form F submittal.

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Dewatering Effluent	If excavation or backfilling operations require dewatering, and Contractor elects to discharge dewatering effluent into State waters or existing drainage systems, Contractor shall prepare and obtain HDOT acceptance of a NOI/NPDES Permit Form G application for HDOT submittal to DOH CWB at least 30 calendar days prior to the start of Dewatering Activities if necessary. See Site Planning and General Practices, Dewatering Operations Section SM-18 for additional requirements.	See Dewatering Operations SM-18. Site specific BMPs will be included in the NOI/NPDES Permit Form G submittal.
Saw-cutting Slurry	 Saw cut slurry shall be removed from the site by vacuuming. Provide storm drain protection during saw cutting. See Paving Operations Section SM-20 for additional requirements. Provide Storm Drain Inlet Protection and/or Perimeter Sediment Controls as applicable. 	See Paving Operations Section SM-20, Storm Drain Inlet Protection SC-1, Perimeter sediment controls where applicable
Concrete Curing Water	 Avoid overspraying of curing compounds. Apply an amount of compound that covers the surface, but does not allow any runoff of the compound. See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS-12 Concrete Curing included in SWPPP Attachment A for additional requirements. 	See California Stormwater BMP Handbook NS- 12 Concrete Curing

Pollutant Source	Appropriate Site-Specific BMP to be Implemented	BMP Requirements
Plaster Waste Water	 Direct all washwater into a leak-proof container or leak-proof pit. The container or pit must be designed so that no overflows can occur due to inadequate sizing or precipitation. Locate on-site wash area a minimum of 50 feet away or as far as practicable from storm drain inlets, open drainage facilities, or water bodies. Any significant residual materials remaining on the ground after the completion of construction shall be removed and properly disposed. If the residual materials contaminate the soil, then the contaminated soil shall also be removed and properly disposed of. Plaster waste water shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State waters. See Material, Storage and Handling Use SM-2, Stockpile Management Use Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9 for additional requirements. 	See Material, Storage and Handling Use Section SM-2, Stockpile Management Use Section SM-3, and Hazardous Materials and Waste Management Section SM-9
Water-Jet Wash Water	 For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean vehicles, use off site wash racks or commercial washing facilities when practical. See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11 for additional information. For Water-Jet Wash Water used to clean impervious surfaces, the runoff shall not be allowed to flow into drainage structures or State Waters. 	See Vehicle and Equipment Cleaning Section SM-11
Sanitary/Septic Waste	 Locate Sanitary facilities in a convenient place away from drainage facilities. Position sanitary facilities so they are secure and will not be tipped over or knocked down. Wastewater shall not be discharged to the ground or buried. A licensed service provider shall maintain sanitary/septic facilities in good working order. Schedule regular waste collection by a licensed transporter. See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7 for additional requirements. 	See Sanitary Waste Section SM-7.

1		SECTION 304 – AGGREGATE BASE COURSE	
2 3	Make	e the following amendments to said Section:	
4 5 6	(I) follow	Amend 304.04 – Measurement by revising lines 54 to ws:	55 to read as
7 8 9	"304.	.04 Measurement.	
10 11 12		The Engineer will measure aggregate base course per accordance with the contract documents."	cubic yard in
12 13 14	(II)	Amend 304.05 - Payment by revising lines 57 to 66 to read	as follows:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Paym contra	2.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted as se at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposent will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this stract documents. The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when it is social schedule:	osal schedule. section and the
23		Pay Item	Pay Unit
24 25 26 27 28		Aggregate Base Course	Cubic Yard"
29 30		END OF SECTION 304	

1 2	SECTION 314 – CONTROLLED LOW STRENGTH MATERIALS (CLSM) FOR UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES				
3 4 5	Make	the following amendments to said Section:			
6	(I)	Amend 314.04 – Measurement by revising line 83 to read as follows:			
7 8 9	"314.	04 Measurement.			
10		The Engineer will not measure CLSM for payment."			
11 12	(II)	Amend 314.05 – Payment by revising lines 85 to 90 to read as follows:			
13 14 15	"314.	05 Payment.			
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		The Engineer will not pay for CLSM separately and will consider the cost for CLSM as included in the contract prices of Section 204 – Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities, Section 205 – Excavation and Backfill for Bridges and Retaining Structures, or Section 206 – Excavation and Backfill for Drainage Facilities, or combination thereof. The cost is for the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents. The price includes full compensation for CLSM material and application.			
23 24 25 26 27 28		labor, tools, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work prescribed in this section and the contract documents."			
29		END OF SECTION 314			

46 47	` '	aw-Knox bituminous pavers shall be uipped with the Blaw-Knox Materials
48	•	inagement Kit (MMK).
49		,
50 51	` '	darapids bituminous pavers shall be those at were manufactured in 1989 or later.
52		
53	` ,	rber-Green/Caterpillar bituminous pavers
54		all be equipped with deflector plates as
55		entified in the December 2000 Service
56		gazine entitled "New Asphalt Deflector Kit
57 50	{00	330, 6631, 6640}".
58 50	Drior to th	o start of using the power for placing plant
59 60		e start of using the paver for placing plant tor shall submit for approval a full
61		iting of the means and methodologies that
62	•	revent bituminous paver segregation. Use of
63	•	not commence prior to receiving approval
64	from the Engine	
65	ő	
66	The Cont	ractor shall supply a Certificate of
67	Compliance that	verifies that the approved means and
68		prevent bituminous paver segregation have
69	•	ed on all pavers used on the project and is
70	_	dance with the manufacturer's
71	requirements."	
72 72	(VI) Amond Section 404 02/E\(4)	LIMA Devement Courses One and a
73 74	(VI) Amend Section 401.03(F)(1) Half Inches Thick Or Greater, from	HMA Pavement Courses One and a lines 499 to 505 to read as follows:
75 75	"/A) 1111A B	
76	• •	Courses One and a Half Inches Thick Or
77 78		1A pavement compacted thickness indicated nts is 1-1/2 inches or greater, compact to not
70 79		nt nor greater than 97.0 percent of the
80		rity determined in accordance with AASHTO
81		etion of Supplemental Procedure for Mixtures
82	Containing Porous Agg	
83	3	9
84		
85	(VII) Amend Section 401.03(F)(3)	HMA Pavement Courses One and a
86	Half Inches Thick or Greater In Sp	ecial Areas Not Designated For Vehicular
87	Traffic , from lines 530 to 538 to read	as follows:
88		
89	` '	Courses One and a Half Inches Thick or
90	<u>-</u>	eas Not Designated For Vehicular Traffic.
91	For areas such as bike	ways that are not part of roadway and other

92	areas not subjected to vehicular traffic, compact to not less that
93	90.0 percent of maximum specific gravity determined in accordance
94	with AASHTO T 209, modified by deletion of Supplemental
95	Procedure for Mixtures Containing Porous Aggregate. Increase
96	asphalt content by at least 0.5 percent above that used for HMA
97	pavements designed for vehicular traffic."
98	
99	
100	(VIII) Amend Section 401.04 Measurement, from lines 597 to 603 to read as
101	follows:
102	
103	"401.04 Measurement.
104	
105	(A) Asphalt concrete pavement will be paid on a lump sum basis.
106	Measurement for payment will not apply.
107	measurement for payment tim not apply:
108	(B) The Engineer will measure asphalt concrete pavement per ton in
109	accordance with the contract documents.
110	accordance with the contract documents.
110	(C) The Engineer will measure leveling course per ten in accordance
	(C) The Engineer will measure leveling course per ton in accordance with the contract documents."
112	with the contract documents.
113	
114	
115	(IV) A 10 (1 104.05 B 1 () 1 005 () 005 ()
116	(IX) Amend Section 401.05 Payment, from lines 605 to 635, to read as
117	follows:
118	
119	"401.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items
120	listed below at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule.
121	Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this section and the
122	contract documents.
123	
124	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included in
125	the proposal schedule:
126	
127	Pay Item Pay Unit
128	
129	HMA Pavement, Mix No Lump Sum
130	·
131	
132	The Engineer will pay for cold planing in accordance with and under
133	Section 415 – Cold Planing of Existing Pavement.
134	
135	The Engineer will pay for adjusting existing frames and covers and valve
136	boxes in accordance with and under Section 604 – Manholes, Inlets and Catch
150	Table door dance that and of obtain out in maintaine and outon

Basins and Section 626 - Manholes and Valve Boxes for Water and Sewer Systems.

The Engineer may, in lieu of requiring removal and replacement, use the sliding scale factor to accept HMA pavements compacted below 93.0 percent and above 97.0 percent. The Engineer will make payment for the material in that production day at a reduced price arrived at by multiplying the contract unit price by the pay factor shown in Table 401.05-1.

Table 401.05-1 – Sliding Scale Pay Factor for Compaction			
Percent Compaction	Percentage Payment		
> 98.0	Removal		
97.1 - 98.0	95		
93.0 - 97.0	100		
90.0 - 92.9	80		
<90.0	Removal		

"

END OF SECTION 401

1	Make this	s section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3	(I) Add S	ection 421 – Permeable Surface
4 5 6		SECTION 421 – Permeable Surface
7 8 9	421.01 geocell s	Description. This section describes the furnishing and installation of a ystem as a permeable surface.
10 11	421.02	Materials.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23		(A) Geocell System. The Geoweb® geocell system or an approved equal shall be used. No material will be considered as an equivalent to the geocell material specified herein unless it meets all requirements of this specification, without exception. Manufacturers seeking to supply equivalent material must submit records, data, independent test results, samples, certifications, and documentation deemed necessary by the Engineer to prove equivalency. The Engineer shall approve or disapprove other Manufacturers materials after submission and review of provided information. All substitute materials submitted shall be subject to independent lab testing at the Contractor's expense.
24 25		The geocell system shall be used for load support and shall meet the following requirements:
26 27 28		(1) Testing Standards. The geocell system shall conform to the following testing standards:
29 30 31		(a) American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO).
32 33 34 35		(i) AASHTO M 218 – Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) for Corrugated Steel Pipe.
36 37 38		(ii) AASHTO M 288 – Geotextile Specification for Highway Applications.
39 40 41		(b) American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM).
42 43 44		(i) ASTM D 1505 – Density of Plastics by the Density Gradient Technique.
44 45 46 47		(ii) ASTM D 1603 – Standard Test for Carbon Black in Olefin Plastics.

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69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88
69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88
69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89
69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90
69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89

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- (iii) ASTM D 1693 Environmental Stress-Cracking of Ethylene Plastics.
- (iv) ASTM D 5199 Measuring Nominal Thickness of Geotextiles and Geomembranes.
- (v) ASTM D 5885 Standard Test Method for Oxidative Induction Time of Polyolefin Geosynthetics by High-Pressure Differential Scanning Calorimetry.
- **(vi)** ASTM E 41 Terminology Relating to Conditioning.
- (c) US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE)
 - (i) Technical Report GL-86-19, Appendix A.
- (2) Quality Assurance and Control. The geocell material shall be provided from a single Manufacturer for the entire project.

The Manufacturer's Quality management system shall be certified and in accordance with ISO 9001:2015 and CE certification. Substitute materials submitted shall provide a certification that the manufacturing process is part of an ISO program. Certification is required specifically stating that their testing facility is certified and in accordance with ISO. An ISO certification for the substitute material will not be acceptable unless it is proven it pertains specifically to the geocell manufacturing operations.

The Manufacturer shall provide certification of compliance to all applicable testing procedures and related specifications upon the Engineer's written request. Request for certification shall be submitted no later than the date of order placement. The Manufacturer shall have a minimum of 20 year's experience producing geocell material.

(3) Warranty. The Manufacturer shall warrant each geocell section that it ships to be free from defects in materials and workmanship at the time of manufacture. The Manufacturer's exclusive liability under this warranty or otherwise will be to furnish without charge to the original f.o.b. point a replacement for any section which proves to be defective under normal use and service during the 10-year period which begins on the date of shipment. The Manufacturer reserves the right to inspect any

94 a	illegedly defective section in order to verify the defect and
95 a	scertain its cause.
96	
97	This warranty shall not cover defects attributable to causes
98	or occurrences beyond the Manufacturer's control and unrelated
	o the manufacturing process, including, but not limited to, abuse,
	nisuse, mishandling, neglect, improper storage, improper
	nstallation, improper alteration or improper application.
102	iotalianon, impropor alteration of improper applications
103	In no event shall the Manufacturer be liable for any special,
	ndirect, incidental or consequential damages for the breach of
	iny express or implied warranty or for any other reason, including
	egligence, in connection with the geocell system.
107	4) Pers Meterial Dans material shall be nelvethylene
•	4) Base Material. Base material shall be polyethylene
	tabilized with carbon black.
10	() D ''
11	(a) Density shall be 58.4 to 60.2 lbs/ft³ (0.935 to 0.965
112	g/cm³) in accordance with ASTM D 1505.
113	
14	(b) Environmental Stress Crack Resistance (ESCR)
15	shall be 5000 hours in accordance with ASTM D 1693.
16	
17	(c) Ultra-violet light stabilization with carbon black.
18	
19	(d) Carbon black content shall be 1.5 to 2 percent by
120	weight, through addition of a carrier with certified carbon
21	black content, in accordance with ASTM D 1603.
22	
23	(e) Carbon black shall be homogeneously distributed
124	throughout material, in accordance with ASTM D 5596.
25	-
26	(f) The manufacturer shall have an in-place quality
27	control to prevent irregularities in strip material.
128	
	5) Cell Properties.
130	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
131	(a) Individual cells shall be uniform in shape and size
132	when expanded.
133	mion oxpaniaca.
134	(b) Individual cell dimensions (nominal) shall be plus or
135	minus 10%.
136	11mido 1070.
137	(c) GW30V-Cell.
138	(0) 377007-0011.
139	(i) Length shall be 11.3 inches (297 mm)
	(i) Length shall be 11.3 inches (287 mm).
140	

141		(ii) Width shall be 12.6 inches (320 mm).
142		
143		(iii) Nominal area shall be 71.3 in ² (460 cm ²) plus
144		or minus 1%.
145		
146		(iv) Nominal cell depth shall be 6 inches (150 mm).
147		
148	(6)	Strip Properties and Assembly. The perforated textured
149	strip/c	ell shall conform to the following:
150		() O() (() () () () () () () (
151		(a) Strip sheet thickness shall be 50 mils (1.27 mm),
152		minus 5 percent, plus 10 percent in accordance with ASTM
153		D 5199. Determine thickness flat, before surface
154		disruption.
155		
156		(b) Polyethylene strips shall be textured surface with a
157		multitude of rhomboidal (diamond shape) indentations.
158		(-) T (
159		(c) Textured sheet thickness shall be 60 mils, plus or
160		minus 6 mils (1.52 mm plus or minus 0.15 mm).
161		(d)
162		(d) Indentation surface density shall be 140 to 200 per
163		in² (22 to 31 per cm²).
164		(a) Development of white herizontal rouge of 0.4 in sh. (10 mm)
165		(e) Perforated with horizontal rows of 0.4 inch (10 mm)
166		diameter holes.
167		(f) Derferations within each row shall be 0.75 inches
168		(f) Perforations within each row shall be 0.75 inches
169		(19 mm) on-center.
170		(a) Harizantal raws shall be staggared and congreted
171		(g) Horizontal rows shall be staggered and separated
172		0.50 inches (12 mm) relative to hole centers.
173 174		(h) Edge of strip to nearest edge of perforation shall be
175		(h) Edge of strip to nearest edge of perforation shall be a minimum of 0.3 inches (8 mm).
176		
177		(i) Contarling of anot wold to populate adds of
178		(i) Centerline of spot weld to nearest edge of perforation shall be a minimum of 0.7 inches (18 mm).
179		perioration shall be a millimum of 0.7 mones (10 mm).
180		(j) A slot with a dimension of 3/8 inch x 1-3/8 inch (10
181		(j) A slot with a dimension of 3/8 inch x 1-3/8 inch (10 mm x 35 mm) is standard in the center of the non-
182		perforated areas and at the center of each weld.
183		periorated areas and at the benter of each weld.
184	(7)	Assembly of Cell Sections.
185	(1)	Assembly of Oeli Occions.
100		

186 187		(a) with a	Fabricate using strips of sheet polyethylene each length of 142 inches (3.61 m) and a width equal to
188 189		cell de	epth.
190		(b)	Connect strips using full depth ultrasonic spot-
191 192		welds	aligned perpendicular to longitudinal axis of strip.
193		(c)	Ultrasonic weld melt-pool width shall be 1.0 inch (25
194 195		mm) n	naximum.
196		(d)	Weld spacing for GW30V-cell sections shall be 17.5
197		` '	s plus or minus 0.10 inch (445 mm plus or minus 2.5
198		mm).	plus of militus of to more (440 militiplus of militus 2.0
199			
200	(8)	Cell S	seam Strength Tests. Minimum seam strengths are
201	` ,		lesign and shall be reported in test results. Materials
202	•	•	th average or typical values will not be accepted.
203			ication of minimum strengths must be supplied to the
204			he time of submittals.
205	· ·		
206		(a)	Short-Term Seam Peel-Strength Test.
207			_
208			(i) Cell seam strength shall be uniform over full
209			depth of cell.
210			
211			(ii) Minimum seam peel strength shall be 480 lbf
212			(2,130 N) for 6 inch (150 mm) depth.
213			
214		(b)	Long-Term Seam Peel-Strength Test.
215			(D) O 1991
216			(i) Conditions: Minimum of 7 days in a
217			temperature-controlled environment that
218			undergoes change on a 1 hour cycle from room
219			temperature to 130 degrees F (54 degrees C).
220			(ii) Doom tomporature shall be in accordance with
221			(ii) Room temperature shall be in accordance with
222 223			ASTM E41.
223 224			(iii) Test samples shall consist of two, 4 inch (100
225			mm) wide strips welded together.
226			min) wide strips welded together.
227			(iv) Test sample consisting of 2 carbon black
228			stabilized strips shall support a 160 pound (72.5 kg)
229			load for test period.
230			
231	(B) Geoce	ell Coi	nnecting Device. A geocell connecting device
232	` '		proved equal) shall be constructed of polyethylene

233 234		and provide a high strength connection with minimum pull-through of 275 lbs (125 kg).
23 4 235		273 lbs (123 kg).
236		The geocell connecting device shall be used to connect geocell
237		panels together at each interleaf and end to end connection.
238		
239		Metal staples and zip ties are not an acceptable panel connection
240		method.
241		
242		(C) Infill Materials. Infill material shall be crushed aggregate with a
243		maximum particle size of 1/3 of the cell wall height. If drainage is desired,
244		the fines content shall be limited to less than 10%.
245 246		Infill material shall be free of any foreign material.
240 247		milli material shall be nee of any foreign material.
248		Clays, silts and organics are not acceptable infill material.
249		olayo, oliko aria organiloo aro not accoptablo iriiii materiali.
250		Infill material shall be free flowing and not frozen when placed in
251		the geocell panels.
252		
253		(D) Geotextile. The geotextile separation layer shall be non-woven
254		as specified in the Contract Documents.
255		
256	421.03	Construction.
257		(A) Dre Construction Culturittele Culturit the following before
258 259		(A) Pre-Construction Submittals. Submit the following before construction begins:
239 260		Construction begins.
261		(1) Shop Drawings. Submit Manufacturer's shop drawings,
262		which shall include Manufacturer's product data, samples, and
263		section layout.
264		
265		(2) Design Calculations and Drawings. Provide a complete
266		set of design calculations including a description of the analysis
267		performed to determine load support requirements.
268		
269		The calculation method shall be based on computer
270		software developed through research and testing at an
271 272		accredited laboratory. Manufacturer shall provide compliance.
		Minimum overall design factor of safety shall be 1.4
273		Minimum overall design factor of safety shall be 1.4.
273 274		
273274275		At a minimum; include design conditions, load support
273 274 275 276		
273274275		At a minimum; include design conditions, load support

280	
281	Provide calculations for the recommended anchorage
282	system.
283	
284	(3) Manufacturer's Certificate of Analysis. Manufacturer
285	shall supply certificate of analysis containing the following test
286	results for the geocell material used for project: Base Resin Lot
287	Number(s), Resin Density per ASTM-1505, Production Lot
288	Number(s), Material Thickness, Short Term Seam Peel Strength,
289	and percentage of Carbon Black.
290	
291	(4) Manufacturer's Field Representative Qualifications.
292	Submit qualifications of Manufacturer's field representative
293	certifying field representative experience in the installation of the
294	geocell system. The Manufacturer's field representative
295	qualifications shall include the following:
296	
297	(a) Manufacturer shall provide a qualified field
298	representative on site at the start of construction to ensure
299	the geocell system is installed in accordance with the
300	contract documents.
301	
302	(b) Manufacturer's field representative shall have a
303	minimum of 5 years installation experience with the
304	specified products in the specified application.
305	
306	(c) Manufacturer of any substitute materials to be used
307	shall certify that a representative can meet the above
308	criteria and will be on site for initial construction start up.
309	Proof of the representative meeting these requirements
310	shall be submitted to the Engineer for approval.
311	
312	(B) Pre-Installation Meeting. Prior to installation of any materials,
313	conduct a pre-installation meeting to discuss the scope of work and
314	review installation requirements. The pre-installation meeting shall be
315	attended by all parties involved in the installation of the geocell system.
316	
317	(C) Delivery, Storage, and Handling of Materials. Deliver
318	materials to site in Manufacturer's original, unopened containers and
319	packaging, with labels clearly identifying product name and
320	Manufacturer. The materials shall be stored in accordance with
321	Manufacturer's instructions. The materials shall be protected from
322	damage and out of direct sunlight. The materials shall be delivered,
323	unloaded, and installed in a manner to prevent damage.
324	
325	(D) Site Examination. Verify site conditions are as indicated on the
326	drawings. Notify the Engineer if site conditions are not acceptable. Do

327	not begin preparation or installation until unacceptable conditions have
328	been corrected.
329	
330	Verify layout of structure is as indicated on the drawings. Notify
331	the Engineer if layout of structure is not acceptable. Do not begin
332	preparation or installation until unacceptable conditions have been
333	corrected.
334	
335	(E) Installation of Load Support Systems.
336	
337	(1) Subgrade Preparation. Prepare subgrade and install the
338	geocell load support system in accordance with Manufacturer's
339	instructions.
340	mod dottorio.
341	Excavate and shape foundation soils as indicated on the
342	drawings.
343	drawings.
344	Ensure foundation soil meets minimum strength
	Ensure foundation soil meets minimum strength requirements through proof rolling or other conventional method
345	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
346	as approved by the Engineer. If unacceptable foundation soils are
347	encountered, excavate and replace with suitable quality material
348	as directed by the Engineer.
349	
350	Install geotextile separation layer on prepared surfaces
351	ensuring required overlaps are maintained and outer edges of the
352	geotextile are buried in accordance with the Manufacturer's
353	recommendations.
354	
355	(2) Geocell Section Placement and Connection. Place
356	geocell sections and verify all sections are expanded uniformly to
357	required dimensions and that outer cells of each section are
358	correctly aligned. Interleaf or overlap edges of adjacent sections.
359	Ensure upper surfaces of adjoining geocell sections are flush at
360	joint and adjoining cells are fully aligned at the cell wall slot.
361	
362	Connect the geocell sections with geocell connecting
363	device at each interleaf and end to end connection. Insert the
364	geocell connecting device through the cell wall slot before
365	inserting through the adjacent cell. Turn the geocell connecting
366	device 90 degrees to lock the panels together.
367	
368	(3) Crushed Aggregate Infill Placement. Place the
369	specified infill with suitable material handling equipment.
370	Spession man salasis material narialing ogalpinom.
371	Infill material shall be free-flowing and not frozen when
372	placed in the geocell sections.
514	piacoa in the goodeli decilona.

374	Overfill cells with infill material. Limit the drop height of infill
375 376	material to avoid damage or displacement of the cell wall.
377	Level surface approximately 2 inches (50 mm) above cell
378	walls. Maintain a 2 inch wear surface over the geocell sections to
379	prevent damage to the cell walls.
380	provent damage to the con wane.
381	Compact infill to a minimum of 95 percent Standard
382	Proctor.
383	
384	Shape compacted surface to required elevation as
385	indicated on the drawings.
386	
387	421.04 Measurement. The permeable surface will be paid on a lump sum
388	basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.
389	
390	421.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted pay items listed below
391	at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the proposal schedule. Payment will
392 393	be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and the contract documents.
393 394	documents.
395	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included
396	in the proposal schedule:
397	in the proposal deficació.
398	Pay Item Pay Unit
399	
400	Permeable Surface Lump Sum
401	·
402	
403	END OF SECTION 421

Amend Section	601 -	STRUCTURAL	CONCRETE to	read as follows
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Description. This section describes structural concrete consisting of 601.01 Portland Cement, fine aggregate, coarse aggregate, and water. It may also include adding admixtures for the purpose of entraining air, retarding, or accelerating set, tinting, and other purposes as required or permitted. All concrete designs for structural concrete to be placed on HDOT Highway projects must use technology to reduce the embodied carbon footprint of concrete used in the highway infrastructure. e.g., carbon dioxide mineralization or equivalent technology such as C-S-H nanoparticle-based strength-enhancing admixture (CSH-SEA), or material that allows the reduction in the size of the carbon footprint of the mix, e.g., strength improving admixtures, supplementary cementitious materials (SCMs), or other Engineer accepted methods that can reduce the embodied carbon footprint of the concrete.

SECTION 601 - STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

17 18 19

601.02 Materials.

20 21

Portland Cement	701.01
Fine Aggregate for Concrete	703.01
Coarse Aggregate for Portland Cement Concrete	703.02
Admixtures	711.03
Water	712.01
MacroSynthetic Fibers for Concrete Reinforcement	719

31 32 33

34

35

Use coarse aggregate for lightweight concrete conforming to ASTM C330 except Sections 5, 7 and 9.

36 37

601.03 Construction.

38 39 40

Quality Control. Portland Cement concrete production requires Contractor responsibility for quality control of materials during handling, blending, mixing, curing, and placement operations.

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Sample, test, and inspect concrete to ensure quality of the components, materials, and concrete. Sampling and testing for quality control must be performed by certified ACI Concrete Field Technician Grade I who must follow the requirements of the standard test methods. Perform

quality control tests for the slump, air content, temperature, unit weight, a Box Test for slip form concrete, or other required properties during the production of structural concrete other than concrete for incidental construction. Submit quality control test results.

(B) Design and Designation of Concrete. Design concrete mixture for concrete work specified. Submit mix designs using State Highways Division form DOT 4-151 or an Engineer accepted equivalent form. Do not start work until the Engineer accepts mix design. The Engineer will accept concrete mix design using information given in Table 601.03-1 - Design of Concrete, and other pertinent requirements.

Whenever 28-day compressive strength, f'c, is 4,000 psi or greater, designate concrete by required minimum 28-day compressive strength.

The 28-day compressive strength, f'c, less than 4,000 psi listed in Table 601.03-1 – Design of Concrete (800 Maximum Cement Content lbs./c.y.), is for design information and designation of class only.

Proportion concrete designated by compressive strength such that concrete conforms to required strength.

Design concrete placed in bridge decks and pavements exposed to traffic wear, with air content of 3 percent, including entrapped and entrained air. Maintain air content for plastic concrete within tolerance of 1 percent air content, plus or minus, during the work.

Use Class BD concrete in bridge deck unless concrete is designated by compressive strength. Incorporate anti-corrosion and shrinkage reduction, water-reducing and set-retarding admixture into concrete mix design, with capability of varying degree of retardation without adversely affecting other characteristics of concrete. Submit design admixture dosage.

When type of concrete is not indicated in the contract documents, use Class A concrete.

Design concrete as specified in Table 601.03-1 – Design of Concrete.

TABLE 601.03-1 - DESIGN OF CONCRETE (800 Maximum Cement Content lbs./c.y.)					
Class of Concrete	28-Day Strength f'c, psi.	Minimum Cement Content Ibs./c.y.	Maximum Water- Cement Ratio, Ib./Ib.	Minimum Cement Content with Mineralized CO2 lbs./c.y.	Maximum Water-Cement Ratio with Mineralized CO2 lb./lb.
Α	3000	532	0.59	504	0.62
В	2500	475	0.66	450	0.70
С	2000	418	0.75	396	0.79
D	1500	380	0.85	360	0.87
BD	3750	610	0.49	NA	NA
SEAL	3000	610	0.55	NA	NA
Designated by Strength f'c or *f'r	As Specified	610	0.49	NA	NA
*f' _r = Specified Modulus of Rupture					

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Proportion concrete materials in accordance with requirements of concrete designated by class, cement content in pounds per cubic yards, or specified 28-day compressive strength, using absolute volume method. Use volumetric proportioning methods as outlined in the American Concrete Institute (ACI) Standard 211.1, "Recommended Practices for Selecting Proportions for Normal and Heavyweight Concrete."

Use coarse aggregate size No. 57 (one inch to No. 4) or No. 67 (3/4) inch to No. 4) for concrete. For concrete placed in bottom slabs and stems of box girders, use No. 67 size aggregate. If accepted by the Engineer in writing, smaller size aggregates are permitted when encountering limited space between forms and reinforcement.

Use the following standard methods in Table 601.03-2 – Standard Methods for determining compliance with requirements indicated in this subsection:

TABLE 601.03-2 - STANDARD METHODS			
Sampling Fresh Mixed Concrete	AASHTO T 141		
Mass Per Cubic Meter (Cubic Foot) Yield and Air Content (Gravimetric) of Concrete	AASHTO T 121		
Slump of Hydraulic Cement Concrete	AASHTO T 119		
Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method	AASHTO T 152		

Specific Gravity and Absorption of Fine Aggregate	AASHTO T 84
Specific Gravity and Absorption of Coarse Aggregate	AASHTO T 85
Temperature of Freshly Mixed Portland Cement Concrete	ASTM C1064
Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in the Field	AASHTO R100
Compressive Strength of Molded Concrete Cylindrical Specimens	AASHTO T 22 (4 inch by 8 inch or 6 inch by 12 inch cylinders)
Flexural Strength of Concrete (Using Simple Beam with Third-Point Loading)	AASHTO T 97

When concrete is designated by compressive strength, f'c, or flexural strength, f'r, or includes CO₂ Mineralization technology, CSH-SEA or SCMs, the Engineer will require prequalification of materials and mix proportions proposed for use before placing such concrete. The Engineer will prequalify concrete based on past performance records using statistical computations of population sizes and (n-1) weighting, or trial batch test reports in compliance with computed minimum average strength for material and mix proportions. The Engineer will determine minimum average strength on probability of not more than one in 20 tests falling below specified strength for the following conditions:

(1) When past performance records are available, furnish the following documented performance records:

(a) Minimum of 15 consecutive 28-day strength tests from projects having same materials and mix proportions.

(b) Two groups totaling 30 or more test results representing similar materials in which mix proportion strengths are within 20 percent of specified strength, from data obtained within one year of proposed use.

The Engineer will analyze performance records to establish standard deviation.

(2) When sufficient past performance records are not provided, the Engineer will assume current standard deviation to be 500 psi for compressive strength, f'c, and 50 psi for flexural strength, f'r.

Unless sufficient performance records are available from other

projects at DOT Materials Testing and Research Branch, submit test performance records or trial test reports for prequalifications, based on data of most recent tests made on concrete of proposed mix design, and data obtained within one year of proposed use.

When shrinkage reducing admixtures are used, submit test results showing compliance to the Contract Documents' requirements.

Include the following information in test data and trial batch test reports: date of mixing; mixing equipment and procedures used; size of batch in cubic yards and weight, type, and source of ingredients used; slump of concrete; air content of concrete when using air entraining agent; age at time of testing; and strength of concrete cylinders tested.

Show that concrete strength tests equal or exceed minimum average strength in trial test reports. Test is average 28-day test results of five consecutive concrete cylinders or concrete beams taken from single batch. No cylinder or beam shall have strength less than 85 percent of minimum average strength.

Submit test data and trial test reports signed by official of firm that performed tests.

The Engineer reserves the right to stop work when a series of low strength tests occur. Do not continue concrete work until cause is established and the Engineer is informed of and accepts, necessary corrective action to be taken.

- **(C) Batching.** Measure and batch materials in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (1) Portland Cement. Either sacked or bulk cement may be used. Do not use fraction of sack of cement in concrete batch unless cement is weighed.

Weigh bulk cement on weighing device accepted by the Engineer. Seal and vent bulk cement-weighing hopper properly to preclude dusting during operation. Do not suspend discharge chute from weighing hopper. Arrange discharge chute so that cement will not lodge in hopper or leak from hopper.

Batching accuracy shall be within 1 percent, plus or minus, of required weight.

(2) Water. Measure water by volume or by weight. Use readily adjustable device for measurement of water, with accuracy within 1

percent, plus or minus, of quantity of water required for batch. Arrange device so that variable pressure in water supply line does not affect measurements. Equip measuring tanks with outside taps and valves or other accepted means to allow for checking calibration.

(3) Aggregates. When storing and stockpiling aggregates, avoid separation of coarse and fine particles within each size, and do not intermix various sizes before proportioning. Protect stored or stockpiled aggregates from dust or other foreign matter. Do not stockpile together, aggregates from different sources and of different gradations.

When transporting aggregates from stockpiles or other sources to batching plant, ensure uniform grading of material is maintained. Do not use aggregates that have become segregated or mixed with earth or foreign matter. Stockpile or bin aggregates at least 12 hours before batching. Produce or handle aggregates by hydraulic methods and wash and drain aggregates. If aggregates exhibit high or non-uniform moisture content, the Engineer will order storage or stockpiling for more than 12 hours.

Proportion aggregates by weight, with the exception that aggregates in concrete for minor structures, curbs, and sidewalks may be proportioned by either volume or weight. For volumetric proportioning, use measuring boxes of known capacity to measure quantity of each aggregate size.

Use batch weight based on dry materials plus total weight of moisture (both absorbed and surface) contained in aggregate. Measure individual aggregates to within 2 percent, plus or minus, of required weight, and total weight of aggregates to within 1 percent, plus or minus, of required weight.

- **(4) Admixtures.** Store, proportion, and dispense admixtures in accordance with the following provisions:
 - (a) Liquid Admixtures. Dispense chemical admixtures, air entraining admixtures, and corrosion inhibiting admixtures in liquid form. Use mechanical dispensers for liquid admixtures with sufficient capacity to measure prescribed quantity for each batch of concrete. Include graduated measuring unit in each dispenser to measure liquid admixtures to within 5 percent, plus or minus, of prescribed quantity for each batch. Read graduations accurately from point of measuring unit, and control proportioning operations to permit visual check of batch accuracy before discharging. Mark each measuring unit clearly

for type and quantity of admixture.

Arrange with supplier to provide sampling device consisting of valve located in safe and accessible location for sampling admixtures.

When using more than one liquid admixture for concrete mix, use separate measuring unit for each liquid admixture and dispense separately to avoid interaction that may interfere with admixture efficiency and adversely affect concrete. Dispense liquid admixture by injecting so as not to mix admixture at high concentrations.

When using liquid admixtures in concrete that is completely mixed in paving or continuous mixers, operate dispensers automatically with batching control equipment. Equip such dispensers with automatic warning system that shall provide visible or audible signals at points where proportioning operations are controlled, when the following occurs: quantity of admixture measured for each batch of concrete.

Unless liquid admixtures are added to batch with pre-measured water, discharge liquid admixtures into stream of water that disperses admixtures uniformly throughout batch. An exception is that air-entraining admixtures may be dispensed directly into moist sand in batching bins, provided adequate control of concrete air content can be maintained.

Measure and disperse special admixtures, as recommended by admixture manufacturer, and as accepted by the Engineer. Special admixtures include high-range water reducers requiring dosages greater than capacity of conventional dispensing equipment. For site-added, high-range water reducers, use calibrated, portable dispenser supplied by manufacturer.

(b) Mineral Admixtures. Protect mineral admixtures from exposure to moisture until used. Pile sacked material of each shipment to permit access for tally, inspection, and identification.

Provide adequate facilities to ensure that mineral admixtures meeting specified requirements are kept separate from other mineral admixtures and that only specified mineral admixtures are allowed to enter into the work. Provide safe and suitable facilities for sampling mineral admixtures at weigh

279 hopper or in feed line immediately in advance of hopper. 280 Incorporate mineral admixtures into concrete using 281 282 equipment conforming to requirements for portland cement weigh hoppers and charging and discharging mechanisms 283 specified in ASTM C94 and Subsection 601.03(C) - Batching. 284 285 286 When concrete is completely mixed in stationary paving 287 or continuous mixers, weigh mineral admixture in separate 288 weigh hopper. Introduce mineral admixture and cement simultaneously into mixer, proportionately with aggregate. 289 290 291 When interlocks are required for cement-charging 292 mechanisms, and cement and mineral admixtures are weighed cumulatively, interlock their charging mechanisms to prevent 293 294 introduction of mineral admixture until mass of cement in weigh 295 hopper is within tolerances specified in Subsection 296 601.03(C)(1) - Portland Cement. 297 298 In determining maximum quantity of free water that may 299 be used in concrete, consider mineral admixture to be cement. 300 301 Bins and Scales. At batching plant, use individual bins, (5) 302 hoppers, and scale for each aggregate size. Include separate bin, hopper, and scale for bulk cement and fly ash. 303 304 305 Except when proportioning bulk cement for pavement or structures, cement weigh hopper may be attached to separate scale 306 for individual weighing or to aggregate scale for cumulative weighing. 307 If cement is weighed cumulatively, weigh cement before other 308 309 ingredients. 310 311 When proportioning for pavement or structures, keep bulk cement scale and weigh hopper separate and distinct from aggregate 312 313 weighing equipment. 314 Use springless-dial or beam-type batching scales. When using 315 316 beam-type scales, make provisions to show operator that required load in weighing hopper is approaching. Use devices that show 317 condition within last 200 pounds of load and within 50 pounds of 318 overload. 319 320 Maintain scale accuracy to 0.5 percent throughout range of 321 322 use. Design poises to lock to prevent unauthorized change of position. Use scales inspected by the State Measurement Standards 323 Branch of the Department of Agriculture to ensure their continued 324

accuracy. Provide not less than ten 50-pound weights for testing scales.

Batching plants may be equipped to proportion aggregates and bulk cement by automatic weighing devices.

(6) Batching and Hauling. When mixing is to be performed at work site, transport aggregates from batching plant to mixer in batch boxes, vehicle bodies, or other containers of adequate capacity and construction. Use partitions to separate batches and prevent spilling from one compartment to another while in transit or during dumping.

Transport bulk cement to mixer in tight compartments carrying full quantity of cement required for batch. Once cement is placed in contact with aggregates, batches shall be mixed and placed within 1-1/2 hours of contact. Cement in original shipping packages may be transported on top of aggregates. Ensure that each batch contains number of sacks required by job mix.

Deliver batches to mixer intact. Charge each batch into mixer without loss of cement. When carrying more than one batch on truck, charge batch into mixer without spilling material from one batch compartment into another.

(D) Mixing. Mix concrete in mechanically operated mixers. When accepted by the Engineer, batches not exceeding 1/3 cubic yard may be hand mixed in accordance with methods described at end of this subsection.

Use stationary or truck mixers that distribute materials thoroughly and produce concrete uniform in color and appearance. When there is variation in mixed concrete attributable to worn pickup or throw-over blades, the Engineer will inspect mixer. If inspection reveals that blades are worn more than one inch below original height of manufacturer's design, repair or replace blades. Upon request, make copy of manufacturer's design, showing dimensions and arrangement of blades.

Charge batches into central or truck mixers so that portion of mixing water enters ahead of cement and aggregates. Deliver uniform flow of water. Place entire amount of batch water in mixer by end of first quarter of mixing period. When mixers with multiple compartment drums are used, time required to transfer material between compartments will be included as mixing time. Use drum rotation speed as designated by manufacturer. If mixing does not produce concrete of uniform and smooth texture, provide additional revolutions at same speed until thorough mixing of each concrete batch is attained. Begin measuring mixing time from time cement, aggregates, and 60 percent of water are in drum. Do not exceed

manufacturer's rated capacity for volume of concrete mixed in each batch.

Equip central or truck mixers with attachment for automatically timing mixing of each concrete batch. Timing device shall include automatic feature for locking discharge chute and device for warning operator when required mixing duration has been met. If timing or locking device fails to operate, immediately furnish clock or watch that indicates seconds, to mixer operator. If timing device is not repaired within three days after becoming inoperative, shut down batching operation until timing device is repaired.

For stationary mixers, use mixing time between 50 seconds and 5 minutes. Select mixing time, as necessary, to produce concrete that meets uniformity criteria when tested in accordance with Section 11.3.3 of ASTM C94. The Contractor may designate mixing time for which uniformity tests are to be performed, provided mixing time is not less than 50 seconds or more than 5 minutes. Before using concrete for pavements or structures, mix concrete to meet specified uniformity requirements. The Contractor shall furnish labor, sampling equipment, and materials required for conducting uniformity tests of concrete mixture. The Engineer will furnish required testing equipment, including scales, cubic measure, and air meter; and will perform tests. The Engineer will not pay separately for labor, equipment, materials, or testing, but will consider the costs incidental to concrete. After batching and mixing operational procedures are established, the Engineer will not allow changes in procedures without the Contractor re-establishing procedures by conducting uniformity tests. Repeat mixer performance tests whenever appearance of concrete or coarse aggregate content of samples is not conforming to requirements of ASTM C94. For truck mixers, add four seconds to specified mixing time if timing starts as soon as skip reaches its maximum raised position.

Unless otherwise indicated in the contract documents or accepted by the Engineer, concrete shall be mixed at proportioning plant. Operate mixer at agitating speed while in transit. Concrete may be truck-mixed only when cement or cement and mixing water are added at point of delivery. Begin mixing truck-mixed concrete immediately after introduction of mixing water to cement and aggregates, or introduction of cement to aggregates.

Inclined-axis, revolving drum truck mixers shall conform to Truck Mixer, Agitator and Front Discharge Concrete Carrier Standards TMMB 100-01, 15th Revision, published by Truck Mixer Manufacturers Bureau. Truck mixers shall produce thoroughly mixed and uniform mass of concrete and shall discharge concrete without segregation.

Manufacturer's standard metal rating plate shall be attached to each truck mixer, stating maximum rating capacity in terms of volume of mixed concrete for various uses; and maximum and minimum mixing speeds.

When using truck mixers for mixing, adhere to maximum capacity shown on metal rating plate for volume of concrete in each batch.

Operate truck mixers at mixing speed designated by manufacturer, but at not less than 6 or more than 18 revolutions per minute. Mix truck-mixed concrete initially between 70 and 100 revolutions at manufacturer-designated mixing speed, after ingredients, including water, are in mixer. Water may be added to mixture not more than two times after initial mixing is completed. Each time that water is added, turn drum an additional 30 revolutions or more at mixing speed until concrete is mixed uniformly.

 When furnishing shrink-mixed concrete, transfer partially mixed concrete at central plant to truck mixer. Apply requirements for truck-mixed concrete. The Engineer will not credit number of revolutions at mixing speed for partial mixing in central plant.

 When accepted by the Engineer, concrete batches not exceeding 1/3 cubic yard may be hand mixed on a watertight, level platform. Measure proper amount of coarse aggregate in measuring boxes and spread on platform. Spread fine aggregate on that coarse aggregate layer. Limit coarse and fine aggregate layers to total depth of one foot. Spread dry cement on this mixture. Turn whole mass not less than two times dry. Add sufficient clean water, distributed evenly. Turn whole mass again, not less than three times, not including placing in carriers or forms.

(E) Transporting Mixed Concrete. Transport central-mixed concrete to delivery point in truck agitators or truck mixers operating at speed designated by equipment manufacturer as agitating speed; or in non-agitating hauling equipment, provided consistency and workability of mixed concrete upon discharge at delivery point is suitable for placement and consolidation in place; and provided mixed concrete after hauling to delivery point conforms to uniformity criteria when tested as specified in Section 12.5 of ASTM C94.

For revolving drum truck mixers transporting central-mixed concrete, limit concrete volume to manufacturer's rated capacity for agitator operation. Maintain agitating speed for both revolving drum mixers and revolving blade type agitators as designated on manufacturer's data plate. Equip truck mixers or truck agitators with electrically or mechanically actuated counters. Actuate counters after introducing cement to aggregates.

Bodies of non-agitating hauling equipment shall be smooth, watertight, metal containers equipped with gates to permit control of concrete discharge. Protect open-topped haul vehicle against weather with cover accepted by the Engineer. When hauling concrete in non-agitating trucks, complete discharge within 30 minutes after introducing mixing water to cement and aggregates.

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486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 500
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486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502
486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501
486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 500 501 502 503 504 505
486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504
486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 500 501 502 503 504 505
486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506

When truck mixer or agitator is used for transporting central-mixed concrete to delivery point, complete discharge within 1-1/2 hours, or before 250 revolutions of drum or blades, whichever comes first after introduction of mixing water to cement and aggregates, or cement to aggregates. For truck-mixed concrete, complete concrete discharge within 1-1/2 hours, or before 300 revolutions of drum or blades, whichever comes first. These limitations are permitted to waived if concrete is of such slump after the 1-1/2 hour time or 300-revolution limit has been reached, that it can be placed, without addition of water to the batch.

Submit delivery tickets from manufacturers of truck-mixed concrete and central-mixed concrete with each truckload of concrete before unloading at jobsite. Printed, stamped, or written delivery ticket shall include the following information:

- (1) Name of concrete plants.
- (2) Serial number of ticket.
- (3) Date and truck number.
- (4) Name of Contractor.
- **(5)** Specific project, route, or designation of job (name and location).
- **(6)** Specific class or designation of concrete in accordance with contract documents.
- (7) Quantity of concrete in cubic yards.
- (8) Time of loading batch or mixing of cement and aggregates.
- (9) Water added by receiver of concrete and receiver's initials.
- (10) Information necessary to calculate total mixing water added by producer. Total mixing water includes free water on aggregates, water, and water added by truck operator from mixer tank.
- (11) Readings of non-resettable revolution counters of truck mixers after introduction of cement to aggregates, or introduction of mixing water to cement aggregates.
- (12) Supplier's mix number or code.

Furnish additional information designated by the Engineer and

(F) Consistency. Regulate quantity of water used in concrete mixes so that concrete consistency, as determined by AASHTO T 119 test method, is within nominal slump range specified in Table 601.03-3 - Slump for Concrete. If concrete slump exceeds nominal slump, adjust mixture of subsequent batches. If slump exceeds maximum slump, the Engineer will reject concrete unless deemed satisfactory for its use.

The Engineer will also reject harsh or unworkable concrete that cannot be properly placed. Remove rejected concrete at no increase in contract price or contract time.

Slump for concrete shall be as specified in Table 601.03-3 – Slump for Concrete.

TABLE 601.03-3 - SLUM	P FOR CONCRE	TE
Type of Work	Nominal Slump Inches	Maximum Slump Inches
Concrete Pavements	0 – 3	3-1/2
Reinforced Concrete Structures: Sections Over 12 Inches Sections 12 Inches Thick or Less	0 – 4 2 – 5	5 6
Non-Reinforced Concrete Facilities	1 – 3	4
Concrete Placed Underwater	6 – 8	9
Bridge Decks	0 – 3	3-1/2

In adverse or difficult conditions that may affect placement of concrete, the above slump limitations may be exceeded for placement workability, with the addition of admixture conforming to Subsection 711.03 - Admixtures, if accepted by the Engineer in writing and provided water-cement ratio is maintained. Provide additional cement and water, or admixture at no increase in contract price or contract time.

(G) Forms. Construct forms in accordance with applicable sections.

(H) Placing Concrete. Place concrete in accordance with applicable sections.

(I) Finishing Concrete Surfaces. Finish concrete surfaces in accordance with applicable sections.

(J) Curing Concrete. Cure concrete in accordance with applicable sections.

543	
544	601.04 Measurement. The Engineer will measure concrete in accordance with
545	the applicable sections.
546	
547	601.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted concrete under the
548	applicable sections.
549	
550	
551	END OF SECTION 601

1	SECTION 607 – CHAIN LINK FENCES AND GATES
2	
3	Make the following amendment to said Section:
4	
5	(I) Amend 607.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 105 to 106 to read:
6	
7	"607.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure chain link fences and
8	gates for payment."
9	
10	(II) Amend 607.05 – Payment by revising lines 108 to 115 to read as follows:
11	
12	"607.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for chain link fences and
13	gates separately. The Engineer will consider the price for chain link fences and
14	gates included in the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage
15	Containers. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section
16	and contract documents.
17	
18	The price includes full compensation for provided all submittals, furnishing
19	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing chain link fences and gates
20	and all incidentals necessary to complete the work."
21	
22	END OF OFOTION AST
23	END OF SECTION 607

1 2	Make the	e toll	owing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
3 4			SECTION 608 - MODULAR STORAGE CONTAINER
5 6 7 8 9		stor	escription. This section describes the provision and construction of a age containers facility, or Administrative-Storage Building, as indicated and specified herein.
0	608.02	Ma	aterials
1 2	(A	A)	Modular Storage Container
3 4 5 6 7			(1) Modular storage containers shall be typical ISO (International Standards Organization) shipping container, 40-feet length x 8-feet wide x 8-feet 6-inches high. Provide original modular storage container cargo double doors.
8 9 20 21			(2) Container No. 1 - provide one (1) 3-foot x seven-foot exterior steel door and frame as located. Paint all inside and outside surfaces Provide plywood sheathing over the existing wood floor.
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29			(3) Container No. 2 – Office Modular Container shall have a finished interior and exterior. Provide one (1) 3-foot x seven-foot exterior stee entrance door and frame; five (5) aluminum sliding windows; one (1 interior partition with interior door; perimeter doors; insulated walls at the exterior and ceiling with a gypsum board, painted finish. Provide plywood sheathing over the existing wood floor; and luxury vinyl plank finish flooring.
1 2 3			(4) Container No. 3 – Storage Container; paint exterior as indicated in the Finish Schedule. Provide plywood sheathing over the existing wood floor.
5	(E	3)	Storage Container Facility
66 57 58			(1) Materials shall conform to the following Sections:
1 1 1 2 3 4 5 6			Section 607 – Chain Link Fences and Gates Section 658 – Concrete Unit Masonry Section 665 – Rough Carpentry Section 667 – Shop-Fabricated Wood Trusses Section 673 – Structural Steel Framing Section 674 – Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim Section 675 – Sheathing Section 676 – Joint Sealants

47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56		Section 677 – Railings and Handrails Section 678 – Resilient Flooring Section 679 – Metal Fabrications Section 681 – Aluminum Windows Section 682 – Steel Doors and Frames Section 683 – Door Hardware Section 684 – Preformed Metal Roofing Section 685 – Gypsum Board Section 687 – Painting Section 688 – Glazing
57 58		Section 689 – Termite Control Section 690 – Batt Insulation
59 60	608.03 C	onstruction
61	000.03 C	onstruction
62	(A)	Submittals. Submit in accordance with Subsection 105.02 -
63 64		Submittals.
65		(1) Product Data. Submit modular storage container product
66		literature.
67 68		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings showing door, louvers,
69		and installation.
70		
71	(B)	The finished build-out of Office Container No. 2 shall conform to the
72 73		following sections, or it can alternatively be pre-manufactured off-site
73 74		provided that it conforms to the following sections:
75		Section 658 – Concrete Unit Masonry
76		Section 665 – Rough Carpentry
77 70		Section 673 – Structural Steel Framing
78 79		Section 676 – Joint Sealants Section 678 – Resilient Flooring
80		Section 681 – Aluminum Windows
81		Section 682 – Steel Doors And Frames
82		Section 683 – Door Hardware
83		Section 685 – Gypsum Board
84 85		Section 687 – Painting Section 688 – Glazing
86		Section 690 – Batt Insulation
87		
88	(C)	Installation of Modular Storage Container
89 90		(1) Modular storage containers shall be delivered to the site and
90 91		(1) Modular storage containers shall be delivered to the site and installed on unit masonry pedestals.
92		metallica on anni masorny podostalo.

93		(2) Set modular storage container accurately in position and secure
94		to pedestals, plumb, and level.
95		
96	(D)	Construction of the Storage Container Facility and necessary
97		incidentals to complete the work shall be in accordance with the
98		following Sections:
99		
100		Section 607 – Chain Link Fences and Gates
101		Section 658 – Concrete Unit Masonry
102		Section 665 – Rough Carpentry
103		Section 667 – Shop-Fabricated Wood Trusses
104		Section 673 – Structural Steel Framing
105		Section 674 – Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim
106		Section 675 – Sheathing
107		Section 676 – Joint Sealants
108		Section 677 – Railings and Handrails
109		Section 678 – Resilient Flooring
110		Section 679 – Metal Fabrications
111		Section 681 – Aluminum Windows
112		Section 682 – Steel Doors and Frames
113		Section 683 – Door Hardware
114		Section 684 – Preformed Metal Roofing
115		Section 685 – Gypsum Board
116		Section 687 – Painting
117		Section 688 – Glazing
118		Section 689 – Termite Control
119		Section 690 – Batt Insulation
120		
121		easurement. Modular storage containers and facility will be paid on a
122	lump sum ba	asis. Measurement for payment will not apply.
123		
124		ayment. The Engineer will pay for modular storage containers and facility
125		t lump sum basis. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed
126	in this sectio	n and contract documents.
127		
128		price includes full compensation for submitting product data and shop
129		mplying with local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations; obtaining the
130	necessary p	ermits and licenses; publishing or posting the required notices; and

The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal schedule:

construction of modular storage containers and incidentals necessary.

139	Pay Item	Pay Unit
140		
141	Construction of Modular Storage Containers Facility and	Lump Sum
142	Incidentals Necessary	·
143	•	
144		
145	END OF SECTION 608	

1	Make the fol	lowing	section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3	SEC	TION 6	09 – PRECAST CONCRETE RESTROOM BUILDING
4			
5			
6	609.01 De	escripti	ion. This section describes the construction and placing of a
7	•		stroom building. The precast concrete restroom building shall
8			sh precast concrete toilet building as produced by CXT
9			approved equal. The Contractor shall be responsible for
10	•	applica	ble permits for the installation of the precast concrete restroom
11	building.		
12	Λ.Ι	lmatar	iala and ward in this spection shall conform to the following
13		ı mater	ials and work in this section shall conform to the following
14 15	standards:		
16	(A)	Δmar	ican Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
17	(~)	Aillei	dan doolety for redding and materials (Adrin).
18		(1)	ASTM C33 – Concrete Aggregates
19		` '	33 3
20		(2)	ASTM C39 - Method of Test for Compressive Strength of
21		Cylind	rical Concrete Specimens
22			
23		(3)	ASTM C94 – Standard Specification for Read-Mixed Concrete
24			
25		(4)	ASTM C143 – Method of Test for Slump of Concrete
26		(5)	AOTN 0450 OL 1 10 'C' C D II 10 L
27		(5)	ASTM C150 – Standard Specification for Portland Cement
28		(6)	ASTM C172 Standard Practice for Sampling Freehly Mixed
29 30		(6) Concr	ASTM C172 – Standard Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed
31		Conci	ete
32		(7)	ASTM A185 - Standard Specification for Steel Welded Wire
33		` ,	procedure, Plain, or Concrete
34		1 (0)11110	ricement, Figure, or Cornerete
35		(8)	ASTM C192 - Method of Making and Curing Test Specimens
36		` '	Laboratory
37			•
38		(9)	ASTM C231 - Standard Test Method for Air Content of
39		Fresh	y Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method
40			
41		` '	ASTM C309 – Standard Specifications for Liqui Membrane-
42		Formi	ng Compounds for Curing Concrete
43		14.43	AOTH 0404 OF L L O 10 11 11 11 11 11
44		` '	ASTM C494 – Standard Specification for Chemical
45		Admix	tures for Concrete
46			

47 48	(12) ASTM A615 - Standard Specification for Deformed and Plain Carbon-Steel Bar for Concrete Reinforcement
49 50 51	(13) ASTM C618 – Standard Specification for Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcine Natural Pozzolan for Use in Concrete
52 53 54	(14) ASTM C979 – Standard Specification for Pigments for Integrally Colored Concrete
555657	(15) ASTM D1557 – Standard Test Methods for Laboratory Compaction Characteristics of Soil Using Modified Effort
58 59	(B) American Concrete Institute (ACI).
60 61 62	(1) ACI 211.1 – Standard Practice for Selecting Proportions for Normal, Heavyweight, and Mass Concrete
63 64 65	(2) ACI 306 – Cold Weather Concreting
66 67	(3) ACI 318 – Building Code Requirements Structural Concrete and Commentary (includes Errata)
68 69 70	(C) Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute (PCI).
71 72	(1) PCI MNL 116 – Quality Control for Plants and Production of Precast Prestressed Concrete Products
73 74	609.02 Materials.
75 76 77	(A) Concrete – General. The concrete mix design shall be designed to ACI 211.1 to produce concrete of good workability.
78 79 80 81	Concrete shall contain a minimum of 675 pounds of cementitious material per yard. Cement is a low alkali type I/II or III conforming to ASTM C-150.
82 83 84 85	Coarse aggregates used in the concrete mix design shall conform to ASTM C33 with the designated size of coarse aggregate #67.
86 87	Maximum water/cement ratio will not exceed .45.
88 89 90	Air-entraining admixtures shall conform to ASTM C260. Water reducing admixtures shall conform to ASTM C494, Type A.
90 91 92 93	If Self Compacting Concrete (SCC) is used, it must conform to ASTM C1611.

94	(B) Concrete Reinforcement. All reinforcing steel shall conform to
95	ASTM A615. All welded wire fabric shall conform to ASTM A185.
96	
97	All reinforcement shall be new, free of dirt, oil, paint, grease, loose
98	mill scale and loose or thick rust when placed.
99	
100	Details not shown on drawings or specified shall be to ACI318.
101	
102	Steel reinforcement shall be centered in the cross-sectional area of
103	the walls and shall have at least 11/4" of cover on the under surface of the
104	floor.
105	The manifesture ellevishing variation for contagnostics of
106	The maximum allowable variation for center-center spacing of
107	reinforcing steel shall be ½".
108	Full longths of reinferging steel are used when possible When
109	Full lengths of reinforcing steel are used when possible. When
110 111	splices are necessary on long runs, splices are alternated from opposite sides of the components for adjacent steel bars.
111	sides of the components for adjacent steel bars.
113	Lap bars under #4 a minimum of 12" bar diameters.
113	Lap bars under #4 a minimum of 12 bar diameters.
115	Lap bars larger than #4 a minimum of 24" bar diameters.
116	Eap bard larger than "+ a minimum of 2+ bar diameters.
117	Reinforcing bars shall be bent cold. No bars partially embedded in
118	concrete shall be field bent unless approved by the Engineer.
119	
120	(C) Caulking, Grout, Adhesive and Sealer. Caulking service
121	temperature range shall be -40°F to +194°F.
122	
123	Interior and exterior joints shall be caulked with a paintable
124	polyurethane sealant.
125	
126	Grout shall be a non-shrink type and painted to match the color of
127	surrounding concrete as nearly as possible.
128	
129	Cement base coating shall be formulated with a very fine aggregate
130	system and shall be a built-in bonding agent.
131	
132	(D) Paint. All paints and materials shall conform to all federal
133	specifications or be similar "top-of-the-line-components." Type of paints for
134	toilets shall conform to the following:
135	
136	(1) Inside concrete surfaces. Interior floors shall be a chemical
137	resistant urethane. The color shall be gray.
138	

139	Interior walls and ceilings shall be a modified acrylic, water
140	repellent penetrating stain. The color shall be white followed by a
141	clear acrylic anti-graffiti sealer.
142	, ,
143	(2) Metal Surfaces. Metal surfaces both inside and out shall be
144	DTM ALKYD.
145	
146	(3) Exterior concrete surfaces. Exterior slab shall be clear
147	sealer.
148	
149	Exterior walls and roof shall be a water repellent penetrating
150	stain in the same color as the walls or roof followed by a clear acrylic
151	anti-graffiti sealer.
152	ana grama ooalon
153	(E) Grab Bars. Grab bars shall be 18-gauge, type 304 stainless steel
154	with 1½" clearance. Grab bars shall each be able to withstand 300-pound
155	top loading.
156	top roading.
157	(F) Toilet Paper Dispenser. Dispenser shall be constructed of 1/4" thick,
158	type 304 stainless steel. Dispenser shall be capable of holding three (3)
159	standard rolls of toilet paper. Toilet paper holder fastening system shall be
160	able to withstand 300-pound top loading.
161	able to Williams out pound top loading.
162	(G) Steel Doors. Doors shall be flush panel type 13/4" thick, minimum
163	16-gauge galvanized steel, top painted with DTM ALKYD.
164	To gadgo garvariized eteor, top painted with B TM / LECT B.
165	Door frames shall be knockdown or welded type, single rabbet,
166	minimum 16-gauge prime coated steel top painted with DTM ALKYD, width
167	to suit wall thickness. Three (3) rubber door silencers shall be provided on
168	latch side of frame.
169	
170	(H) Door Hinges. Door hinges shall be three (3) per door with dull
171	chrome plating $4\frac{1}{2}$ " x $4\frac{1}{2}$ ", adjustable tension, and automatic closing for
172	each door.
173	
174	(I) Lockset. Lockset shall meet ANSI A156.2 Series 4000, Grade 1
175	cylindrical lockset for exterior door.
176	Symmatical resident for exterior agent.
177	Lever handles shall be used both inside and out.
178	Lover Harrance chair be accar bear morae and can
179	Either handle shall operate latch unless outside handle is locked by
180	inside push-button.
181	moras paon batton.
182	Push-button shall automatically release when inside lever handle is
183	turned or door is closed.
184	tarries of soor to diodos.
101	

185	Lockset shall have an emergency slot on exterior so door can be
186	unlocked from the outside with a coin, screwdriver, etc.
187	
188	Insider lever shall always be active.
189	
190	Lockset shall be U.S. 26D finish.
191	
192	(J) Dead Bolt. Dead bolt shall be certified ANSI/BHMA A156.5-2001
193	Grade 1, heavy duty tamper resistant, with a 2¾" backset and U.S. 26D
194	finish.
195	
196	(K) Doorstop. Doorstop shall be a dome style stop meeting ANSI
197	156.16.
198	
199	(L) Double Coat Hook. Coat hook shall be 304 stainless steel 16-
200	gauge (1.5mm), formed construction with a satin finish and have $\frac{3}{16}$ " x $\frac{7}{8}$ "
201	nail in anchor. Upper hook shall extend at least 21/2" from the wall. Lower
202	hook shall extend at least 1¼" from the wall.
203	
204	(M) Door Sweep. Door sweep shall be provided at the bottom of door
205	and shall be an adjustable brush type.
206	
207	(N) Wall Vent. Wall vent shall be crank operated allowing the unit to be
208	opened or closed. Crank shall be removable. Vent cover shall be 14-gauge
209	304 stainless steel and anchored into the concrete wall with high strength
210	anti-rust tap con fasteners. Vent shall come with insect screen. Cover shall
211	be recessed a minimum 3/4" on exterior walls with a 45-degree bevel. Interior
212	to be flush mounted. Wall vent shall not protrude from the wall.
213	·
214	(O) Signs. Signs shall have raised pictograms, letters, and braille to
215	meet ADA.
216	
217	(P) Windows. Window frames shall be constructed from steel. Window
218	glazing shall be $\frac{3}{16}$ " thick translucent pebble finished mar-resistant Lexan.
219	Windows shall have 3/4" recess with 45-degree bevel. Window frames shall
220	have vandal resistant fasteners.
221	
222	(Q) Mirrors. Mirror shall be 18" x 36" frameless 430 18-gauge stainless
223	steel with #8 bright polish.
224	ŭ '
225	(R) Plumbing. All fixtures shall meet ANSI A112.19.2. Plumbing shall
226	be concealed in the service area. Plumbing shall include a main shut-off
227	valve and drain, and a trap primer distribution unit.
228	
229	Flush valve shall be a concealed closet flush-o-meter constructed of
230	rough brass. Furnish valve with integral vacuum breaker and wall mounted
	-

231	•	button. Valve shall be of a water saver type with a flow of 1.6 gallons
232 233	per fl	usii.
233 234		Hammer arrester shall be installed on water line.
235		Hammer arrester shall be installed on water line.
235 236		Hose bib shall be available in the chase area.
237		Tiose bib stiali be avaliable in the chase area.
238		Lavatory shall be vitreous china with back splashguard, front
239	overf	low opening, equipped with brass trap and drainpipe without stopper.
240		shall be 20" wide x 18" front to back x $5\frac{3}{4}$ " deep with ADA trap cover.
241	On it.	onali be 20 Wide X 10 Hone to back X 0/4 deep With ABAC trap cover.
242		Toilet shall be constructed of vitreous china, wall hung, with siphon
243	iet ad	ction. Toilet shall have a back spud for a concealed flush valve
244	•	ection and shall be mounted with the top of the seat 18" above the
245		ed floor. Seat shall be heavy duty solid plastic with an open front.
246		ou noon ocutonum so nouty uuty oonu places mar an open none
247		Waste and vent material shall be ABS or PVC plastic and shall be
248	pluml	bed to meet Uniform Building Codes.
249	p	general mass of mass of the same of the sa
250		Water material shall be copper tubing Type L, hard drawn. A gate
251	valve	shall be provided at the inlet end of the water line. All water lines shall
252		a size to provide proper flushing action based on a nominal water
253		sure of 40 psi.
254	•	·
255		Water valve shall be self-closing water set with indexed push button.
256		
257	(S)	Plumbing Shower Section/Room.
258		
259		(1) Shower Control Unit. Shower control unit shall be 14-gauge,
260		type 304 stainless steel recessed shower panel with 2.5 gpm flow
261		rate, pressure balancing valve, recessed soap dish and integral
262		stainless steel shower head.
263		
264		(2) ADA Shower Control Unit. ADA shower control unit shall be
265		14-gauge, type 304 stainless steel recessed shower panel with 2.5
266		gpm flow rate, pressure balancing valve, recessed soap dish, high
267		low diverter valve, and high low integral stainless steel shower
268		heads.
269		(O) D : (C)
270		(3) Provide high efficiency commercial grade water heater(s) per
271		code.
272	/ T \	Electrical All components shall be III listed
273 274	(T)	Electrical. All components shall be UL listed.
274 275		Breaker panel shall be 100 amps, mounted to most electrical code
275 276		Breaker panel shall be 100 amps, mounted to meet electrical code.

277 278	Interior lighting shall be vandal resistant fixtures with built-in occupancy sensor, energy efficient LED lights, and lifetime warranty.
279	
280 281	Exterior lighting shall be vandal resistant fixtures with built-in photoelectric switch and energy efficient LED lights.
282	Expense for aboli he all wat location matical activated with annual
283 284	Exhaust fans shall be all wet location motion activated with speed control in chase area to control CFM.
28 4 285	Control in chase area to control CFW.
286 287	Wiring shall be conduit, surface mounted in the service area and concealed in the user compartments. All wire shall be copper.
288	consecuted in the aser compartments. All wife shall be copper.
289	609.03 Construction.
290 291	(A) Manufacturer Criteria. The manufacturer supplying the precast
292	concrete restroom building must meet the following:
293	
294	(1) Manufacturer must be ISO 9001 certified at the time of bid.
295	
296	(2) Manufacturing plant must be PCI certified at the time of bid.
297	
298	(3) Manufacturer must not have defaulted on any contract within
299	the last five (5) years.
300	
301	(4) Manufacturer must provide stamped, engineered drawings
302	prior to acceptance.
303	(F) Manufacturer mount be an a consequent minute hidding
304	(5) Manufacturer must be pre-approved prior to bidding.
305 306	(6) Manufacturer must show four (4) examples of precast
300 307	(6) Manufacturer must show four (4) examples of precast concrete flush facilities produced, installed and in use as an example
308	of their ability to perform this contract.
309	of their ability to perform this contract.
310	(7) Manufacturer shall provide a one (1) year warranty on all
311	concrete components. The warranty is valid only when concrete is
312	used within the specified loadings. Furthermore, said warranty
313	includes only the related material necessary for the construction and
314	fabrication of said concrete components.
315	·
316	(8) UL 752 Bullet Resistance on 4" thick concrete samples.
317	
318	(B) Design Criteria. The design criteria are to ensure that the restroom
319	building not only will withstand the forces of nature listed below, but to
320	provide protection from vandalism and other unforeseen hazards. Building's
321	structural and foundation design shall be relevant to the region and
322	properties associated with its final placement. Design shall also meet all
323	applicable accessibility and building code requirements. Buildings shall also

324 325	meet by the		structural loads such as below, but not limited to/or restricted
326	,		
327		(1)	Floor Load. The restroom building shall withstand 400 PSF
328		floor lo	<u> </u>
329			
330		(2)	Wind Load. The restroom building shall withstand the effects
331		01 150	miles per hour (3-second gust) wind exposure C.
332		(0)	Forthernal The manner building shall with stand the
333 334		(3) effects	Earthquake. The restroom building shall withstand the of a seismic group 1 design category E earthquake.
335			
336		(4)	Additional Design Standards.
337			
338			(a) The restroom building shall meet the accessibility
339			requirements put forth by federal, state, and local statutes.
340			
341			(b) The restroom building shall be an all-concrete design
342			with a minimum 3/12 roof pitch. The restroom building shall
343			have a minimum 4" wall, $4\frac{1}{2}$ " roof, and 5" floor thickness.
344			, ,
345			(c) All wall to floor interior surface seams shall have a
346			minimum 1" radius coving made of high strength grout.
347			The second of th
348			(d) Recycled material and LED lighting shall be used.
349			(a)gaa. aa a
350	(C)	Manuf	facture.
351	(-)	mana	
352		(1)	Finishing Concrete. All exterior building walls and exterior
353		` '	walls shall be any one of the available textures. All exterior
354			es of the roof panels shall be cast to simulate any one of the
355			ole textures. The underside of the overhang shall have a
356			h finish.
357		3111001	ii iiiioii.
358		(2)	Cracks and Patching. Cracks in concrete components
359		` '	are judged to affect the structural integrity of the building shall
360		be reje	ecteu.
361			Cmall balas, depressions, and air vaids aball he notabed with
362		· · · · · · · ·	Small holes, depressions, and air voids shall be patched with
363			able material. The patch shall match the finish and texture of
364		tne su	rrounding surface.
365			Datables is and allowed as defined as 100 to
366		:4	Patching is not allowed on defective areas if the structural
367		ıntegri	ty of the building is affected.
368	(B)	.	in a good Fabrication
369	(D)	Finish	ing and Fabrication.
370			

371	(1)	Struc	ctural Joints. Wall components shall be joined together
372	with t	wo (2) v	welded plate pairs at each joint. Each weld plate shall be
373	6" lon	g and l	located one (1) pair in the top quarter and one (1) pair ir
374			quarter of the seam. Weld plates shall be anchored into
375			panel and welded together with a continuous weld.
376			
377		The i	inside seams shall be a paintable caulk. The outside
378	seam		use a caulk in a coordinating building color or clear.
379			
380		Walls	and roof shall be joined with weld plates, 3" x 6" at each
381	buildi	ng corr	•
382			
383		The id	oint between the floor slab and walls shall be joined with
384	a grou	-	ure on the inside, a matching colored caulk on the outside
385	_		weld plates 6" long per wall.
386		(-)	P
387	(2)	Paint	ing/Staining.
388	(-/		g.
389		(a)	An appropriate curing time shall be allowed before
390		` '	is applied to concrete.
391		panne	is applied to consider
392		(b)	Schedule of Finishes.
393		(2)	
394			(i) Inside Concrete Surfaces. Inside floors shall
395			be one (1) coat of 1-part water based chemica
396			resistant urethane.
397			Todotant drothano.
398			Interior walls and ceilings shall be two (2) coats
399			of a modified acrylic, water repellant penetrating stain.
400			followed by one (1) coat of clear sealer.
401			Tollowed by one (1) coat of clear coaler.
402			(ii) Metal Surfaces. Metal surfaces both inside and
403			out shall be two (2) coats of DTM ALKYD.
404			out offair bo two (2) could of B TW ALICED.
405			(iii) Exterior Concrete Surfaces. Exterior walls
406			shall be two (2) coats of water repellant penetrating
407			stain in the same color as the walls or roof followed by
408			one (1) coat of clear acrylic anti-graffiti sealer.
409			one (1) coat of oldar acrylle artif-graniti scalor.
410	(E) Testi	na Th	ne following tests shall be performed on concrete used ir
411		_	f toilets. All testing shall be performed in PCI certified
412			ng shall only be performed by qualified individuals who
413			ed ACI Technician Grade 1. Sampling shall be in
413 414	accordance		• •
415	accordance	WILLI A	511VI 5112.
T1 <i>J</i>			

416 417 418	(1) The air content of the concrete shall be checked per ASTM C231 on the first batch of concrete. The air content shall be in the range of 5.0% +/- 2.0%.
419	Tange of 5.0 % 17- 2.0 %.
420	(2) The compressive strength of the cylinders shall be tested to
421	ASTM C39. Provide one (1) cylinder for release, one (1) for seven
422	(7) days and one (1) for 28 days. The release must be a minimum
423	strength of 2500 psi, the 7-day must be a minimum of 4500 psi and
424	the 28-day must be a minimum of 5000 psi.
425	and 20 day made be a miniman or odde per.
426	(3) A copy of all test reports shall be provided as soon as 28-day
427	test results are available.
428	
	(F) Installation. The precast concrete restroom building shall be placed
	on a prepared foundation.
431	
432	(1) Location. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to provide
433	exact location by stakes or other approved method. The site shall be
434	level and free of overhead and/or underground obstructions.
435	Contractor shall provide access to the site for truck delivery and
436	sufficient area for the crane to install and the equipment to perform
437	the contract requirements. Water, electrical, and sewage site
438	connections to be placed according to drawings and be placed to
439	easily connect to the building.
440	·
441	(2) Compacting. The bottom of the installation area must be
442	compacted after it has been dug out. After the base has been placed,
443	it must be compacted as well. The bearing of the soil and base shall
444	be a minimum of 1,500 pounds per square foot.
445	
446	(3) Base. After compacting the bottom of the installation area,
447	the base shall be a minimum of 6" thick and consist of 3/4" minus
448	crushed rock (i.e. road base material) compacted to 95% of optimal
449	density in accordance with ASTM D1557. Finished surface of sub-
450	base shall be flat and level, with a maximum deviation of $-\frac{1}{2}$ ", +0"
451	from a true horizontal plane.
452	
453	The base shall be placed for support, leveling and drainage
454	purposes. The base must be confined so as to prevent washout,
455	erosion, or any other undermining.
456	
457	(4) Access to Site. Delivery to site shall be made on normal
458	highway trucks and trailers. If at the time of delivery conditions of
459	access are hazardous or unsuitable for trucks and equipment due to
460	weather, physical constraints, roadway width or grade, the
461	Manufacturer may require an alternate site with better access
462	provided to ensure a safe and quality installation. In any such case,
	I-H3-1(75)

463 464	additional cost for cranes, trucking, Contractor.	etc. will be charged to the
465 466 467 468	609.04 Measurement. The precast concrete resalump sum basis. Measurement for payment will no	<u> </u>
469 470 471 472 473	609.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the a at the contract price per pay unit, as shown in the price full compensation for work prescribed in the documents.	oposal schedule. Payment will
474 475 476	The Engineer will pay for each of the folloin the proposal schedule:	wing pay items when included
477 478	Pay Item	Pay Unit
479 480 481 482	Precast Concrete Restroom Building	Lump Sum
483	END OF SECTION 60	9

Make the following	section a	part of the	e Standard	Specifications

SECTION 615 – CULTURAL SENSITIVITY TRAINING, MONITORING, AND PROTECTION OF CULTURAL SITES

615.01 Description. Numerous archaeological surveys, reconnaissance studies, and data recovery within the Luluku project area were conducted over a period of decades (1970s-1990s). The boundaries of the existing construction limits are not located within proximity to any previously identified archaeological sites or features, however, the area is considered part of the larger Luluku Cultural Landscape

This project is considered part of the mitigation actions agreed to by FHWA, HDOT, and Luluku Farmers' Association - Aloha 'Āina Health & Learning Center (LFA-AHLC), in order to mitigate some of the adverse impacts caused by the construction of the H-3 Freeway in the Luluku project area.

 The recognized steward group LFA-AHLC are the Cultural Monitors for any construction activities occuring in the Luluku project area to ensure that historic sites are not adversely affected. This work includes engaging in consultation and cultural sensitivity training/orientation with LFA-AHLC.

615.02 Materials. None Specified.

615.03 Construction Requirements. Working with LFA-AHLC shall be incidental; no delay claim for extended overhead, impact cost or change in work will be permitted as a result of coordination with the stewards regarding cultural sensitivity training/orientation, and inadvertent discoveries.

Contractor shall work cooperatively with HDOT and LFA-AHLC to ensure the following requirements are met:

 (A) LFA-AHLC shall provide cultural sensitivity training/orientation for all Contractor field office and field construction personnel prior to any personnel entering the project site. A training/orientation session will be held prior to mobilization. If there are additional or new personnel during the duration of the project, the Contractor shall notify the Construction Manager (CM) two (2) weeks in advance to schedule cultural sensitivity training/orientation prior to entering the project site. The cultural sensitivity training/orientation session will include:

(1) Overview of the Luluku Cultural Landscape including: current board of directors and members of LFA-AHLC, other organizations and community groups participating in stewardship activities, historical and cultural features, and traditional practices of Native Hawaiians of the area.

93	immediately if any such resources are encountered.
94	
95	(1) The CM will contact the State Historic Preservation Division
96	(SHPD) of the Department of Land and Natural Resources (DLNR) and
97	other agencies to evaluate such findings and decide the course of
98	action. The Contractor shall perform work at other locations within the
99	project site while a determination is being made. No claim for extended
100	overhead impact costs or change in work will be permitted. Project time
101	extension will be granted as justified. Do not count delays resulting from
102	the Cultural Monitoring work and discoveries.
103	
104	(2) Do not count delays resulting from the discovery, investigation,
105	and handling of such findings against the completion date. The CM and
106	HDOT will govern suspension of work according to Subsection 108.10 -
107	Suspension of Work. The Contractor shall conform to HRS Chapter 6E,
108	Historic Preservation, and shall comply with Section 106 of 36 CFR Part
109	800 - Protection of Historic Properties.
110	
111	(3) Failure or refusal to comply with the terms of this Section or
112	Chapter 6E, HRS, may subject the Contractor to the penalties
113	described in Section 6E-11, HRS:
114	
115	(a) A fine of not more than \$10,000 for each separate
116	offense,
117	
118	(b) Seizure and disposition of equipment, and
119	
120	(c) If the Contractor knowingly fails or refuses to comply, a
121	prohibition from participating in the construction of State or
122	County projects for 10 years.
123	The CLIDD Archeoplerist will deside the limite of the site. Also, the
124	The SHPD Archaeologist will decide the limits of the site. Also, the
125	Archaeologist will decide, with the CM and HDOT, the best means for protecting the
126	site from further disturbances which may require further investigation or salvage as
127	determined by SHPD. Protection may include barricades, roping off, temporary fencing, chain link fence panels and other means.
128	rending, chain link lence panels and other means.
129	Contractor shall provide the protective measures, as apositied by the SUDD
130 131	Contractor shall provide the protective measures, as specified by the SHPD,
131	CM and HDOT. The State will bear costs for the investigation of salvage.
132	615.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure cultural sensitivity training,
134	monitoring, and protection of cultural sites for payment.
135	mornioning, and proteotion of outdrai sites for payment.
136	
137	END OF SECTION 615
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1	Amend Section 624 – Water System to read as follows:	
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3	SECTION 624 – WATER SYSTEM	
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5		
6	(I) Amend Section 624.05 – Payment by replacing lines 589 to 60	4 to read:
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8		•
9	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	vork prescribed
10	in this section and the contract documents.	
11		
12		ncluded in the
13	, ,	
14		
15		Pay Unit
16		
17		Lump Sum
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19	. , ,	• •
20	Section 204 – Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities.	"
21		
22		
23		
24	END OF SECTION 624	

1	Amend Sect	ion 625 – SEWER SYSTEM to read as follows:
2 3 4		"SECTION 625 – SEWER SYSTEM
5 6 7 8	polyvinyl chl	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of oride (PVC) sewer piping. PVC pressure piping and fittings shall be oth sewers and the laterals.
9 10 11	All standards:	materials and work in this section shall conform to the following
12 13	(A)	American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).
14 15 16		(1) ASTM D2774 – Standard Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pressure Piping
17 18 19		(2) ASTM D3139 – Standard Specification for Joints for Plastic Pressure Pipes Using Flexible Elastomeric Seals
20 21 22		(3) ASTM F477 – Standard Specification for Elastomeric Seals (Gaskets) for Joining Plastic Pipes
23 24	(B)	American Water Works Association (AWWA).
25 26 27 28		(1) AWWA C900-16 Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Pipe and Fabricated Fittings, 4 in. through 60 in. (100 mm through 1500 mm), for Water Transmission and Distribution
29 30 31 32		(2) AWWA C907 Injection-Molded Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pressure Fittings, 4 in. through 12 in. (100 mm through 300 mm), for Water, Wastewater, and Reclaimed Water Service
33 34	(C)	American National Standards Institute (ANSI).
35 36 37		(1) ANSI A21.10 Standard for Ductile-Iron and Gray-Iron Fittings, 3 in. through 48 in.
38	625.02 Ma	aterials.
40 41 42 43 44 45	and w	Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) Pipe. PVC pipe shall conform to AWWA Pipe size and strength class shall be as indicated on the drawings, with a minimum of DR18. Allowable PVC pipe sizes are 6 in. through in nominal diameter.

Pipe shall be clearly marked at intervals not to exceed 5 feet with name or trademark of manufacturer, nominal pipe diameter, AWWA designation, and pipe class.

Pipe joints shall be bell and spigot type with elastomeric gaskets unless otherwise indicated by the Contract Documents. Pipe spigot ends shall have a home mark to indicate proper penetration when the joint is made.

- (B) PVC Gasket Joints. PVC pipe and fittings for gravity sewers shall be furnished complete with integral bells with gaskets conforming to ASTM F477, and with lubricant compatible with the plastic and gasket materials. All gaskets and lubricants shall be made from materials that are compatible with the plastic material and with each other when used together, are suitable for wastewater service, and will not support the growth of bacteria.
- **(C) PVC Fittings.** PVC fittings including wyes and caps for PVC C900 pipe (12 inch and smaller) shall be injection-molded type conforming to AWWA C907 or fabricated fittings per AWWA C900.
- (D) Sewer Pipe Connections. PVC pipe and fittings shall conform to respective sections for those pipe types. Grouted wall fitting for PVC pipe connections shall be as indicated in the contract documents using a PVC bell X spigot gasketed manhole sand fitting of PVC pipe class matching the PVC sewer pipe and fabricated to length as required or a spigot x spigot nipple as required. Pipe connections utilizing watertight and flexible resilient connectors per ASTM C923 shall be of Manufacturer and type as approved by the Engineer. The connector shall be suitable for the sewer pipe being connected to the manhole. Metal components shall be stainless steel. Approved resilient connectors are A-LOK Premium or A-LOK X-CEL, Kor-N-Seal I EX or Kor-N-Seal II 206 Series, or PSX-Direct Drive or approved substitute. VCP or PVC wall pipe shall be as indicated in the contract documents.
- (E) Coupling for PVC Pipe Connections. PVC deflection couplings shall be of the same class and for the PVC sewer pipe. Couplings shall be manufactured for a minimum of 2.5-degree angle change per bell joint. Allowable field deflections shall be limited to 2.0 degrees or 80 percent of Manufacturer allowable deflection as approved by the Engineer. Transition couplings for connecting pipes of different pipe outside diameters shall be cast type conforming to AWWA C219. Transition couplings shall have ductile iron sleeves and ductile iron end rings with gasketed joints. Nuts and bolt for cast couplings shall be 316 stainless steel unless otherwise indicated by the contract documents. Ductile iron sleeves shall be epoxy coated.

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625.03 **Construction.** The Contractor shall be responsible for precisely laying out the sewer line shown on the contract plans. The location shown on the contract plans of the various existing utility lines which the new lines are to cross over or under or connect to were determined on the basis of the best information available; however, no assurance can be provided that the actual locations will be precisely as shown on the contract plans. In performing all work, the Contractor shall exercise due care and caution necessary to avoid any damage to and impairment in the use of any existing utility lines. Any damage inflicted on existing lines resulting from the Contractor's operations shall be immediately repaired and restored as directed by the Engineer at the Contractor's expense.

Submittals. Shop drawings, brochures, installation instructions, certifications, as-built drawings, and other data shall be submitted to the Engineer.

Certifications shall include manufacturer's certification that all PVC pipe and fittings used for the gravity sewer lines for the Project meet the minimum requirements set forth in the Contract Documents and in standards nationally adopted by the industry for C-900 PVC pipe (DR 18) and C-907 PVC fittings for characteristics which may include, but not be limited to, PVC cell classification, elastomeric gasketed bell and spigot joint, size, shape, strength, chemical resistance, and pressure rating.

As-Built Drawings: Prior to acceptance of the work, the Contractor shall furnish the Engineer with two (2) sets of "as-built" drawings of the gravity sewer line installation, accurately drawn to scale, with all items (including, but not limited to sewer manholes and laterals) identified by name and symbol, all inverts indicated, and including any other information required by the Engineer. The work shall not be accepted until the "as-built" drawings have been approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall be responsible for all revisions to the "as-built" drawings required by the Engineer prior to approval.

Pipe Material Conditions. (B) Pipe materials shall be new and delivered in a clean and undamaged condition. Pipe shall be stored off the ground. PVC materials shall be protected from damage by sunlight.

Pipe shall be straight and not bowed or warped so installation will not be practical to meet the lines and grades called for on the drawings, and where sewage flow/hydraulics will be inhibited.

Contractor shall visually inspect prior to installation of each pipe section and fitting for damage to include cracks and chips. Sun faded and noticeable damaged materials including warped or bowed pipe shall be rejected and replaced. The Engineer has the right to reject damaged pipe including that which is sun faded.

the gravity sewer lines as shown on the plans. 141 142 143 (D) **Pipe Laying.** Pipe shall be laid starting from lowest point with 144 spigots facing direction of flow. Pipes and fittings shall be fitted and matched 145 together to provide sewer true to lines and grades with smooth and uniform invert. 146 147 148 Gravity sewer pipe shall be laid to form continuous pipe sections from sewer manhole to sewer manhole with a smooth uniform invert. 149 150 151 Blocks and wedges shall not be used to adjust pipe to proper line 152 and grade, except as accepted by the Engineer for jackets and cradles. Pipe shall be supported uniformly for its entire length. 153 154 155 PVC pipe shall be installed with spigot end inserted to the homing line marked on the pipe per the manufacturer's instructions. The spigot end 156 when pipe is cut to length shall be remarked with homing line for the proper 157 158 installation of the joint. Homing line marking shall be as required for PVC bell joint or for DI mechanical joint installation. Contractor shall verify each 159 joint for proper pipe homing. Contractor shall also verify that at least one 160 joint installed ahead of the joint being made has not subsequently moved 161 and become over homed. Any pipe joint with the homing line not visible shall 162 be subject to rejection by the Engineer. 163 164 165 PVC pipe ends cut to length to include connections to deflection couplings shall be cut square and the end beveled per the pipe 166 manufacturer's instructions. Contractor shall notify the Engineer of any joint 167 168 to be assembled using a cut spigot end. 169 170 Contractor shall check at the start of each workday if pipes became 171 submerged in water. Pipes that have been displaced to include by floatation shall be reinstalled at no increase in contract cost or contract time. 172 173 174 Contractor shall visually inspect and clean pipelines prior to final inspection. 175 176 177 (E) **Laterals.** Lateral connections to gravity sewer mains shall be with wye fittings. Saddles shall not be allowed. Reconnections to existing sewer 178 179 laterals shall be as indicated on the Drawings. 180 181 (F) **Connections to Existing Sewers.** Connections to existing sewers 182 shall be as indicated on the Drawings. 183 184 (G) **Pipe Roundness and Straightness Tests.** 185 I-H3-1(75)

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Pipe Bedding. The contractor shall provide a crushed rock bedding

and crush rock or Controlled Low Strength Material (CLSM) subbedding for

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(1) General. Contractor shall perform tests to verify that there are no sags, out of roundness or protrusions in sewer pipes. Contractor shall submit the test method or methods to be used for the Project which may vary as called for on the drawings or as specified herein.

Mandrel test shall be conducted for sewer pipes except tests are not required for laterals.

Contractor shall notify the Engineer a minimum of three (3) working days prior to conducting tests. Contractor shall be responsible to ensure that equipment, materials, and labor are ready and in working order prior to the actual tests. Trial tests with the Engineer present shall be conducted at the Contractor's discretion. Tests shall be performed in the presence of the Engineer unless otherwise indicated by the Contract Documents.

Tests shall be conducted no sooner than thirty (30) calendar days after the trench backfill is completed. For roadway areas, completion of trench backfill is to the subgrade level or within 2 feet of the finish grade, whichever is higher.

Pipe that fails to pass tests will not be accepted until the pipe is repaired or replaced and retested.

(2) Mandrel Test Method. A rigid nine-sled mandrel shall be pulled by hand through the pipe between adjacent manholes to detect for obstructions, deflection, out-of-roundness, joint offsets, and lateral pipe intrusions. The mandrel shall have a cross section equivalent to a circle having a diameter at least 95 percent of the specified average inside diameter of the pipe installed. The minimum length of the circular portion of the mandrel shall be equal to the nominal diameter of the pipe.

The Contractor shall be responsible for verifying the mandrel diameter and length requirements to perform the testing.

- (3) Closed Circuit Television Test Method. Closed circuit television (CCTV) shall be used to verify that water is free draining for the entire pipe invert. No reverse grade is allowed. Prior to the CCTV inspection, the pipe interior shall be cleaned of all water, mud, and debris. Clean water shall then be introduced as needed to verify the pipe is free flowing for the entire pipe length.
- (H) Leakage and Pressure Tests for Gravity Sewers.

(1) General Requirements. Contractor shall notify the Engineer a minimum of three (3) working days in advance of any test to be conducted. Contractor shall conduct tests in the presence of the Engineer.

Contractor shall furnish all equipment, materials, appurtenances, and labor for conducting the tests.

The Contractor may schedule the tests when desired subject to approval by the Engineer, provided that the tests are made within a reasonable time considering the progress of the Project as a whole, and the need to put the section into service.

Pipelines shall be tested with acceptable results prior to the backfilling of the excavation or placing of concrete embedment. Pipeline backfilling shall not be done, and concrete jackets shall not be placed until the pipe between such adjacent manholes shall have passed the leakage test, unless otherwise approved in writing by the Engineer. Leakage tests shall be completed and approved prior to placing of permanent resurfacing.

The Contractor shall clean all pipes and manholes of mud, water, debris, and other foreign matter prior to testing. Contractor, with the presence of the Engineer, shall conduct a visual inspection of the cleaned section of the pipeline to be tested. Contractor shall replace pipe observed to be damaged, leaking, or of installation not in accordance with the Contract. Contractor shall replace the defective pipe. Contractor shall replace or repair the defective manhole using methods approved by the Engineer. The Engineer will be the sole judge in determining whether replacement or repair is warranted.

(2) Gravity Sewer Low Pressure Leakage Test. Contractor shall conduct low pressure air leakage tests for new gravity sewer lines. Testing of sewer laterals will not be required.

Under no circumstances shall any person be allowed in the connecting manholes while an air pressure test is being conducted.

Contractor shall provide pressure gauges which shall be capable of measuring pressure to an accuracy of 0.1 psi.

Pipe outlets shall be plugged securely with test plugs. Air shall then be added until internal pressure of the line stabilizes at approximately 4 pounds per square inch at the highest end. Pressure will normally drop as air temperature stabilizes, usually in about two

to five minutes depending upon pipe size. Then reduce the pressure to 3-1/2 pounds per square inch before starting the test.

Test shall start when the pressure has stabilized and is at or above the test pressure of 3-1/2 pounds per square inch. The pipe shall pass the test if pressure does not drop more than 1 pound per square inch during the minimum test holding times in the following table:

Nominal Pipe Size Inches	T (Time) Seconds/100 Feet	
12	160	

Ground water above the pipe will reduce air loss. When a pipe test section is under water, Contractor shall adjust increase the test pressure by the average water pressure on the pipe test section. This shall be the equivalent mid pipe diameter water pressure at the point of the pipe with the average water depth above the pipe under water. This is the water column height divided by 2.31 feet equivalent to water pressure in pounds per square inch.

Air test may be dangerous if the line is prepared improperly and plugs are not installed and braced to prevent blowouts. Force on an 8-inch plug is 250 pounds at a test pressure of 5 pounds per square inch. Contractor shall utilize pressurizing equipment with regulator set at 10 pounds per square inch to avoid over-pressurizing and damaging the pipe being tested. Workers shall not be allowed in test pits or test manholes during testing.

(I) Buried Warning and Identification Tape. Provide polyethylene plastic and metallic core or metallic-faced, acid-and-alkali-resistant, polyethylene plastic warning tape manufactured specifically for warning and identification of buried utility lines. Provide tape on rolls, 3-inch minimum width, green in color, for the intended utility with warning and identification imprinted in bold black letters continuously over the entire tape length. Warning and identification to read, "CAUTION, BURIED SEWER LINE BELOW" or similar wording. Color and printing shall be permanent, unaffected by moisture or soil.

The polyethylene plastic tape shall have a minimum thickness of 0.004-inch. Tape shall have a minimum strength of 1500 psi lengthwise and 1250 psi crosswise. Tape shall be manufactured with integral wires, foil backing, or other means of enabling detection by a metal detector when tape is buried up to 3 feet deep. Encase metallic element of the tape in a protective jacket or provide with other means of corrosion protection.

321	Whenever a new roll of warning tape is required to be jointed to the
322	end of an existing roll, the splice shall be made by overlapping the two ends
323	a minimum of 6 inches and taping the entire overlapped section with duct
324	tape.
325	13.p = 1
326	(J) Closed Circuit Television Inspection. Contractor shall perform
327	CCTV inspection of the newly installed sewer lines. Television inspection
328	of sewer lines shall be internal inspection by insertion of a closed circuit
329	camera, which records colored imagery, into the sewer line for the purpose
330	of remote visual inspection to determine the condition of the pipe and joints,
331	the location and extent of any breaks or obstructions, the location of
332	service connections, and presence of abnormal line and grade conditions.
333	The Contractor shall utilize NASSCO Pipeline Assessment and
334	Certification Program (PACP) certified personnel to perform the CCTV
335	inspection.
336	
337	All video inspections shall utilize digital video on DVD or USB flash
338	drive as documentation, with field logs and written reports submittal to
339	Owner.
340	
341	625.04 Measurement. Sewer systems will be paid on a lump sum basis.
342	Measurement for payment will not apply.
343	Medadiement for payment will not apply.
344	All labor, equipment, materials, including buried warning and
345	identification tape, pipe bedding and all other incidentals to complete the
346	sewer pipe installation shall be considered included in the costs for pipes in
347	the Proposal.
348	
349	Cleaning, mandrel testing, leakage testing, and CCTV testing and
350	inspection will not be measured separately, and the costs will be considered
351	included in the costs for pipes in the Proposal.
352	
353	625.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted sewer systems on a
354	contract lump sum basis. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in
355	this section and the contract documents.
356	
357	The Engineer will pay for each of the following pay items when included
358	in the proposal schedule:
359	
360	Pay Item Pay Unit
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362	Sewer Systems Lump Sum
	Sewer Systems Eurip Sum
363	The Engineer will now for execution and healfill for cower nines under
364	The Engineer will pay for excavation and backfill for sewer pipes under
365	Section 204 – Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities.
366	
367	END OF SECTION 625

1 2	SECTION 626 – MANHOLES AND VALVE BOXES FOR WATER AND SEWER SYSTEMS
3 4	Make the following amendment to said Section:
5 6	(I) Amend 626.04 - Measurement by replacing lines 172 to 173 to read:
7 8 9	"626.04 Measurement.
10 11 12	The Engineer will not measure manholes and valve boxes for water and sewer systems for payment."
13 14	(II) Amend 626.05 – Payment by revising lines 174 to 192 to read as follows:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	"626.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for manholes and valve boxes for water and sewer systems separately. The Engineer will consider the price for valve boxes for water systems in the contract price for Section 624 – Water System. The Engineer will consider the price for manholes for sewer systems in the contract price for Section 625 – Sewer System. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and in contract documents.
22 23 24 25	The price includes full compensation for manhole and valve box structures for sewer and water systems and furnishing labor, tools, materials, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.
26 27 28	The Engineer will pay for excavation and backfill in accordance with and under Section 204 – Excavation and Backfill for Miscellaneous Facilities."
29 30 31	END OF SECTION 626

2		
3	Make	the following amendments to said Section:
4 5 6	(I) line 3	Amend Subsection 641.02(B) – Fertilizer by revising the section from 3 to 36 to read:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15		"(B) Fertilizer. Proper fertilizer shall be used in hydro-mulch mix depending on condition of soil. Apply at rates and in amounts consister with manufacturer's specifications. Contractor shall provide a Soil Analysi Report, if requested by Engineer, and shall use report to determin quantity and ratio of fertilizer for sustained growth of grass. Submarecommendations from a licensed Landscape Architect when deviating from the application rates and amounts above."
16 17 18	(II) from	Amend Subsection 641.03(A) – Seeding by revising the first paragrap line 100 to 103 to read:
19 20 21 22 23 24		"(A) Seeding. Apply seeded mulch within the timeframe in Subsection 209.03(B) – Construction Requirements, if temporary stabilization will not be utilized, after completion of slopes or portion of slope when expose face attains height of 15 feet. Notify Engineer not less than 24 hour ahead of hydro-mulch seeding operation. Do not hydro-mulch until the Engineer inspects and accepts areas for planting."
25 26 27 28	(III) follow	Amend 641.04 – Measurement by revising lines 173 to 174 to read a
29 30	" 641. per s	Measurement. The Engineer will measure hydro-mulch seedin quare yard in accordance with the contract documents."
31 32 33	(IV)	Amend 641.05 – Payment by revising lines 176 to 185 to read as follows:
34 35 36 37		Payment. The Engineer will pay for the accepted hydro-mulcing on a square yard basis. Payment will be full compensation for the workribed in this section and the contract documents.
38 39	propo	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the sal schedule:
40 41		Pay Item Pay Unit
42 43 44	Hydro	o-mulch Seeding Square Yard
45 46		END OF SECTION 641
47		I-H3-1(75) 641-1a 7/27/2

SECTION 641 – HYDRO-MULCH SEEDING

Make the	following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
	SECTION 651 – CATTLE GATE
651.01 cattle gate	Description. This section describes the provision and construction of the as indicated on the drawings and specified herein.
651.02	Materials.
(A)	Furnish and install new material necessary to complete this work. Materials shall conform to the following Sections:
	Section 601 – Structural Concrete Section 677 – Railings and Handrails Section 679 – Metal Fabrications
(B)	Reflective Tape. Tape shall have acrylic adhesive material and retroreflective microprismatic backing material, made for outdoor application. Thickness shall be minimum of 18 mil.
651.03	Construction
(A)	Submittals. Submit in accordance with Subsection 105.02 - Submittals.
	(1) Product Data. Submit cattle gate product literature.
	(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings showing gate, post, and installation.
(B)	The cattle gate shall conform to the following sections, or it can alternatively be pre-manufactured off-site provided that it conforms to the following Sections:
	Section 601 – Structural Concrete Section 677 – Railings and Handrails Section 679 – Metal Fabrications
(C)	Installation
	(1) Cattle gate material or pre-manufactured gate shall be delivered to the site and installed as specified in contract documents.
651.04 for payme	Measurement. Cattle gate will be paid on a lump sum basis. Measurement nt will not apply.

47	
48	651.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for the cattle gate on a contract lump sum
49	basis. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and
50	contract documents.
51	
52	The price includes full compensation for submitting product data, shop
53	drawings; complying with local laws, ordinances, rules and regulations; obtaining the
54	necessary permits and licenses; installation of cattle gate and incidentals necessary.
55	
56	The Engineer will pay for the following pay items when included in the proposal
57	schedule:
58	
59	Pay Item Pay Unit
60	
61	Installation of Cattle Gate Lump Sum
62	
63	
64	END OF SECTION 651

Make the fol	lowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
	SECTION 657 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE
657.01 De	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of
•	e concrete. This section includes formwork, reinforcement, concrete
•	nixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for footings,
foundation w	valls, and slabs-on-grade.
0	
	entitious materials in this section are defined as Portland cement alone
	nation with one or more of the following: blended hydraulic cement, fly cement, other pozzolans, and silica fume; materials subject to
compliance	with requirements.
W/C	Ratio is defined as the ratio by weight of water to cementitious
materials.	, 3
657.02 Ma	aterials
(8)	
(A)	Form-Facing Materials
	(1) Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete. Provide form-facing
	panels that provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces.
	Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
	(a) Panels shall be made of plywood, metal, or other
	approved panel materials.
	(2) Rough-Formed Finished Concrete. Provide plywood,
	lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed
	on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.
	(2) Don Type Forms Shall be gless fiber reinforced
	(3) Pan-Type Forms. Forms shall be glass-fiber-reinforced plastic or formed steel, stiffened to resist plastic concrete loads
	without detrimental deformation.
	Willout documental deformation.
	(4) Chamfer Strips. Chamfer strips shall be wood, metal, PVC,
	or rubber strips, 3/4 by 3/4 inch, minimum.
	(5) Rustication Strips. Rustication strips shall be wood, metal,
	PVC, or rubber strips, kerfed for ease of form removal.
	(O) Francisco Arrest D. 11
	(6) Form-Release Agent. Provide a commercially formulated
	form-release agent that does not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and does not impair subsequent treatments of
	confidere surfaces and does not impair subsequent treatments of
	657.01 Decast-in-place materials, refoundation we compliance with the compliance with

47		concrete surfaces.
48		
49		(a) Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for
50		steel form-facing materials.
51		
52		(7) Form Ties. Form ties shall be factory-fabricated, removable
53		or snap-off glass-fiber-reinforced plastic or metal form ties designed
54		to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent
55		spalling of concrete on removal.
56		
57		(a) Furnish units that leave no corrodible metal closer than
58		1 inch to the plane of exposed concrete surface.
59		
50		(b) Furnish ties that, when removed, leave holes no larger
51		than 1 inch in diameter in concrete surface.
52		
63		(c) Furnish ties with integral water-barrier plates to walls
54		indicated to receive dampproofing or waterproofing.
65		
56	(B)	Steel Reinforcement
67	` ,	
58		(1) Reinforcing Bars. Reinforcing bars shall comply with
69		ASTM A615/A615M, and shall be Grade 60, deformed.
70		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
71		(2) Low-Alloy-Steel Reinforcing Bars. Low-alloy-steel
72		reinforcing bars shall comply with ASTM A706/A706M, and shall be
73		deformed.
74		
75		(3) Galvanized-Steel Welded-Wire Reinforcement.
76		Galvanized-steel welded-wire reinforcement shall comply with
77		ASTM A1064/A1064M, and shall be plain, fabricated from
78		galvanized-steel wire into flat sheets.
79		garranizou eteer who into hat enece.
30	(C)	Reinforcement Accessories
31	(-)	
32		(1) Joint Dowel Bars. Joint dowel bars shall comply with
33		ASTM A615/A615M, and shall be Grade 60, plain-steel bars, cut true
84		to length with ends square and free of burrs.
35		to length with ends square and nee of balls.
86		(2) Bar Supports. Bar supports shall be bolsters, chairs,
30 37		spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening
38		reinforcing bars and welded-wire reinforcement in place.
30 39		Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast
90		concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of
90 91		greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:
91		greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows.
7 /.		

93		(a) For concrete surfaces exposed to view, where legs of
94		wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-
95		protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar
96		supports.
97		
98	(D)	Concrete Materials
99		
00		(1) Cementitious Materials
01		
102		(a) Portland Cement. Portland cement shall comply with
103		ASTM C150/C150M, and shall be Type I gray.
104		
105		(2) Normal-Weight Aggregates. Normal-weight aggregates
106		shall comply with ASTM C33/C33M, and shall be Class 3S coarse
107		aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single
108		source.
109		
10		(a) Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size. Size shall be 3/4
111		inch nominal.
12		
13		(b) Fine Aggregate. Fine aggregate shall be free of
14		materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
15		materiale with deleterious redelivity to diffall in comont.
116	(E)	Admixtures
17	\ - /	, talling a second and a second a secon
		(1) Air-Entraining Admixture Air-entraining admixture shall
18		(1) Air-Entraining Admixture. Air-entraining admixture shall comply with ASTM C260/C260M
18 19		(1) Air-Entraining Admixture. Air-entraining admixture shall comply with ASTM C260/C260M.
118 119 120		comply with ASTM C260/C260M.
118 119 120 121		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be
118 119 120 121 122		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and
118 119 120 121 122 123		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those
118 119 120 121 122 123 124		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126		comply with ASTM C260/C260M. (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A.
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A.
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type B.
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type B. (c) Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture. Water-
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type B. (c) Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture. Water-reducing and retarding admixture shall comply with
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type B. (c) Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture. Water-
118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134		 (2) Chemical Admixtures. Chemical admixtures shall be certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that do not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride. (a) Water-Reducing Admixture. Water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type A. (b) Retarding Admixture. Retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type B. (c) Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture. Water-reducing and retarding admixture shall comply with

139 140 141	range, water-reducing admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type F.
142 143 144 145 146	(e) High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture. High-range, water-reducing and retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C494/C494M, and shall be Type G.
147 148 149 150	(f) Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture. Plasticizing and retarding admixture shall comply with ASTM C1017/C1017M, and shall be Type II.
150 151 152 153	(3) Water. Water shall comply with ASTM C94/C94M and shall be potable.
154 (F) 155 156	Vapor Retarders (1) Sheet Vapor Retarder. Sheet vapor retarder shall comply
157 158 159	with ASTM E1745, and shall be Class C. Include manufacturer's recommended adhesive or pressure-sensitive joint tape.
160 161 162	(a) Products. Sheet vapor retarder shall be Stego Industries, LLC; Stego Wrap, 10 mils, or approved equal.
163 (G 164) Curing Materials
165 166 167 168	(1) Evaporation Retarder. Evaporation retarder shall be waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
168 169 170 171	(a) Products. Evaporation retarder shall be one of the following products, or an approved equal:
172 173	(i) Burke by Edoco; BurkeFilm.
174 175 176	(ii) Dayton Superior Corporation; Sure Film.(iii) Euclid Chemical Company (The); Eucobar.
177 178 179 180	(2) Absorptive Cover. Absorptive cover shall comply with AASHTO M 182, and shall be Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.
181 182 183 184	(3) Moisture-Retaining Cover. Moisture-retaining cover shall comply with ASTM C171, and shall be polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.

185		
186		(4) Water. Water shall be potable.
187		(T) 01 14 () T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T 1 T
188		(5) Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing
189		Compound. Curing compound shall be comply with ASTM C309,
190		and shall be Type 1, Class B, dissipating.
191		(a) Duadreta Coming common abolt he are of the
192		(a) Products. Curing compound shall be one of the
193		following products, or an approved equal:
194 195		(i) Rurko by Edoco: Agua Pocin Curo
193		(i) Burke by Edoco; Aqua Resin Cure.
190		(ii) Dayton Superior Corporation; Day Chem Rez
197		Cure (J-11-W).
199		Cute (5-11-44).
200		(iii) Euclid Chemical Company (The); Kurez DR VOX.
201		(iii) Lucia Grieffical Company (1116), Ruicz BR VOX.
202	(H)	Related Materials
203	(/	Tolatoa matorialo
204		(1) Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips. Expansion-
205		and isolation-joint-filler strips shall be ASTM D 1751-compliant,
206		asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber or ASTM D 1752-compliant, cork or
207		self-expanding cork.
208		1 3
209		(2) Semirigid Joint Filler. Semirigid joint filler shall be two-
210		component, semirigid, 100 percent solids, epoxy resin with a Type A
211		shore durometer hardness of 80 according to ASTM D2240.
212		
213		(3) Bonding Agent. Bonding agent shall comply ith
214		ASTM C1059/C1059M, and shall be Type II, nonredispersible,
215		acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
216		
217		(4) Epoxy Bonding Adhesive. Epoxy bonding adhesive shall
218		comply with ASTM C881, and shall be two-component epoxy resin,
219		capable of humid curing and bonding to damp surfaces, of class
220		suitable for application temperature and of grade to suit
221		requirements, and as follows:
222		
223		(a) Types IV and V, load bearing, for bonding hardened or
224		freshly mixed concrete to hardened concrete.
225		(E) Deglete Cobrigate reglete of not less than 0.000 inch thick
226		(5) Reglets. Fabricate reglets of not less than 0.022-inch-thick,
227		galvanized-steel sheet. Temporarily fill or cover face opening of
228		reglet to prevent intrusion of concrete or debris.
229 230	/IN	Concrete Mixtures, General
430	(I)	Concrete Mixtures, General

Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of
rete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field
data, or both, according to ACI 301.
(a) Use a qualified independent testing agency for
preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on
laboratory trial mixtures.
Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete
06 percent by weight of cement.
Admixtures. Use admixtures according to manufacturer's
en instructions.
(a) Use water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in
concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
(b) Use water-reducing and -retarding admixture when
required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse
placement conditions.
(c) Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete,
(b) Goo water readening administrate in partipod conterests,
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight crete.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight crete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi 28 days.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight crete.
concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a w/c ratio below 0.50. crete Mixtures for Building Elements Footings. Footings shall be normal-weight concrete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days. (b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.5. (c) Slump Limit: 5 inches (125 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm). Foundation Walls. Foundation walls shall be normal-weight crete. (a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi 28 days.

277		(25 mm).
278		
279	(3)	Slabs-on-Grade . Slabs-on-grade shall be normal-weight
280	concr	rete.
281		
282		(a) Minimum Compressive Strength: 3000 psi at 28 days.
283		
284		(b) Maximum W/C Ratio: 0.45.
285		
286		(c) Minimum Cementitious Materials Content: 540 lb/cu
287		yd.
288		
289		(d) Slump Limit: 5 inches, plus or minus 1 inch.
290		
291	` '	icating Reinforcement. Fabricate steel reinforcemen
292	according to	CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."
293		
294	(L) Conc	crete Mixing
295		
296	(1)	Ready-Mixed Concrete. Measure, batch, mix, and deliver
297		rete according to ASTM C94/C94M and furnish batch ticke
298	inforn	nation.
299		
300		(a) When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F
301		reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75
302		minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce
303		mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.
304		
305	(2)	Project-Site Mixing. Measure, batch, and mix concrete
306		rials and concrete according to ASTM C94/C94M. Mix concrete
307	mater	rials in appropriate drum-type batch machine mixer.
308		
309		(a) For mixer capacity of 1 cu. yd. or smaller, continue
310		mixing at least 1-1/2 minutes, but not more than 5 minutes
311		after ingredients are in mixer, before any part of batch is
312		released.
313		
314		(b) For mixer capacity larger than 1 cu. yd., increase
315		mixing time by 15 seconds for each additional 1 cu. yd.
316		
317		(c) Provide batch ticket for each batch discharged and
318		used in the Work, indicating Project identification name and
319		number, date, mixture type, mixture time, quantity, and
320		amount of water added. Record approximate location of fina
321		deposit in structure.
322		

323	657.03	Construction
324 325 326	(A) here	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications ein as well as to the following section:
327 328		(1) Section 206 – Excavation and Backfill for Drainage Facilities
329 330		for drainage fill under slabs-on-grade. (2) Section 411 – Portland Cement Concrete Pavement for
331 332		concrete pavement and Section 634 – Portland Cement Concrete sidewalks.
333		
334 335	(B)	Quality Assurance
336 337 338		(1) Installer Qualifications. The installer shall employ on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork
339 340		Technician.
341 342		(2) Manufacturer Qualifications. The manufacturer shall be a firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products
343 344		and that complies with ASTM C94/C94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
345 346 347		(a) Manufacturer shall be certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
348 349 350 351		(3) Testing Agency Qualifications. The testing agency shall be an independent agency, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, qualified according to ASTM C1077 and ASTM E329 for testing indicated.
352 353		indicated.
354 355 356		(a) Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-1 or an equivalent certification program.
357 358		(b) Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be ACI-
359 360		certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician, Grade I. Testing agency
361 362		laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician, Grade II.
363 364 365		(4) Welding Qualifications. Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M.
366 367 368	(C)	Submittals

369	(1)	Product Data. Submit data for each type of product.
370		
371	(2)	Design Mixtures. Submit design mixtures for each concrete
372	mixtur	e. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of
373	mater	ials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other
374	circum	nstances warrant adjustments.
375		
376		(a) Indicate amounts of mixing water to be withheld for
377		later addition at Project site.
378		•
379	(3)	Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings. Submit Placing
380	Drawi	ngs that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar
381	sizes,	lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent
382		liagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical
383	conne	ctions, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete
384	reinfo	rcement.
385		
386	(4)	Construction Joint Layout. Submit the construction joint
387	` '	. Indicate proposed construction joints required to construct the
388	structi	
389		
390		(a) Location of construction joints is subject to approval of
391		the Engineer.
392		3
393	(5)	Samples. Submit samples for vapor retarder.
394	` '	•
395	(6)	Qualification Data. Submit qualification data for Installer.
396	` '	•
397	(7)	Welding certificates.
398	` '	•
399	(8)	Material Certificates. Submit certificates for each of the
400	follow	ing, signed by manufacturers:
401		
402		(a) Cementitious materials.
403		
404		(b) Admixtures.
405		
406		(c) Steel reinforcement and accessories.
407		
408		(d) Curing compounds.
409		
410		(e) Floor and slab treatments.
411		
412		(f) Bonding agents.
413		
414		(g) Vapor retarders.

415			
416		(h)	Semirigid joint filler.
417			
418		(i)	Joint-filler strips.
419			
420		(9) Mate	erial Test Reports. Submit material test reports for the
421		following, fr	om a qualified testing agency:
422			
423		(a)	Aggregates: Include service record data indicating
424		abse	ence of deleterious expansion of concrete due to alkali
425		aggr	egate reactivity.
426			
427		(10) Floo	r Surface Flatness and Levelness Measurements.
428		Submit m	easurements indicating compliance with specified
429		tolerances.	
430			
431		(11) Field	d Quality-Control Reports.
432			
433	(D)	Delivery, S	torage, and Handling
434			
435		(1) Stee	I Reinforcement. Deliver, store, and handle steel
436		reinforceme	ent to prevent bending and damage.
437			
438	(E)	Field Cond	litions
439	` '		
440		(1) Hot-	Weather Placement. Comply with ACI 301 (ACI 301M)
441		` '	5.1 (ACI 305.1M), and as follows:
442			
443		(a)	Maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg F (32
444		` ,	C) at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped
445		•	may be used to control temperature, provided water
446			valent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water.
447		•	g liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
448			
449		(b)	Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade
450		` ,	before placing concrete. Keep subgrade uniformly moist
451		•	out standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.
452			- a a a a a a a a.
453	(F)	Formwork	Installation
454	(-)		
455		(1) Desi	gn, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according
456		` '	to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and
457			n loads that might be applied, until structure can support
458		such loads.	•
459		odon loddo.	
460		(2) Cons	struct formwork so concrete members and structures are
100		(Z) COIR	struct formwork so confere members and structures are

461 462	of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
463 464 465	(3) Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
466 467	(a) Class A, 1/8 inch for smooth-formed finished surfaces.
468 469 470	(b) Class B, 1/4 inch for rough-formed finished surfaces.
470 471 472 473	(4) Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
474 475 476 477	(5) Construct forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast-concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
478 479 480 481	(a) Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
482 483	(b) Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
484 485 486 487 488	(6) Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
489 490 491 492 493 494	(7) Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
495 496 497	(8) Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.
498 499 500 501	(9) Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items.
502 503 504 505	(10) Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
506	(11) Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as

507		required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
508		
509		(12) Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent,
510		according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing
511		reinforcement.
512		
513	(G)	Embedded Item Installation
514		
515		(1) Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded
516		items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by
517		cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams,
518		instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
519		
520		(a) Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations
521		required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of
522		AISC 303.
523		
524		(b) Install reglets to receive waterproofing and to receive
525		through-wall flashings in outer face of concrete frame at
526		exterior walls, where flashing is shown at lintels, shelf angles,
527		and other conditions.
528		
529	(H)	Removing and Reusing Forms
530	()	The state of the s
531		(1) General. Formwork for sides of beams, walls, columns, and
532		similar parts of the Work that does not support weight of concrete
533		may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F
534		for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough
535		to not be damaged by form-removal operations, and curing and
536		protection operations need to be maintained.
537		protoction operations need to be maintained.
538		(a) Leave formwork for beam soffits, joists, slabs, and
539		other structural elements that support weight of concrete in
540		place until concrete has achieved at least 70 percent of its 28-
541		day design compressive strength.
542		day design compressive strength.
543		(b) Remove forms only if shores have been arranged to
		· , ,
544 545		permit removal of forms without loosening or disturbing shores.
545 546		SHULES.
546 547		(2) Clean and renair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work
547		(2) Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work.
548 540		Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing
549 550		material are not acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-
550 551		release agent.
551		(2) When forms are remained alone surfaces remained first and
552		(3) When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and

553		laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid
554		offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces
555		unless approved by Engineer.
556		
557	(I)	Vapor-Retarder Installation
558	` ,	·
559		(1) Sheet Vapor Retarders. Place, protect, and repair sheet
560		vapor retarder according to ASTM E1643 and manufacturer's written
561		instructions.
562		
563		(a) Lap joints 6 inches and seal with manufacturer's
564		recommended tape.
565		•
566	(J)	Steel Reinforcement Installation
567	()	
568		(1) General. Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice"
569		for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
570		3,1 3, 11 3
571		(a) Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage
572		and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.
573		
574		(2) Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice,
575		and other foreign materials that reduce bond to concrete.
576		
577		(3) Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement
578		against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar
579		supports to maintain minimum concrete cover. Do not tack weld
580		crossing reinforcing bars.
581		
582		(4) Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward
583		exposed concrete surfaces.
584		•
585		(5) Install welded-wire reinforcement in longest practicable
586		lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and
587		ends of adjoining sheets at least one mesh spacing. Offset laps of
588		adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.
589		Lace overlaps with wire.
590		
591	(K)	Joints
592	` ,	
593		(1) General. Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular
594		to surface plane of concrete.
595		·
596		(2) Construction Joints. Install so strength and appearance of
597		concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by
598		Engineer.

- (a) Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints unless otherwise indicated. Do not continue reinforcement through sides of strip placements of floors and slabs.
- **(b)** Form keyed joints as indicated. Embed keys at least 1-1/2 inches into concrete.
- **(c)** Locate joints for beams, slabs, joists, and girders in the middle third of spans. Offset joints in girders a minimum distance of twice the beam width from a beam-girder intersection.
- (d) Locate horizontal joints in walls and columns at underside of floors, slabs, beams, and girders and at the top of footings or floor slabs.
- **(e)** Space vertical joints in walls as indicated. Locate joints beside piers integral with walls, near corners, and in concealed locations where possible.
- **(f)** Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- (3) Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade. Form weakenedplane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - (a) Grooved Joints. Form contraction joints after initial floating by grooving and finishing each edge of joint to a radius of 1/8 inch (3.2 mm). Repeat grooving of contraction joints after applying surface finishes. Eliminate groover tool marks on concrete surfaces.
 - **(b) Sawed Joints.** Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action does not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks.
- (4) Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade. After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical

545		surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams
546		and other locations, as indicated.
547		
548		(a) Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint
549		terminating flush with finished concrete surface unless
550		otherwise indicated.
551		
552		(b) Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2
553		inch (13 mm) or more than 1 inch (25 mm) below finished
554		concrete surface where joint sealants, specified in Section
555		676 "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
556		
557		(c) Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable
558		Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections
559		together.
660		3
661		(5) Doweled Joints. Install dowel bars and support assemblies
562		at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowe
563		length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.
664		rengan to provent concrete benaming to one order or joint.
565	(L)	Concrete Placement
666	(-/	
667		(1) Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork
568		reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required
669		inspections are completed.
570		inopositions are completed.
571		(2) Before test sampling and placing concrete, water may be
572		added at Project site, subject to limitations of ACI 301.
573		added at 1 reject one, eduject to minications of 7 to 100 ft.
574		(a) Do not add water to concrete after adding high-range
575		water-reducing admixtures to mixture.
576		water reducing admixtures to mixture.
577		(3) Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizonta
578		layers of such thickness that no new concrete is placed on concrete
579		that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. I
580		a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints
581		as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
582		as indicated. Deposit confere to avoid segregation.
583		(a) Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth not to
584		exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid
585		inclined construction joints.
586		monned constituction joints.
587		(b) Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating
588		equipment according to ACI 301.
589		equipment according to ACI out.
590		(c) Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms
,,,,		(e) Do not use vibrators to transport controlete inside forms

691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698		Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
699		
700		(4) Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a
701		continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until
702		placement of a panel or section is complete.
703		
704		(a) Consolidate concrete during placement operations, so
705		concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other
706		embedded items and into corners.
707		
708		(b) Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during
709		concrete placement.
710		
711		(c) Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off
712		to correct elevations.
713		
714		(d) Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
715		
716		(e) Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form
717		a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess
718		bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab
719		surfaces before starting finishing operations.
720		
721	(M)	Finishing Formed Surfaces
722		
723		(1) Rough-Formed Finish. As-cast concrete texture imparted by
724		form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched.
725		Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on
726		formed-surface irregularities.
727		
728		(a) Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.
729		
730		(2) Smooth-Formed Finish. As-cast concrete texture imparted
731		by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical
732		manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and
733		defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified
734		limits on formed-surface irregularities.
735		U
736		(a) Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view.

- **(3) Rubbed Finish.** Apply the following to smooth-formed-finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
 - (a) Smooth-Rubbed Finish. Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
 - (b) Grout-Cleaned Finish. Wet concrete surfaces and apply grout of a consistency of thick paint to coat surfaces and fill small holes. Mix 1 part portland cement to 1-1/2 parts fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding admixture and water. Add white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches, so color of dry grout matches adjacent surfaces. Scrub grout into voids and remove excess grout. When grout whitens, rub surface with clean burlap and keep surface damp by fog spray for at least 36 hours.
 - (c) Cork-Floated Finish. Wet concrete surfaces and apply a stiff grout. Mix 1 part portland cement and 1 part fine sand with a 1:1 mixture of bonding agent and water. Add white portland cement in amounts determined by trial patches, so color of dry grout matches adjacent surfaces. Compress grout into voids by grinding surface. In a swirling motion, finish surface with a cork float.
- (4) Related Unformed Surfaces. At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

(N) Finishing Floors and Slabs

- (1) **General.** Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.
- (2) Scratch Finish. While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4 inch in one direction.

783			(a)	Apply	scratch	n finish t	o surfa	ces indic	ated.	
784										
785		(3)	Float	Finish.	Cons	olidate	surfac	e with pov	wer-drive	en floats or
786		by ha	and flo	ating if	area	is smal	I or in	accessib	le to po	wer-driven
787		floats	. Restr	aighten,	cut de	own hig	h spot	s, and fill	low spo	ts. Repeat
788				_		_	•		•	a uniform,
789				nular tex	•	3				,
790			, 9							
791			(a)	Apply	float fir	nish to s	urface	s indicate	d	
792			(α)	, ipply	nout in	11011 10 0	ariaco	o in aloato	ч.	
793		(4)	Trow	ام Finis	h Δft	er annly	ing flo	at finish	annly fire	t troweling
794		` '					-			. Continue
79 4 795										
										of trowel
796 707										mooth any
797 700					it woul	a teleg	rapn t	nrougn a	pplied c	oatings or
798		TIOOF (coverin	gs.						
799										
800			(a)	Apply	a trowe	el finish	to surf	aces indic	cated.	
801					_					
802			(b)					-		ccording to
803					(ASTI	M E115	5M), fo	or a rando	mly traff	icked floor
804			surfac	ce:						
805										
806				(i)	Specif	ied ovei	rall val	ues of fla	tness, F(F) 30; and
807				of leve	elness,	F(L) 2	0; with	n minimu	m local	values of
808				flatnes	s, F(l	F) 24;	and d	of leveln	ess, F(L) 15; for
809				susper	nded si	ábs.			,	,
810				•						
811		(5)	Trow	el and l	Fine-B	room F	inish.	Apply a	first trow	el finish to
812		` '								itly scarify
813				a fine b				J	,	,
814		ouria	JO With	a mio b	100111.					
815			(a)	Compl	v with	flatne	ss and	d levelne	se toler	ances for
816			` '	l-finishe	•			u levelile	,55 (0)01	ances 101
817			HOWC	1-111113110	u ilooi	Surface	.J.			
		(6)	Brook	m Einic	. h ^	nnly a	hroom	finich to	ovtorio	r concrete
818		(6)								r concrete
819		piatio	iiis, si	eps, rar	rips, ar	id eisew	viiere a	as indicate	z u.	
820			(-)	I	l! - 4 - l	- £ 1	£1 4	£::	- 1: - 1- 41.	
821			(a)		-			_		roughen
822						•	-	•		tle broom
823									inate rec	luired final
824			finish	with Arc	chitect	before a	applica	tion.		
825										
826	(O)	Misce	ellanec	ous Con	crete	Item Ins	stallati	on		
827										
828		(1)	Filling	g In.	Fill ir	n holes	and	openings	s left in	concrete

829 830 831 832	structures after work of other trades is in place unless otherwise indicated. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.
833 834 835 836 837 838	(2) Curbs. Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and by steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.
839 (P) Concrete Protecting and Curing
840 841 842 843 844	(1) General. Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 305.1 (ACI 305.1M) for hot-weather protection during curing.
846 847 848 849 850	(2) Evaporation Retarder. Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
852 853 854 855 856 857	(3) Formed Surfaces. Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure after loosening forms. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for remainder of curing period.
858 859 860 861	(4) Unformed Surfaces. Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.
862 863 864 865	(5) Curing. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
866 867	(a) Moisture Curing. Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
868 869 870	(i) Water.
871 872	(ii) Continuous water-fog spray.
873 874	(iii) Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges

829

875		with 12-inch (300-mm) lap over adjacent absorptive
876		covers.
877		
878		(b) Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing. Cover concrete
879		surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete,
880		placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped
881		at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or
882		adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately
883		repair any holes or tears during curing period, using cover
884		, ,
		material and waterproof tape.
885		(1) Na-i-t
886		(i) Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers
887		to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
888		
889		(ii) Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers
890		to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid
891		floor treatments.
892		
893		(iii) Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor
894		coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a
895		curing compound that the manufacturer certifies does
896		not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on
897		Project.
898		
899		(c) Curing Compound. Apply uniformly in continuous
900		operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's
901		written instructions. Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall
902		within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity
902		of coating and repair damage during curing period.
903 904		or coating and repair damage during curing period.
		(i) Democrat After ouring period has alanced
905		(i) Removal. After curing period has elapsed,
906		remove curing compound without damaging concrete
907		surfaces by method recommended by curing
908		compound manufacturer unless manufacturer certifies
909		curing compound does not interfere with bonding of
910		floor covering used on Project.
911		
912		(d) Curing and Sealing Compound. Apply uniformly to
913		floors and slabs indicated in a continuous operation by power
914		spray or roller according to manufacturer's written instructions.
915		Recoat areas subjected to heavy rainfall within three hours
916		after initial application. Repeat process 24 hours later and
917		apply a second coat. Maintain continuity of coating and repair
918		damage during curing period.
919		
920	(Q)	Joint Filling
) <u>-</u> 0	(~)	out i mily

- (1) Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - (a) Defer joint filling until concrete has aged at least one month. Do not fill joints until construction traffic has permanently ceased.
- (2) Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joints clean and dry.
- (3) Install semirigid joint filler full depth in saw-cut joints and at least 2 inches (50 mm) deep in formed joints. Overfill joint and trim joint filler flush with top of joint after hardening.

(R) Concrete Surface Repairs

- (1) **Defective Concrete.** Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Engineer. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Engineer's approval.
- (2) Patching Mortar. Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of 1 part portland cement to 2-1/2 parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 (1.18-mm) sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- (3) Repairing Formed Surfaces. Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning.
 - (a) Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, and voids more than 1/2 inch (13 mm) in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch (19 mm). Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
 - **(b)** Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar matches surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact

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mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.

- **(c)** Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Engineer.
- **(4) Repairing Unformed Surfaces.** Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
 - (a) Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch (0.25 mm) wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
 - **(b)** After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
 - **(c)** Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
 - (d) Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
 - (e) Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch (6 mm) to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
 - (f) Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm) or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at

1013		least a 3/4-inch (19-mm) clearance all around. Dampen
1014		concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply
1015		bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and
1016		mixture as original concrete, except without coarse aggregate.
1017		Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished
1018		concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
1019		condicte. Our in same manner as adjacent condicte.
1019		(a) Popair random gracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm)
1020		(g) Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch (25 mm)
		or less in diameter with patching mortar. Groove top of cracks
1022		and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt,
1023		and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and
1024		apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding
1025		agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match
1026		adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for
1027		at least 72 hours.
1028		
1029		(5) Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Engineer's
1030		approval, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
1031		
1032		(6) Repair materials and installation not specified above may be
1033		used, subject to Engineer's approval.
1034		
1035	(S)	Field Quality Control
1036		
1037		(1) Testing Agency. Engage a qualified testing and inspecting
1038		agency to perform tests and inspections and to submit reports.
1039		
1040		(2) Inspections. The testing agency shall perform the following
1041		inspections:
1042		
1043		(a) Steel reinforcement placement.
1044		
1045		(b) Verification of use of required design mixture.
1046		
1047		(c) Concrete placement, including conveying and
1048		depositing.
1049		
1050		(d) Curing procedures and maintenance of curing
1051		temperature.
1052		•
1053		(e) Verification of concrete strength before removal of
1054		shores and forms from beams and slabs.
1055		
1056		(3) Concrete Tests. Testing of composite samples of fresh
1057		concrete obtained according to ASTM C172/C172M shall be
1058		performed according to the following requirements:
		r

1059	
1060	(a) Testing Frequency. Obtain at least one composite
1061	sample for each 100 cu. yd. or fraction thereof of each
1062	concrete mixture placed each day.
1063	
1064	(i) When frequency of testing provides fewer than
1065	five compressive-strength tests for each concrete
1066	mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five
1067	randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer
1068	than five are used.
1069	
1070	(b) Slump. Comply with ASTM C143/C143M; one test at
1071	point of placement for each composite sample, but not less
1072	than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture.
1072	Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1074	to change.
1075	(a) A! O . (a a f) O . (a a f
1076	(c) Air Content. Comply with ASTM C231/C231M,
1077	pressure method, for normal-weight concrete;
1078	ASTM C173/C173M, volumetric method, for structural
1079	lightweight concrete; one test for each composite sample, but
1080	not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete
1081	mixture.
1082	
1083	(d) Concrete Temperature. Comply with
1084	ASTM C1064/C1064M; one test hourly when air temperature
1085	is 40 deg F and below or 80 deg F and above, and one test
1086	for each composite sample.
1087	·
1088	(e) Compression Test Specimens. Comply with
1089	ASTM C31/C31M.
1090	
1091	(i) Cast and laboratory cure two sets of two
1092	standard cylinder specimens for each composite
1093	sample.
1094	campio.
1095	(ii) Cast and field cure two sets of two standard
1096	cylinder specimens for each composite sample.
1097	cyllitude specimens for each composite sample.
	(f) Compressive Strongth Toots Comply with
1098	(f) Compressive-Strength Tests. Comply with
1099	ASTM C39/C39M; test one set of two laboratory-cured
1100	specimens at 7 days and one set of two specimens at 28
1100	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1101	days.
1101 1102	days.
1101 1102 1103	days. (i) Test one set of two field-cured specimens at 7
1101 1102	days.

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- (ii) A compressive-strength test shall be the average compressive strength from a set of two specimens obtained from same composite sample and tested at age indicated.
- **(g)** When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
- (h) Strength of each concrete mixture will be satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
- (i) Test results shall be reported in writing to Engineer, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 48 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- (j) Nondestructive Testing. Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Engineer but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
- (k) Additional Tests. Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Engineer. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C42/C42M or by other methods as directed by Engineer.
- (I) Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- (m) Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and

1151	inspections indicate do not comply with the Contrac
1152	Documents.
1153	
1154	657.04 Measurement. Cast-in-place concrete will be paid on a lump sum
1155	basis. Measurement for payment will not apply.
1156	
1157	657.05 Payment. The Engineer will pay for cast-in-place concrete on a
1158	contract lump sum basis. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in
1159	this section and contract documents.
1160	
1161	The Engineer will pay for the following pay item when included in the
1162	proposal schedule:
1163	
1164	Pay Item Pay Unit
1165	
1166	Cast-In-Place Concrete Base for Lump Sum
1167	
1168	
1169	
1170	END OF SECTION 657

1	Make the follo	owing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2		
3		SECTION 658 – CONCRETE UNIT MASONRY
4		
5 6 7 8 9 10	steel reinford accessories, a section include	scription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of conry units (CMUs). This section includes CMUs, mortar and grout, cing bars, masonry-joint reinforcement, miscellaneous masonry and masonry-cell fill. Products installed but not furnished under this le cast-stone trim in concrete unit masonry. Reinforced masonry in
11	this section is	defined as masonry containing reinforcing steel in grouted cells.
12	050.00 Mad	
13	658.02 Mat	terials
14	(A)	Manufactures The fellowing provinces at annuly to product
15	` '	Manufacturers. The following requirements apply to product
16	selection	on:
17		(4) Available Products Subject to compliance with
18 19		(1) Available Products. Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work
20		include, but are not limited to, products specified.
21		include, but are not inflited to, products specified.
22		(2) Available Manufacturers. Subject to compliance with
23		requirements, manufacturers offering products that may be
24		incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to,
25		manufacturers specified.
26		
27	(B)	Unit Masonry, General
28	` ,	•
29		(1) Masonry Standard. Comply with TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE
30		6 except as modified by requirements in the Contract Documents.
31		
32		(2) Defective Units. Referenced masonry unit standards may
33		allow a certain percentage of units to exceed tolerances and to
34		contain chips, cracks, or other defects exceeding limits stated in the
35		standard. Do not use units where such defects, including
36		dimensions that vary from specified dimensions by more than stated
37		tolerances, will be exposed in the completed Work or will impair the
38	1	quality of completed masonry.
39	(0)	Compando Magazama Unita
40	(C)	Concrete Masonry Units
41		(1) Shance Provide shanes indicated and as follows:
42 43		(1) Shapes. Provide shapes indicated and as follows:
43		Provide special shapes for lintels, corners, jambs, sashes,
45		movement joints, headers, bonding, and other special
46		conditions.
10		Conditions.

93		(7) Water. Water shall be potable.
94	/ E\	Deinforcement
95 96	(E)	Reinforcement
97		(1) Uncoated Steel Reinforcing Bars. Uncoated steel
98		reinforcing bars shall comply with ASTM A615 or ASTM A996, and
99		shall be Grade 60.
100		Shall be chade eq.
101		(2) Reinforcing Bar Positioners. Reinforcing bar positioners
102		shall be wire units designed to fit into mortar bed joints spanning
103		masonry unit cells and to hold reinforcing bars in center of cells.
104		Units are formed from 0.148-inch steel wire, hot-dip galvanized after
105		fabrication. Provide units designed for number of bars indicated.
106		
107	(F)	Ties and Anchors
108		
109		(1) General. Ties and anchors shall extend at least 1-1/2 inches
110		into masonry but with at least a 5/8-inch cover on outside face.
111		(O) Matadala D : 1 (C) 1 1 1 (C) 1 (C)
112		(2) Materials. Provide ties and anchors specified in this article
113		that are made from materials that comply with the following unless
114		otherwise indicated:
115 116		(a) Mill-Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire. Mill-galvanized,
117		carbon-steel wire shall comply with ASTM A82/A82M, with
118		ASTM A641/A641M, Class 1 coating.
119		ACTIVITION III, Glass I scaling.
120		(b) Hot-Dip Galvanized, Carbon-Steel Wire. Hot-Dip
121		galvanized, carbon-steel wire shall comply with ASTM
122		A82/A82M, with ASTM A153/A153M, Class B-2 coating.
123		
124	(G)	Mortar and Grout Mixes
125		
126		(1) General. Do not use admixtures, including pigments, air-
127		entraining agents, accelerators, retarders, water-repellent agents,
128		antifreeze compounds, or other admixtures unless otherwise
129		indicated.
130		
131		(a) Do not use calcium chloride in mortar or grout.
132		(2) Mortor for Unit Maconny Mortor for unit maconny shall
133 134		(2) Mortar for Unit Masonry. Mortar for unit masonry shall comply with ASTM C270, Proportion Specification. Provide the
134		following types of mortar for applications stated unless another type
136		is indicated.
137		io irraioatoa.
138		(a) For masonry below grade or in contact with earth, use

139		Type M.
140 141		(b) For reinforced masonry, use Type S.
142		
143 144		(3) Grout for Unit Masonry. Grout for unit masonry shall comply with ASTM C476.
145 146 147 148 149		(a) Use grout of type indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, of type (fine or coarse) that will comply with TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6 for dimensions of grout spaces and pour height.
150 151 152		(b) Provide grout with a slump of 8 to 11 inches as measured according to ASTM C143.
153 154 155	658.03 Co	onstruction
156 157	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections:
158 159 160 161 162		(1) Section 673 "Structural Steel Framing" for installing anchor sections of adjustable masonry anchors for connecting to structural steel frame.
163 164	(B)	Quality Assurance
165 166		(1) Testing Agency Qualifications. The testing agency shall be qualified according to ASTM C1093 for testing indicated.
167 168 169 170 171		(2) Source Limitations for Masonry Units. Obtain exposed masonry units of a uniform texture and color, or a uniform blend within the ranges accepted for these characteristics, through one source from a single manufacturer for each product required.
172 173 174 175 176		(3) Source Limitation for Mortar Materials. Obtain mortar ingredients of a uniform quality, including color for exposed masonry, from a single manufacturer for each cementitious component and from one source or producer for each aggregate.
177 178 179	(C)	Submittals
180 181		(1) Product Data. Submit data for each type of product.
182 183 184		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings for Reinforcing Steel. Detail bending, lap lengths, and placement of unit masonry reinforcing bars. Comply with ACI 315.

185		
186		(3) Qualification Data. Submit qualification data for testing
187		agency.
188		5 ,
189		(4) Material Certificates. Submit certificates for each type and
190		size of the following:
191		
192		(a) Masonry units. Include data on material properties.
193		(a) massing arms missaus and in massing properties
194		(b) Cementitious materials. Include name of manufacturer,
195		brand name, and type.
196		51 a. 1 a.
197		(c) Preblended, dry mortar mixes. Include description of
198		type and proportions of ingredients.
199		type and proportions of ingrodients.
200		(d) Grout mixes. Include description of type and
201		proportions of ingredients.
202		proportions of myrodionics.
203		(e) Reinforcing bars.
204		(b) Romoroning baro.
205		(f) Joint reinforcement.
206		(i) doing remoissement.
207		(g) Anchors, ties, and metal accessories.
208		(g) Anonors, ties, and metal accessories.
209		(5) Mix Designs. Submit mix designs for each type of mortar
210		and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
211		and grout. Include description of type and proportions of ingredients.
212		(a) Include test reports for mortar mixes required to comply
212		with property specification. Test according to
213		ASTM C109/C109M for compressive strength, ASTM C1506
214		for water retention, and ASTM C91/C91M for air content.
216		ioi water retention, and ASTW 091/091W for all content.
217		(b) Include test reports, according to ASTM C1019, for
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
218		grout mixes required to comply with compressive strength
219		requirement.
220	(D)	Delivery Starone and Handling
221	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
222		(1) Store mecanic units an elevated platforms in a dry location of
223		(1) Store masonry units on elevated platforms in a dry location. If
224		units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of
225		stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied. If units become wet,
226		do not install until they are dry.
227		(2) Store competitious motorials an algusted platforms and a
228		(2) Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under
229		cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that
230		have become damp.

277		` '	Hot-Weather Requirements. Comply with hot-weather
278		constr	uction requirements contained in TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6.
279 280	(E)	Evami	ination
280 281	(F)	⊏xaiiii	illation
282		(1)	Examine conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with
283		` '	ements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting
284		•	mance of the Work.
285		penon	nance of the work.
286			(a) Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
287			(a) Verify that foundations are within tolerances specified.
288			(b) Verify that reinforcing dowels are properly placed.
289			(b) Verify that removed doweld are properly placed.
290			(c) Verify that substrates are free of substances that would
291			impair mortar bond.
292			mpaii mertar bona.
293		(2)	Before installation, examine rough-in and built-in construction
294		` '	ing systems to verify actual locations of piping.
295		ioi pip	ing cyclome to verny detail recallence of piping.
296		(3)	Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions
297		` '	peen corrected.
298			
299	(G)	Install	ation, General
300	(-)		
301		(1)	Build chases and recesses to accommodate items specified in
302		` '	d other Sections.
303			
304		(2)	Leave openings for equipment to be installed before
305		` '	eting masonry. After installing equipment, complete masonry to
306			construction immediately adjacent to opening.
307			, , , ,
308		(3)	Use full-size units without cutting if possible. If cutting is
309		` '	ed to provide a continuous pattern or to fit adjoining
310		•	uction, cut units with motor-driven saws; provide clean, sharp,
311		unchip	ped edges. Allow units to dry before laying unless wetting of
312			is specified. Install cut units with cut surfaces and, where
313			le, cut edges concealed.
314		•	
315	(H)	Tolera	inces
316			
317		(1)	Dimensions and Locations of Elements
318		-	
319			(a) For dimensions in cross section or elevation, do not
320			vary by more than plus 1/2 inch or minus 1/4 inch.
321			
322			(b) For location of elements in plan, do not vary from that

323		indicated by more than plus or minus 1/2 inch.
324		
325		(c) For location of elements in elevation, do not vary from
326		that indicated by more than plus or minus 1/4 inch in a story
327		height or 1/2 inch total.
328		
329	(2)	Lines and Levels
330		
331		(a) For bed joints and top surfaces of bearing walls, do no
332		vary from level by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2-inch
333		maximum.
334		
335		(b) For conspicuous horizontal lines, such as lintels, sills
336		parapets, and reveals, do not vary from level by more than 1/8
337		inch in 10 feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2-inch maximum.
338		
339		(c) For vertical lines and surfaces do not vary from plumb
340		by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, 3/8 inch in 20 feet or 1/2-inch
341		maximum.
342		
343		(d) For conspicuous vertical lines, such as externa
344		corners, door jambs, reveals, and expansion and contro
345		joints, do not vary from plumb by more than 1/8 inch in 10
346		feet, 1/4 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2-inch maximum.
347		, ,,
348		(e) For lines and surfaces, do not vary from straight by
349		more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, 3/8 inch in 20 feet, or 1/2-inch
350		maximum.
351		
352		(f) For vertical alignment of exposed head joints, do no
353		vary from plumb by more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet, or 1/2-inch
354		maximum.
355		
356		(g) For faces of adjacent exposed masonry units, do no
357		vary from flush alignment by more than 1/16 inch.
358		vary mann magninaria ay mana anam magnisan
359	(3)	Joints
360	(0)	
361		(a) For bed joints, do not vary from thickness indicated by
362		more than plus or minus 1/8 inch, with a maximum thickness
363		limited to 1/2 inch.
364		miniod to 1/2 mon.
365		(b) For exposed bed joints, do not vary from bed-join
366		thickness of adjacent courses by more than 1/8 inch.
367		anomicos of adjacon codicos by more than 1/6 mon.
368		(c) For head and collar joints, do not vary from thickness
,00		(e) To fload and donar jointo, do flot vary from thiothiode

369		indicated by more than plus 3/8 inch or minus 1/4 inch.
370		
371		(d) For exposed head joints, do not vary from thickness
372		indicated by more than plus or minus 1/8 inch.
373		
374	(I)	Laying Masonry Walls
375		
376		(1) Lay out walls in advance for accurate spacing of surface bond
377		patterns with uniform joint thicknesses and for accurate location of
378		openings, movement-type joints, returns, and offsets. Avoid using
379		less-than-half-size units, particularly at corners, jambs, and, where
380		possible, at other locations.
381		
382		(2) Bond Pattern for Exposed Masonry: Unless otherwise
383		indicated, lay exposed masonry in running bond do not use units with
384		less-than-nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or
385		jambs.
386		
387		(3) Lay concealed masonry with all units in a wythe in running
388		bond or bonded by lapping not less than 4 inches. Bond and
389		interlock each course of each wythe at corners. Do not use units with
390		less-than-nominal 4-inch horizontal face dimensions at corners or
391		jambs.
392		
393		(4) Stopping and Resuming Work: Stop work by stepping back
394		units in each course from those in course below; do not tooth. When
395		resuming work, clean masonry surfaces that are to receive mortar,
396		remove loose masonry units and mortar, and wet brick if required
397		before laying fresh masonry.
398		
399		(5) Built-in Work: As construction progresses, build in items
400		specified in this and other Sections. Fill in solidly with masonry
401		around built-in items.
402		
403		(6) Where built-in items are to be embedded in cores of hollow
404		masonry units, place a layer of metal lath, wire mesh, or plastic mesh
405		in the joint below, and rod mortar or grout into core.
406		
407	(J)	Mortar Bedding and Jointing
408		
409		(1) Lay solid CMUs with completely filled bed and head joints;
410		butter ends with sufficient mortar to fill head joints and shove into
411		place. Do not deeply furrow bed joints or slush head joints.
412		•
413		(2) Tool exposed joints slightly concave when thumbprint hard,
414		using a jointer larger than joint thickness unless otherwise indicated.

415		
416		(3) Cut joints flush for masonry walls to receive plaster or other
417		direct-applied finishes (other than paint) unless otherwise indicated.
418		
419		(4) Cut joints flush where indicated to receive waterproofing
420		unless otherwise indicated.
421		
422	(K)	Anchoring Masonry to Structural Steel and Concrete
423		
424		(1) Anchor masonry to structural steel and concrete, where
425		masonry abuts or faces structural steel or concrete, to comply with
426		the following:
427		
428		(a) Anchor masonry with anchors embedded in masonry
429		joints and attached to structure.
430		
431	(L)	Control and Expansion Joints
432	. ,	
433		(1) General. Install control- and expansion-joint materials in unit
434		masonry as masonry progresses. Do not allow materials to span
435		control and expansion joints without provision to allow for in-plane
436		wall or partition movement.
437		•
438		(2) Form control joints in concrete masonry using one of the
439		following methods:
440		
441		(a) Fit bond-breaker strips into hollow contour in ends of
442		CMUs on one side of control joint. Fill resultant core with
443		grout, and rake out joints in exposed faces for application of
444		sealant.
445		
446		(b) Install preformed control-joint gaskets designed to fit
447		standard sash block.
448		
449		(c) Install interlocking units designed for control joints.
450		Install bond-breaker strips at joint. Keep head joints free and
451		clear of mortar, or rake out joint for application of sealant.
452		
453		(d) Install temporary foam-plastic filler in head joints, and
454		remove filler when unit masonry is complete for application of
455		sealant.
456		
457	(M)	Reinforced Unit Masonry Installation
458	. ,	-
459		(1) Placing Reinforcement. Comply with requirements in
460		TMS 602/ACI 530.1/ASCE 6.

507		provided, according to ASTM C1019.
508		
509	(O)	Repairing, Pointing, and Cleaning
510		
511		(1) Remove and replace masonry units that are loose, chipped,
512		broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match
513		adjoining units. Install new units to match adjoining units; install in
514		fresh mortar, pointed to eliminate evidence of replacement.
515		
516		(2) Pointing. During the tooling of joints, enlarge voids and
517		holes, except weep holes, and completely fill with mortar. Point up
518		joints, including corners, openings, and adjacent construction, to
519		provide a neat, uniform appearance. Prepare joints for sealant
520		application, where indicated.
521		
522		(3) In-Progress Cleaning. Clean unit masonry as work
523		progresses by dry brushing to remove mortar fins and smears before
524		tooling joints.
525		
526		(4) Final Cleaning. After mortar is thoroughly set and cured,
527		clean exposed masonry as follows:
528		
529		(a) Remove large mortar particles by hand with wooden
530		paddles and nonmetallic scrape hoes or chisels.
531		
532		(b) Test cleaning methods on sample wall panel; leave
533		one-half of panel uncleaned for comparison purposes. Obtain
534		Engineer's approval of sample cleaning before proceeding
535		with cleaning of masonry.
536		
537		(c) Protect adjacent stone and nonmasonry surfaces from
538		contact with cleaner by covering them with liquid strippable
539		masking agent or polyethylene film and waterproof masking
540		tape.
541		
542		(d) Wet wall surfaces with water before applying cleaners;
543		remove cleaners promptly by rinsing surfaces thoroughly with
544		clear water.
545		(a) Class assesses massesses by applicable alconing
546		(e) Clean concrete masonry by applicable cleaning
547 549		methods indicated in NCMA TEK 8-4A.
548	(D)	Macanty Wasta Dianasal
549 550	(P)	Masonry Waste Disposal
550 551		(1) Salvagoable Materials Unless otherwise indicated excess
551 552		(1) Salvageable Materials. Unless otherwise indicated, excess
552		masonry materials are Contractor's property. At completion of unit

masonry work, remove from Project site.
(O) Marta Blancast as FIH Material Director
(2) Waste Disposal as Fill Material. Dispose of clean masonry
waste, including excess or soil-contaminated sand, waste mortar
and broken masonry units, by crushing and mixing with fill materia
as fill is placed.
(a) Crush masonry waste to less than 4 inches in each
dimension.
(b) Mix masonry waste with at least two parts of specified
fill material for each part of masonry waste. Fill material is
specified in Section 203 – Excavation and Embankment.
(a) Do not dianage of managery wants as fill within 19
(c) Do not dispose of masonry waste as fill within 18
inches of finished grade.
(3) Masonry Waste Recycling. Return broken CMUs not used
(3) Masonry Waste Recycling. Return broken CMUs not used as fill to manufacturer for recycling.
as illi to manufacturer for recycling.
(4) Excess Masonry Waste: Remove excess clean masonry
waste that cannot be used as fill, as described above or recycled
and other masonry waste, and legally dispose of off HDOT property.
and other masonly waste, and legally dispose of on moderny.
658.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure concrete unit masonry for payment.
658.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for concrete unit masonry
separately. The Engineer will consider the price for concrete unit masonry included
in the contract price for Section 608 - Modular Storage Containers. Payment wil
be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing concrete unit masonry, and al
incidentals necessary to complete the work.
END OF SECTION 658

1	Make the fo	llowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3 4		SECTION 665 – ROUGH CARPENTRY
5 6 7 8	requirement	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation is for rough carpentry. This section includes framing with dimension wood blocking, cants, and nailers.
9 10	(A)	Definitions. Terms in this section are defined as follows:
11 12 13		(1) Boards or Strips: Lumber of less than 2 inches nominal size in least dimension.
14 15 16		(2) Dimension Lumber: Lumber of 2 inches nominal size or greater but less than 5 inches nominal size in least dimension.
17 18 19		(3) Exposed Framing: Framing not concealed by other construction.
20 21 22		(4) Timber: Lumber of 5 inches nominal size or greater in least dimension.
23 24 25	(B) to ref	Abbreviations. Lumber grading agencies, and abbreviations used erence them, include the following:
26 27		(1) NeLMA: Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers' Association.
28 29		(2) NLGA: National Lumber Grades Authority.
30		(3) WCLIB: West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
32 33		(4) WWPA: Western Wood Products Association.
34 35	665.02 M	aterials
36 37	(A)	Wood Products, General
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45		(1) Lumber. Comply with DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
46		(a) Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of

4 7		grading agency.
48		
49		(b) For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained o
50		natural finish, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece
51		or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade
52		compliance issued by grading agency.
53		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
54		(c) Where nominal sizes are indicated, provide actua
55		sizes required by DOC PS 20 for moisture content specified
56		Where actual sizes are indicated, they are minimum dressed
57		sizes for dry wood products.
58		ooo
59		(d) Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
50		(a) Brees familier, e re, amose emermos maisatea.
61		(2) Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber. Maximum moisture
62		content of lumber is as follows:
63		content of familion is as follows.
64		(a) Boards: 19 percent.
65		(a) Boardo. To porconti.
56 56		(b) Dimension Lumber: 19 percent unless otherwise
67		indicated.
58		maloatoa.
56 59		(c) Timber. 19 percent.
70		(c) Timber: 19 percent.
71	(B)	Preservative Treatment
72	(0)	Treservative Treatment
73		(1) Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process. Treatmen
74		shall comply with AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interio
75		construction not in contact with ground, Use Category UC3b fo
76		exterior construction not in contact with ground, and
77		Use Category UC4a for items in contact with ground.
7.7 7.8		Osc Galegory Gora for items in contact with ground.
79		(a) Preservative Chemicals. Preservative chemicals
80		shall be acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and shall
30 31		not contain arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boror
31		(SBX) for sill plates.
83		(SDA) for sill plates.
84		(b) For expected items indicated to receive a stained of
85		(b) For exposed items indicated to receive a stained o
		natural finish, chemical formulations shall not require incising
86		contain colorants, bleed through, or otherwise adversely affec
87		finishes.
88		(a) After treatment radm, beards and dimension lives by the
39 20		(c) After treatment, redry boards and dimension lumber to
90		19 percent maximum moisture content.
91 92		(2) Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture
1/		(2) Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture

93		content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that
94 95		does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
93 96		(3) Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection
90 97		agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
98		agency approved by the ALSC board of Neview.
90 99		(a) For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or
100		natural finish, mark end or back of each piece or omit marking
100		and provide certificates of treatment compliance issued by
101		inspection agency.
102		inspection agency.
103		(4) Application Treat all rough corportry uplace otherwise
104		(4) Application. Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise
103		indicated, items indicated on Drawings, and the following:
100		(a) Wood cents neilers ourbe equipment support bases
		(a) Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases,
108		blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with
109 110		roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
110		(b) Wood sills sloopers blocking furring stripping and
111		(b) Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or
		concrete.
113		concrete.
114		(a) Wood framing and furring attached directly to the
115		(c) Wood framing and furring attached directly to the
116		interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
117		(d) Wood froming members that are less than 10 inches
118		(d) Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches
119		(460 mm) above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated
120		areas.
121 122	(C)	Dimension Lumber Framing
	(C)	Differsion Lumber Framing
123		(1) Jointo Bofforo Boomo and Other Freming by Grade
124		(1) Joists, Rafters, Beams, and Other Framing by Grade.
125 126		Joists, rafters, beams, and other framing by grade shall be No. 1
120		(a) Species:
127		(a) Species:
128		(i) Douglas fir Jarob: WCLIB or WWDA
130		(i) Douglas fir-larch; WCLIB or WWPA.
130		(2) Exposed Framing Indicated to Receive a Stained or
131		(2) Exposed Framing Indicated to Receive a Stained or Natural Finish. Hand-select material for uniformity of appearance
133 134		and freedom from characteristics, on exposed surfaces and edges,
		that would impair finish appearance, including decay, honeycomb,
135 136		knot-holes, shake, splits, torn grain, and wane.
130		(a) Species and Grade:
		(a) Species and Grade:
138		

139				(i)	Douglas fir-la	arch; No. 1	grade; W	CLIB or W	NPA.
140									
141	(D)	Miscellaneous Lumber							
142									
143		(1)	Provid	e mi	scellaneous	lumber ii	ndicated a	and lumbe	er for
144		support	t or att	achm	ent of other co	onstructio	n, including	g the follow	ing:
145									
146		((a)	Block	king.				
147									
148		((b)	Naile	rs.				
149									
150		((c)	Cant	S.				
151									
152			(d)	Furri	ng.				
153			-						
154			(e)	Grou	nds.				
155									
156			(f)	Utility	shelving.				
157				-	_				
158		(2) I	Dimen	nsion	Lumber Item	is. Dimer	sion lumb	er items sh	all be
159		cons	structi	on or	No. 2 grade lu	umber.			
160									
161		(3) I	For bl	ockin	g not used fo	or attachn	nent of oth	ner constru	ıction,
162		Utility,	Stud,	or N	o. 3 grade lui	mber of a	any specie	es may be	used
163		provide	d that	t it is	cut and sele	ected to	eliminate	defects tha	at will
164		interfer	e with	its at	tachment and	purpose.			
165									
166		` '			ig and naile				
167			•		ct and cut lu				other
168		defects	that v	vill int	erfere with atta	achment o	of other wo	rk.	
169					_				
170		` '		_	strips for insta	•			_
171					no knots capa	able of pro	ducing be	nt-over nai	ls and
172		damage	e to pa	anelin	g.				
173		_							
174	(E)	Fasten	ers						
175			_	_					
176		` '			asteners shal				
177					requirements	•			
178					Provide nails			_	ith, to
179		penetra	ate not	less	than 1-1/2 incl	hes into w	ood substi	rate.	
180			, ,						-
181					re rough car		•		
182			_		tact, pressure	•			
183			_	elative	humidity, pro	ovide faste	eners of Ty	rpe 316 sta	ınless
184		5	steel.						

185		
186		(b) For pressure-preservative-treated wood, use stainless
187		steel fasteners.
188		
189		(2) Nails, Brads, and Staples. Nails, brads, and staples shall
190		comply with ASTM F1667.
191		
192		(3) Power-Driven Fasteners. Fastener systems with an
193		evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based
194		on ICC-ES AC70, shall be used.
195		
196		(4) Post-Installed Anchors. Fastener systems with an
197		evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based
198		on ICC-ES AC01, ICC-ES AC58, ICC-ES AC193, or ICC-ES AC308
199		as appropriate for the substrate, shall be used.
200		
201	(F)	Metal Framing Anchors
202	` '	
203		(1) Allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, shall
204		meet or exceed those indicated. Manufacturer's published values
205		shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering
206		analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a
207		qualified independent testing agency. Framing anchors shall be
208		punched for fasteners adequate to withstand same loads as framing
209		anchors.
210		
211		(2) Galvanized-Steel Sheet. Galvanized-steel sheet shall be
212		hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A653/A653M,
213		G60 coating designation.
214		ů ů
215		(a) Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
216		
217		(3) Hot-Dip, Heavy-Galvanized Steel Sheet. Hot-dip, heavy-
218		galvanized steel sheet shall comply with ASTM A653/A653M; and
219		shall be structural steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A
220		(HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS
221		Type B); G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch
222		thick.
223		
224		(a) Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where
225		indicated.
226		., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
227		(4) Stainless Steel Sheet. Stainless steel sheet shall comply
228		with ASTM A240/A240M or ASTM A666, and shall be Type 316.
229		
230		(a) Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
250		(a) 000 for extensi recations and whole indicated.

- (5) Joist Hangers. Joist hangers shall be U-shaped with 2-inchlong seat and 1-1/4-inch- wide nailing flanges at least 85 percent of joist depth.
 - (a) Thickness: 0.050 inch.
- **(6) Post Bases.** Post bases shall be adjustable-socket type for bolting in place with standoff plate to raise post 1 inch above base and with 2-inch- minimum side cover, socket 0.062 inch thick, and standoff and adjustment plates 0.108 inch thick.
- (7) Rafter Tie-Downs (Hurricane or Seismic Ties). Bent strap tie shall be used for fastening rafters or roof trusses to wall studs below, 2-1/4 inches wide by 0.062 inch thick. Tie fits over top of rafter or truss and fastens to both sides of rafter or truss, face of top plates, and side of stud below.

(G) Miscellaneous Materials

(1) Sill-Sealer Gaskets

- (a) Glass-fiber-resilient insulation, fabricated in strip form, for use as a sill sealer; 1-inch nominal thickness, compressible to 1/32 inch; selected from manufacturer's standard widths to suit width of sill members indicated.
- **(b)** Closed-cell neoprene foam, 1/4 inch thick, selected from manufacturer's standard widths to suit width of sill members indicated.
- (c) Self-adhering sheet consisting of 64mils of rubberized asphalt laminated on one side to a 4-mil- thick, polyethylene-film reinforcement, and with release liner on adhesive side; formulated for application with primer or surface conditioner that complies with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- (2) Adhesives for Gluing Furring and Sleepers to Concrete or Masonry. Adhesives shall be a formulation complying with ASTM D3498 that is approved for use indicated by adhesive manufacturer.
- (3) Water-Repellent Preservative. Water-repellent preservative shall be an NWWDA-tested and -accepted formulation containing 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate, combined with an insecticide

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327			ES:										
328				<i>.</i>									
329				(i)	VVooc	d-pre	eservativ	/e-trea	ited w	ood.			
330				/11 \	_								
331				(ii)	Powe	er-dr	iven fas	teners.					
332													
333				(iii)	Post-	ınsta	alled and	chors.					
334								_					
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341			perfori	ms ins	pectio	ns 1	to verify	that	the r	nater	ial k	pearir	ig the
342			classif	ication	marki	ing i	s repres	entativ	e of	the m	nater	ial te	sted.
343													
344	(C)	Delive	ry, Sto	orage,	and H	land	lling						
345													
346		(1)	Stack	wood	produ	cts f	flat with	space	ers be	eneat	h ar	nd be	tween
347		each b	oundle	to pro	vide a	air c	irculatio	n. Pro	tect v	wood	pro	ducts	from
348		weathe	er by o	coverin	ng with	า wa	aterproo	f shee	eting,	secu	ırely	ancl	nored.
349		Provid	e for a	ir circu	lation	arou	ınd stac	ks and	unde	er cov	verir	igs.	
350													
351	(D)	Install	ation,	Gener	al								
352	` ,												
353		(1)	Frami	ng Sta	andard	d. (Comply	with A	F&P	A's V	VCD	1, "[)etails
354		for Co					ame Ćo						
355		indicat							·				
356													
357		(2)	Set w	ork to	require	ed I	evels a	nd line	s, wi	ith m	emb	ers p	olumb,
358		. ,			•		it rougl						
359							nailers,						
360		suppoi					requir						other
361		constr			. ,		'					J	
362													
363		(3)	Install	metal	framir	na a	anchors	to cor	vlam	with	mar	nufac	turer's
364		. ,				_	teners tl						
365				· · · ·				9.	_ 2.31	. 2.30			
366		(4)	Install	sill se	ealer	gask	ket/term	ite bai	rrier	in ad	ccor	dance	with
367		` '				_	ctions a						
368							top of fo						

369	joist locations.
370	
371	(5) Do not splice structural members between supports unless
372	otherwise indicated.
373	
374	(6) Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to
375	support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
376	
377	(a) Provide metal clips for fastening gypsum board or lath
378	at corners and intersections where framing or blocking does
379	not provide a surface for fastening edges of panels. Space
380	clips not more than 16 inches o.c.
381	'
382	(7) Provide fire blocking in furred spaces, stud spaces, and other
383	concealed cavities as indicated and as follows:
384	
385	(a) Fire block furred spaces of walls, at each floor level, a
386	ceiling, and at not more than 96 inches o.c. with solid wood
387	blocking or noncombustible materials accurately fitted to close
388	furred spaces.
389	типои эриосо.
390	(b) Fire block concealed spaces of wood-framed walls and
391	partitions at each floor level, at ceiling line of top story, and a
392	not more than 96 inches o.c. Where fire blocking is no
393	inherent in framing system used, provide closely fitted solic
394	wood blocks of same width as framing members and 2-inch
39 4 395	nominal thickness.
393 396	HOHIII di Ulicki e55.
397	(c) Fire block concealed enaces between floor sleeners
	(c) Fire block concealed spaces between floor sleepers
398 399	with same material as sleepers to limit concealed spaces to
	not more than 100 sq. ft. and to solidly fill space below
400	partitions.
401	(d) Fire block concealed appear habited combined
402	(d) Fire block concealed spaces behind combustible
403	cornices and exterior trim at not more than 20 feet o.c.
104	
405	(8) Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics do no
406	interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber
407	Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of
408	member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number o
409	joints or optimum joint arrangement.
410	
411	(9) Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cur
412	surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
413	
414	(a) Use inorganic boron for items that are continuously

415		protected from liquid water.
416		
417		(b) Use copper naphthenate for items not continuously
418		protected from liquid water.
419		
420		(10) Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by
421		anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
422		
423		(a) Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in ICC's
424		International Building Code (IBC).
425		
426		(b) Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural
427		Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in
428		ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family
429		Dwellings.
430		
431		(c) ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
432		
433		(11) Use steel common nails unless otherwise indicated. Select
434		fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where
435		opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials.
436		Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without
437		splitting wood. Drive nails snug but do not countersink nail heads
438		unless otherwise indicated.
439		
440		(12) For exposed work, arrange fasteners in straight rows parallel
441		with edges of members, with fasteners evenly spaced, and with
442		adjacent rows staggered.
443		, 65
444		(a) Use common nails unless otherwise indicated. Drive
445		nails snug but do not countersink nail heads.
446		ŭ
447	(E)	Installation of Wood Blocking and Nailers
448	` '	ŭ
449		(1) Install where indicated and where required for screeding or
450		attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required
451		for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with
452		other work involved.
453		
454		(2) Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess
455		bolts and nuts flush with surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
456		boile and nate hath with earlasse amose earlerwise maleated.
457		(3) Provide permanent grounds of dressed, pressure-
458		preservative-treated, key-beveled lumber not less than 1-1/2 inches
459		wide and of thickness required to bring face of ground to exact
460		thickness of finish material. Remove temporary grounds when no

461		longer required.
462		
463	(F)	Installation of Wood Furring
464		
465		(1) Install level and plumb with closure strips at edges and
466		openings. Shim with wood as required for tolerance of finish work.
467		1 3
468	(G)	Installation of Floor Joist Framing
469	(•)	
470		(1) General. Install floor joists with crown edge up and support
471		ends of each member with not less than 1-1/2 inches of bearing on
472		wood or metal, or 3 inches on masonry. Attach floor joists as follows:
473		wood of frictal, of o fricties of fridsoffly. Attach floor joists as follows.
474		(a) Where supported on wood members, by toe nailing or
475		by using metal framing anchors.
		by using metal naming anchors.
476 477		(h) Where framed into wood supporting members by using
477		(b) Where framed into wood supporting members, by using
478 470		wood ledgers as indicated or, if not indicated, by using metal
479		joist hangers.
480		
481		(2) Do not notch in middle third of joists; limit notches to one-sixth
482		depth of joist, one-third at ends unless noted on Drawings. Do not
483		bore holes larger than one-third depth of joist; do not locate closer
484		than 2 inches from top or bottom.
485		
486		(3) Provide solid blocking of 2-inch nominal thickness by depth of
487		joist at ends of joists unless nailed to header or band.
488		
489		(4) Anchor members paralleling masonry with 1/4-by-1-1/4-inch
490		metal strap anchors spaced not more than 96 inches o.c., extending
491		over and fastening to three joists. Embed anchors at least 4 inches
492		into grouted masonry with ends bent at right angles and extending 4
493		inches beyond bend.
494		
495		(5) Provide bridging of type indicated below, at intervals of 96
496		inches o.c., between joists.
497		
498		(a) Diagonal wood bridging formed from bevel-cut, 1-by-3-
499		inch nominal- size lumber, double-crossed and nailed at both
500		ends to joists.
501		•
502	(H)	Protection
503	` ,	
504		(1) Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron
505		(SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated
506		wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply
		The manufacture with the property and the modern of the property

507	borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
508	
509	(2) Protect rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection,
510	rough carpentry becomes wet enough that moisture content exceeds
511	that specified, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply borate
512	solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
513	
514	665.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure rough carpentry for
515	payment.
516	
517	665.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for rough carpentry separately.
518	The Engineer will consider the price for rough carpentry included in the contract
519	price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full
520	compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
521	
522	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
523	and installing rough carpentry, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.
524	
525	
526	
527	END OF SECTION 665

1	Make the fol	llowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3		SECTION 667 – SHOP-FABRICATED WOOD TRUSSES
4		
5		
6		escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of
7 8	snop-tabrica	ated wood trusses. This section includes wood roof trusses.
9	Metal	l-plate-connected wood trusses in this section are defined as planar
10		nits consisting of metal-plate-connected members fabricated from
11		umber and cut and assembled before delivery to the Project site.
12		
13 14	667.02 M	aterials
15	(A)	Performance Requirements
16	()	
17		(1) Delegated Design. Engage a qualified structural engineer to
18		design metal-plate-connected wood trusses.
19		
20		(2) Structural Performance. Metal-plate-connected wood
21 22		trusses shall be capable of withstanding design loads within limits and under conditions indicated. Comply with requirements in TPI 1
23		unless more stringent requirements are specified below.
24		unless more stringent requirements are specified below.
25		(a) Design Loads. Design loads shall be as indicated.
26		(a)
27		(b) Maximum Deflection under Design Loads
28		
29		(i) Roof Trusses. The maximum deflection for roof
30		trusses is a vertical deflection of 1/240 of span.
31		(0)
32		(3) Comply with applicable requirements and recommendations of TPI 1, TPI DSB, and SBCA BCSI.
33 34		OFFET, TELDOB, AND OBOA BOOK.
35		(4) Wood Structural Design Standard. Comply with applicable
36		requirements in AF&PA's "National Design Specifications for Wood
37		Construction" and its "Supplement."
38		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
39	(B)	Dimension Lumber
40		
41		(1) Lumber. Lumber shall comply with DOC PS 20 and
42		applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American
43		Lumber Standard Committee (ALSC) Board of Review. Provide
44		lumber graded by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review
45		to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
46		

47 48		(a) Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
49 50 51 52		(b) For exposed lumber indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by grading agency.
53 54		(c) Provide dressed lumber, S4S.
55 56 57		(d) Provide dry lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content at time of dressing.
58 59 60 61 62		(2) Minimum Chord Size for Roof Trusses. The minimum chord size for roof trusses shall be 2 by 6 inches nominal for top chords, 2 by 4 inches nominal for bottom chords and web members.
63 64		(3) Minimum Specific Gravity for Top Chords. The minimum specific gravity for top chords shall be 0.50.
65 66 67 68		(4) Permanent Bracing. Provide wood bracing that complies with requirements for miscellaneous lumber in Section 665 "Rough Carpentry."
69 70	(C)	Wood-Preservative-Treated Lumber
71 72 73 74 75 76		(1) Preservative Treatment. Preservative Treatment shall be by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with the ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with the ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with the ground.
77 78 79		(a) Preservative Chemicals. Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
80 81 82 83 84		(b) For exposed trusses indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, use chemical formulations that do not require incising, contain colorants, bleed through, or otherwise adversely affect finishes.
85 86 87 88 89		(2) Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
90 91 92		(3) Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.

93		(a) For exposed trusses indicated to receive a stained or
94		natural finish, mark end or back of each piece or omit marking
95		and provide certificates of treatment compliance issued by
96		inspection agency.
97		
98		(4) Application. Treat all trusses unless otherwise indicated.
99		
100	(D)	Metal Connector Plates
101		
102		(1) General. Fabricate connector plates to comply with TPI 1.
103		
104		(2) Hot-Dip Galvanized-Steel Sheet. Hot-dip galvanized-steel
105		sheet shall comply with ASTM A653; and shall be Structural Steel
106		(SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-
107		strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G60 coating
108		designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
109		
110		(a) Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
111		
112		(3) Hot-Dip Heavy-Galvanized-Steel Sheet. Hot-dip heavy-
113		galvanized-steel sheet shall comply with ASTM A653; and shall be
114		Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS
115		Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B);
116		G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
117		
118		(a) Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where
119		indicated.
120		
121		(4) Stainless-Steel Sheet. Stainless-steel sheet shall comply
122		with ASTM A666, and shall be Type 316, and not less than 0.035
123		inch thick.
124		
125		(a) Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
126		
127	(E)	Fasteners
128		
129		(1) General. Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that
130		comply with requirements specified in this article for material and
131		manufacture.
132		
133		(a) Provide fasteners for use with metal framing anchors
134		that comply with written recommendations of metal framing
135		manufacturer.
136		
137		(b) Where trusses are exposed to weather, in ground
138		contact, made from pressure-preservative treated wood, or in

139		area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners of Type 316
140		stainless steel.
141		(O) N. II D. I. (O) I.
142		(2) Nails, Brads, and Staples. Nails, brads, and staples shall
143		comply with ASTM F1667.
144	(-)	Matal Parada Anglas and Anglas and Sa
145	(F)	Metal Framing Anchors and Accessories
146		(4) Allowable design leads as published by manufacturar aball
147 140		(1) Allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, shall
148 149		comply with or exceed those indicated. Manufacturer's published
149 150		values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing
150 151		performed by a qualified independent testing agency. Framing
151		anchors shall be punched for fasteners adequate to withstand same
153		loads as framing anchors.
154		loads as fraining anonors.
155		(2) Galvanized-Steel Sheet. Galvanized-steel sheet shall be
156		hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A653, G60
157		coating designation.
158		ocaming accingmancing
159		(a) Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
160		(4)
161		(3) Hot-Dip Heavy-Galvanized-Steel Sheet. Hot-dip heavy-
162		galvanized-steel sheet shall comply with ASTM A653; and shall be
163		Structural Steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS
164		Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B);
165		G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
166		
167		(a) Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where
168		indicated.
169		
170		(4) Stainless-Steel Sheet. Stainless-steel sheet shall comply
171		with ASTM A666 and shall be Type 316.
172		
173		(a) Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
174		
175		(5) Truss Tie-Downs. Truss tie-downs shall be bent strap tie for
176		fastening roof trusses to wall study below, 1-1/2 inches wide by
177 178		0.050 inch thick. Tie fastens to one side of truss, top plates, and side of stud below.
178 179		side of stud below.
		(6) Trues Tio Downs (Hurricano or Soismic Tios) Trues tio
180 181		(6) Truss Tie-Downs (Hurricane or Seismic Ties). Truss tie- downs (hurricane or seismic ties) shall be bent strap tie for fastening
181 182		roof trusses to wall studs below, 2-1/4 inches wide by 0.062 inch
183		thick. Tie fits over top of truss and fastens to both sides of truss, top
184		plates, and one side of stud below.
		DIGICO, GITA OTTO DIAO OT DIAU DOTOW.

231	procedures that provide a basis for inspection control of the
232 233	workmanship and the fabricator's ability to conform to approved construction documents and referenced standards.
234 235 236	(b) Provide special inspector with access to places where wood trusses are being fabricated to perform inspections.
237 238 239	(2) Correct deficiencies in Work that special inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.
	onstruction
	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following section:
245 246 247	(1) Section 689 "Termite Control" for site application of borate treatment to wood trusses.
248 249 (B)	Quality Assurance
250 251 252 253 254	(1) Metal Connector-Plate Manufacturer Qualifications. The metal connector-plate manufacturer shall be one that is a member of TPI and that complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1 for manufacture of connector plates.
255 256 257 258	(a) Manufacturer's responsibilities include providing professional engineering services needed to assume engineering responsibility.
259 260 261 262	(b) Engineering Responsibility. Preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis shall be by a qualified professional engineer.
263 264 265 266	(2) Fabricator Qualifications. The fabricator shall be a shop that participates in a recognized quality-assurance program, complies with quality-control procedures in TPI 1, and involves third-
267 268 269	party inspection by an independent testing and inspecting agency acceptable to Engineer and authorities having jurisdiction and is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.
270 271 272 273	(3) Testing Agency Qualifications. For testing agency providing classification marking for fire-retardant-treated material, an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that
274 275 276	periodically performs inspections to verify that the material bearing the classification marking is representative of the material tested.

277	(C)	Subn	nittals
278	. ,		
279		(1)	Action Submittals
280			
281			(a) Product Data. Submit data for wood-preservative-
282			treated lumber, metal-plate connectors, metal truss
283			accessories, and fasteners.
284			
285			(i) Include data for wood-preservative treatment
286			from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification
287			from treating plant that treated materials comply with
288			requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and
289			net amount of preservative retained.
290			
291			(ii) For products receiving a waterborne treatment,
292			include statement that moisture content of treated
293			materials was reduced to levels specified before
294			shipment to truss fabricator.
295			(b) Observe Born Server Coll (College)
296			(b) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings that show
297			fabrication and installation details for trusses.
298			(i) Chave location witch ones combon
299			(i) Show location, pitch, span, camber,
300 301			configuration, and spacing for each type of truss
302			required.
303			(ii) Indicate sizes, stress grades, and species of
304			lumber.
305			idiliber.
306			(iii) Indicate locations of permanent bracing required
307			to prevent buckling of individual truss members due to
308			design loads.
309			aboligit loadel
310			(iv) Indicate locations, sizes, and materials for
311			permanent bracing required to prevent buckling of
312			individual truss members due to design loads.
313			•
314			(v) Indicate type, size, material, finish, design
315			values, orientation, and location of metal connector
316			plates.
317			·
318			(vi) Show splice details and bearing details.
319			-
320			(c) Delegated-Design Submittal. Provide a delegated-
321			design submittal for metal-plate-connected wood trusses
322			indicated to comply with performance requirements and

323 324			design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified structural engineer responsible for their
325			preparation.
326			
327		(2)	Informational Submittals
328		` '	
329			(a) Qualification Data. Provide qualification data for
330			metal connector-plate manufacturer, structural engineer, and
331			fabricator.
332			
333			(b) Material Certificates. Provide certificates for
334			dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum specific
335			gravity. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and
336			specific gravity.
337			
338			(c) Product Certificates. Provide certificates for metal-
339			plate-connected wood trusses, signed by officer of truss-
340			fabricating firm.
341			(d) Frequetion Demonts Duravido evaluation non outs for the
342			(d) Evaluation Reports. Provide evaluation reports for the
343			following, from ICC-ES:
344 245			(i) Wood procedutive treated lumber
345 346			(i) Wood-preservative-treated lumber.
347			(ii) Metal-plate connectors.
348			(ii) Wetal-plate confidences.
349			(iii) Metal truss accessories.
350			(,
351	(D)	Deliv	ery, Storage, and Handling
352	` ,		
353		(1)	Handle and store trusses to comply with recommendations in
354		SBCA	ABCSI, "Building Component Safety Information: Guide to
355			Practice for Handling, Installing, Restraining, & Bracing Metal
356		Plate	Connected Wood Trusses."
357			
358			(a) Store trusses flat, off of ground, and adequately
359			supported to prevent lateral bending.
360			
361			(b) Protect trusses from weather by covering with
362			waterproof sheeting, securely anchored.
363			
364			(c) Provide for air circulation around stacks and under
365			coverings.
366 367		(2)	Inspect truckes showing discolaration corresion or other
367 369		(2)	Inspect trusses showing discoloration, corrosion, or other
368		evide	nce of deterioration. Discard and replace trusses that are

369		damaged or defective.
370		· ·
371	(E)	Installation
372		
373		(1) Install wood trusses only after supporting construction is in
374		place and is braced and secured.
375		
376		(2) If trusses are delivered to Project site in more than one piece,
377		assemble trusses before installing.
378		
379		(3) Hoist trusses in place by lifting equipment suited to sizes and
380		types of trusses required, exercising care not to damage truss
381		members or joints by out-of-plane bending or other causes.
382		, , , ,
383		(4) Install and brace trusses according to TPI recommendations
384		and as indicated.
385		
386		(5) Install trusses plumb, square, and true to line and securely
387		fasten to supporting construction.
388		laster to supporting construction.
389		(6) Space trusses as indicated; adjust and align trusses in
390		location before permanently fastening.
391		location before permanently lastening.
392		(7) Anchor trusses securely at bearing points; use metal truss tie-
393		downs or floor truss hangers as applicable. Install fasteners through
394		each fastener hole in metal framing anchors according to
39 4 395		manufacturer's fastening schedules and written instructions.
396		manufacturer's fasterning scriedules and written instructions.
390 397		(8) Install and fasten permanent bracing during truss erection and
		1 0
398		before construction loads are applied. Anchor ends of permanent
399		bracing where terminating at walls or beams.
400		(a)
401		(a) Install bracing to comply with Section 665 "Rough
402		Carpentry."
403		(6)
404		(9) Install wood trusses within installation tolerances in TPI 1.
405		(40) D (1) (1 C L D (1 L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L L
406		(10) Do not alter trusses in field. Do not cut, drill, notch, or remove
407		truss members.
408		
409		(11) Replace wood trusses that are damaged or do not comply
410		with requirements.
411		
412		(a) Damaged trusses may be repaired according to truss
413		repair details signed and sealed by the qualified professional
414		engineer responsible for truss design, when approved by

415		Engineer.
416		
417	(F)	Repairs and Protection
418		
419		(1) Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boror
420		(SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated
421		wood becomes wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment. Apply
422		borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered label.
423		
424		(2) Protect wood trusses from weather. If, despite protection
425		wood trusses become wet, apply EPA-registered borate treatment
426		Apply borate solution by spraying to comply with EPA-registered
427		label.
428		
429		(3) Repair damaged galvanized coatings on exposed surfaces
430		according to ASTM A780/A780M and manufacturer's writter
431		instructions.
432	(0)	Field Ovelity October
433	(G)	Field Quality Control
434		(4) Consist Inspections - Engineer will appear a mustifier
435		(1) Special Inspections. Engineer will engage a qualified
436		special inspector to perform special inspections to verify that
437		temporary installation restraint/bracing and the permanent individua
438		truss member restraint/bracing are installed in accordance with the
439 440		approved truss submittal package.
441 442	667.04 Me trusses for p	easurement. The Engineer will not measure shop-fabricated wood ayment.
443	667.0E D	The Engineer will not now for shop fabricated wood trucces
444 445		ayment. The Engineer will not pay for shop-fabricated wood trusses
		The Engineer will consider the price for shop-fabricated wood trusses the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers
446 447		I be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract
447 448	documents.	i be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contrac
449	documents.	
449 450	The	price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, shop
450 451		urnishing and installing shop-fabricated wood trusses, and al
451 452	•	ecessary to complete the work.
452 453	ii ioiuei itais II	iecessary to complete the work.
453 454		
454 455		
455 456		END OF SECTION 667
1 00		LIND OF SECTION 607

1	Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:			
2 3 4		SECTION 673 – STRUCTURAL STEEL FRAMING		
5 6 7 8 9	structural structu	Description. This section describes the fabrication and installation of steel framing. Structural steel in this section is defined as elements of iral frame indicated on the drawings and as described in AISC 303, tandard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."		
10 11 12	673.02 I	Materials		
12 13 14	(A)	Structural Steel Materials		
15 16		(1) Channels, Angles. Channels and angles shall comply with ASTM A36/A36M.		
17 18 19		(2) Plate and Bar. Plate and bar shall comply with ASTM A36/A36M.		
20 21 22 23 24		(3) Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections. Cold-formed hollow structural sections shall comply with ASTM A500/A500M, and shall be Grade B structural tubing.		
25 26 27 28		(4) Steel Pipe. Steel pipe shall comply with ASTM A53/A53M, and shall be Type E or Type S, Grade B. Weight class: standard. Finish: galvanized.		
29 30 31 32		(5) Welding Electrodes. Welding electrodes shall comply with AWS requirements.		
32 33 34	(B)	Bolts, Connectors, and Anchors		
35 36 37 38 39 40 41		(1) Unheaded Anchor Rods. Unheaded anchor rods shall comply with ASTM F1554, and shall be Grade 36. Configuration: Straight. Nuts: ASTM A563 heavy hex carbon steel. Plate Washers: ASTM A36 carbon steel. Washers: ASTM F436, Type 1, hardened carbon steel. Finish: Hot-dip zinc coating, ASTM A153/A153M, Class C.		
43 44	(C)	Primer		
45 46		(1) Primer. Primer shall be fabricator's standard lead- and chromate-free, nonasphaltic, rust-inhibiting primer.		

(2) Galvanizing Repair Paint. Galvanizing repair paint shall be MPI#18, MPI#19, or SSPC-Paint 20.

(D) Grout

- (1) Cement Grout. Cement grout shall be Portland cement, ASTM C 150, Type I; and clean, natural sand, ASTM C 404, Size No. 2. Mix at ratio of 1 part cement to 2-1/2 parts sand, by volume, with minimum water required for placement and hydration.
- (2) Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout. Nonmetallic, shrinkage-resistant grout shall comply with ASTM C1107, and shall be factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive and nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

(E) Fabrication

- (1) Structural Steel. Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC 303, "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges," and to AISC 360.
 - (a) Identify high-strength structural steel according to ASTM A6 and maintain markings until structural steel has been erected.
 - **(b)** Mark and match-mark materials for field assembly.
 - **(c)** Complete structural-steel assemblies, including welding of units, before starting shop-priming operations.
- **(2) Thermal Cutting.** Perform thermal cutting by machine to greatest extent possible.
 - (a) Plane thermally cut edges to be welded to comply with requirements in AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- (3) Bolt Holes. Cut, drill, mechanically thermal cut, or punch standard bolt holes perpendicular to metal surfaces.
- **(4) Finishing.** Accurately finish ends of columns and other members transmitting bearing loads.
- **(5) Holes.** Provide holes required for securing other work to structural steel and for other work to pass through steel members.

137 138	673.03 C	onstruction
139 140	(A)	Quality Assurance
141	(71)	Quality / local alloc
142		(1) Fabricator Qualifications. The fabricator shall be one that
143		participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is
144		designated an AISC-Certified Plant, Category STD, or is accredited
145		by the IAS Fabricator Inspection Program for Structural Steel
146		(AC 172).
147		
148		(2) Installer Qualifications. The installer shall be one who
149		participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is
150		designated an AISC-Certified Erector, Category CSE.
151		
152		(3) Shop-Painting Applicators. Shop-painting applicators shall
153		be qualified according to AISC's Sophisticated Paint
154		Endorsement P1 or to SSPC-QP 3, "Standard Procedure for
155		Evaluating Qualifications of Shop Painting Applicators."
156		
157		(4) Welding Qualifications. Qualify procedures and personnel
158		according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."
159		(E) Ormalia with applicable manifeliance of the fellowing
160		(5) Comply with applicable provisions of the following
161		specifications and documents:
162 163		(a) AISC 303 "Code of Standard Practice for Steel
164		(a) AISC 303 "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges".
165		Bullulings and Bridges .
166		(b) AISC 360 "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings".
167		(b) 71100 000 opositioation for etractaral etoel Ballatinge .
168		(c) RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using
169		ASTM A325 or A 490 Bolts".
170		,
171	(B)	Submittals
172	` ,	
173		(1) Product Data. Submit data for each type of product.
174		
175		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings that show fabrication
176		of structural-steel components.
177		
178		(a) Include details of cuts, connections, splices, camber,
179		holes, and other pertinent data.
180		
181		(b) Include embedment Drawings.
182		

183 184 185 186 187 188		(c) Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, distinguishing between shop and field welds, and show size, length, and type of each weld. Show backing bars that are to be removed and supplemental fillet welds where backing bars are to remain.
189 190 191 192		(d) Indicate type, size, and length of bolts, distinguishing between shop and field bolts. Identify pretensioned and slip-critical, high-strength bolted connections.
193	(3)	Qualification Data. Submit qualification data for Installer.
194 195	(4)	Welding certificates.
196 197 198 199	(5) certify	Mill Test Reports. Submit reports signed by manufacturers ing that the following products comply with requirements:
200 201 202		(a) Structural steel including chemical and physical properties.
203 204 205		(b) Bolts, nuts, and washers including mechanical properties and chemical analysis.
206 207		(c) Shop primers.
208 209		(d) Nonshrink grout.
210 (C 211) Delive	ery, Storage, and Handling
212 213 214 215 216	pallets	Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and ication. Keep steel members off ground and spaced by using s, dunnage, or other supports and spacers. Protect steel ers and packaged materials from corrosion and deterioration.
217 218 219 220 221		(a) Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion, damage, or overload to members or supporting structures. Repair or replace damaged materials or structures as directed.
222 222 223 224	(2) manuf	Store fasteners in a protected place in sealed containers with facturer's labels intact.
225 226 227		(a) Clean and relubricate bolts and nuts that become dry or rusty before use.
228		(b) Comply with manufacturers' written recommendations

229	for cleaning and lubricating ASTM F3125/F3125M,
230	Grade F1852 bolt assemblies and for retesting bolt
231	assemblies after lubrication.
232	accombined and rapheation.
233	(D) Examination. Verify, with certified steel erector present, elevations
234	of concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods,
235	bearing plates, and other embedments for compliance with requirements.
	bearing plates, and other embedments for compliance with requirements.
236	Drocood with installation only after unacticfactory conditions have
237	Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have
238	been corrected.
239	(E) Businessian Durida Armanana abana anna barra and albana
240	(E) Preparation. Provide temporary shores, guys, braces, and other
241	supports during erection to keep structural steel secure, plumb, and in
242	alignment against temporary construction loads and loads equal in intensity
243	to design loads. Remove temporary supports when permanent structural
244	steel, connections, and bracing are in place unless otherwise indicated.
245	
246	(F) Erection
247	
248	(1) Set structural steel accurately in locations and to elevations
249	indicated and according to AISC 303 and AISC 360.
250	•
251	(2) Baseplates. Clean concrete- and masonry-bearing surfaces
252	of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting
253	plates. Clean bottom surface of plates.
254	
255	(a) Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or
256	setting nuts as required.
257	ostanig nate de regamen.
258	(b) Weld plate washers to top of baseplate.
259	(a) Trefa plate magnete to top of superplate.
260	(c) Snug-tighten anchor rods after supported members
261	have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or
262	shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before
263	packing with grout.
264	packing with grout.
265	(d) Promptly pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces
266	and plates so no voids remain. Neatly finish exposed
267	surfaces; protect grout and allow to cure. Comply with
268	manufacturer's written installation instructions for shrinkage-
269	resistant grouts.
270	(2) Maintain anation talamanaa of structural etc. 1 (0)
271	(3) Maintain erection tolerances of structural steel within
272	AISC 303, "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and
273	Bridges."
274	

275		(4)	Align and adjust various members that form part of complete
276		frame	or structure before permanently fastening. Before assembly,
277		clean	bearing surfaces and other surfaces that are in permanent
278		conta	ct with members. Perform necessary adjustments to
279		comp	ensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.
280		•	•
281			(a) Level and plumb individual members of structure.
282			
283		(5)	Splice members only where indicated.
284			
285		(6)	Do not use thermal cutting during erection.
286			
287		(7)	Do not enlarge unfair holes in members by burning or using
288		drift p	ins. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts.
289		·	· ·
290	(G)	Field	Connections
291			
292		(1)	Weld Connections. Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M and
293		ÀŴS	D1.8/D1.8M for tolerances, appearances, welding procedure
294		specif	fications, weld quality, and methods used in correcting welding
295		work.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
296			
297			(a) Comply with AISC 303 and AISC 360 for bearing,
298			alignment, adequacy of temporary connections, and removal
299			of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.
300			·
301			(b) Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that
302			maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances
303			in AISC 303, "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings
304			and Bridges," for mill material.
305			
306	(H)	Field	Quality Control
307			
308		(1)	Special Inspections. Engineer will engage a qualified
309		specia	al inspector to perform the following special inspections:
310			
311			(a) Verify structural-steel materials and inspect steel frame
312			joint details.
313			
314			(b) Verify weld materials and inspect welds.
315			
316			(c) Verify connection materials and inspect high-strength
317			bolted connections.
318			
319		(2)	Testing Agency. Engineer will engage a qualified testing
320		agend	by to perform tests and inspections.

321		
322	(;	3) Bolted Connections. Inspect and test bolted connections
323	•	ccording to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using
324		STM A325 or A 490 Bolts."
325		
326	(4	4) Welded Connections. Visually inspect field welds according
327	•	AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
328		
329		(a) In addition to visual inspection, test and inspect field
330		welds according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and the following
331		inspection procedures, at testing agency's option:
332		moposition procedures, at testing agency e spacen
333		(i) Liquid Penetrant Inspection: ASTM E165.
334		(i) Elquid i oliotidin mopositoli. No im E 100.
335		(ii) Magnetic Particle Inspection: ASTM E709;
336		performed on root pass and on finished weld. Cracks or
337		zones of incomplete fusion or penetration are not
338		accepted.
339		accepted.
340		(iii) Ultrasonic Inspection: ASTM E164.
341		(III) Olirasonie inspection. Ao IIVI E 104.
342		(iv) Radiographic Inspection: ASTM E94.
343		(IV) Radiographic inspection. Activities.
3 4 4	(1	5) Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections
345	•	ndicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.
346	11	idiodic does not comply with the contract becaments.
347	(I) F	Repairs and Protection
348	(-)	
349	(*	1) Galvanized Surfaces. Clean areas where galvanizing is
350	•	amaged or missing and repair galvanizing to comply with
351		STM A780/A780M.
352	•	
353	(:	2) Touchup Painting. Cleaning and touchup painting are
354	•	pecified in Section 687 – Painting.
355	_	F
356		
357	673.04 Mea	surement. The Engineer will not measure structural steel framing
358	for payment.	3
359	, ,	
360	673.05 Payı	ment. The Engineer will not pay for structural steel framing
361	•	ne Engineer will consider the price for structural steel framing
362		e contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers.
363		e full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract
364	documents.	•
365		
366	The price	ce includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing

367	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing structural steel framing, and al
368	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
369	
370	
371	
372	END OF SECTION 673

Make the following eastion a part of the Standard Charifications:
Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
SECTION 674 – SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM
674.01 Description. This section describes the provision and installation of sheet metal flashing and trim and other related work as indicated on the drawings and as specified herein, including downspouts and leaders, window and door flashing, and miscellaneous accessories.
674.02 Materials
(A) Downspouts and Flashing. Downspouts and flashing shall be 24 gauge unless otherwise indicated of galvanized sheet metal, ASTM A 653/A 653M, G90 hot-dipped galvanized. Field applied paint finish.
(B) Hangers, Spacers, Brackets, and Straps. Hangers, spacers, brackets, and straps shall be hot-dipped galvanized steel, ASTM A 653/A 653M, size and shape as indicated on the drawings or if not indicated, as per requirements of Architectural Sheet Metal Manual. Paint to match adjacent downspout, conductor head, flashing etc. unless otherwise indicated.
(C) Fasteners. Fasteners shall be manufacturer's standard or custom fabricated stainless steel. Exposed fasteners where occurs or where required shall be of head to match adjacent finish with composite metal and neoprene washer.
(D) Solder. Solder shall comply with ASTM B 32, and shall be of grade and type required for materials to be soldered.
(E) Splash Block. Splash block shall be standard 12-inch wide x 16-inch long x 4-inch deep formed concrete.
(F) Moisture Barrier. Moisture barrier shall comply with ASTM D 226, and shall be Type II, No. 30, asbestos free, asphalt saturated roofing felt.
(G) Cleating. Cleats for sheet metal work shall be provided where required.
(H) Miscellaneous Items. Provide all miscellaneous items, including but not limited to, flashing tapes, closures, adhesives, etc. as required for total flashing system as indicated or required.
(I) Fabrication

47		(1) Sheet Metal Fabrication Standard. Fabricate sheet metal
48		flashing and trim to comply with recommendations of SMACNA's
49		"Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to the design,
50		dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of the item indicated.
51		
52		(2) Fabricating. Comply with details shown to fabricate sheet
53		metal flashing and trim that fit substrates and result in waterproof
54		and weather-resistant performance once installed. Verify shapes and
55		dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
56		(0) Famelian Fame amount that is without
57 50		(3) Forming. Form exposed sheet metal Work that is without
58 59		excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and that is true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form
60		hems.
61		nome.
62		(4) Seams. Fabricate nonmoving seams in sheet metal with flat-
63		lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder.
64		
65		(5) Sealed Joints. Form non-expansion, but movable, joints in
66		metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant to comply with SMACNA
67		standards.
68		(C) Comparation Comparate workel from your compatible workel or
69 70		(6) Separation. Separate metal from non-compatible metal or
70 71		corrosive substrates by coating concealed surfaces at locations of contact with asphalt mastic or other permanent separation as
72		recommended by manufacturer.
73		recommended by manufacturer.
74		(7) Fasteners. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions
75		where possible. Exposed fasteners are not allowed on faces of
76		sheet metal exposed to public view unless indicated or approved.
77		
78		(8) Attachments. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from
79		same material as sheet metal component being anchored or from
80 91		compatible, noncorrosive metal recommended by sheet metal manufacturer. Size shall be as recommended by SMACNA manual
81 82		or sheet metal manufacturer for application but never less than
83		thickness of metal being secured.
84		thombos of motal being secured.
85 86	674.03 Co	onstruction
87 88	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications herein as well as to the following sections:
89 90		(1) Section 684 – Preformed Metal Roofing
91 92		(2) Section 676 – Joint Sealants: Sealant applications

93		
94		(3) Section 687 – Painting: Sheet metal painting
95		
96	(B)	Submittals
97		
98		(1) Product Data. Submit manufacturer's material and finish
99		data, installation instructions, and general recommendations for each
100		material.
101		
102		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings of all required
103		flashing details showing layout, profile, methods of joining, and
104		anchorage details.
105		
106		(3) Samples. Submit samples of flashing, trim, and accessory
107		items in special finishes. Submit 8-inch square samples of sheet
108		materials and 12-inch long samples of factory-fabricated products.
109		
110		(4) Warranty. Submit a written warranty on the sheet metal
111		flashing and trim for a two (2) year period from the project
112		acceptance date. The warranty shall provide for the repair of all
113		leaks as well as repair and replacement of sheet metal flashing and
114		trim and damage to the building and/or its finishes at Contractor's
115		own expense.
116		
117	(C)	Quality Assurance
118		
119		(1) Engage an experienced installer who has completed sheet
120		metal flashing and trim work similar in materials, design, and extent
121		to that indicated for this project and with a record of successful in-
122		service performance.
123		
124		(2) All sheet metal fabrications shall conform to State and local
125		codes, SMACNA (latest edition) and industry standards.
126		
127		(3) Coordinate work with roofing work to provide required
128		supports and fasteners to comply with roofing requirements.
129	(D)	
130	(D)	Performance Requirements
131		(4) Install the standard flacking and thing would be with stand wind
132		(1) Install sheet metal flashing and trim work to withstand wind
133		loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and
134		exposure to weather without falling, rattling, leaking, and fastener
135		disengagement.
136		(2) Dravide fleehing eccembly that mosts requirements of 105
137 138		(2) Provide flashing assembly that meets requirements of 105 mph, Exposure C windloads, in accordance with current International

139		Building Code.
140		
141	(E)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
142		(4) Deliver sheet metal fleshing metarials and fahrications
143 144		(1) Deliver sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications undamaged. Protect sheet metal flashing and trim materials and
144 145		fabrications during transportation and handling.
146		labilications during transportation and handling.
147		(2) Unload, store, and install sheet metal flashing materials and
148		fabrications in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and
149		surface damage.
150		
151		(3) Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable
152		weather-tight and ventilated covering. Do not store sheet metal
153		flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might
154		cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.
155	(E)	Condination Considerate installation of about motal floobing and
156 157	(F)	Coordination. Coordinate installation of sheet metal flashing and trim with interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leak-
158		proof, secure, and non-corrosive installation.
159		proof, ocodic, and non corresive installation.
160	(G)	Installation and Workmanship
161	(-)	•
162		(1) General. Surface to which sheet metal is to be applied shall
163		be even, smooth, sound, thoroughly clean and dry, and free from
164		defects that might affect the application. Installer shall report any
165		unsatisfactory surfaces to the Contractor. All such areas and/or
166		conditions shall be corrected by the Contractor. Proceed with
167 168		installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. In the absence of such report, the Contractor shall be held
169		responsible for the finished product.
170		responsible for the limitated product.
171		(2) Accessories. All accessories or other items essential for the
172		completeness of the sheet metal installation, though not specifically
173		indicated on the drawings or specified, shall be provided. All such
174		items unless otherwise indicated on the drawings or specified, shall
175		be of the same kind of materials as the item to be applied, unless
176		otherwise indicated or specified herein. Nails, screws, rivets, and
177		bolts shall be of the type best suited for the purpose intended and
178 179		shall be of stainless steel or of a composition that is compatible with the metal to which it will contact.
180		the metal to which it will contact.
181		(3) Workmanship. Except as otherwise indicated on the
182		drawings or specified, the workmanship of sheet metal work, method
183		of forming joints, anchoring, cleating, provisions for expansion, etc.,
183 184		of forming joints, anchoring, cleating, provisions for expansion, etc., shall conform to the standards details and recommendations of the

185 186 187		Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning Contractors National Association (SMACNA)'s "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual".
188		(4) Downspouts/Leaders. Provide downspouts and leaders
189		complete, including elbow and offsets. Position downspouts not less
190		than 1/2-inch away from walls and fasten to the walls at top, bottom,
191		and in between at not more than 5-feet on center unless otherwise
192		noted on the drawings.
193		
194		(5) Weather Resistance. All sheet metal work shall be
195		fabricated to watertight and wind-tight in compliance with the
196		purpose intended.
197		
198		(6) Protection from Contact of Dissimilar Materials. Surfaces
199		in contact with dissimilar metal shall be painted with heavy-bodied
200		bituminous paint or shall be separated by means of moisture proof
201		building felts.
202	4.15	
203	(H)	Protection. Protect all sheet metal work until final project
204		acceptance.
205	an an	Clean IIn
206 207	(I)	Clean-Up
207		(1) Remove all adhesive, sealants, grease, dirt, etc. from sheet
209		metal flashing and clean surfaces as recommended by the
210		manufacturer and maintain in a clean condition during construction.
211		manadatarer and maintain in a dean condition dailing conditions.
212 213		(2) At completion of the work, clean up and remove all rubbish and debris from the premises which resulted from this work.
214215		easurement. The Engineer will not measure sheet metal flashing and
216	trim for payn	nent.
217	07405 5	
218		ayment. The Engineer will not pay for sheet metal flashing and trim
219		The Engineer will consider the price for sheet metal flashing and trim
220		the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers.
221		I be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract
222223	documents.	
223	The n	orice includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
225		ials, tools, and equipment for installing sheet metal flashing and trim,
226		entals necessary to complete the work.
227		Situals recossary to complete the work.
228		
229		
230		END OF SECTION 674

Make the fol	llowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
	SECTION 675 – SHEATHING
sheathing. T	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of his section includes roof sheathing, underlayment, and sheathing joint tion treatment.
675.02 M	aterials
(A)	Wood Panel Products
	(1) Thickness. Thickness shall be as needed to comply with requirements specified, but not less than thickness indicated.
	(2) Marking. Factory mark panels to indicate compliance with applicable standard.
(B)	Preservative-Treated Plywood
	(1) Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process. Treatment shall comply with AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with ground.
	(a) Preservative Chemicals. Preservative chemicals shall be acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
	(2) Marking. Mark plywood with appropriate classification marking of an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
	(3) Application. Treat all plywood unless otherwise indicated.
(C)	Roof Sheathing
	(1) Plywood Sheathing. Plywood sheathing shall comply with DOC PS 1, and shall be Exterior, Structural I sheathing.
	(a) Span Rating. Span rating shall not be less than 40/20.
	(b) Nominal Thickness. Nominal thickness shall not be less than 5/8 inch.
	675.01 Do sheathing. Tand penetra 675.02 M (A)

4.77		
47 48	(D)	Fasteners
49 50 51 52		(1) General. Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
53545556		(a) For roof sheathing, provide fasteners of Type 316 stainless steel.
57 58 59		(2) Nails, Brads, and Staples. Nails, brads, and staples shall comply with ASTM F1667.
60 61 62 63		(3) Power-Driven Fasteners. Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70, shall be used.
64 65 66		(4) Screws for Fastening Sheathing to Wood Framing. Screws shall comply with ASTM C1002.
67	675.03 Cd	onstruction
68	(4)	
69	(A)	Submittals
70 71		(1) Action Submittals
72 73 74 75 76		(a) Product Data. Submit data for each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
77 78 79 80 81 82		(i) Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated plywood complies with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
83 84 85 86 87		(ii) For products receiving waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.
88 89 90 91 92		(iii) For air-barrier and water-resistant glass-mat gypsum sheathing, include manufacturer's technical data and tested physical and performance properties of products.

93		(O) I	nformational Culturittala
94 95		(2) I	nformational Submittals
96		,	a) Evaluation Reports. Submit evaluation reports for the
97		•	ollowing, from ICC-ES:
98		Į,	ollowing, nom 100-20.
99			(i) Wood-preservative-treated plywood.
100			(i) Wood-preservative-treated prywood.
101		(b) Field quality-control reports.
102		`	a, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
103	(B)	Deliver	ry, Storage, and Handling
104	` ,		3
105		(1)	Stack panels flat with spacers beneath and between each
106		` '	to provide air circulation. Protect sheathing from weather by
107			g with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air
108		circulati	ion around stacks and under coverings.
109			-
110	(C)	Installa	ition, General
111			
112		` '	Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of
113			ng or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number
114		•	s or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces
115		do not s	span between fewer than three support members.
116			
117			Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of
118			fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise
119		indicate	₽ G .
120		(2)	Description attack to explorate the footonism of indicated
121		` '	Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated,
122		complyi	ing with the following:
123 124		,	a) Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC's
124		•	a) Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC's nternational Building Code.
126		1	memational building code.
127		1	b) ICC-ES evaluation report for fastener.
128		'	b) 100-20 evaluation report for fasterior.
129		(4) (Jse common wire nails unless otherwise indicated. Select
130		` '	rs of size that will not fully penetrate members where
131			e side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials.
132			ght connections. Install fasteners without splitting wood.
133		•	
134		(5)	Coordinate roof sheathing installation with flashing and joint-
135		` '	installation so these materials are installed in sequence and
136		manner	that prevent exterior moisture from passing through
137		complet	ted assembly.
138			

139 140		(6) Do not bridge building expansion joints; cut and space edges of panels to match spacing of structural support elements.
141 142 143 144		(7) Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.
145 146	(D)	Wood Structural Panel Installation
147 148 149 150 151		(1) General. Comply with applicable recommendations in APA Form No. E30, "Engineered Wood Construction Guide," for types of structural-use panels and applications indicated.
152 153		(2) Fastening Methods. Fasten panels as indicated below:
154 155		(a) Roof Sheathing
156 157 158		(i) Nail to wood framing. Apply a continuous bead of glue to framing members at edges of wall sheathing panels.
159 160 161		(ii) Space panels 1/8 inch apart at edges and ends.
162 163	(E)	Field Quality Control
164 165		(1) Testing and Inspecting Agency. Engineer will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
166 167 168		(2) Tests. Tests shall be as determined by testing agency from among the following tests:
169 170 171 172 173 174		(a) Air-Leakage-Location Testing. Air-barrier sheathing assemblies will be tested for evidence of air leakage according to ASTM E1186, chamber pressurization or depressurization with smoke tracers or ASTM E1186, chamber depressurization using detection liquids.
175 176 177 178 179		(b) Air-Leakage-Volume Testing. Air-barrier assemblies will be tested for air-leakage rate according to ASTM E783 or ASTM E2357.
180 181 182		(3) Air barriers will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
183 184		(4) Repair damage to air barriers caused by testing; follow manufacturer's written instructions.

185	
186	(5) Prepare test and inspection reports.
187	
188	675.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure sheathing for payment.
189	
190	675.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for sheathing separately. The
191	Engineer will consider the price for sheathing included in the contract price for
192	Section 608 - Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
193	work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
194	
195	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
196	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing sheathing, and all incidentals
197	necessary to complete the work.
198	
199	
200	
201	END OF SECTION 675

1	Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3 4	SECTION 676 – JOINT SEALANTS
5 6 7 8 9	676.01 Description. This section describes the furnishing and installation of all joint sealants necessary to completely close all joints indicated on the drawings or specified to be sealed. This section includes exterior joints, interior joints, and silicone sealant.
11 12 13 14 15	The publications cited within this specification form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. Unless otherwise indicated, the most recent edition of the publication with current revisions and amendments shall be enforced.
16	676.02 Materials
17 18 19 20	(A) General. Provide one of the products of manufactures listed herein below, or approved equals.
21 22 23 24 25	Provide joint sealants, backing and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application as approved by the sealant manufacturer. Provide all joint sealants with low volatile organic compounds (VOC).
26	(B) Performance Requirements
27 28 29 30 31	(1) Provide exterior joint sealant that establish and maintain watertight and airtight continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrate.
32 33 34 35	(2) Provide joint sealants for interior applications that establish and maintain airtight and water resistant continuous joint seals without staining or deteriorating joint substrates.
36	(C) Sealants
37 38 39 40	(1) Sealant No. 1 at Exterior Joints. One-component polyurethane sealant conforming to ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Use NT, Class 25 or 35 as applicable.
41 42	(a) Masterseal NP-1; BASF
43 44	(b) Dymonic; Tremco
45 46	(c) Sikaflex – 1a; Sika

93		(1) Section 681 "Aluminum Windows" for field applied sealants.
94		
95		(2) Section 682 "Steel Doors and Frames" for field applied
96		sealants.
97		
98		(3) Section 687 "Painting" for coordinating Work.
99		
100	(B)	Quality Assurance
101		
102		(1) Installer Qualifications. An experienced installer who has
103		specialized in installing joint sealant similar in material, design, and
104		extent to those indicated for this project and whose work has
105		resulted in joint-sealant installations with a record of successful in-
106		service performance shall be used.
107		
108		(2) Source Limitations. Obtain each type of joint sealant
109		through one source from a single manufacturer.
110		· ·
111		(3) Preconstruction Compatibility and Adhesion Testing.
112		Use manufacturers standard test methods to determine whether
113		priming and other specific joint preparation techniques are required
114		to obtain rapid, optimum adhesion of joint sealants to joint sealants.
115		,
116		(4) Compatibility. Verify that each of the sealants are
117		compatible for use with joint substrates.
118		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
119	(C)	Submittals
120	,	
121		(1) Product Data. Submit manufacturer's product data and
122		specifications for each type of sealant.
123		1
124		(2) Samples. Submit color finish samples of each type of sealant
125		for approval.
126		
127		(3) Product Certificates. Submit certificates signed by
128		manufacturers of joint sealants certifying that products furnished
129		comply with requirements and are suitable for the use indicated.
130		
131		(4) Warranty. The Contractor shall submit a written warranty on
132		the sealant for a 2-year period after the project acceptance date.
133		The warranty shall provide for the repair of all leaks as well as repair
134		and replacement of sealant and damage to the building and/or its
135		finishes at the Contractor's won expense.
136		milenee at the contractor o work experies.
137	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
138	(5)	Don'to. y, Otorago, and Hananing
130		

142		time, manufacturer's directions, an
143 144		(2) Storogo and Handling
144		(2) Storage and Handling.
145		compliance with manufacturer's wideterioration or damage due to
140		•
147		contaminants, or other causes.
146	(E)	Project Conditions
150	(E)	Project Conditions
150		(1) Inspection. Examine joint
151		and their anchorage to the struc
153		joint sealer work is to be performed
153		conditions detrimental to prope
155		performance of sealers. Do not p
156		unsatisfactory conditions have
157		acceptable to installer.
157		acceptable to installer.
159		(2) Weather Conditions. Do
160		sealant under adverse weather of
161		only when forecasted weather co
162		cure and development of high early
163		cure and development of high early
164	(F)	Manufacturer's Instructions. Co
165	` '	ctions except where more string
166		
167	otherv	ied, and except where manufacture
	omerv	vise.
168	(C)	Examination Examina joint indi
169	(G)	Examination. Examine joint indicate property for compliance with re-
170		er present for compliance with re-
171		ation tolerances and other co
172	•	mance. Do not proceed with in
173	unsati	sfactory conditions have been corre
174	<i>(</i> 1.1)	.
175	(H)	Preparation
176		(4) Occident Observation of India
177		(1) Surface Cleaning of Join
178		before installing joint sealers to
179		joint sealer manufacturers and the
180		
181		(a) Remove all foreign n
182		could interfere with adhesi
183		paints, except for permane
184		approved for sealant adhe
		I-H3-1(75) 676-4a

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- **Delivery.** Deliver sealants to the jobsite in sealed containers labeled to show the designated name, formula, or specification number, lot number, color, date of manufacture, shelf life, curing d name of manufacturer.
- Store and handle materials in vritten instructions to prevent their to moisture, high temperatures,
- surfaces and backing, joint widths, ture, and conditions under which d and notify Contractor in writing of er completion of the work and roceed with joint sealer work until been corrected in a manner
- not proceed with installation of conditions. Proceed with the work onditions are favorable for proper y bond strength.
- omply with manufacturer's printed gent requirements are shown or er's technical representative directs
- icated to receive joint sealers with quirements for joint configuration, onditions affecting joint sealer nstallation of joint sealants until ected.
 - its. Clean out joints immediately comply with recommendations of following requirements:
 - naterial from joint substrates which ion of joint sealer, including dust; ent protective coatings tested and esion and compatibility by sealant

185		manufacturer; oil; grease; water; and surface dirt.
186		
187		(b) Clean concrete, masonry, and similar porous joint
188		substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, mechanically
189		abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a
190		clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond
191		with joint sealers. Remove loose particles remaining from
192		above cleaning operations by vacuuming or blowing out joints
193		with oil-free compressed air.
194		,
195		(c) Remove laitance and form release agents from
196		concrete.
197		
198		(d) Clean metal, glass, glazed surfaces of hard tile; and
199		other non-porous surfaces by chemical cleaners or other
200		means which are not harmful to substates or leave residues
200		capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealers.
201		capable of interfering with autresion of joint sealers.
202 203		(2) Joint Driming Drime joint substrates where indicated or
		(2) Joint Priming. Prime joint substrates where indicated or
204		where recommended by joint sealer manufacturer based on
205		preconstruction joint sealer-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply
206		primer to comply with joint sealer manufacturer's recommendations.
207		Confine primers to areas of joint sealer bond, do not allow spillage or
208		migration onto adjoining surfaces.
209		
210		(3) Masking Tape. Use masking tape where required to prevent
211		contact of sealant with adjoining surfaces which otherwise would be
212		permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning
213		methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape
214		immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.
215		
216	(I)	Installation of Joint Sealers
217		
218		(1) General. Comply with joint sealant manufacturers' printed
219		installation instructions applicable to products wand application
220		indicated except where more stringent requirements apply. Do not
221		apply sealants on wet surfaces.
222		
223		(2) Sealant Installation Standard. Comply with
224		recommendations of ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as
225		applicable to materials, applications, and conditions.
226		, 11
227		(3) Latex Sealant Installation Standard. Comply with
228		requirements of ASTM C 1193 for use of latex sealants.
229		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
230		(4) Installation of Sealant Backings. Install sealant backings to
		(.)

231	comply with th	ne follo	owing requirements:
232			
233	(a) I	Install	joint fillers of type indicated to provide support of
234	sealant	ts durii	ng application and at position required to produce
235			ctional shapes and depths of installed sealants
236			nt widths which allow optimum sealant movement
237	capabil	•	The man of miles and the optimization obtained in the content
238	саравн	, .	
239	((i)	Do not leave gaps between ends of joint fillers.
240	'	(')	Do not leave gaps between ends of joint liners.
241	1	(ii)	Do not stretch, twist, puncture or tear joint fillers.
242	'	(11)	Do not stretch, twist, puncture of tear joint fillers.
	4	/:::\	Demove shearbent joint filers which have
243	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(iii)	Remove absorbent joint filers which have
244			ne wet prior to sealant application and replace
245	\	with di	ry material.
246	41.		
247	` '		bond breaker tape between sealants and joint
248			ession seals, or back of joints where adhesion of
249	sealant	t to sui	rfaces at back of joint would result in failure.
250			
251	` '		compressible seals serving as sealant backings
252	to comp	ply wit	h requirements indicated above for joint fillers.
253			
254	(5) Primer	. Imm	nediately prior to application of the sealant, clean
255	out all loose	particle	es from joints. Where recommended by sealant
256	manufacturer,	apply	y primer to joints in concrete, masonry units,
257	wood, and ot	ther p	porous surfaces in accordance with the primer
258	manufacturer's	s insti	ructions. Do not apply primer to exposed finish
259	surfaces.		11.7.1
260			
261	(6) Installa	ation	of Sealants. Install sealants by proven
262	` '		ult in sealants directly contacting and fully wetting
263			mpletely filling recesses provided for each joint
264	-		providing uniform cross-sectional shapes and
265			joint widths which allow optimum sealant
266	movement car		•
267	movement cap	pability	y.
268	(7) Tooling	a of	Non-Sag Sealants. Immediately after sealant
269	` '	_	r to time skinning or curing begins, toll sealants to
		-	
270			rm beads of configuration indicated, to eliminate
271			ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides
272	•		use tooling agents which discolor sealants or
273	aujacent surfa	ices o	r are not approved by sealant manufacturer.
274	(a) !	اللماد	le conceve joint configuration and Figure 5.4.1.
275	• •		le concave joint configuration per Figure 5A in
276	ASTM (C 119	3 unless otherwise indicated.

277				
278		(b)	Provi	de flush joint configuration per Figure 5B in ASTM
279		C 119	93 whe	re indicated.
280				
281	(J)	Joint Seala	nt Sch	edule
282				
283		(1) Seala	ant and	d Location. Install sealants indicated in joints
284		fitting desci	riptions	and locations as well as in locations where
285		sealant is ty	pically	applied and as shown on the drawings, including
286		but not limite	ed to th	e following locations:
287				
288		(a)	Seala	int No. 1:
289		, ,		
290			(i)	Exterior joints and recesses formed where
291			` '	es of windows and doors adjoin wall surfaces or
292				es. Use sealant at both exterior and interior
293				ces of exterior wall penetrations.
294				•
295			(ii)	Metal-to-metal joints where sealant is required,
296			indica	ated, or specified.
297				, ,
298			(iii)	Exterior locations not otherwise indicated or
299			speci	
300			-1	
301		(b)	Seala	ınt No. 2:
302		` '		
303			(i)	Small voids between walls or partitions and door
304			. ,	es, built-in or surface-mounted equipment and
305				es and similar items.
306				
307			(ii)	Perimeter of frames at doors and windows which
308			àdjoir	n interior wall surfaces.
309			,	
310			(iii)	Interior locations not otherwise indicated or
311			speci	fied, where small voids exist between materials
312			•	fied to be painted.
313			•	•
314		(c)	Seala	int No. 3:
315		()		
316			(i)	Interior sealing of exposed joints.
317			• •	5 ,
318			(ii)	Interior sealing of concealed construction joints.
319			` '	J
320	(K)	Cleaning.	Clean o	off excess sealants or sealant smears adjacent to
321	` '	_		by methods and with cleaning materials approved
322	•			sealers and of products in which joints occur.
	- ,		,	

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J	_	J

 (L) Protection. Protect joint sealers during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substance or from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so that they are without deterioration or damage at time of project acceptance. If despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out and remove joint sealers immediately and reseal joints with new materials to produce joint sealer installations with repaired areas indistinguishable from original work.

676.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure joint sealant for payment.

676.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for joint sealant separately. The Engineer will consider the price for joint sealant included in the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.

The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing joint sealant, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

END OF SECTION 676

1	Make the follo	owing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2		OFOTION OTT - DAILINGS AND HANDDAILS
3 4		SECTION 677 – RAILINGS AND HANDRAILS
5		
6 7 8 9	railings and h handrails, and	scription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of nandrails. This section includes painted galvanized steel railings and dimiscellaneous attachments, anchors, and fasteners as indicated on or as required to conform to current IBC as amended.
10 11 12	677.02 Mat	terials
13 14 15	(A) 36.	Structural Sheet Shapes, Plates and Bars. Comply with ASTM A
16 17 18 19	grade a	Steel Pipe. Steel pipe shall be compliant with ASTM A 53; Type and as required for design load; hot-dipped galvanized, G90; Schedule 40 rd weight pipe.
20 21 22 23	ŠŠ har code r	Stainless Steel Handrail Bracket. Provide Style B formed type 316 ndrail bracket with a 1 1/2" horizontal and vertical clearance to meet equirements and the recommendations of the 2010 ADA Standards tessible Design (ADASAD).
24252627	` ,	Infill Panels. Infill panels shall be 2"x2" Square Wire Mesh, woven imp, stainless steel type 304.
28	(E)	Welding Materials, Fasteners, and Anchors
29 30 31 32 33 34 35		(1) Welding electrodes and Filler Metal. Provide type and alloy of filler metal and electrodes as recommended by producer of metal to be welded, complying with applicable AWS specifications, and as required for color match, strength, and compatibility in fabricated items.
36 37 38 39		(2) Fasteners for Anchoring Railings to Other Construction. Select fasteners of the type, grade, and class required to produce connections that are suitable for anchoring railings to other types of construction indicated and capable of withstanding design loadings.
40 41 42 43 44		(3) Fasteners for Interconnecting Railing Components. Select fasteners of same basic metal as fastened metal, unless otherwise indicated. Do not use metals which are corrosive or incompatible with materials joined.
45 46		(4) Anchors and Inserts. Provide anchors of type, size

47 48		indicated in the Drawings, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, capable of sustaining without failure, a load equal to 6
49 50 51 52		times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and equal 4 times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing per ASTM 488, conducted by a qualified, independent testing agency. Use expansion bolt devices for drilled-in-place anchors.
53 54	(F)	Grout and Anchoring Grout
55		(4) Non abrille New wortellie Oracet Colort warning of factors
56 57 58		(1) Non-shrink Non-metallic Grout. Select premixed, factory packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107. Provide grout specifically recommended by
59 60		manufacturer for interior and exterior applications of type specified in this section.
61 62		(2) Products. Subject to compliance with the requirements,
63 64		provide one of the following or an approved equal:
65 66		(a) Sonogrout 14; Sonnoeborn Building Products-ChemRex, Inc.
67 68 69		(b) Thorogrip; Thoro System Products
70 71		(c) Axpanacrete; Anit-Hydro Company
72 73	(G)	Miscellaneous Materials
74 75 76 77		(1) Galvanizing Repair Paint. High-zinc-dust-content complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with paints specified to be used over it.
78 79	(H)	System Performance Requirements
80 81 82		(1) Delegated Design. Design railings, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria.
83 84 85 86		(2) General. In engineering railings to withstand structural loads indicated, determine allowable design working stresses of railing materials based on the following:
87 88		(a) Steel. 72 percent of minimum yield strength
89 90 91		(3) Structural Performance of Handrails and Railings. Provide handrails and railings capable of withstanding structural
92		loads required by current ICBO Uniform Building Code as amended

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and ASTM E 985 but not less than the following structural loads without exceeding allowable design working stress of materials for handrails, railings, anchors, and connections based on testing performed in accordance with ASTM E 894 and ASTM E 935.

- (a) Top Rail of Guards. The top rail or guards shall be capable of withstanding the following loads applied as indicated:
 - (i) Concentrated load of 200 pounds applied at any point and in any direction.
 - (ii) Uniform load of 50 pounds per linear foot applied horizontally and concurrently with uniform load of 100 pounds per linear foot applied vertically downward.
 - (iii) Concentrated and uniform loads above need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- **(b) Handrails Not Serving as Top Rails.** Handrails not serving as top rails shall be capable of withstanding the following loads applied as indicated:
 - (i) Concentrated load of 200 pounds applied at any point and in any direction.
 - (ii) Uniform loads of 50 pounds per linear foot applied in any direction.
 - (iii) Concentrated and uniform loads above need not be assumed concurrently.
- (c) Infill Area Guards. Infill area guards shall be capable of withstanding a horizontal concentrated load of 200 pounds applied to 1 square foot at any point in system, including panels, intermediate rails, balusters, or other elements composing infill area.
- (4) Thermal Movements. Provide handrails and railings that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime heat loss.

139 140		(a) Temperature Change (Range): 40 degrees F, ambient: 120 degrees F, material surfaces.
141		•
142		(5) Seismic Design Criteria. Seismic design criteria shall be as
143		determined by 2018 IBC and as indicated on the Structural
144		Drawings.
145		G
146	(I)	Fabrication
147	()	
148		(1) General. Fabricate handrails and railing systems to design,
149		dimensions and details shown. Provide handrail and railing members
150		in sizes and profiles indicated, with supporting posts and brackets of
151		size and spacing shown, but not less than required to comply with
152		requirements indicated for structural performance.
153		
154		(a) The materials shall be fabricated as indicated on the
155		contract drawings and as specified herein unless indicated
156		otherwise by ADAAG Section 4.26 requirements. Where there
157		is discrepancy between the contract documents and ADAAG
158		requirements, the Contractor shall immediately notify the
159		Engineer for direction, clarification and/or corrective
160		measures. Standard products for manufacturers specializing
161		in similar work will be considered insofar as they fulfill the
162		requirements and do not violate governing codes for building
163		and standards for good construction work.
164		
165		(2) Shop Assembly. Preassemble items in shop to the greatest
166		extent possible to minimize field splicing and handling limitations.
167		Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinate installation.
168		
169		(3) Form simple and compound curves by bending members in
170		jigs to produce uniform curvature to each repetitive configuration
171		required; maintain profile of member throughout entire bend without
172		buckling twisting, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of
173		handrail and railing components.
174		
175		(4) Welded Connections. Fabricate handrails and railing
176		systems for interconnections of membranes by welding. Use welding
177		method which is appropriate for metal and finish indicated that
178		develops strength required to comply with performance criteria.
179		Finish exposed welds surfaces complying with NOMMA Joint
180		Finishes; "Finish #1 – No Evidence of Welded Joint". Weld all around
181		at connections, including fittings.
182		
183		(5) Non-Welded Connections. Fabricate railings systems and
184		handrails for interconnection of members by means of railing

185	manufacturer's standard concealed mechanical fasteners and fittings
186	unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate members and fittings to
187	produce smooth, flush, and blended to match adjoining surfaces
188	smooth, flush, smooth, rigid, hairline joints.
189	
190	(a) Fabricate splice joints for field connection using epoxy
191	structural adhesive where this represents manufacturer's
192	·
	standard splicing method.
193	(C) Descripto Florence Fittings and Anchors Provide
194	(6) Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors. Provide
195	manufacturer's wall brackets, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and
196	anchors for interconnection of handrail and railing members to other
197	work, unless otherwise indicated.
198	
199	(7) Furnish inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting
200	handrails and railing systems to concrete and masonry work.
201	Fabricate anchorage devices which are capable of withstanding
202	loadings imposed by handrails and railing systems. Coordinate
203	anchorage devices with supporting structure.
204	3 11 3
205	(8) Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap as indicated to receive finish
206	hardware, screws, and similar items.
207	nardware, sorews, and similar items.
208	(9) Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails, unless
209	otherwise indicated. Close ends of returns, unless clearance
210	between end of rail and wall is ¼ inch or less.
211	(40) 5 11 11 11
212	(10) Provide weep holes, or another means to evacuate entrapped
213	water in hollow sections of railings members that are exposed to
214	exterior or to moisture from condensation or other sources. Fill voids
215	below weep level with self-leveling sealant to assure utility of weep
216	holes.
217	
218	(11) Fabricate joints that will be exposed to weather in a manner
219	excluded to water.
220	
221	(12) Use materials of size and thickness shown or, if not shown, of
222	required size and thickness to produce strength and durability in
223	finished product. Work to dimensions shown or accepted on shop
224	drawings, using proven details of fabrication and support. Use type
225	of materials shown or specified for various components of work.
226	(40) Mine Hanne - Francisco and O and 4
227	(13) Miscellaneous Framing and Support
228	
229	(a) Provide miscellaneous framing and supports as
230	required to complete railing and handrail work.

277	(A) Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications
278	herein as well as to the following sections:
279	•
280	(1) Section 665 "Rough Carpentry"
281	
282	(B) Codes and Standards. In addition to referenced codes and
283	standards within this specification, the work shall comply with the latest
284	edition of the following standards. When conflicts arise between standards,
285	the more stringent shall apply:
286	and more duringent enam appry.
287	(1) American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM)
288	Publications
289	r ubilications
290	(a) ASTM A 36 – Standard Specification for Carbon
	(a) ASTM A 36 – Standard Specification for Carbon Structured Steel
291	Structured Steel
292	(b) ACTMACO Chandend Charling for Dine Chal
293	(b) ASTM A 53 – Standard Specification for Pipe, Steel,
294	Black and Hot-Dipped, Zinc-coated, Welded, and Seamless
295	(0) A ' M/. L. ' O '. (
296	(2) American Welding Society
297	()
298	(a) AWS D1.1 – Structural Welding Code, Steel
299	<u> </u>
300	(3) NAAMM Metal Finishes Manual; National Association of
301	Architectural Metal Manufacturers
302	
303	(4) NOMMA National Ornamental and Miscellaneous Metal
304	Association
305	
306	(5) Handrails shall comply with all provisions of Section 505 of the
307	Department of Justice's 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design
308	
309	(C) Quality Assurance
310	
311	(1) Product Options. Information on Drawings and in
312	Specifications establishes requirements for systems aesthetic effects
313	and performance characteristics. Aesthetic effects are indicated by
314	dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components
315	and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to
316	adjoining construction. Performance characteristics are indicated by
317	criteria subject to verification by one or more methods including
318	structural analysis preconstruction testing, field testing, and in-
319	service performance.
320	solvice performance.
320 321	(a) Do not modify intended aesthetic effects, except with
321	
322	the Engineer's approval. If modifications are proposed, submit

323		comprehensively explanatory data to Engineer for review.
324		
325		(2) Field Measurements. Take Field measurements prior to
326		preparation of shop drawings and fabrication, where possible. Do not
327		delay job progress; allow for trimming and fitting where taking field
328		measurements before fabrication might delay work.
329		
330		(3) Shop Assembly. Pre-assemble items in shop to greatest
331		extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble
332		units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly
333		mark units for reassembly and coordinated insulation.
334		
335		(4) Qualifications of Welders. Qualify procedures and
336		personnel according to the following:
337		
338		(a) AWS D 1.1, Structural Welding Code – Steel.
339		
340	(D)	Submittals
341		
342		(1) Manufacturer's Data. Submit manufacturer's data for all
343		manufactured products. Include color charts for all materials exposed
344		and requiring selection of finish color.
345		
346		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit complete shop drawings of all
347		railing and handrail work to the Engineer for review and approval
348		before fabrication. Detail all members, connection, and anchorage
349		not specially shown but which are requiring selection of finish color.
350		
351		(3) Structural Analysis. Submit structural calculations shown
352		that the guardrails meet the performance requirements set force in
353		this section. Calculation shall be stamped and signed by a practicing
354		engineer licensed in the state of Hawaii.
355		
356		(4) Welder Certificates
357		
358		(5) Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS). Submit MSDS for all
359		materials.
360		
361		(6) Samples. Submit samples of the following in quantity
362		indicated:
363		
364		(a) Three 3 inch by 5 inch finish color
365		
366		(b) One assembled sample of railing systems, made from
367		full-sized components, including top rail, post, handrail, and
368		infill. Show method of finishing members at intersections.

369		Sample need not be full height.
370		
371	(E)	Product Handling
372		(4) Protection The Contractor shall use all use an account to
373		(1) Protection. The Contractor shall use all means necessary to
374 275		protect metal handrail and railing work before, during and after
375 376		installation and to protect the installed work and materials of all other trades.
370 377		liaues.
378		(2) Replacement. In the event of damage, the Contractor shall
379		immediately make all repairs and replacements necessary to the
380		satisfaction of the Engineer and at no additional cost to the Owner.
381		3
382	(F)	Preparation
383		
384		(1) Coordinate setting drawings, diagrams, templates,
385		instructions, and directions for installation of anchorages, such as
886		sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and miscellaneous items
887		having integral anchors, which are to be embedded in concrete as
388		masonry construction. Coordinate delivery of such items to project
389 390		site.
390 391		(2) Prior to all work of this Section, the Contractor shall carefully
392		inspect the installed work of all other trades and verify that all such
393		work is complete to the point where fabrication and installation of the
394		work of this Section may properly commence.
395		
396		(3) The Contractor shall make all required measurements in the
397		field to ensure proper and adequate fit of all metal handrail and
398		railing items.
399		
100		(4) Examine the areas and conditions under which metal handrail
101 102		and railing items will be installed and correct conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed until
103		unsatisfactory conditions have be corrected and approved by the
104		Engineer.
105		
106	(G)	Installation, General
107	` ,	,
108		(1) Fastening to In-Place Construction. Provide anchorage
109		devices and fasteners where necessary to secure railings and
110		handrails to in-place construction; which will develop anchorage
111		meeting or exceeding all system performance requirements.
112		(2) Fit expected connections accountable together to former times
113		(2) Fit exposed connections accurately together to form tight,
114		hairline joints.

415			
416		(3) Cutting, Fitting and Placement. Perform cutting,	•
417		and fitting required for installation of railings and handrails.	
418		accurately in location, alignment and elevation, plumb, level,	true and
419		free of rack, measured from established lines and levels.	
420			
421		(a) Do not weld or abrade surfaces of handrails ar	_
422		components that have been coated or finished	
423		fabrication and are intended for field connect	,
424 425		mechanical or other means without further cutting or fi	ung.
423		(b) Set posts plumb within a tolerance of $\frac{1}{4}$ " inch in	n 12 foot
420		(b) Set posts plumb within a tolerance of /4 inorm	11 12 1661
428		(c) Align rails so that variations from level for h	orizontal
429		members, parallel for aligned members, and rake for	
430		ramps, and sloped members shall not exceed 1/4-in-	
431		feet.	
432			
433		(4) Field Welding. Comply with the following requiremen	ıts:
434			
435		(a) Use materials and methods that minimize of	distortion
436		and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base	e metals.
437			
438		(b) Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.	
439			
440		(c) Remove welding flux immediately.	
441			
442		(d) At exposed connections, finish exposed we	
443		surfaces smooth and blended so that no roughnes	
444 445		after finishing, and welded surface match contadjoining surfaces.	louis of
446		aujoining surfaces.	
447		(i) Finish welds to comply with NOMM	1A loint
448		Finishes; "Finish #1 – No Evidence of Welded	
449		Timerios, Timeri // Tro Evidence of Weider	, o i i i i
450		(e) Repair galvanized surfaces damaged by field	weldina
451		with Galvanizing Repair Paint.	
452		3 1	
453		(5) Adjust handrails and railing systems prior to anch	oring to
454		ensure matching alignment at abutting joints. Space posts a	t interval
455		but not less than that required by design loadings.	
456			
457	(H)	Railing Connections	
458			
459		(1) Non-welded Connections. Use manufacturer's	
460		mechanical or adhesive joints for permanently connectin	g railing

461		components. Use wood blocks and padding to prevent damage to
462		railing members and fittings. Seal recessed holes of exposed locking
463		screws using plastic filler cement colored to match finish or handrails
464		and railing systems.
465		0 ,
466		(2) Welded Connections. Use fully welded joints for
467		permanently connecting railing components by welding. Cope or butt
468		components to provide 100 percent contact or use manufacturer's
469		standard fittings designed for this purpose.
470		otaliaala mange accigned for ano parpecer
471		(3) Expansion Joints. Install expansion joints at locations
472		indicated but not further apart than required to accommodate thermal
473		movement. Provide slip joint internal sleeve extended 2 inches
473 474		beyond joint on either side; fasten internal sleeve securely to one
474 475		side; locate joint within 6 inches of post.
		side, locate joint within o inches of post.
476 477	//\	Ancharing Boots
477	(I)	Anchoring Posts
478		(4) Concrete Anchored Boots in Core Brilled Holes Core dvill
479		(1) Concrete-Anchored Posts in Core-Drilled Holes. Core-drill
480		concrete to produce holed with a diameter of at least 3/4" larger than
481		outside dimensions of post and not less than the depths indicated on
482		the drawing for each type of railing. Clean holes of all loose material,
483		insert posts, and fill annular space between post and concrete with
484		non-shrink non-metallic grout, mixed and places to comply with grout
485		manufacturer's directions.
486		<u> </u>
487		(2) Leave anchorage joint exposed; wipe off excess grout and
488		leave 1/8" build-up, sloped away from post. For installation exposed
489		on exterior or to flow of water, seal grout to comply with grout
490		manufacturer's directions.
491		
492		(3) Weld Steel Posts. Anchor steel bars posts to steel channel
493		fascia and stringers with full all-round weld. Finish welds to comply
494		with NOMMA Joint Finishes; "Finish #1 - Nor Evidence of Welded
495		Joint".
496		
497		(a) Repair galvanized surfaces damaged by field welding
498		with Galvanizing Repair Paint.
499		- ·
500	(J)	Attaching Handrails to Walls
501	` '	G
502		(1) Attach handrail to walls with wall brackets and end fittings.
503		Provide bracket with 1- ½ inch clearance from inside face of handrail
504		to finished wall.
505		
506		(2) Locate bracket as indicated or, if not indicated at spacing
200		(=) Locate bracket as indicated of, if not indicated at spacing

507	required to support structural loads.
508	
509	(3) Secure wall brackets and wall return fittings to building
510	construction as follows:
511	
512	(a) For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-
513	in expansion shield and either concealed hangar bolt or
514	exposed large bolt, as applicable.
515	
516	(b) For hollow masonry anchorage, use toggle bolts with
517	square heads.
518	
519	(c) For steel framed gypsum board assemblies, fasten
520	brackets directly to steel framing or concealed anchors using
521	self-tapping screws of size and type required to support
522	structural loads.
523	Adjusting and Classus
524 (K) 525	Adjusting and Cleanup
526	(1) Touch-Up Painting. Cleaning and touch-up painting of field
527	welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint is
528	specified in Section 687 – Painting.
529	
530	(2) For galvanized surfaces, clean field welds, bolted
531	connections, and abraded areas apply galvanizing repair paint to
532	comply with ASTM A 780.
533	
534 (L)	Protection
535	
536	(1) Protect finishes of railing systems and handrails from damage
537	during construction period by use of temporary protective coverings
538	approved by railing manufacturer. Remove protective covering at
539	time or Project Acceptance.
540	
541	(2) Restore finishes damaged during installation and construction
542	period so that no evidence remains of correction work. Return items
543	which cannot be refinished in the field to the shop; make required
544	alterations and refinish entire unit, or provide new units as required.
545	
546 (M)	Clean Up
547	
548	(1) After installation, all surfaces shall be cleaned and ready to
549	receive final treatment. All unused materials, tools and equipment
550	shall be removed from the project site.
551	(2) From time to time and so directed by the Francisco and at the
552	(2) From time to time, and as directed by the Engineer and at the

553	completion of work, rubbish, debris, fines, etc., accumulated from the
554	work of this Section shall be removed from the project site and the
555	area left neat and clean to the satisfaction of the Engineer.
556	
557	677.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure railings and handrails for
558	payment.
559	
560	677.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for railings and handrails
561	separately. The Engineer will consider the price for railings and handrails included
562	in the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers and Section
563	651 - Cattle Gate. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in these
564	sections and contract documents.
565	
566	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
567	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing railings and handrails, and all
568	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
569	
570	
571	
572	END OF SECTION 677

Make th	e follo	wing section a pa	art of the Standard Specifications:
		SECTION	678 – RESILIENT FLOORING
678.01 resilient base.		•	section describes the furnishing and installation of includes luxury vinyl tile flooring and resilient wall
678.02	Mat	erials	
(/	4) N	Manufacturers a	nd Products
	•	•	cury Vinyl Flooring (LVT-1). Luxury vinyl tile uply with ASTM F 1700.
		` ,	vide resilient flooring tile composed of multiple polyvinyl chloride resin, plasticizers, fillers, and
		(i)	Class: III (Printed Film Vinyl Tile)
		(ii)	Type: B (Embossed)
		(11)	Type. D (Lilibossed)
		(iii)	Overall Thickness: 6 mm
		(iv)	Wear Layer Thickness: 30 mil
		(14)	Wedi Edyel Thiokhess. 66 hiii
		(v)	Size: 7.5" x 48"
		(vi)	Color and pattern: as scheduled
		(VI)	Color and pattern, as scheduled
	(2) Resilient	Wall Base (RB). Resilient base shall comply with
	P	ASTM F 1861.	
		(a) Doo	iliant haas shall ha thawnsa plastic salid
		` '	silient base shall be thermos plastic, solid ous rubber, Type TP (ASTM F-1861 Type TP, Group
		_	onal wall base manufactured by Johnsonite or
		approved	•
		(i)	Color and Size shall be as indicated on the
			wings. Provide in manufacturer's standard coiled
		ienę	gths.
		(ii)	Provide coved toe base and pre-molded outside
		` ,	inside corners.

93		(2) Installer Qualifications. Engage an experienced installer
94		with a minimum of 2 years' experience to perform work of this
95		Section who has specialized in installing resilient flooring products
96		similar to those required for this project with a record of successful
97		in-service performance.
98		•
99		(3) Source Limitations. Obtain each type, color, and pattern of
100		product specified from one source with resources to provide products
101		of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties without
102		delaying work.
103		10.1.j.n.g
104		(4) Fire-Test-Response Characteristics. Provide products with
105		the following fire-test response characteristics as determined by
106		testing identical products per test method indicated below by a
107		testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having
108		jurisdiction.
109		julioulotion.
110		(a) Critical Radiant Flux: 0.45 W/sq. cm. or greater per
111		tested ASTM E 648.
112		tostod No TWI E 040.
113	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
114	(5)	Bonvory, Storage, and Handing
115		(1) Deliver products to Project site in manufacturer's original,
116		unopened cartons and containers, each bearing names of product
117		and manufacturer, Project identifications, and shipping and handling
118		instructions.
119		instructions.
120		(2) Store products in dry spaces protected from the weather, with
121		ambient temperatures maintained between 50 and 90 degrees F.
122		ambient temperatures maintained between 50 and 50 degrees 1.
123		(3) Store flooring on flat surfaces.
123		(5) Store hoofing on hat surfaces.
125		(4) Move products into spaces where they will be installed at least
126		48 hours before installation, unless longer conditioning period is
127		recommended in writing by manufacturer.
128		recommended in writing by mandacturer.
129	(E)	Project Conditions
130	(-)	1 Toject Conditions
131		(1) Maintain a temperature of 70 deg. F plus or minus 5 deg. F in
132		spaces to receive products for at least 48 hours before installation,
133		during installation, and for at least 48 hours after installation, unless
134		manufacture's written recommendations specify longer time periods.
135		After post-installation period, maintain a temperature of not less than
136		55 deg. F or more than 95 deg. F.
137		oo deg. 1 of filore train so deg. 1.
138		(2) Do not install products until they are at the same temperature
130		(2) Do not install products until they are at the same temperature

139		as the space where they are to be installed.
140		
141		(3) Close spaces to traffic during flooring installation and for time
142		period after installation recommended in writing by manufacturer.
143		
144		(4) Install flooring and accessories after other finishing
145		operations, including painting, have been completed.
146		
147	(F)	Extra Materials
148		
149		(1) Furnish extra materials described below that match products
150		installed, are packaged with protective covering for storage, and are
151		identified with labels describing contents.
152		•
153		(a) Furnish not less than one box for each 50 boxes or
154		fraction thereof, or not less than 2% of total installed,
155		whichever is less, of each type, color, pattern, of flooring tile
156		installed.
157		in locality and
158		(b) Furnish not less than 10 linear feet for each 500 linear
159		feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of
160		resilient wall base installed.
161		Toomone wan base metanea.
162	(G)	Examination
163	(0)	
164		(1) Examine substrates, areas, and conditions where installation
165		of vinyl products will occur, with Installer present, for compliance with
166		manufacturer's requirements. Verify that substrates and conditions
167		are satisfactory for resilient product installation and comply with
168		requirements specified.
169		requirements specified.
170		(2) Do not proceed with installation until unsatisfactory conditions
171		have been corrected.
172		nave been corrected.
173	(H)	Preparation
173 174	(11)	rieparation
175		(1) General. Comply with resilient product manufacturer's written
		installation instructions for preparing substrates indicated to receive
176 177		resilient product.
		resilient product.
178		(2) Lies travelable leveling and natching compounds according
179		(2) Use trowelable leveling and patching compounds, according
180		to the manufacturer's written instructions to fill cracks, holes, and
181		depressions in substrates. Substrate tolerance: level to within 1/8" in
182		10' at all locations.
183 184		(3) Broom and vacuum clean substrates to be covered

185		immediately before product installation. After cleaning, examine
186		substrates for moisture, alkaline salts, carbonation, or dust.
187		
188	(I)	Floor Installation, General
189		
190		(1) General. Comply with tile manufacturer's written installation
191		instructions.
192		
193		(2) Scribe cut, and fit floor covering to butt nearly and tightly to
194		vertical surfaces and permanent fixtures, including built-in furniture,
195		cabinets, pipes, outlets, edgings, door frames, thresholds, and
196		nosings.
197		
198		(3) Extend floor covering into toe spaces, door reveals, closets,
199		and similar openings.
200		
201		(4) Maintain reference markers, holes, and openings that are in
202		place or marked for future cutting by repeating on finish flooring as
203		marked on subfloor. Use chalk or other non-permanent, non-staining
204		marking device.
205		
206		(5) Adhere Luxury Vinyl perimeter planks to substrates using a
207		full spread of adhesive applied to substrate to produce a completed
208		installation without open cracks, voids, raisings and puckering at
209		joints, telegraphing of adhesive spreader marks, and other surface
210		imperfections.
211		
212	(J)	Resilient Wall Base Installation
213		
214		(1) Apply wall base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and
215		cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and
216		areas where base is required.
217		·
218		(2) Install wall base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at
219		seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
220		
221		(3) Tightly adhere wall base to substrate throughout length of
222		each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and
223		vertical substrates.
224		
225		(4) Do not stretch during installation.
226		· /
227		(5) On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill
228		voids along top edge of wall base with manufacturer's recommended
229		adhesive filler material.
230		

231 232		(6) Premolded Corners. Install premolded corners before installing straight pieces.
233		
234		(7) Minimum length of resilient base shall not be less than 12-
235		inches.
236		
237	(K)	Cleaning and Protecting
238		
239		(1) Perform the following operations immediately after installing
240		resilient products:
241		
242		(a) Remove adhesive and surface blemishes using cleaner
243		recommended by resilient product manufacturers.
244		,
245		(b) Sweep or vacuum thoroughly.
246		(6)
247		(c) Do not wash floor until after time period recommended
248		by flooring manufacturer.
249		by hoofing manadataror.
250		(2) Protect flooring against mars, marks, indentations, and other
251		damage from construction operations and placement of equipment
252		and fixtures during the remainder of construction period. Use
252 253		protection methods indicated or recommended in writing by flooring
253 254		manufacturer.
25 4 255		manuacturer.
		(a) Cover products installed on floor surfaces with undered
256		(a) Cover products installed on floor surfaces with undyed,
257		untreated building paper until inspection for Project
258		Acceptance.
259		(h) De not record because and above abjects directly area
260		(b) Do not move heavy and sharp objects directly over
261		floor surfaces. Place plywood or hardboard panels over
262		flooring and under objects while they are being moved. Slide
263		or roll objects over panels without moving panels.
264		
265		(3) Clean floor surfaces no more than 4 days before dates
266		scheduled for inspections intended to establish the Project
267		Acceptance date in each area of Project. Clean products according
268		to manufacturer's written recommendations.
269		
270	678.04 M	easurement. The Engineer will not measure resilient flooring for
271	payment.	
272		
273		ayment. The Engineer will not pay for resilient flooring separately.
274		er will consider the price for resilient flooring included in the contract
275	•	ection 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full
276	compensation	on for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.

277 278 279	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing resilient flooring, and all
280	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
281	
282	
283	
284	END OF SECTION 678

1	Make the	following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3 4		SECTION 679 - METAL FABRICATIONS
5 6 7 8 9 10	security g	Description. This section describes the furnishing, fabrication and n of miscellaneous metal. This section includes, but is not limited to, grates and grilles, and all anchors, angles, bolts for items, and other es shown in details and/or required for the complete installation of work ions.
11 12	679.02	Materials
13 14 15	(A)	Materials and Components
16 17 18 19 20		(1) Metal Surfaces, General. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed work, provide materials selected for their surface flatness, smoothness, and freedom from surface blemishes. Do not use materials with exposed pitting, seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or roughness.
21 22 23 24		(2) Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars. Steel plates, shapes, and bars shall be ASTM A 36/A36M, hot-dip galvanized.
25 26 27		(3) Steel Tube. Steel tube shall be ASTM A 500/A 500M or ASTM A 501/ASTM 501M, hot-dipped galvanized.
28 29 30		(4) Brackets, Flanges, and Anchors. Brackets, flanges, and anchors shall be cast or formed metal of the same type material and finish as supported rails, unless otherwise indicated.
31 32 33 34 35		(5) Non-shrink, Non-metallic Grout. Provide factory-packaged, non-staining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107/C 1107M. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.
36 37	(B)	Fasteners
38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45		(1) General. Provide plated fasteners complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 25 for electrodeposited zinc coating for exterior use or where built into exterior walls. Provide stainless steel fasteners at stainless steel materials and where dissimilar metals are joined or where indicated. Select fasteners for the type, grade, and class required or as indicated.
46		(2) Steel Bolts. Steel bolts shall be regular hexagon-head type,

47		ASTM A 307, hot-dip galvanized.
48		
49		(3) Stainless Steel Bolts and Screws. Stainless steel bolts and
50		screws shall be ASTM F593, Type 304.
51		
52		(4) Lag Bolts and Screws. Lag bolts and screws shall be ASME
53		B18.2.1, hot-dip galvanized.
54		
55		(5) Washers and Nuts. Washers and nuts shall be same
56		materials and finish as bolts.
57		
58		(6) Expansion Anchors
59		
60		(a) Anchor Bolt and Sleeve. Anchor bolt and sleeve
61		assembly of carbon steel components zinc-plated to comply
62		with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5 with capability to sustain
63		without failure, a load equal to 6 times the load imposed when
64		installed in unit masonry and equal to 4 times the load
65		imposed when installed in concrete as determined by testing
66		per ASTM E 488/E 488M conducted by a qualified
67		independent testing agency.
68		
69		(b) Metal Anchor Bolts, Straps, Hangers, Brackets, and
70		Other Inserts. Furnish to other trades the anchor bolts,
71		straps, hangers, brackets, and other inserts which are
72		necessary for the final installation of work under this and other
73		trades, where not specified to be furnished under the other
74		sections of the specifications. This trade shall also furnish
75		templates if required by others and shall check the installation
76		of all bolts and inserts for accuracy. Anchor bolts and washers
77		of the same quality as bolt. All items shall be galvanized
78		except use stainless steel at aluminum metals.
79		
80	(C)	Paint
81	. ,	
82		(1) Shop Primer for Ferrous Metal. Prime paint items not
83		indicated or specified to be galvanized. Provide fast-curing, lead and
84		chromate free, universal modified alkyd primer with good resistance
85		to corrosion, compatible with finish paint systems, and complying
86		with performance requirements of FS TT-P-664.
87		
88		(2) Galvanizing Repair Paint. Provide high-zinc-dust-content
89		paint for re-galvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint
90		20.
91		
92		(3) Finish Painting. Paint all exposed metal fabrication items

93		except for prefinished items as specified in Section 687 "Painting".
94		
95	(D)	Fabrication, General
96		
97		(1) Shop Assembly. Preassemble items in shop to greatest
98		existent possible to minimize field splicing field splicing and
99		assembly. Dissemble units only as necessary for shipping and
100		handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and
101		coordinated installation.
102		
103		(2) Workmanship. Use materials of size and thickness to
104		produce strength and durability in the finished product. Work to
105		dimensions shown or accepted on the shop drawings, using proven
106		details of fabrication and support. Use type of materials shown or
107		specified for the various components of the work.
108		
109		(3) Form exposed work true to line and level, with accurate
110		angles and surfaces and with straight sharp edges. Ease exposed
111		edges to a radius of approximately 1/32-inch unless otherwise
112		shown. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without
113		causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
114		
115		(4) Weld corners and seams continuously, complying with AWS
116		recommendations. At exposed connections, grind exposed welds
117		smooth and flush to match and blend with adjoining surfaces.
118		Provide welds behind finish surfaces without distorting or discoloring
119		exposed side.
120		
121		(5) Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and
122		smooth, using concealed fasteners wherever possible. Used
123		exposed fasteners of type indicated or, if not indicated Philips
124		flathead (counter sunk) screws or bolts.
125		
126		(6) Provide for anchorage of the type shown, coordinate with
127		supporting structure. Fabricate and space anchoring devices to
128		provide adequate support for intended use.
129		
130		(7) Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap miscellaneous metal work to
131		receive finish hardware and similar items.
132		
133		(8) Fabricate joints which will be exposed to weather in a manner
134		to exclude water or provide weep holes where water may
135		accumulate.
136		
137		(9) Galvanizing: Provide all steel fabrications with hot-dip
138		galvanized coating, unless otherwise indicated, as follows:

139		
140		(a) ASTM A 153/ A 153M for galvanizing iron and steel
141		hardware.
142		
143		(b) ASTM A 123/A123 M for galvanizing rolled, pressed,
144		and forged steel shapes, plates, bars, and strip 1/8 inch thick
145		and heavier, and assembled steel products.
146		
147	(E)	Rough Hardware
148		
149		(1) Furnish bent or otherwise custom fabricated bolts, plates,
150		anchors, hangers, dowels, and other miscellaneous steel and iron
151		shapes as required for framing and supporting woodwork, and for
152		anchoring or securing woodwork to concrete or other structures.
153		
154		(2) Fabricate items of sizes, shapes, and dimensions required.
155		Furnish steel washers.
156		
157	(F)	Miscellaneous Framing and Supports
158		
159		(1) Provide miscellaneous steel framing and supports, as
160		required to complete work.
161		
162		(2) Fabricate miscellaneous units to sizes, shapes, and profiles
163		indicated or, if not indicated, of required dimensions to receive
164		adjacent other work to be retained by framing. Except as otherwise
165		shown, fabricate from structural steel shapes, plates, and steel bars,
166		for supports, of welded construction using mitered joints for field
167		connection. Cut, drill, and tap units to receive hardware and similar
168		items.
169		
170		(3) Galvanize all miscellaneous steel framing and supports.
171		(A) Facility with with intermediate walled and have for each an inter-
172		(4) Equip units with integrally welded anchors for casting into
173		concrete or building into masonry. Furnish inserts if units must be
174		installed after concrete is placed. Galvanize all miscellaneous frames
175		and supports.
176	(C)	Security Cate and Crille
177	(G)	Security Gate and Grille
178		(1) Fixed grillage penals and gets frames unless otherwise
179 180		(1) Fixed grillage panels and gate frames, unless otherwise indicated, shall consist of tubular steel from perimeter frames and
181		horizontal intermediate members with vertical steel rods. Miter and
182		weld all corners; butt weld horizontal rails to frame members and
183		vertical pickets to tubular steel members. Grind all welds smooth.
184		Tack weld flattened expanded metal mesh to panels as detailed.
107		raon were nationed expanded metal mesh to panels as detailed.

185		Provide cutout in vertical gate frame for lockset. Provide 1-1/2 pair
186		steel hinges welded to gate frame and jamb member, sized to
187		support weight of gate leaf. Hot-dip galvanize gate and grille after
188		fabrication.
	79.03 C	onstruction
191	(4)	Bulletind Day Connected AM II
192 193	(A) hereii	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications n as well as to the following sections:
194 195		(1) Section 657 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for coordinating post
196		and fastener installations.
197		and recently installations.
198		(2) Section 687 "Painting" for metal painting.
199		
200	(B)	Submittals
201	` ,	
202		(1) Product Data. Submit manufacturer's product data,
203		specifications, anchor details, and installation instructions for
204		products used in metal fabrications, including paint products and
205		grouts.
206		
207		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings as required for all
208		work in accordance with the contract drawings. Shop drawings,
209		where applicable, shall be referenced to sheet and detail being
210		depicted. Include plans, elevations, component details, and
211		attachments to other work. Indicate materials and profiles of each
212		metal member, fittings, joinery, fishes, fasteners, anchorages, and
213		accessory items. Include setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchor bolts and other anchorages.
214 215		for installing anchor boils and other anchorages.
215		(3) Samples for Verification. Submit samples for each profile
217		and pattern of fabricated metal and for each type of metal finish
218		required, prepared on metal of same thickness and alloy indicated
219		for the work. If finishes involve normal color and texture variations,
220		include samples sets, consisting of 2 or more units, showing the full
221		range of variations expected. Include 6-inch long samples of linear
222		shapes.
223		·
224		(4) Qualification Data. Submit data for firms and person
225		specified in item entitled "QUALITY ASSURANCE" hereinbelow to
226		demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of
227		completed projects with project names and addresses, names and
228		addresses of Designers and Owners, and other information
229		specified.
230		

231		(5) Conformance. Where materials or fabrications are indicated
232		to comply with requirements for design loading and system
233		performance, include structural computations, materials properties,
234		and other information needed to verify conformance.
235		•
236	(C)	Quality Assurance
237	` ,	
238		(1) Fabricator Qualifications. Engage a firm experienced in
239		producing metal fabrications similar to those indicated for this Project
240		and with a record of successful in-service performance, as well as
241		sufficient production capacity to produce required units.
242		1 7 1 1
243	(D)	Project Conditions
244	(-)	
245		(1) Field Measurements. Where metal fabrications are indicated
246		to fit walls and other construction, verify dimensions by field
247		measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements on
248		Shop Drawings. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction
249		progress to avoid delaying the work.
250		progress to avoid dolaying the work.
251		(2) Established Dimensions. Where field measurements
252		cannot be made without delaying the work, establish dimensions and
253		proceed with fabricating metal fabrications without field
254		measurements. Coordinate construction to ensure that actual
255		dimensions correspond to established dimensions. Allow for
256		trimming and fitting.
257		and nung.
258	(E)	Coordination
259	(-)	
260		(1) Coordinate installation of anchorages for metal fabrications.
261		Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing
262		anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchors bolts, and
263		items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or
264		masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
265		masoning. Deliver such items to rifugeet site in time for installation.
266	(F)	Preparation
267	(')	reparation
268		(1) Prior to all work of this Section, the Contractor shall carefully
269		inspect the installed work of all other trades and verify that all such
270		work is complete to the point where fabrication and installation of the
271		work of this Section may properly commence.
272		work of this Section may properly commence.
273		(2) The Contractor shall make all required measurements in the
273 274		field to ensure proper and adequate fit of all metal fabrication items.
27 4 275		noid to chourd proper and adequate in or all metal labilication items.
275 276		(3) Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which
210		(3) Installer must examine the areas and conditions under which

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metal fabrication items are to be installed and notify the Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the installer.

(G) Installation

- (1) **General.** Install metal fabrications as per approved shop drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.
- **(2) Fastening to In-Place Construction.** Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing miscellaneous metal fabrications to in-place construction; including threaded fasteners for concrete and masonry inserts, through-bolts, lag bolts, wood screws, and other connectors as required.
- (3) Cutting, Fitting, and Placement. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting, required for installation of miscellaneous metal fabrications. Set work accurately in location, alignment, and elevation, plumb, level, true, and free from rack, measured from established lines and levels. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items which are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- **(4) Connections.** Fit exposed connections accurately together to form tight hairline joints. Weld connections which are not to be left as exposed joints, but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Grind exposed joints smooth, and touch-up repair paint. Do not weld, cut, or abrade the surfaces of units which have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are intended for bolted or screwed field connections.
- **(5) Field Welding.** Comply with AWS Code for procedures of manual shielded metal-arch welding, appearance and quality of weld made, and methods in correcting welding work.
- **(6) Grouting.** Mix the specified and accepted grout with potable water and in consistency recommended by the manufacturer in a non-contaminating container. Mix the only amount of grout that will be placed within the specified pot life of the material. Any grout that has set shall be discarded. Pour the grout in small amounts from one side only, tamping between pours to eliminate air pockets. Sure grout as recommended by the manufacturer.

(H) Clean Up

323	
324	(1) After installation, all surfaces shall be cleaned and ready to
325	receive final treatment. All unused materials, tools, and equipment
326	shall be removed from the project site.
327	
328	(2) All rubbish, debris, fines, etc. accumulated from the work of
329	this Section shall be removed from the project site and the area left
330	neat and clean.
331	
332	679.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure metal fabrications for
333	payment.
334	
335	679.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for metal fabrications separately
336	The Engineer will consider the price for metal fabrications included in the contract
337	price for Section 608 - Modular Storage Containers and Section 651 - Cattle
338	Gate. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in these sections and
339	contract documents.
340	
341	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
342	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing metal fabrications, and al
343	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
344	
345	
346	
347	FND OF SECTION 679

1	Make the	following	sectior	a part of the Standard Specifications:				
2 3	SECTION 681 – ALUMINUM WINDOWS							
4 5 6 7	681.01 aluminum	Descript n windows		This section describes the furnishing and installation of				
8 9	681.02	Materials	S					
10	(A) Perfo	rmanc	e Requirements				
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	(A	(1) manu 105 Buildi (2) labora	Fabri facture mph, I ng Coo Each atory o eports s (a) Large impac regist	cation. Fabricate exterior components from the stock systems to withstand minimum wind velocity of exposure B in accordance with current International de. assembly shall be tested by a recognized testing ragency in accordance with specified test methods. All shall have valid and current testing dates. Conformance to ASTME e 1886 (Small Missile and Missile) and AAMA/NWWDA 101/I.S. 2/A440-8 (non-cit) — NAMI Certified and Florida Building Code ered.				
39 40 41 42				systems shall comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440-08, voluntary specifications for Aluminum Windows; as well as with guidelines for specified AW rated product.				
43 44 45 46				(iv) Component Testing. Component testing shall be in accordance with procedures described in AAMA/NWWDA 101/I.S. 2/A440-08.				

47		(v) Forced Entry Resistance. The window shall
48		conform to CAWM 301-90.
49		
50		(vi) Condensation Resistance Factor ICRF) Test.
51		When tested in accordance with AAMA 1503.1-88, the
52		condensation resistance factor shall not be less than
53		51.
54		
55		(vii) Thermal Transmittance Test. In accordance
56		with AAMA 1503.1-88, (U-Value) shall not be more
57		than 0.59 BTU/hr/sf/degree Fahrenheit.
58		
59		(viii) Thermal Movements. Allow thermal movement
60		resulting from the following maximum change (range)in
61		ambient temperature:
62		ambient temperature.
		120 degrees Eghrenheit amhient: 180 degrees
63		120 degrees Fahrenheit, ambient; 180 degrees
64 65		Fahrenheit, material surfaces.
65	(D)	Manufacturer
66	(B)	Manufacturer
67		(4) Dravida Aradia Ira "III TEOOD Carias", or accented
68		(1) Provide Arcadia, Inc., "ULT500IP Series"; or accepted
69 70		equivalent products of Fleetwood Aluminum Products, Inc., or
70		Kawneer Co.; or other accepted equivalents.
71	(0)	Material Communication
72 72	(C)	Materials, General
73 7.4		
74 		(1) All windows shall be fabricated from aluminum extrusions of
75 -		6063-T6 alloy and temper with a minimum wall thickness of 0.100"
76		for the sill member and a minimum of 0.072" for all other members,
77		including frame, sash and optional sash dividers. The aluminum shall
78		be free of defects which impair strength and appearance.
79		
80		(2) Component parts and accessories shall be of aluminum alloy,
81		stainless steel or non-metallic materials which will neither deteriorate
82		nor promote corrosion.
83		
84		(3) Thermal break barrier shall provide a continuous
85		uninterrupted thermal separation around the entire perimeter of the
86		frame and sash and shall not be bridged by any metal conductor at
87		any point. Thermal barrier shall consist of a two-part, chemically
88		curing, high-strength urethane.
89		
90		(4) Sill shall have a full-length nylon track cap.
91		5 ···,·····
92		(5) Sash members shall have a minimum of 3/4" glass

93		penetration into the aluminum to provide extra protection against
94 95		"blow out" during high wind conditions.
96		(6) Operable sash shall be equipped with two steel tandem ball
97		bearing (all stainless steel tandem rollers and housings optional).
98		
99		(7) Locking device shall be Adams-Rite MS+1847 stainless steel
100		mortise lock operated by a custom flush pull handle set available in
101		either black or metallic gray powder coat, or approved equal.
102 103		(8) Horizontal member shall have two contact points incorporating
03		silicone treated woven pile with mylar center fins. Vertical members
105		shall have four contact points of silicone treated woven pile with
106		mylar center fins. All shall be held in integral extruded slots and
107		secured to prevent movement or loss while operating sash.
108		
109		(9) Fixed and/or sliding sash members shall be constructed to
10		allow for either factory or field glazing. Sash glazing shall be
11 12		accomplished using a "marine" style reusable, wraparound black flexible polyvinyl chloride material per commercial standard CS230-
113		60 without the need for separate glazing beads or putty style bedding
14		compounds. The glazing channel shall be provided with the unit for
115		1" insulating glass.
16		
17		(10) All assembly and installation screws shall be 18-8 or 410
18		stainless steel.
119	(D)	Finish
20 21	(D)	FilliSil
122		(1) Finish all exposed areas of aluminum and components as
123		indicated.
24		
125		(a) Standard finish shall be White PPG UC-71533 -
126		baked-on enamel – polycron – AAMA 2603.2, or approved
127		equal.
128 129	(E)	Fabrication
130	(=)	abrication
31		(1) General. Fabricate aluminum windows, in sizes indicated,
132		that comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 (NAFS) for
133		performance class indicated. Include a complete system for
134		assembling components and anchoring windows.
135		(2) Allow for proprior toloropess and provide for maximum of
136 137		(2) Allow for erection tolerances and provide for movement of window units due to thermal expansion and building deflections.
137		window dritto due to trierinal expansion and building deliections.

139		(3) Subframes. Provide subframes with anchors for window
140		units as shown, of profile and dimensions indicated but not less than
141		0.062-inch thick extruded aluminum. Miter or cope corners, weld and
142		dress smooth with concealed mechanical joint fasteners. Finish to
143		match window units. Provide subframes capable of withstanding
144		performance requirements of window units.
145		F
146		(4) Primary frame must be a minimum of 4" deep.
147		(4)
148		(5) Frame corner joint shall be secured with two stainless steel
149		screws and must be back caulked under the frame jambs to insure a
150		weather-resistant seal.
151		
152		(6) Profile of the fixed jamb and the latching jamb shall include
153		two weather-stripped pockets to receive the fixed and latching stiles.
154		the meaning employ promote to receive and integral and integral
155		(7) Fixed and sliding panels shall have a nominal 1-1/2" depth
156		and shall have overlapped joints as well as the mortise type to
157		provide strong interlocking, mechanically fastened hairline joints.
158		provide during interrestang, meditarileany radioned riamine jointe.
159		(8) Interlockers and latching stiles shall be heavy gauge tubular
160		sections assuring precise alignment and to resist twisting under load
161		conditions.
162		orialions.
163		(9) Fabricate aluminum windows that are reglazable without
164		dismantling sash or ventilator framing.
165		alemanang each er vermater naming.
166		(10) Weather Stripping. Provide full-perimeter weather stripping
167		for each operable sash.
168		Ter each operation each
169		(11) Weep Holes. Provide weep holes and internal passages to
170		conduct infiltrating water to exterior.
171		ochadet immading water to extensive
172		(12) Sills. Provide sills with sill pan and flashing with end dams.
173		(12) Cinci i i cinaci cina in pani cina naci in g
174		(13) Factory-Glazed Fabrication. Glaze aluminum windows in
175		the factory where practical and possible for applications indicated.
176		Comply with requirements in Section 688 – Glazing and with
177		AAMA/WDMA/CSA 101/I.S.2/A440 (NAFS).
178		7 u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u
179		(14) Glazing Stops. Provide snap-on glazing stops coordinated
180		with Section 688 - Glazing and glazing system indicated. Provide
181		glazing stops to match sash and ventilator frames.
182		gramming office to matter office formation named.
183	(F)	Glazing
184	` '	

185 186 187	(1) Glass Type. Sections shall be provided with insulated glass unless otherwise indicated on the drawings and specified in Section 688 – Glazing.
188 189 190 191	(2) Glazing System. Glazing system shall be manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system as required by the window manufacturer and as indicated in Section 688 – Glazing.
192 193 (G) 194	Insect Screens
194 195 196 197 198 199	(1) General. Design windows and hardware to accommodate screens in a tight-fitting, removable arrangement, with a minimum of exposed fasteners and latches. Locate screens on the inside of window and provide for each operable exterior sash or ventilator.
200 201 202 203 204	(2) Aluminum Tubular Frame Screens. Aluminum tubular frame screens shall comply with SMA 1004, "Specifications for Aluminum Tubular Frame screens for Windows" and shall be Architectural C-24 class.
205 206 207 208 209	(3) Aluminum Insect Screen Frames. Aluminum insect screen frames shall be manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004. Frames shall be fabricated with mitered or coped joints, concealed fasteners, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.
210 211 212 213 214	(a) Extruded-Aluminum or Aluminum Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces. Tubular framing screens and cross braces shall not be less than 0.040-inch wall thickness.
215 216	(b) Finish. Finish shall be the same as aluminum window frames.
217 218 219 220	(4) Aluminum Wire Fabric. Fabric shall be 18-by-16 mesh of 0.011-inch diameter, coated aluminum wire.
221 681.03 C	onstruction
222 223 (A) 224	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications herein as well as to the following sections:
225 226	(1) Section 688 "Glazing" for window glass.
227 228 229	(2) Section 676 "Joint Sealants".
229 230 (B)	Submittals

231	` '	duct Data. Submit for information only, manufacturers
232	product da	ata, specifications, and instructions for handling, storing
233	installing,	cleaning, and protecting each type of glass and glazing
234	material.	
235		
236	(2) Sho	op Drawings
237	(_)	, p = 1 a90
238	(a)	Submit manufacturer's shop drawings that indicate
239	` '	vations of windows, full sizes sections, thickness and
240		ges of metal, fastening, proposed method of anchoring
241		e and spacing of anchors, details of construction, method
242		glazing, details of operating hardware, method and
243		erials for weather- stripping, method of attaching screens
244	inst	allation details and other related items.
245		
246	(b)	1 7
247	deta	ails, hardware, attachments to other Work, operationa
248	clea	arances and the following:
249		
250		(i) Mullion details; including reinforcement and
251		stiffeners.
252		
253		(ii) Flashing and drainage details.
254		(,
255		(iii) Weatherstripping details.
256		(iii) Waareraarpping actailer
257		(iv) Glazing details.
258		(IV) Clazing dotailo.
259		(v) Window system operators and controls.
260		(V) VVIIIdow System operators and controls.
261		(vi) For installed products indicated to comply with
		• • •
262		design loads, include structural analysis data signed
263		and sealed by the qualified Professional Engineer
264		responsible for their preparation and used to determine
265		the following:
266		
267		Structural test pressures and design pressures
268		from basic wind speeds indicated. Testing results mus
269		be current and valid.
270		
271		Deflection limitations of glass framing system.
272		
273	(3) Sar	nples for Verification. Submit samples for aluminum
274	` '	mponents required, prepared on samples of size indicated
275	below.	, , , , , ,
276		
_, _		

277	(a) Main framing member: Twelve-inch long, full size
278	sections of extrusions with factory applied "Clear Anodized
279	finish.
280	
281	(b) Hardware: Full size units with factory-applied finish.
282	
283	(c) Weatherstripping: Twelve inch long sections.
284	
285	(d) Insect Screen: Fabric (6-inch x 6-inch).
286	
287	(4) Installer Certificate. Submit certificate signed by
288	manufacturer certifying that the Contractor is an approved installe
289	and will comply with specified requirements.
290	
291	(5) Performance Certification. Submit certification that window
292	comply with performance requirements specified hereinabove.
293	(C) Matarial Cartification Cubrait Cartification by the
294 205	(6) Material Certification. Submit Certification by the
295	manufacturer that the windows including the finish conforms to the
296 297	specifications.
298	(7) Maintanance Data. Submit data for anarable window sash
299	(7) Maintenance Data. Submit data for operable window sash operating hardware, weatherstripping, window system operators, and
300	finishes to include in maintenance manuals. Include Maintenance
301	Schedule, acceptable cleaning products, and safety precautions to
302	be exercised during cleaning.
303	be exercised during cleaning.
304	(8) Warranty
305	(o) Transacty
306	(a) Submit manufacturer's standard form in which the
307	manufacturer agrees to repair or replace aluminum windows
308	that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty
309	period at his own expense. Failures include but are not limited
310	to the following:
311	3
312	(i) Failure to meet performance requirements.
313	
314	(ii) Structural failures including excessive deflection
315	()
316	(iii) Water leakage or air infiltration.
317	
318	(iv) Faulty operation of movable sash and hardware.
319	
320	(v) Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and othe
321	materials beyond normal weathering.
322	

323		(vi) Deterioration of insulating glass including the
324		failure of the hermetic seal under normal use that is
325		attributed to the manufacturing process and not to
326		causes other than glass breakage and practices for
327		maintaining and cleaning insulating glass contrary to
328		manufacturer's written instructions. Evidence of failure
329		is the obstruction of vision by dust, moisture, or film on
330		interior surfaces of glass.
331		
332		(b) Warranty Period. Warranty period shall be two years
333		from the project acceptance date.
334		
335	(C)	Quality Assurance
336	(-)	
337		(1) Installer Qualifications. The installer shall be acceptable to
338		aluminum window manufacturer for installation of units required for
339		this Project.
340		
341		(2) Source Limitations. Obtain aluminum windows through one
342		source from a single manufacturer unless otherwise specified herein.
343		
344		(3) Fenestration Standard. Comply with AAMA/WDMA/CSA
345		101/I.S.2/A440 (NAFS), for minimum standards of performance,
346		materials, components, accessories, and fabrication unless more
347		stringent requirements are indicated. Provide AAMA or WDMA
348		certified aluminum with an attached label.
349		
350		(4) Glazing Publications. Comply with published
351		recommendation of glass manufacturers and GANA's "Glazing
352		Manual" unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
353		
354		(5) Preinstallation Preparation. Review methods and
355		procedures related to aluminum windows, including, but not limited to
356		the following:
357		
358		(a) Inspect substrate and preparatory work performed by
359		other trades.
360		
361		(b) Review and finalize construction schedule and verify
362		availability of materials, installers personnel, equipment and
363		facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
364		
365	(D)	Project Conditions
366		
367		(1) Field Measurements. Verify aluminum window openings by
368		field measurements before fabrication and indicate measurements

369		on Shop Drawings.
370		·
371		(2) Established Dimensions. Where field measurements
372		cannot be made without delaying the Work, establish opening
373		dimensions and proceed with fabricating aluminum windows without
374		field measurements. Coordinate wall construction to ensure that
375		actual opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
376		actual opening dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
377 377	(E)	Examination
	(-)	LXaiiiiiatioii
378		(4) Evamina ananinga substratos structural support ancheroga
379		(1) Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage,
380		and conditions, with installer present for compliance with
381		requirements for installation tolerances; rough opening dimensions;
382		levelness of sill plate; coordination with wall flashings and other
383		conditions affecting performance of work.
384		
385		(2) Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions
386		have been corrected.
387		
388	(F)	Installation
389	` '	
390		(1) General. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for
391		installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components;
392		Drawings and Shop Drawings.
393		Trainings and enop Trainings.
394		(2) Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without
395		distortion or impeding thermal movement, anchored securely tin
396		place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and
397		other adjacent construction.
		other adjacent construction.
398		(2) Cot cill manufacto in had of applent or with goalecte on indicated
399		(3) Set sill members in bed of sealant or with gaskets as indicated
400		for weathertight construction.
401		
402		(4) Install windows and components to drain condensation, water
403		penetrating joints, and moisture migrating within windows to the
404		exterior.
405		
406		(5) Metal Protection. Separate aluminum and other corrodible
407		surfaces from sources of corrosion or electrolytic action at points of
408		contact with other metals and materials.
409		
410	(G)	Adjusting
411	` ,	, -
412		(1) Adjust operating sashes and ventilators, screens, hardware,
413		operators, and accessories for a tight fit at contact points and
414		weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure.

415		Lubricate hardware and moving parts.
416	/LIN	
417 418	(H)	Protection and Cleaning
419		(1) Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating
420		substances resulting from construction operations. In addition,
421		monitor window surfaces adjacent to and below exterior wall
422		surfaces during construction for presence of dirt, scum, alkaline
423		deposits, stains, or other contaminants. If contaminating substances
424		do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately
425		according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
426		g
427		(2) Clean aluminum surfaces immediately after installing
428		windows. Avoid damaging protective coatings and finishes. Remove
429		excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt and other substances.
430		
431		(3) Clean factory-glazed glass immediately after installing
432		windows. Comply with manufacturer's written recommendations for
433		final cleaning and maintenance. Remove non-permanent labels and
434		clean surfaces.
435		
436		(4) Remove and replace glass that has been broken, chipped,
437		cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
438	415	De servere d'action
439	(I)	Demonstration
440 441		(1) Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train
442		project's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain
443		window operating system.
444		window operating dysterm.
445	681.04 Me	easurement. The Engineer will not measure aluminum windows for
446	payment.	g .
447	. ,	
448	681.05 Pa	syment. The Engineer will not pay for aluminum windows separately.
449	The Enginee	er will consider the price for aluminum windows included in the contract
450	price for Se	ection 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full
451	compensatio	on for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
452		
453		price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
454		ials, tools, and equipment for installing aluminum windows, and all
455	incidentals n	ecessary to complete the work.
456		
457		
458		END OF OFOTION 224
459		END OF SECTION 681

1	Make the	following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2		CECTION COS. CEEL DOODC AND EDAMES
3 4		SECTION 682 – STEEL DOORS AND FRAMES
5		
6	682.01	Description. This section describes the furnishing and installation of
7		rs and frames.
8		
9	682.02	Materials
10 11	(A) Metallic-Coated Steel Sheets. Metallic-coated steel sheets shall
12	•	mply with ASTM A653/A 653M, and shall be Commercial Steel (CS),
13		pe B, with an A60 zinc-iron alloy (galvannealed) coating; stretcher-
14		reled standard of flatness.
15		
16	(B) Doors
17	•	
18		(1) General. Provide doors of sized, thicknesses, and designs
19		indicated.
20		
21		(2) Doors. Provide doors complying with requirements indicated
22		below by referencing ANSI A250.8 for level and model and ANSI
23		A250.4 for physical-endurance level:
24		(a) Loyal 2 and Dhysical Derformance Loyal A (Extra
2526		(a) Level 3 and Physical Performance Level A (Extra Heavy Duty), Model 2 (Seamless), minimum 16 gauge.
27		rieavy Duty), Model 2 (Seamless), minimum 10 gauge.
28	(C) Frames
29	(•	,
30		(1) General. Provide steel frames for doors that comply with
31		ANSI A250.8 and with details indicated or type and profile. Conceal
32		fastenings, unless otherwise indicated.
33		
34		(2) Frames. Provide minimum 16 gauge steel sheet.
35		(a) Bi (a l B : 1 a a l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l
36		(3) Plaster Guards. Provide 26 gauge steel sheet plaster guards
37		or mortar boxes to close off interior of openings; place at back of
38 39		hardware cutouts where mortar or other materials might obstruct hardware openings.
40		nardware openings.
41		(4) Supports and Anchors. Supports and anchors shall be
42		fabricated from not less than 18 gauge, electrolytic zinc-coated or
43		metallic-coated steel sheet.
44		
45		(5) Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners. Inserts, bolts, and fasteners
46		shall be in manufacturer's standard units. Where zinc-coated items

47		are to be built into exterior walls, comply with ASTM A 153/A153M,
48		Class C or D as applicable.
49		
50	(D)	Fabrication
51		
52		(1) General. Fabricate steel door and frame units to comply with
53		ANSI A250.8 and to be rigid, neat in appearance, and free from
54		defects, including warp and buckle. Where practical, fit and
55		assemble units in manufacturer's plant. Clearly identify work that
56		cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment, to
57 58		assure proper assembly at Project Site.
59		(2) Door Construction. Fabricate doors, panels and frames
60		from metallic-coated steel sheet. Close top and bottom edges of
61		doors flush as an integral part of the door construction or by addition
62		of minimum 16 gauge, metallic-coated steel channels with channel
63		webs place even with the top and bottom edges.
64		
65		(3) Core Construction. Core construction shall be
66		manufacturer's standard core construction that produces a door
67		complying with SDI standards.
68		
69		(4) Clearances for Doors. Clearances shall not be more than
70		1/8-inch at jambs and heads, except not more than 1/4-inch between
71		pairs of doors. Clearances shall not be more than 3/4-inch at bottom.
72		(5) Oisela Astina Deen Edus Bustile Develod adve shall be
73		(5) Single-Acting, Door Edge Profile. Beveled edge shall be
74 75		provided, unless square edge is indicated.
75 76		(6) Tolerances. Comply with SI 117, "Manufacturing Tolerances
77		for Standard Steel Doors and Frames".
78		Tor Standard Steel Boors and Frames .
79		(7) Fabrications. Fabricate concealed stiffeners, reinforcement,
80		edge channels, louvers, and moldings from either cold- or hot-rolled
81		steel sheet.
82		
83		(8) Exposed Fasteners. Unless otherwise indicated, provide
84		countersunk flat or oval heats for exposed screws or bolts.
85		
86		(9) Hardware Preparation. Prepare doors and frames to receive
87		mortised and concealed hardware according to final door hardware
88		schedule and template by hardware supplier. Comply with applicable
89		requirements in ASNI A250.6 and ANSI A115 Series specifications
90 91		for door and frame preparation for hardware. For concealed
91		overhead door closers, provide space, cutouts, reinforcement, and provisions for fastening in top rail of doors or head of frames, as
14		provisions for fastering in top fail of doors of flead of fraffles, as

93		applicable.
94		
95		(10) Frame Construction. Fabricate frames with mitered or
96		coped and continuously welded corners and seamless face joints.
97		
98		(11) Reinforcements. Reinforce doors and frames to receive
99		surface applied hardware. Drilling and tapping for surface-applied
100		hardware may be done at Project Site.
101		
102		(12) Hardware. Locate hardware as indicated on Shop Drawings
103		or, if not indicated, according to ANSI A250.8.
104		
105		(13) Insulated Frames. Insulate where indicated as
106		recommended by the manufacturer.
107		
108	(E)	Finishes
109		
110		(1) Primer. Primer shall be manufacturer's standard, factory-
111		applied coat of rust-inhibiting primer complying with ANSI A250.10
112		for acceptance criteria.
113		
114		(2) Finish. Paint as specified in Section 687 "Painting".
115		
116	682.03 Co	onstruction
116 117		
116 117 118	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications
116 117 118 119	(A)	
116 117 118 119 120	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections:
116 117 118 119 120 121	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather
116 117 118 119 120 121 122	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections:
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping.
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping.
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames.
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Submittals
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Submittals (1) Product Data. Submit product data for each type of door and
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Submittals (1) Product Data. Submit product data for each type of door and frame indicated, include door designation, type, level, and model,
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Submittals (1) Product Data. Submit product data for each type of door and frame indicated, include door designation, type, level, and model, material description, core description, construction details, label
116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135	(A) hereir (B)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections: (1) Section 683 "Door Hardware" for door hardware and weather stripping. (2) Section 687 "Painting" for field painting factory-primed doors and frames. Quality Assurance (1) Steel door and Frame Standard. Comply with ANSI A 250.8, unless more stringent requirements are indicated. Submittals (1) Product Data. Submit product data for each type of door and frame indicated, include door designation, type, level, and model,

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140		(2) follow	•	Diawii	iys.	Subi	HIIL	SHOP	urawii	iys .	SHOWING	the
140 141		IOIIOW	irig.									
			(0)	Elovotio	one of	ooob c	door	dooia	n			
142			(a)	Elevation	וט פווע	each	1001	uesig	11.			
143			/I- \	D-4-31-	- e -l -		_11:		.4:1			.1
144			(b)		or do	ors, inc	ciuai	ng ve	rticai ai	na no	rizontal e	eage
145			details	S.								
146				_								
147			(c)	Frame	deta		or e	each	frame	typ	e, inclu	ding
148			dimen	sional p	rofiles	-						
149												
150			(d)	Details	and lo	ocation	s of	reinfo	rcemer	it and	preparat	ions
151			for har	rdware.								
152												
153			(e)	Details	of ead	ch diffe	rent	wall c	pening	cond	ition.	
154												
155			(f)	Details	of	ancho	rage	es, a	ccesso	ries,	joints,	and
156			conne	ctions.							•	
157												
158		(3)	Door	Schedu	ıle.	Submi	it do	or so	chedule	usir	ig the sa	ame
159		` '									ing sche	
160				_					•	-	drawing	
161		_		nedule fo			_					
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163	(D)	Delive	erv. Sto	orage, a	nd Ha	andling	נ					
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165		(1)	Delive	rv De	liver	doors	and	frame	es card	lhoard	d-wrappe	d or
166		` '		•							age. Pro	
167			•	•			_		-		ctory finis	
168			and fra		to piv	ovonic c	aarri	age te	, 11111311	or ia	otory mine	nica
169		40013	and no	11103.								
170		(2)	Inspe	ction	Inene	ct all	doo	re and	d frame	e on	delivery	for
171			•		•						found. M	
172			-	-			-	-		-	match	
173			_	•	•	•						
		WOIK.	Remov	e and re	piace	uama	geu	items	llial ca	HIIOU	pe repaire	: u.
174		(2)	Ctoro	na Cta	da		ما د		at aaa	المما م	ita mmata	-t- d
175		(3)		_							site prote	
176											n 4-inch	_
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179						•				m 1/4	-inch spa	aces
180		betwe	en stac	ked doc	ors to	permit	aır c	irculat	tion.			
181	<i>-</i>											
182	(E)	Instal	lation									
183			_									
184		(1)	Gener	ral. Ir	nstall	steel	doc	ors, f	rames	and	accesso	ries

185		according to Shop Drawings, manufacturer's data, and as specified.
186		
187		(2) Placing Frames. Comply with provisions in ANSI 250.11,
188		unless otherwise indicated. Set frames accurately in position,
189		plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are
190		set. After wall construction is completed, remove temporary braces
191		and spreaders, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged. Install
192		according to the following requirements where conditions occur.
193		
194		(a) In concrete or masonry construction, provide at least
195		three completed opening anchors per jamb; install adjacent to
196		hinge location on hinge jamb and at corresponding heights on
197		strike jamb. Set frames and secure to adjacent construction
198		with bolts and masonry anchorage devices.
199		man dend and masering amended go democes
200		(3) Door Installation. Comply with ANSI A250.8. Fit hollow-
201		metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified in ANSI
202		A250.8. Shim as necessary to comply SDI 122 and
203		ANSI/DHIA115.1G.
204		7.110.121.11.11.10.10.
205	(F)	Adjusting and Cleaning
206	(1)	Adjusting and Olcaning
207		(1) Prime-Coat Touch Up. Immediately after installation, sand
207		smooth any rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touch
209		up of compatible air-drying primer.
210		up of compatible all-dryling primer.
211		(2) Protection Removal. Immediately before final inspection,
212		remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.
212		remove protective wrappings from doors and frames.
213	682.04 M	easurement. The Engineer will not measure steel doors and frames
214	for payment.	•
215	ioi payinent.	
217	682.05 Pa	ayment. The Engineer will not pay for steel doors and frames
217		The Engineer will consider the price for steel doors and frames
218 219	•	the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers.
		·
220	documents.	I be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract
221	documents.	
222	Thor	price includes full compensation for providing all submittale furnishing
223		price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
224		ials, tools, and equipment for installing steel doors and frames, and all
225	moluentais n	necessary to complete the work.
226		
227		END OF SECTION 500
228		END OF SECTION 682

1	Make the fol	lowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3 4		SECTION 683 – DOOR HARDWARE
5 6	683.01 De	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of tre.
7 8 9	All do	or hardware for all doors shall be provided, whether specified or not.
10 11		the intent of these specifications to cover in general the class and all door hardware required.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19	of the Contra other doors characteriza the hardware	hardware list specified herein after has been made for the convenience actor and covers in general the necessary hardware for doors, but all s, etc., shown on the plan and not covered by the general tion shall be fitted with appropriate hardware of the same standards as e described throughout these specifications. Contractor shall furnish hedule as herein specified.
20 21	683.02 Ma	aterials
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	(A)	Manufacturers (1) Requirements for design, grade, function, finish, size, etc. are indicated in the Hardware Schedule. Products are identified by using proprietary manufacturer's numbers to establish quality and functions. Approved equal products of other manufacturers are acceptable.
30 31 32 33 34	(B)	General Character (1) All hardware shall be of the best quality in construction, design, and finish, and free from any defects. Any defective pieces shall be replaced by the Contractor at his own expense.
35 36 37 38 39		(2) Hardware shall be of the manufacture, type, weight, function, and quality as shown by factory numbers in the Hardware Schedule herein or an approved equal.
40 41		(3) Mortise Locks and Latches. Mortise locks and latches shall be in accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.13.
42 43 44		(4) Hinges. Hinges shall be in accordance with ANSI/BHMA A156.1.
45 46		(5) Closers. Closers shall be in accordance with ANSI/BHMA

47		A156.4. Adjust door closers where provided to conform to ADAAG
48		404.2.8.1.
49 50		(6) Cylindore All cylindors shall be as manufactured by a single
51		(6) Cylinders. All cylinders shall be as manufactured by a single manufacturer.
52		manufacturer.
53		(7) Finish. Finish shall be in accordance with ANSI/BHMA
54		A156.18. All hardware items shall be furnished in the finish as
55		indicated in the Hardware Schedule.
56		malacia in the riardivare concaus.
57 58	(C)	ADAAG Requirements
59		(1) Hardware
60		
61		(a) All door hardware shall comply with the requirements of
62		the Americans with Disability Act Accessibility Guidelines
63		(ADAAG) 404.1.
64		(b) One wells haveliness shall have a share that is seen to
65		(b) Operable hardware shall have a shape that is easy to
66 67		grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping, tight pinching, or twisting of the wrist to operate in compliance with
68		ADAAG 309.4.
69		ADAAO 309.4.
70		(2) Accessible Doors. Doors required to be accessible by
71		ADAAG 404.1 shall comply with requirements of ADAAG 404.2.9.
72		These forces do not apply to the force required to retract the latch
73		bolts, or disengage other devices that may hold the door in a closed
74		position.
75		
76	(D)	Keying
77		
78		(1) Locks shall have four (4) keys each. Locks for the same
79		rooms shall be keyed alike. During period of construction, all locks
80		shall be operated by a special construction key. All keys shall be
81		stamped "DO NOT DUPLICATE" at the point of manufacture. Proper
82 83		certification of factory assembly of all locks and cylinders as well as
84		factory master keying shall be furnished by the Contractor prior to final acceptance of this portion of the work.
85		illial acceptance of this portion of the work.
86		(2) Keying Schedule
87		(2) Royling Contourie
88		(a) It shall be the responsibility of the hardware supplier or
89		hardware manufacturer's representative to meet with the
90		Engineer to review the keying requirements and establish the
91		final keying arrangements.
92		

93		(b) Hardware Supplier shall submit keying schedule, along
94		with hardware schedule, clearly showing how the Owner's
95		final instructions on keying of locks have been fulfilled.
96	(E)	Factorium
97	(E)	Fastening
98 99		(1) Furnish passessary serious halts and other fastening for
99 100		(1) Furnish necessary screws, bolts, and other fastening for proper application of hardware. Fastening shall be of suitable size
100		and type, and of sufficient length to secure hardware for heavy use.
102		Fastening must harmonize with the hardware as to material and
103		finish. Fasteners exposed to the weather shall be of non-ferrous
104		metal or stainless steel.
105		
106		(2) Furnish necessary expansion shields, toggle bolts, machine or
107		wood screws or other suitable approved anchoring devices where
108		hardware is to be installed on concrete, masonry or other types of
109		backing.
110	(-)	
111	(F)	Templates
112		(4) Europials to explote a conscional to the Europiana within account
113		(1) Furnish templates as required to the Engineer within seven
114 115		days after receipt of approved hardware schedule.
115	(G)	Tools and Instructions
117	(3)	
118		(1) Furnish all tools and maintenance or installation instruction
119		packed with the closers and locksets to the Owner when the project
120		is completed.
121		·
122	683.03 C	onstruction
123	(4)	Cubmittala
124 125	(A)	Submittals
125		(1) Product Data. Submit Manufacturer's product data along
127		with schedule for information only.
128		Will deflected in the matter drift.
129		(2) Schedule. Submit six (6) copies of the schedule of hardware
130		in compliance with the specifications and drawings. List each
131		opening and hardware to be applied. State material, finish, and
132		manufacturer's number for each item. Required minimum types are
133		listed under item entitled Hardware Schedule herein below.
134		
135		(3) Keying Schedule. Submit keying schedule for approval.
136		Keying schedule shall be submitted as listed in the D.H.I. document
137		"Keying Terminology". Door designation listed in the Keying
138		Schedule shall be same as those used on drawings and hardware

139		schedule.
140		
141		(4) Warranty. All door hardware shall be supplied with a two (2)
142		year written warranty from the manufacturer agreeing to repair or
143		replace components of door hardware that fail in materials,
144		workmanship, function, operation, finish, etc. commencing from the
145		project acceptance date at his own expense.
146		
147	(B)	Delivery
148		
149		(1) Examine the plans, specifications, and details in order to
150		check all items so they will be suitable and of perfect fit and delivered
151		where and when required.
152		·
153		(2) All hardware shall be delivered at the site, packed separately
154		with all trimmings, screws, etc., for the particular door, all properly
155		labeled and numbered so that they can be checked with the
156		hardware list which shall be furnished with the goods delivered.
157		3
158		(3) Upon delivery of the door hardware to the job site by the
159		hardware supplier, the General Contractor shall have a responsible
160		person check in the material at the place for storage. The hardware
161		shall be protected from damage at all times, both prior to and after
162		installation.
163		in ottaination.
164	(C)	Representative
165	(-)	
166		(1) Provide service of a competent hardware manufacturer's
167		representative who is familiar with installation and operation of all
168		door hardware items furnished.
169		acor naraware nome ranneries.
170	(D)	Pre-Installation Conference
171	(5)	
172		(1) A pre-installation conference shall be held at the jobsite,
173		attended by the Contractor, hardware manufacturer's representative
174		or supplier, hardware installer, and the Engineer, to review the
175		keying system, hardware installation instructions, installation
176		conditions, and coordination with other work. Do not proceed with
170 177		the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a
178		manner acceptable to the installer.
179		mariner acceptable to the installer.
180	(E)	Installation
180 181	(-)	matanation
182		(1) Mount hardware units at heights indicated in the following
183		applicable publications, except as specifically indicated or required to
184		comply with governing regulations and except as otherwise directed
107		comply with governing regulations and except as otherwise directed

185	by the Engineer.
186	, .
187	(a) "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware
188	for Standard Steel Doors and Frames" by the Door and
189	Hardware Institute.
190	Transmare memater
191	(b) Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
192	(ADAAG) 404.2.7.
193	(ADAAO) 404.2.7.
193 194	(2) Install each hardware item in compliance with the
	(2) Install each hardware item in compliance with the
195	manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Where cutting
196	and fitting is required to install hardware onto or into surfaces that
197	are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate
198	removal, storage, and reinstallation or application of surface
199	protection with finishing work specified in Section 687 – Painting. Do
200	not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed
201	on the substrates involved.
202	
203	(3) Set units level, plumb, and true to lien and location. Adjust
204	and reinforce the attachment substrate as necessary for proper
205	installation and operation.
206	•
207	(4) Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for
208	anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors in accordance
209	with industry standards.
210	mar madely etandarde.
211	(5) Fit face all mortise parts snug and flush.
212	(b) The face all mortise parts strug and hash.
212	(6) Operating parts shall move freely and smoothly without
	binding, sticking or excessive clearance.
214	billuling, sticking or excessive clearance.
215	(7) Install lately and half to systematically appears into strike
216	(7) Install latch and bolt to automatically engage into strike,
217	whether activated by closer of manual push. In no case shall
218	additional manual pressure be required to engage latch or bolt into
219	strike.
220	
221	(8) Protect hardware from damage or marring of finish during
222	construction. Replace all damaged or marred hardware at no
223	additional cost.
224	
225	(9) Adjust closers to operate noiselessly and evenly and to
226	conform to ADAAG 404.2.8.1 requirements.
227	•
228	(10) Set thresholds for exterior doors in full bed of sealant
229	complying with requirements specified in Section 676 – Joint
230	Sealants.
250	Oddano.

231 (F) **Hardware Supplier's Inspection** 232 233 (1) Before final inspection of the work under this contract and 234 acceptance the project, the hardware manufacturer's representative of the hardware and other items specified in this 235 section shall visit the site and carefully inspect all parts for 236 conformance to this specification, adequacy for intended use, proper 237 function appearance, finish, and successful operation, assuming joint 238 239 responsibility with the Contractor. All keys shall be tested to ensure 240 proper operation. 241 242 The Manufacturer's representative shall also instruct the **(2)** user's staff on the hardware's maintenance procedures (type of 243 244 lubricant needed and frequency of maintenance). 245 (G) 246 Manufacturer Key. The Manufacturer Key is provided for the 247 convenience of the Contractor to establish quality and functions. Product shall meet quality and functions of manufacturer listing or approved equal. 248 249 250 Hinges By McKinney Products Company MCK Or Approved Equal 251 252 By Pemko/ASSA ABBLOY Door Bottom PEM 253 Or Approved Equal Door Seal By Pemko/ASSA ABBLOY PEM 254 Or Approved Equal 255 256 Threshold By Pemko/ASSA ABBLOY PEM Or Approved Equal 257 By Rockwood Manufacturing 258 Wall Stop ROC 259 Or Approved Equal By Corbin Russwin Hardware 260 Door Closer RUS Or Approved Equal 261 262 Lockset By Sargent Manufacturing Co. SAR 263 Or Approved Equal Lock Box (Weldable) By Keedex Inc. KDX 264 Or Approved Equal 265 By Select Products Limited SLT 266 Continuous Hinge Or Approved Equal 267 268 269 (H) Hardware Groups. Hardware Groups are provided for the 270 271

convenience of the Contractor to establish quality and functions. Product shall meet quality and functions of manufacturer listing or approved equal.

273		Group 1	
274	3.0 EA Hinge	TA2314 SS 4.5 X 4.5 US26D NRP	MCK
275		Or Approved Equal	
276	1.0 EA Classroom Lockset	28-10G37 LL US26D WBX	SAR

272

277		Or Approved Equal	
278	1.0 EA Door Closer	351 P9 EN	SAR
279		Or Approved Equal	
280	1.0 EA Door Bottom	217A	PEM
281		Or Approved Equal	
282	1.0 EA Silicon Gasket	PK55C	PEM
283		Or Approved Equal	
284	1.0 EA Threshold	271A	PEM
285		Or Approved Equal	
286	1.0 EA Doorstop	441CU	PEM
287		Or Approved Equal	
288			
289		Group 2	
290	1.0 EA Continuous Hinge	SL11 BR LD 83"	SLT
291		Or Approved Equal	
292	1.0 EA Panic Exit Device	ED5200 613	RUS
293		Or Approved Equal	
294	1.0 EA Exit Device Trim	L959 C6 CT6 613	RUS
295		Or Approved Equal	
296	1.0 EA Gate Lock Box	K-BXMOR2	KDX
297		Or Approved Equal	
298	1.0 EA Door Closer	DC6210 A12 690 STOP	
299		@ 90 Degrees	RUS
300		Or Approved Equal	
301	1.0 EA Wall Stop (Convex)	406 613	ROC
302		Or Approved Equal	
303			

683.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure door hardware for payment.

683.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for door hardware separately. The Engineer will consider the price for door hardware included in the contract price for Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract documents.

The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing door hardware, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

318 END OF SECTION 683

1	Make the fol	lowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:		
2 3 4	SECTION 684 – PREFORMED METAL ROOFING			
5 6 7 8 9	preformed m	escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of netal roofing. This section includes standing seam metal roof panels, d closures, underlayment, and miscellaneous materials.		
10	684.02 Ma	aterials		
11 12	(A)	Metal and Finishes		
13 14 15 16 17		(1) Roof Panels. Roof panels shall be formed from minimum 24 gauge zincalume coated steel conforming to ASTM A 792/A 792M, Grade 33 with minimum AZ55 coating. Panel configuration shall be as specified. Panel shall be prefinished Kynar 500 as specified.		
18 19 20 21		(2) Finish. Apply the following organic coating in thickness indicated. Furnish appropriate air-drying spray finish in matching color to touchup.		
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31		(a) Fluoropolymer 2-Coat (Kynar 500) Coating System. Manufacturer's standard 2-coat, thermocured system composed of specifically formulated inhibitive primer and fluoropolymer color topcoat containing not less than 70 percent polyvinylidene fluoride resin by weight with a total minimum dry film thickness on the exposed top of one mil and 30 percent reflective gloss when tested manufacturer's standard off white paint finish.		
32 33 34 35 36		(i) Durability. Provide coating field tested under normal range of weather conditions for a minimum of 20 years without significant peel, blister, flake, ship, crack, or check in finish; without chalking in excess of 5 Hunter units.		
37 38 39 40		(ii) Color. Color shall be as selected and as approved as per item entitled "SUBMITTALS" hereinbelow prior to fabrication.		
41 42	(B)	Roof Panel Assemblies		
43 44 45 46		(1) Deep Corrugated Metal Roof Panels. Roof panel assembly shall be manufacturer's standard factory-formed, 7/8" Corrugated metal roof panel assembly with 7/8- inch high x 36-inch corrugated		

panel with 32-inch cover, 0.75 thick (22 gauge), designed for exposed mechanical attachment of panels to plywood roof sheathing.

(C) Flashings and Closures

(1) Provide flashings, included, but not limited to, ridges, hips, valleys, closures, etc. Formed of prefinished material to match panels of manufacturer's standard and custom fabricated flashings for the panels of manufacturer's standard and custom fabricated flashings for the panels specified. Configuration of the flashings shown on the drawings are intended to indicate basic intent. Other flashings which accomplish the basic intent and is standard with the panel manufacturer may only be acceptable with the approval as per Subsection 684.03(B) "Submittals" hereinbelow. Provide metal flashings for locations indicated. Furnish sheet metal flashing items in 8-foot to 10-foot lengths. Single pieces less than 8 feet long may be used at corners and at ends of runs. Provide accessories and other items to which they are applied. Connect all pieces of linear flashing by a slip joint to permit thermal movement.

(D) Underlayment Materials

(1) Self-Adhering Underlayment Membrane. Minimum 40 mil self-adhering sheet membrane shall be used. The product shall be Rainproof by Protecto Wrap Company, Polyguard Deck Guard by Polyguard Products, Inc., WinterGuard by CertainTeed Corp., or accepted equivalent.

(E) Miscellaneous Materials

- (1) **General.** Provide materials and accessories required for a complete panel assembly and as recommended by panel manufacturer, unless otherwise indicated.
- (2) Fasteners. Self-tapping screws, bolts, nuts, self-locking rivets and bolts, end-welded studs, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads shall be used. Use stainless steel fasteners for all applications. Use exposed fasteners with prefinished coated head to match panel color and with composite metal and neoprene washer.
- (3) Accessories. Unless otherwise specified, provide components required for a complete panel assembly, including trim, ridge closures, clips, flashings, sealants, , gaskets, fillers, closure strips, and similar items. Match materials and finish of panels.

(3) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings with layout of the panels, details of the edge conditions, joints, panel profiles, supports, anchorages, trim, flashings, underlayment, closures, and special details. Distinguish between factory-assembled and field-assembled work.

(4) Performance Certification

- (a) Roofing panel supplier shall submit certification that panels meet performance requirements in paragraph entitled "Performance Requirements" hereinbelow. Provide design analysis and calculations to substantiate mechanical attachments to resist wind up-drift.
- **(b)** Manufacturer's technical representative shall submit certification that roofing panels have been installed according to manufacturer's instructions and is free of defects in materials and workmanship.
- **(5) Samples for Initial Selection.** Submit manufacturer's full range of colors for selection.
- **(6) Samples for Verification.** Submit sample panels 12-inches long by actual panel width, in the profile, style, and color selected. Include clips, caps, fasteners, closures, and other exposed panel accessories.
- (7) Contractor Certification. Submit a signed certificate from the manufacturer of the Complete Roofing System attesting that the installation crew has been trained in the system's proper installation by the manufacturer or the technical representative of the manufacturer. The certificate shall include a listing of the location, size of project, and date of 5 successfully installations of the system by the Contractor within the previous 3 years.
- (8) Technical Representative Certification. Submit a signed certificate from the manufacturer designating its technical representative for the project has been reviewed and attesting that this person is both qualified and authorized to act on its behalf of this position in respect to the Complete Roofing System.
- (9) Warranty Certification. Submit a signed certification from the manufacturer or its technical representative stating that the plans and specifications for the project have been reviewed and fully comply with the manufacturer's design standards and meet the

185		requi	rements for warranty for the Complete Roofing System for the
186		specified period.	
187		•	•
188		(10)	Warranty
189		(- /	· · · · •
190			(a) Furnish written 2 year warranty from the project
191			acceptance date, jointly signed by the Roofing Contractor,
192			Flashing and Sheet Metal Contractor, and General Contractor
193			which shall provide for repairs or replacement of roofing and
194			flashing where leaking occurs due to faulty materials and
195			workmanship at their own expense.
196			workmanship at their own expense.
197			(b) Provide manufacturer's warranty for the coating system
198			under Hawaiian weather conditions. Provide the following as a
199			
			guide for expected warranty:
200			(i) The reafing penals and matching fleehings with
201			(i) The roofing panels and matching flashings with
202			a factory applied Fluoropolymer (Kynar 500) paint finish
203			are free from material defects and shall be warranted
204			for 20 years from the project acceptance date against
205			peeling, blistering, chipping, cracking or color change in
206			excess of 5 NBS units during the term of this warranty.
207			The manufacturer/supplier shall replace or repair as
208			necessary any panels whose factory color finish fails
209			under normal wind and weathering conditions. The
210			paint finish warranty commences upon project
211			acceptance date.
212			
213			(ii) Additionally, the metal roofing system
214			components for the project as identified by the Contract
215			Drawings for this project, shall be warranted for a
216			periods of 15 years from the project acceptance date.
217			Manufacturer/supplier shall replace or repair as
218			necessary any component of the roof system supplied
219			by them, when installed and maintained according to
220			the manufacturer's instructions, which fail to provide a
221			watertight and weather proof system due to defective
222			materials. All labor, materials, general condition, and
223			equipment required to perform any repair work shall be
224			done in a manner that will not disrupt access to the
225			building.
226			
227			(iii) The Surety shall not be held liable beyond 2
228			years from the project acceptance date.
229			
230	(C)	Quali	ty Assurance

277		fabricating panels without field measurements or allow for
278		trimming panel units. Coordinate construction to ensure actual
279		locations of structural members and ensure opening
280		dimensions correspond to established dimensions.
281		
282	(F)	Examination
283	` '	
284		(1) Examine substrates and conditions, with installer present, for
285		compliance with requirements indicated for conditions affecting
286		performance of metal panel.
287		
288		(2) Do not proceed with panel installation until unsatisfactory
289		conditions have been corrected.
290		
291	(G)	Preparation
292	(-)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
293		(1) Coordinate panel system with rain drainage work; flashing;
294		trim; and construction of substrates, vents, and other adjoining work
295		to provide a leak-proof, secure, and non-corrosive installation.
296		
297		(2) Promptly remove protective film, if any, from exposed
298		surfaces of metal panels. Strip with care to avoid damage to the
299		finish.
300		
301	(H)	Panel Installation
302	()	
303		(1) General. Comply with panel manufacturer's written
304		instructions and recommendations for installation, as applicable to
305		project conditions and supporting substrates. Anchor panels and
306		other components of the work securely in place, with provisions for
307		thermal and structural movement.
308		thornar and structural movement.
309		(a) Field cutting exterior panels by torch is not permitted.
310		(a) I lold duting exterior pariets by toron is not permitted.
311		(b) Install panels with manufacturer recommended
312		fasteners, unless otherwise indicated.
313		lasteriers, unless otherwise indicated.
314		(c) Install underlayment under panels as per
315		(c) Install underlayment under panels as per manufacturer's recommendations and where indicated on the
316		drawings.
		urawings.
317		(2) Install in accordance with the approved erection instructions
318		(2) Install in accordance with the approved erection instructions
319		and shop drawings. Panels shall be in full and firm contact with
320		supports and with each other at side and end laps. Correct defects or
321		errors in the material in a manufacturer's approved manner. Replace
322		materials which cannot be corrected in approved manner with non-

323 324	defective material.
325 326	(3) Roofing units shall be applied parallel to the roof slope. Provide panel sheets in full length from ridge to eave, with no
327 328 329	transverse joints except at the junction of ventilators, curbs, and similar openings or as indicated on drawings.
330 331 332 333	(4) Install components required for a complete panel assembly, including trim, copings, ridge closures, clips, flashings, sealants, fillers, closure strips, and similar items.
334 335 336 337 338	(5) Separate dissimilar metals by painting each metal surface in area of contact with a bituminous coating by applying rubberized- asphalt underlayment to each metal surface, or by permanent separation as recommended by manufacturers of dissimilar metals.
339	(6) Arrange sides' laps to leeward of prevailing wind direction.
340 341 342 343 344	(7) Install underlayment where specified and where indicated perpendicular to roof slope. Apply in shingle fashion and lap joints to a minimum of 4-inches and 6-inches at end laps.
345 346 347 348 349 350	(8) Joint Sealers. Install gaskets, joint fillers, and sealants where indicated and where required for weatherproof performance of panel assemblies. Provide types of gaskets, fillers, and sealants indicated or, if not otherwise indicated, types recommended by panel manufacturer.
351 352 353 354	(a) Install weather seal under ridge cap. Flash and seal panels at eave and rake with rubber, neoprene, or other closures to exclude weather.
355 356 357	(b) Seal panel end laps with double beads of tape or sealant, full width of panel. Seal side joints where recommended by panel manufacturer.
358 359 360 361	(c) Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements of Section 676 – Joint Sealants.
362 363 364 365	(9) Installation Tolerances. Shim and align panel units within installed tolerance of ¼-inch in 20-feet on slope and location lines as indicated and within 1/8-inch offset of adjoining faces and alignment of matching profiles.
366 367 368	(10) Inspection. Manufacturer's technical representative shall inspect panels during installation to ensure compliance with these

369		specifications and conformance to manufacturer's installation
370		instructions. Upon completion of the panel system, manufacturer's
371		representative shall provide a written certification that panels have
372		been installed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and is
373		free of defects in material and workmanship.
374		
375	(I)	Cleaning and Protecting
376		
377		(1) Damaged Units. Replace panels and other components of
378		the work that have been damaged or have deteriorated beyond
379		successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair
380		procedures.
381		
382		(2) Cleaning. Remove temporary protective coverings and
383		strippable films, if any, as soon as each panel is installed. On
384		completion of panel installation, clean finished surfaces as
385		recommended by panel manufacturer and maintain in a clean
386		condition during construction.
387		
388		easurement. The Engineer will not measure preformed metal roofing
389	for payment.	
390		
391		syment. The Engineer will not pay for preformed metal roofing
392		The Engineer will consider the price for preformed metal roofing
393		the contract price for Section 608 - Modular Storage Containers.
394	•	I be full compensation for work prescribed in this section and contract
395	documents.	
396		
397		price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
398		ials, tools, and equipment for installing preformed metal roofing, and
399	all incidental	s necessary to complete the work.
400		
401		
402		

END OF SECTION 684

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(E) PVC Trim Accessories. Provide corner bead, edge trim, etc. as indicated on the drawings or as required complying with ASTM C 1 and formed of polyvinyl chloride (PVC).

42 43 44

45

46

41

(F) Joint Treatment Materials. Joint treatment materials shall comply with ASTM C 475; and shall be type recommended by wallboard manufacturer for the application indicated, except as otherwise noted.

47	Perfo	rated tape, and joint and topping compound, or "all-purpose"
48	comp	ound, shall be used.
49	(C)	Mainture Parrier - Drovide where indicated or required combalt
50 51	(G) satura	Moisture Barrier. Provide where indicated or required, asphaltated felt, ASTM D 226/D 226M, Type II, No. 30.
52 53	(H)	Patt Inculation in Stud Walls - Batt inculation shall be fiberglass
54	` '	Batt Insulation in Stud Walls. Batt insulation shall be fiberglass STM C665, Type 1, thickness to match stud size.
55 56	685.03 Co	onstruction
57	(4)	Deleted Deguirements Week shall conform to the anacifications
58 59	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections:
60		(4) Section 676 " laint Section for coordinating installation
61 62		(1) Section 676 "Joint Sealants" for coordinating installation.
63		(2) Section 687 "Painting" for painting of gypsum board.
64		3 1 3 371
65	(B)	Quality Assurance
66		
67		(1) Industry Standard. Comply with applicable requirements of
68		GA-216 "Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board" by the
69 70		Gypsum Association, except where more detailed or more stringent requirements are indicated including the recommendations of the
71		manufacturer, and GA-214 "Recommended Specification: Levels of
72		Gypsum Board Finish" by the Gypsum Association.
73		3 31
74		(2) Fire Resistance. For walls where indicated or requiring fire-
75		resistance-rated gypsum board assemblies, comply with the
76		following requirements:
77 70		(a) Fire Posistones Potings As indicated by CA File
78 79		(a) Fire-Resistance Ratings. As indicated by GA File Numbers in GA-600 "Fire Resistance Design Manual" or
80		design designations in UL "Fire Resistance Directory" or in the
81		listing of another testing and inspecting agency acceptable to
82		authorities having jurisdiction.
83		
84		(b) Gypsum board assemblies indicated are identical to
85		assemblies tested for fire resistance according to ASTM E
86		119 by an independent testing and inspecting agency
87 88		acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
89	(C)	Submittals
90	(0)	- Cabinitais
91		(1) Product Data. Submit data for each type of product
92		specified. Include manufacturer's recommended installation

93		instructions.
94		
95		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit shop drawings showing locations,
96		fabrication, and installation of control and expansion joints including
97		plans, elevations, details of components, and attachments to other
98		units of work.
99 100	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
100	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handing
102		(1) Deliver gypsum board materials in sealed containers and
103		bundles, fully identified with manufacturer's name, brand, type and
104		grade; store in a dry, well ventilated space, protected from the
105		weather, under cover and off the ground. Stack gypsum panels flat
106		to prevent sagging. Joint materials shall be stored in accordance
107		with manufacturer's printed instructions. Damaged or deteriorated
108		materials shall be removed from jobsite.
109		
110		(2) Environmental Limitations. Comply with GA-238,
111		"Guidelines for the Prevention of Mold Growth on Gypsum Board",
112		and ASTM C 840, "Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board",
113		requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written
114		recommendations, whichever are more stringent.
115	(E)	Franciscotice - Evancina cubatuates to subjet describe acceptantion
116 117	` '	Examination. Examine substrates to which drywall construction
117		es or abuts structural framing, with Installer present, for compliance equirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting
119		mance of drywall construction. Do not proceed with installation until
120	•	sfactory conditions have been corrected.
121	dilodik	nationy definitions have been defined a.
122	(F)	Installation of Steel Framing, General
123	()	3 ,
124		(1) Steel Framing Installation Standard. Install steel framing to
125		comply with ASTM C 754 requirements that apply to framing
126		installation.
127		
128		(2) Install supplementary framing, blocking and bracing at
129		terminations in the work and for support of fixtures, equipment
130		services, heavy trim, bath accessories, grab bars, furnishings, and
131		similar constructions to comply with details indicated and with
132		recommendations of gypsum board manufacturer, or if none
133		available, with "Gypsum Construction Handbook" published by
134 135		United States Gypsum Company.
136	(G)	Installation of Steel Framing for Walls and Partitions
137	(3)	motanation of otoci i family for Walls and Faithfulls
138		(1) Install runners (tracks) at floors, ceilings, and structural walls
		(1.) armond (masses) ar moste, cominge, and or detailed want

139		and columns where gypsum drywall stud system abuts other
140		construction. Where studs are installed directly against exterior
141		walls, install asphalt felt strips between studs and wall.
142		
143		(2) Install each steel framing and furring member so that
144		fastening surface do not vary more than 1/8-inch from plane of face
145		to adjacent framing. Align plumb and square.
146		to dajasont naming. Thigh plants and oquals.
147		(3) Extend partition framing full height to structural supports,
148		unless otherwise indicated. Continue framing over frames for doors
149		and openings to provide support for gypsum board.
		and openings to provide support for gypsum board.
150		(4) Install steel study and fundamination since and at an asimal indicated
151		(4) Install steel studs and furring in sizes and at spacing indicated
152		but not less than that required by referenced steel framing
153		installation standard. For single layer construction: 16-inches on
154		center, except as otherwise indicated.
155		
156		(5) Install steel studs so that flanges point in the same direction
157		and gypsum boards can be installed in the direction opposite to that
158		of the flange.
159		
160		(6) Frame door openings to comply with details indicated, with
161		GA-219 and applicable published recommendations of gypsum
162		board manufacturer. Attach vertical studs at jambs with screws
163		either directly to frames or to jamb anchor clips on door frames;
164		install runner track section (for cripple studs) at head and secure to
165		jamb studs.
166		jamb stads.
167		(7) Frame openings other than door openings to comply with
168		details indicated, or if none indicated, in same manner as required
169		·
		for door openings.
170		(0) De not buildes buildings injute with steel frameines on framing
171		(8) Do not bridge building joints with steel framing or furring.
172		Frame both sides of joints independently.
173		
174		(9) Seal tracks with continuous beads of acoustical sealant along
175		each face prior to installation of gypsum board.
176		
177	(H)	Application and Finishing of Gypsum Board, General
178		
179		(1) Gypsum Board Application and Finishing Standards.
180		Install and finish gypsum board to comply with ASTM C 840, GA-
181		216, and GA-214.
182		
183		(2) Locate exposed end-butt joints as far from center of walls and
184		ceilings as possible, and stagger not less than 24-inches in alternate

185		courses of board.
186		
187		(3) Install ceiling boards in a manner which minimizes the number
188		of end-butt joints, and which avoids end joints in the central area of
189		each ceiling. Stagger end joints at least 24-inches.
190		eden eeming. etagger end jemie at ledet z.r. meneel
191		(4) Install wall/partition boards in a manner which minimizes the
192		number of end-butt joints or avoids them entirely where possible.
192		number of end-bult joints of avoids them entirely where possible.
		(E) Install averaged granups beard with food side out. Do not
194		(5) Install exposed gypsum board with face side out. Do not
195		install imperfect, damaged or damp boards. Butt boards together for
196		a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16-inch open
197		space between boards. Do not force into place.
198		
199		(6) Locate either edge or end joints over supports, except in
200		horizontal applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board
201		back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Position boards so that
202		like edges abut, tapered edges against tapered edges and mill-cut or
203		field-cut ends against mill-cut or field-cut ends. Do not place tapered
204		edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints over
205		different studs on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints
206		other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
		other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
207		(7) Attack gungum board to stude so that loading adap or and of
208		(7) Attach gypsum board to study so that leading edge or end of
209		each board is attached to open (unsupported) edge of stud flange
210		first.
211		
212		(8) Attach gypsum board to supplementary framing and blocking
213		provided for additional support at openings and cutouts.
214		
215		(9) Space fasteners in gypsum boards in accordance with
216		referenced gypsum board application and finishing standard and
217		manufacturer's recommendations.
218		
219	(I)	Methods of Gypsum Board Application
220	(-)	monious of Sypsum Bourd Application
221		(1) Single-Layer Application. On walls/partitions, apply gypsum
222		
		board vertically (parallel to framing), unless otherwise indicated, and
223		provide sheet lengths which will minimize end joints. Fasten with
224		screws at 6-inch centers.
225		
226		(2) Single-Layer Fastening Method. Apply gypsum boards to
227		supports by fastening with screws.
228		
229		(3) On ceilings, apply gypsum board prior to wall/partition board
230		application, to the greatest extent possible and at right angles to

231		framing, unless otherwise indicated.
232		
233		(4) Install ceiling board panels across framing to minimize the
234		number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in the
235		central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent
236		panels not less than one framing member.
237		·
238	(J)	Finishing of Drywall
239	(-)	
240		(1) General. Apply joint treatment at gypsum board joints (both
241		directions); flanges of trim accessories, penetrations, fastener heads,
242		surface defects and elsewhere as required to prepare work for
243		decoration.
243 244		decoration.
		(2) Profill open joints, rounded or bougled added and demaged
245		(2) Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged
246		surfaces using type of compound recommended by manufacturer.
247		
248		(3) Apply joint tape at joints between gypsum boards, except
249		where trim accessories are indicated.
250		
251		(4) Treatment for water resistant gypsum wallboard shall be as
252		recommended by the gypsum wallboard manufacturer.
253		
254		(5) Finish interior gypsum wallboard by applying the following
255		levels of gypsum board finish in accordance with GA-214:
256		
257		(a) Level 1: Not used.
258		()
259		(b) Level 2: Not Used.
260		(2) 2010.21 1101 0004.
261		(c) Level 3: Not used.
262		(c) Level 3. Not asea.
		(d) Loyal 4: Naturad
263		(d) Level 4: Not used.
264		(a) Lovel E. For expected wells and sailing surfaces
265		(e) Level 5: For exposed walls and ceiling surfaces
266		receiving paints. Texture to match existing ceiling finish or
267		change pattern for new ceiling.
268		
269		(f) Where Level 5 gypsum board finish is specified, embed
270		tape in joint compound and apply first, fill (second), and finish
271		(third) coats of joint compound over joints, angles, fastener
272		heads, and accessories; and apply a thin, uniform skim coat
273		of joint compound over entire surface. For a skim coat, use
274		joint compound specified for third coat, or a product specially
275		formulated for this purpose and acceptable to gypsum board
276		manufacturer. Touch up and sand between coats and after
_, 0		

277	last coat as needed to produce a surface free of visual
278	defects, tool marks, and ridges, and matching existing
279	adjacent surface texture, and ready for decoration.
280	
281	(K) Backing Plates and Anchors. Backing plates and anchors or
282	blocking which are to be attached to studs or furring for anchoring items
283	and work indicated on the drawings or specified in other sections shall be
284	installed and secured. Plates and anchors shall be welded or fastened in
285	place in accordance with approved setting drawings.
286	
287	(L) Cleaning and Repairing
288	
289	(1) After installation and before painting, correct surface damage
290	and defects. Leave surface clean and smooth, satisfactory to the
291	painter. No painting shall be done over gypsum board work until the
292	joints are thoroughly dry. Joints and fastenings are to be invisible
293	after painting.
294	
295	(2) Remove all drywall materials from electrical boxes, hardware,
296	fixtures, flooring, and similar items and surfaces not intended to
297	receive drywall materials.
298	•
299	(M) Protection. Provide final protection and maintain conditions, in a
300	manner suitable to Installer, which ensures gypsum drywall
301	construction being without damage or deterioration at time of project
302	acceptance.
303	·
304	685.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure gypsum board for
305	payment.
306	
307	685.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for gypsum board separately. The
308	Engineer will consider the price for gypsum board included in the contract price for
309	Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
310	work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
311	·
312	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
313	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing gypsum board, and all
314	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
315	·
316	
317	
318	END OF SECTION 685

	Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:							
	SECTION 687 – PAINTING							
	687.01 Description. This section describes the materials, labor, equipment, and tools necessary to complete painting and finishing of new and existing interior and exterior items and surfaces indicated. Surface preparation, priming and coats of paint specified are in addition to shop-priming and surface treatment specified under other sections of the work and is included in this section.							
	primers, ena	t" as used herein means all coating systems materials, including amels, sealers and fillers, and other applied materials whether used as nediate or finish coats, except as specifically noted herein.						
	687.02 M	aterials						
	(A)	Asbestos Prohibition. All paints shall be asbestos free.						
	(B)	Lead Prohibition. All paints shall be lead-free.						
(C) Mercury Prohibition. All paint shall be mercury-free.								
	(D) and/o	Chromate Prohibition. All paint shall be free of zinc-chromate or strontium-chromate.						
	(E)	Cadmium Prohibition. All paint shall be cadmium-free.						
	(F) of fini	Material shall be equal in quality to that specified under the Schedule shes and any given finish shall be as labeled by one manufacturer.						
	mann	All materials shall be delivered to the job site in undamaged original liners bearing the manufacturer's label and shall be stored in such a ner as to prevent damage. All rejected materials shall be removed from bb site immediately.						
	(H) subst	Paint shall be as manufactured by Benjamin Moore or approved itute.						
	speci	Thinning of paint shall be done using material recommended by the latesturer. Mix proprietary products according to manufacturer's printed fications. Compound thinner, mineral oil, kerosene, refined linseed oil, soline shall not be used for thinning.						
	(J)	Except for metal primers all paint shall contain the maximum amount						

of mildewcide per gallon of paint permitted by the mildewcide manufacturer

47		witho	ut adve	rsely affecti	ng the quality of	the paint.			
48									
49		(K)			•	ed certificate indicat	•		
50		of mil	dewcide	e added by	both the paint m	nanufacturer and the	e paint supplier.		
51									
52		(L)	Provid	le all patc	hing and repai	ir materials compa	tible with paint		
53		finish	es and	substrates	s. Use weath	er resistant mater	ials for exterior		
54		surfac	ces and	surfaces e	xposed to moist	ure.			
55									
56		(M)	Provid	de all other	materials not s	pecified but require	d to achieve the		
57		finish	es spec	ified.					
58									
59	687.0	3 Co	onstruc	ction					
60									
61		(A)	Qualit	ty Assuran	ce				
62		` ,		•					
63			(1)	Applicator	Qualificatio	ns. A firm a	and individuals		
64			` '	ienced in a	applying paints	and coatings sim	ilar in material,		
65						icated for this Proje			
66			•			n a record of succ			
67				mance, sha	• •				
68				, ,					
69		(B)	Subm	ittals					
70		(-)	0 0011						
71			(1)	Schedule	of Finishes. S	ubmit painting finish	schedule. The		
72			` '			spread rate which			
73						is necessary to achi			
74			•	ilm thickness indicated on the Schedule of Finishes herein below.					
75				101111000 11101			1010111 0010111		
76			(2)	Color San	nples				
77			(-)	Join Jun	.p				
78				(a) Sub	mit color finish	samples for review a	and approval		
79				(u) Cub		samples for review c	and approvan		
80				(b) Sub	mit after the	color finish sam	nnle has heen		
81				` '		color finish samples	•		
82				• •	` '	board shall be s	•		
83						d into four (4) horiz			
84				painted as		a into 10ai (+) 110112	Jona Strips and		
85				pairited as	TOHOWS.				
86				(i)	Drime three	(3) strips starting fro	m the hottom		
87				(')	i inne anec ((o) surps starting IIO	in the bottom.		
88				(ii)	1st cost hotte	om two (2) strips.			
89				(11)	ואו טטמו שטווו	om two (2) suips.			
90				(iii)	2nd coat bot	tom strin			
90 91				(111)	Zna coat bot	ioni sinp.			
91 92			(3)	Schedulo	of Operations	Submit, before wo	rk on the project		
フム			(3)	Julieuule	oi Operations.	Submit, before wo	ik on the broject		

				l3-1(75) 87-3a		7/27/2	3
135 136 137 138		confo	All paints and the g whenever the reconstruction to the reconstruction by a laboratory by	Engineer d quirements	eems necess of these spe	sary to determi cifications. Shou	ne uld
133 134	(C)	Analy	zing and Testing				
132	(C)	A 15 5 1-	ring and Tasting				
131			Contractor's expe	nse.			
130			repair or otherwis	•	such failure	or damage at t	ne
129			receipt of notice				
128			defect described				
127			· ,			edy any failure	
126			(a) Should the	Contracta	r fail to rama	adv anv failura	^ <u>"</u>
125			reasonable time a	itter discove	ry ot any tailui	re or detect.	
124			` '	•		in writing within	ıa
123							
122			any such failure to	conform or	any such def	ect.	
121			which period the				se
120			two (2) years from		•	•	
119			the Contractor.				•
118			is free of any defe			•	
117			under this section			•	
115			(a) The Conta	ctor shall w	arrant that th	ne work perform	ഉപ
114 115		(7)	Warranty. Submi	ii iiiiee (3) S	ets of written v	warranty.	
113		(7)	Morronty Cub-	it throc (2) c	oto of writton	worronty	
112		includ	led in this submittal	•			
111			stribution to supplie		ontractors, the	ese copies shall	be
110			ther hazardous ma				
109			facturer's Material				
108		(6)	Manufacturer's		•		
107			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
106			ess (mil) and applic	_	•	,	
105			s shall indicate thi	•		•	
103			nts, sealing and pat		•	•	_
102		` '	facturer's Product [
101		(5)	Manufacturer's	Product	Data Sho	eets. Subr	mit
100 101		copie	s shall be included	in this sudm	ııılaı.		
99			quired for distribut			ocontractors, the	se
98			paint certificates. S		•		
97			nate-free, strontium				•
96		(4)	Certifications.				

commences, work schedule showing sequence of operations and

93 94

95

dates.

139 140	by Owner and the cost of testing shall be borne by the Contractor. However, should test results show that the paint is in compliance
141	with this specification, the cost will be borne by Owner.
142	
143	(2) All rejected material shall be removed from the job site
144	immediately. Surfaces painted with the rejected material shall be
145	redone at no additional cost to Owner.
146	
147	(3) Where the required paint thickness is deficient, the affected
148	surface(s) shall be recoated as necessary to provide the required
149	paint thickness at no additional cost to Owner.
150	
151	(D) Painting Not Included. The following categories of work are not
152	included as part of field applied paint and finish work.
153	
154	(1) Pre-Finished Items. Unless otherwise indicated, do not
155	include painting for factory- finished or installer finished items such
156	as, but not limited to, solid phenolic, plastic laminate, high
157	performance organic coated metal, finished mechanical and
158	electrical equipment, including light fixtures, switchgear, and
159	distribution cabinets, etc.
160	
161	(2) Finished Metal Surfaces. Metal surfaces of anodized
162	aluminum, chromate plate, copper, and similar finished materials will
163	not require finish painting, unless otherwise indicated.
164	(2) Labela De not noint accompany and manying dishala accompany
165	(3) Labels. Do not paint over any code-required labels, such as
166	Underwriters' Laboratories, or any equipment identification,
167	performance rating, name, or nomenclature plates.
168	(E) Canaral Baguiramento
169	(E) General Requirements
170 171	(1) Inspection and Approvals. Written approval shall be
171	obtained from the Engineer upon completion of each phase of work
173	(phases of work are: surface preparation and spot prime, prime, first
173	finish coat, second finish coat) before proceeding into the next phase
174	or work. Provide the Engineer one day (24 hours minimum) advance
176	notice of completion of any phase of work for a work area when the
177	date of completion deviates from the previously submitted work
178	schedule. Provide necessary access to areas to be inspected.
179	oblicatio. I fortae ficocoodify access to diedo to be inspected.
180	Failure to obtain approval of any phase of work for a work
181	area may result in redoing the operation at no cost to Owner.
182	area may result in reading the operation at no cost to owner.
183	(2) Right of Rejection. The Engineer shall have the right to
184	reject all work which is not in compliance with the plans and
	19,550 all from the flot in compliance with the plane and

185		specif	ications	s. Rejected work shall be redone at no cost to Owner.
186				
187		(3)		dition, the Engineer shall have the right to require the
188				removal of any paint applicator who demonstrates
189				lack of competence or repeated non- compliance with
190		the co	ntract i	requirements.
191	(C\	Daling	- D	olivor mostoriale to Dreiget eite in monufacturerla eriginal
192	(F)		•	eliver materials to Project site in manufacturer's original
193 194	label.	eneu p	ackage	es and containers bearing manufacturer's name and
195	iabei.			
196	(G)	Speci	al Reg	uirements
197	(0)	Орсо	ai itoq	unomonto
198		(1)	Code	s. Comply with the State OSHL (Occupational Safety
199		` '		Law) and all pollution control regulations of the State
200				of Health.
201		·		
202		(2)	Prote	ction
203				
204			(a)	Persons
205				
206				(i) All necessary precautions shall be taken to
207				protect public pedestrians including tenants from injury.
208				(ii) Dravide erect and maintain asfety harrisedes
209 210				(ii) Provide, erect and maintain safety barricades around scaffolds, hoists and wherever Contractor's
210				operations create hazardous conditions in order to
212				properly protect the public and tenants.
213				property proteot the public and tenante.
214			(b)	Completed Work. Provide all necessary protection for
215			` '	aint surfaces.
216			•	
217			(c)	Protective Covering and Enclosures. Provide and
218				protective covering over furniture, equipment, floor and
219				areas that are not scheduled for treatment. Protective
220				ng shall be clean sanitary drop cloth or plastic sheets
221				applied to surfaces not scheduled for treatment shall be
222			•	etely removed and surfaces shall be returned to their
223			origina	al condition.
224 225			(d)	Safeguarding of Property. The Contractor shall take
225 226			` '	ver steps may be necessary to safeguard the work and
227				ne property of Owner and other individuals in the vicinity
228				work area during the execution of this Contract.
229				3
230			(e)	The Contractor shall be responsible for and make good

231 232				ny and all damages and for losses to work or property ed by the negligence of the Contractor's
233				oyees. Where the damaged property cannot be cleaned
234				restored to its original condition (i.e. prior to being
235				aged) it shall be replaced with a new product of equal
236				ty. No proration or use of "used" products will be
237			-	iitted.
238			•	
239			(f)	Fire Safety. Smoking shall not be permitted in the
240			vicini	ity of the work and precautions against fire shall be
241				cised at all times. Waste rags, plastic (polyester sheets),
242				y cans, etc. shall be removed from the site at the end of
243			each	day.
244				·
245		(3)	Stor	age Area for Materials
246		` '		
247			(a)	No paint materials, empty cans, paint brushes and
248			roller	s may be stored in the building(s). They shall be stored in
249			sepa	rate storage facilities away from the building(s).
250			•	
251			(b)	Should the Contractor furnish a job site storage facility,
252			such	facility shall comply with the requirements of the local
253				Department. The storage area shall be kept clean and
254			the fa	acility shall be locked when not in use or when no visual
255				rvision is possible.
256			•	·
257		(4)	Sequ	uence of Operations. The sequence of operations shall
258		divide	•	urfaces into work areas and present a schedule for:
259				·
260			(a)	Surface preparation.
261				
262			(b)	Prime coat.
263				
264			(c)	First finish coat.
265				
266			(d)	Second finish coat.
267				
268	(H)	Areas	s (Sur	faces/Structures) to be Painted
269				
270		(1)	Inter	ior. All new and existing interior painted surfaces
271		indica	ated sl	nall be painted unless otherwise indicated on the plans
272		and/o	r spec	rifically deleted in these specifications. Interior surfaces to
273		be pa	inted s	shall be those surfaces not exposed to weather in an area
274		enclo	sed by	y four (4) walls. Also, a surface shall be considered an
275		interio	or surf	ace and painted as such whenever the color is that of the
276		existi	ng inte	erior color. Extent of treatment for special items is as
				I U2 4/75)

277		follows	S:							
278				_						
279								(G.I.) pip	pes and	conduits,
280			electrica	I boxes,	, and s	similar	appurt	enances.		
281										
282			` '	•	and N	ew Co	oncrete	Masonry	Unit and	cement
283			plaster v	valls.						
284										
285			` '	II Exis	_	and	New	exposed	wood	framed
286			roof/ceil	ng, soff	its.					
287										
288			(d) A	ll areas	dama	ged o	r expos	ed during	construc	tion.
289										
290			(e) A	II Existir	ng and	l New	gypsur	n board w	alls and o	eilings.
291										
292		(2)	Exterio	. All	new a	and e	existing	exterior	painted	surfaces
293		indicat	ed shall	be pair	nted u	ınless	otherw	ise indica	ated on t	he plans
294		and/or	specific	ally dele	eted ir	n thes	e spec	ifications.	Exterior	surfaces
295		to be p	painted s	hall be a	any su	ırface	expose	ed to weat	her in an	area not
296		enclos	ed by fo	our (4)	walls	and a	a roof.	Also, a	surface	shall be
297		consid	ered and	d painte	d as a	ın exte	erior su	rface whe	never the	e color is
298		that of	the exis	ting exte	erior c	olor.	The ex	tent of tre	atment fo	r special
299		items	s as follo	ws:						•
300										
301			(a) G	utter, fla	ashing	, brac	kets, et	C.		
302			` '		J					
303			(b) P	VC pipe	es, G.	I. pipe	es and	conduits,	electrica	al boxes,
304			and sim	lar appu	ırtena	nces.				
305										
306			(c) N	letal Se	curity	Grille	s and	frames in	cluding a	nchoring
307			plates a	nd bolt h	neads.				_	_
308										
309			(d) A	II Exterio	or Cor	ncrete	and Co	oncrete Ma	asonry wa	alls.
310			` '						•	
311			(e) A	II expos	ed wo	od so	ffits, fra	ming, etc.	ı	
312			` '	•			•	0,		
313	(I)	Other	Incident	al Work	k to be	e Perf	ormed	by Contr	actor	
314	()							,		
315		(1)	Interior.	Unles	s othe	erwise	specifi	ed, the C	ontractor	shall be
316		respor						s, access		
317		from o	ver-paint	ing and	drips.					J
318			•	Ü	•					
319			The Cor	ntractor	shall ı	protec	t these	items an	d make d	good any
320		damag	ge to thei							,
321		`	-							
322		(2)	Areas I	nacces	sible	to No	ormal	Painting.	The C	ontractor

323		shall	remove and reinstall items as required to paint area(s) where
324		indica	ated or required.
325			
326	(J)	Com	patibility of Painting Systems and Substrates
327			
328		(1)	Ensure that painting systems specified are compatible with
329		existi	ing painted surfaces. Alkyd paints shall not be used directly
330			bare cementitious surfaces. Latex paints shall not be applied
331			tly over alkyd paints without proper surface conditioner and
332			oval by Engineer.
333		• •	, ,
334		(2)	Ensure that specified painting systems are compatible with
335		` '	ing painted surfaces. Should there be any discrepancy between
336			ified and existing paint systems, the Contractor shall notify the
337		•	neer in writing for alternate recommendations and/or submit a
338		_	ed paint system for approval by the Engineer.
339		10110	ou paint oyotom for approval by the Engineer.
340	(K)	Surfa	ace Preparation of Existing Surfaces
341	(11)	Ourie	doc 1 reparation of Existing Cartaces
342		(1)	General
343		(')	General
344			(a) Mildew Removal. Remove all mildew and sterilize the
34 4 345			surface to be painted. Apply a commercial mildew treatment
343 346			solution such as Purex, Jomax Remover or approved
340 347			substitute in strict accordance with the manufacturer's
34 <i>1</i> 348			
			recommendations and instructions. Following treatment, the
349			surface shall be cleaned with potable water and allowed to
350			thoroughly dry before priming, painting or the applying or
351			sealing and caulking compounds.
352			(h) Creaks and anarinas found at inits and whom
353			(b) Cracks and openings found at joints and where
354			different materials abut each other shall be sealed with a
355			caulking compound compatible with the substrate and
356			primer/paint. The caulking shall be applied and allowed to se
357			in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and
358			instructions.
359		(0)	W 10 (H H H H H H H H H H
360		(2)	Wood and Concrete Masonry Units to be Repainted
361			
362			(a) Remove from surfaces to be repainted all foreign
363			matter such as nails, screws, staples, tape and gum.
364			
365			(b) Remove all loose, blistered, scaled, crazed or chalky
366			finish to an existing tight and firm finish.
367			
368			(c) Remove all mildew as noted in paragraph entitled

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414		

"Mildew Removal" hereinabove.

- **(d)** Where the existing finish remains tight and firm, prepare the surface by lightly sanding. Where paint has been removed, sand the edges of scarred areas to a smooth feathered edge.
- **(e)** Wash all surfaces with a solution of trisodium phosphate (T.S.P.) and water or other appropriate solution to remove any accumulated film of wax, oil, grease, smoke, dust, dirt, chalking or other foreign matter which would impair the bond of, or bleed through the new paint finish. After washing, rinse potable water and allow to thoroughly dry for a minimum of twenty-four (24) hours.
- (f) Seal all cracks hairline to 1/8-inch in width with concrete patching compound. All cracks over 1/8-inch in width or holes 1/4-inch diameter or greater shall be sealed with latex modified or epoxy modified reinforced patching compound before paint application. All patching shall be done in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and instructions.
- **(g)** Spot prime areas where bare surface, seal or patch material is exposed with the specified primer and feather out onto adjacent paint.
- **(h)** Follow up over with primer and finish coat over entire surface.
- (i) Remove peeling paint; do not try to re-adhere sheets of delaminating coatings.

(3) Ferrous Metal and Galvanized Metal to be Repainted

- (a) Remove from surfaces to be repainted all foreign matter such as tape and gum.
- **(b)** Remove all loose, blistered, scaled, crazed or chalky paint finish to an existing tight and firm finish.
- **(c)** Remove all mildew as noted in the paragraph entitled "Mildew Removal" hereinabove.
- (d) Remove all rust, loose mill scale and loose and blistering paint by power tool chipping, de-scaling, sanding,

415		wire brushing and grinding down to bare metal (only tightly
416		adhering surface rust, mill scale and paint which cannot be
417		removed with a dull putty knife remaining) in accordance with
418		Steel Structures Painting Council (SSPC) Standard SP3.
419		Care shall be taken so that the surface in not burnished during
420		cleaning.
421		
422		(e) Where the existing finish remains clean, tight and firm,
423		prepare the surface by sanding or the use of liquid sandpaper.
424		Where paint has been removed, sand scarred areas to a
425		smooth feathered edge.
426		Sinodin leathered edge.
420 427		(f) Completely wine all surfaces with mineral entrits or
		(f) Completely wipe all surfaces with mineral spirits or
428		other appropriate solution as required to remove accumulated
429		film of wax, oil, grease, smoke, dust, dirt, chalky or other
430		foreign matter which would impair the bond of, or bleed
431		through the new finish.
432		A.A. Alle de la ferra (e de la elle la celle la
433		(g) Allow the surfaces to thoroughly dry and immediately
434		spot prime bare metal areas with the specified primer and
435		feather out onto adjacent paint.
436		
437		(h) Follow up with primer and finish coats over entire
438		surface.
439		
440	(L)	Surface Preparation of New Surfaces
441		(A)
442		(1) The Contractor shall be wholly responsible for the finish of the
443		work and shall not commence any part of it until surfaces are in
444		proper condition. If any surfaces are considered unsuitable for
445		proper finish of the work, notify the Engineer of this fact in writing and
446		do not apply any material until the unsuitable surfaces have been
447		made satisfactory. Major defects shall be restored by the proper
448		trades. In general, follow the manufacturer's direction for surface
449		preparation for the paint to be applied.
450		
451		(2) Unprimed galvanized metal shall be washed with a solution of
452		chemical phosphoric metal etch and allowed to dry.
453		
454		(3) All metal surfaces shall be made clean and free of any defects
455		or condition that may produce unsatisfactory finish.
456		•
457	(M)	Paint Application
458	` '	• •
459		(1) General
460		

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- (a) All work shall be done in a workmanlike manner by skilled and experienced mechanics and shall conform to the best painting practices.
- **(b)** All materials shall be applied in strict accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, including spread rates, and the finished surfaces shall be free from runs, sags, drops, ridges, waves, laps, streaks, brush marks and variations in color, texture and finish (glossy or dull). The coverage shall be complete and each coat shall be so applied as to produce a film of uniform thickness. No paint shall be applied until the preceding coat is thoroughly dry and approved.
- **(c)** Completely paint entire surface for each sequence of operation; prime coat, finish first coat, and second finish coat, unless otherwise indicated on the paint schedule hereinafter.
- (d) No exterior painting of unprotected surfaces shall be done in rainy, damp weather. Coats shall be applied only to surfaces that are thoroughly dry and only under such combination of humidity and temperature that will ensure proper paint application.
- **(e)** Any mixing shall be done outside the building.
- (2) Application. Paint application shall be by brush and roller.
- **(3) Colors.** Each coat shall be tinted a different shade from the preceding coat. Colors shall be in accordance with the schedule on the drawings. Where a color is not indicated, the color shall be selected by the Engineer.
- **(4) Finish Film Thickness.** Apply primer, intermediate, and finish coats in dry film thickness, as scheduled unless recommended otherwise in writing by the manufacturer, for each coat and in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Verify mil thickness by use of a suitable wet film gauge. Use a Tooke or other dry film gauge to test for total dry film thickness.

(N) Miscellaneous

- (1) Installation of Removed Items. After completion of final paint coat, removed items shall be reinstalled.
- (2) Clean-Up

507			(a)	During the progress of the work, all debris, empty
508			` '	s, waste, drippings, etc. shall be removed by the
509				actor and the grounds about the areas to be painted
510				be left clean and orderly at the end of each work day.
511				,,
512			(b)	Upon completion of the work, staging, scaffolding,
513			` '	iners and all other debris shall be removed from the site.
514				aint, shellac, oil, or stains splashed or spilled upon
515				ent surfaces not requiring treatment (hardware, fixture,
516				glass) shall be removed and the entire job left clean and
517				ptable.
518			accep	habic.
519	(O)	School	م ماریام	f Finishes
520	(0)	Scrie	uui c O	
521		(1)	Tho	Schedule of Finishes is made for the convenience of the
522		` '		and indicates the types and quality of finishes to be
523				
525 524		applie	ia to tri	e surfaces.
		(2)	Λον	existing painted surfaces not specifically noted in the
525 526		(2)	•	
526 527		11111511	Scriedi	ule shall be finished to match adjoining work.
527 528		(2)	Doint	schodule is based on the products of Charuin Williams
528 520		(3)		schedule is based on the products of Sherwin-Williams
529 520			•	ess otherwise called for and are so named to establish
530			•	standard of materials. Paint materials or approved
531				those mentioned may be used provided they are
532		accep	itable t	o the Engineer.
533		(4)	Tl	mainting askedule skall such to some and succiously
534		(4)		painting schedule shall apply to new and previously
535		•		aces of designated materials, unless specified otherwise,
536				y with instructions of the paint products used. Test for
537		Aikya	or Late	ex paint when painting over previously painted surfaces.
538		(5)	Tl (fallanda a sakadula manasanta tha manasal abanastan af
539		(5)		following schedule represents the general character of
540		-		systems necessary to complete the work. Provide
541				omparable systems and sheens as required. At the
542		•		Engineer, paint sheens may be revised at no additional
543		COST TO	o Own	er.
544		(0)	A II	unfaces aball he treated as enterior confaces for this
545		(6)		urfaces shall be treated as exterior surfaces for this
546		projec	Ct.	
547	(D)	.	•	
548	(P)	Paint	Sched	dule
549 550		(4)	- .	dan D idanan
550		(1)	⊨xter	ior Primer
551			(-\ <u>\</u>	Oak and ad Matak
552			(a)	Galvanized Metal:

553 554			PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620 1.4 mils dry film thickness (DFT) @ 400 sf/gal.
555			
556		(b)	Wood:
557			PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
558			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
559			
560		(c)	Concrete or Concrete Masonry:
561			PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
562			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
563			
564		(d)	Concrete or Concrete Masonry (Bare Surfaces Only):
565			Loxon Block Surfacer, A24W200
566			8 mils DFT @ 50-100 sf/gal.
567			
568		(e)	PVC:
569			PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
570			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
571			
572	(2)	Exte	rior Finish
573			
574		(a)	Semi-Gloss Two Coats:
575			Pro Industrial HP Acrylic Semi-Gloss, B66
576			2.5-4.0 mil DFT @ 140-225 sf/gal.
577			
578	(3)	Inter	ior Primer
579			
580		(a)	Gypsum Board:
581			PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
582			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
583			· ·
584		(b)	Concrete or Concrete Masonry:
585		` ,	PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
586			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
587			G
588		(c)	Wood:
589		` '	PrepRite ProBlock Latex Primer B51W620
590			1.4 mils DFT @ 400 sf/gal.
591			•
592	(4)	Inter	ior Finish
593	()		
594		(a)	Semi-Gloss Two Coats:
595		\/	ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Semi-Gloss, B31
596			Series
597			1.6 mils DFT @ 350-400 sf/gal.
598			Ŭ

599	(b) Flat Two Coats (Ceiling):
600	ProMar 200 Zero VOC Interior Latex Flat, B30 Series
601	1.4 mils DFT @ 350-400 sf/gal.
602	
603	687.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure painting for payment.
604	
605	687.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for painting separately. The
606	Engineer will consider the price for painting included in the contract price for
607	Section 608 - Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
608	work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
609	
610	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
611	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing painting, and all incidentals
612	necessary to complete the work.
613	
614	
615	
616	END OF SECTION 687

1	Make the following section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2	CECTION COO. OLAZINO
3	SECTION 688 – GLAZING
4 5	
<i>5</i>	688.01 Description. This section describes the materials and requirements for
7	providing glazing for all aluminum windows.
8	providing glazing for all alaminam windows.
9	The term "Manufacturer" in this section is defined as a Firm that produces
10	primary glass or fabricated glass as defined in applicable glazing publications.
11	
12	688.02 Materials
13	
14	(A) Labeling. Each piece of glass shall be of domestic manufacture and
15	labeled showing the name of the manufacturer and the grade of quality
16	thereof. The labels shall be intact before and after installations. When glass
17	is not cut to size by the manufacturer and is furnished unlabeled from local
18 19	stock, the Contractor shall submit an affidavit stating the quality, thickness, type, and manufacturer of the glass furnished.
20	type, and mandiacturer or the glass furnished.
21	(B) Performance Requirements
22	(b) Terrormance requirements
23	(1) General. Provide glazing systems capable of withstanding
24	normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where
25	applicable) without failure including loss or glass breakage
26	attributable to the following: defective manufacturing, fabrication, and
27	installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and
28	airtight; deterioration of glazing materials or other defects in
29	construction.
30	
31	(2) Glass Design. Glass thicknesses indicated or specified are
32	minimums and are for detailing only. Confirm glass thicknesses by
33	analyzing Project Loads and in-service conditions. Provide glass lites
34 35	for various size openings in nominal thicknesses indicated but not less than thicknesses and in strengths required to meet or exceed all
36	applicable codes including the International Building Code and the
37	following criteria:
38	Tollowing official.
39	(a) Specified Design Wind Loads. Specified design wind
40	loads shall be as indicated in Section 681 – Aluminum
41	Windows.
42	
43	(3) Thermal Movements. Provide glazing that allows for thermal
44	movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in
45	ambient and surface temperatures acting on glass framing members
46	and glazing components. Base engineering calculation on surface

47		temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-
48		sky heat loss.
49		(a) Tamparatura Changa (Banga) Tamparatura ahanga
50		(a) Temperature Change (Range). Temperature change
51		range shall be 120 degrees Fahrenheit, ambient 180-degrees
52 52		Fahrenheit on material surfaces.
53 54	(C)	Materials
55	(0)	Materials
56		(1) All glass products shall be of the quality as manufactured by
57		Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company, Libbey Owens Ford Company,
58		ASG Industries, CE Glass Company, Guardian Industries,
59		Sierracin/Sylmar or accepted equivalent.
60		
61		(a) Insulating-Glass Units
62		
63		(i) ASTM C1048, type I, class 1 q3.
64		
65		(ii) Laminated Preassembled units consisting of
66		sealed lites of glass separated by a dehydrated
67		interspace and hermetically sealed.
68		(***) The face of the shall be AOTAA O4040 to as I when
69		(iii) The inner lite shall be ASTM C1048, type I, class
70		1 q3, laminated 2-layers of 3/16-inch Clear, HS-060
71 72		SGP 3/16-inch thick heat strengthened.
73		(iv) The outer lite shall be ASTM C 1048, Type 1,
73 74		Class2, q3, 1/4-inch thick, Solar Ban 70 Tempered
7 4 75		Glass.
76		Olass.
77		(v) Overall thickness shall be 1-1/16-inch thick Solar
78		Heat Gain Coefficient (SHGC) of 27 and Visual Light
79		Transmitted (VLT) of 64 percent.
80		, , ,
81	(D)	Glazing Tapes
82		
83		(1) Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tape. Back-bedding mastic
84		glazing tape shall be preformed, butyl-based 100 percent solids
85		elastomeric tape; non-staining and non-migrating in contact with non-
86		porous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in
87		writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application required; and
88		complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products. Provide
89		AAMA 804.3 tape, AAMA 806.3 tape or AAMA 807.3 tape as
90		recommended by the glass and window manufacturers as required
91		for each installation.
92		

93 94 95		(2) Expanded Cellular Glazing Tape. Expanded cellular glazing tape shall be closed-cell, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) foam tape; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces and complying with AAMA
96		800 for the types required.
97 98	(E)	Glazing Gaskets
99	(-)	Oldzing Odaketa
100 101 102 103 104 105		(1) Dense Compression Gaskets. Provide molded or extruded gaskets of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal made from ethylene propylene diene monomer (EPDM), ASTM C864, silicon, ASTM C 1115 or thermoplastic polyolefin rubber, ASTM C 1115 as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
103 106 107 108 109 110		(2) Soft Compression Gaskets. Provide extruded or molded, closed cell, integral-skinned gaskets complying with ASTM C 509, Type II, black; and of profile and hardness required to maintain watertight seal made from EPDM, silicone, or thermoplastic polyolefin rubber as per the manufacturer's recommendations.
	(F)	Elastomeric Glazing Sealants
113	` '	3
114		(1) Elastomeric Glazing Sealant Standard. Comply with ASTM
115		C 920 and other requirements for each liquid-applied, chemically
116		curing sealant complying with the following requirements:
117		
118 119 120		(a) Compatibility. Select glazing sealants that are compatible with one another and with other materials they will contact including glass products and glazing channel
121 122 123		substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
124 125		(b) Suitability. Comply with sealant and glass
126		manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing
127		sealants suitable for applications required and for conditions
128		existing at the time of installation.
129		3
130		(c) Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants. Colors shall be
131		as selected from manufacturer's full range for this
132		characteristic.
133		
	(G)	Miscellaneous Glazing Materials
135		(1) Conoral Drovide products of size meterial size and shape
136 137		(1) General. Provide products of size material, size, and shape
137		complying with applicable glazing standard requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application
130		manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application

139 140		required and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
141		(2) Cleanare Drimere and Coolere Dravide tunes
142		(2) Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers. Provide types
143		recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
144		(a) Outton Black - Outton Health and all the classes are defended
145		(3) Setting Blocks. Setting blocks shall be elastomeric material
146		with a Shore A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
147		
148		(4) Spacers. Spacers shall be elastomeric material or
149		continuous extrusions with a Shore A durometer hardness required
150		by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation
151		indicated.
152		
153		(5) Edge Blocks. Edge blocks shall be elastomeric material of
154		hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).
155		
156		(6) Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing. Cylindrical glazing
157		sealant backing shall comply with ASTM C 1330, and shall be Type
158		O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant
159		depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.
160		
161	(H)	Fabrication of Glass and Other Glazing Products. Fabricate
162	` '	and other glazing products in sizes required to glaze openings
163		ated for the project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface
164		tions and bite complying with written instructions of product
165		facturer and applicable glazing sealant performance.
166		mactar or and approach grazing coarain performance.
167 168	688.03 C	onstruction
169	(A)	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications
170	()	herein as well as to the following sections:
171		•
172		(1) Section 681 "Aluminum Windows" for window glass.
173		(,)
174	(B)	Submittals
175	(-)	
176		(1) Product Data. Submit for information only, manufacturers
177		product data, specifications, and instructions for handling, storing,
178		installing, cleaning, and protecting each type of glass and glazing
179		material.
180		material.
181		(2) Shop Drawings. Submit manufacturer's or fabricator's shop
182		drawings, including plans, elevations, sections, and details indicating
183		glass dimensions, tolerances, types, thicknesses, and coatings
184		where applicable.

231		materials. Exercise exceptional care to prevent edge damage to
232		glass.
233		
234	(E)	Examination. Examine framing glazing with installer present for
235	` '	liance with the following:
236	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	names man and remembers.
237		(1) Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for
238		size, squareness, and offset at corners.
239		oizo, oquaroriooo, and onoot at corrioro.
240		(2) Presence and functioning of weep system.
241		(2) I recente and ranottening of weep system.
242		(3) Minimum required face or edge clearances.
243		(b) Willimitani required lace of eage clearances.
243 244		(4) Effective sealing between joins of glass-framing members.
245		(+) Ellective sealing between joins of glass-framing members.
24 <i>5</i> 246	(F)	Preparation. Clean glazing channels and other framing members
	` '	
247		ring glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly ed to substrates.
248	DONGE	ed to substrates.
249	(C)	Cloring Conord
250	(G)	Glazing, General
251		(4) Deuteurs alexing in strict accordance with applicable was visions
252		(1) Perform glazing in strict accordance with applicable provisions
253		of the "Glazing Manual" published by the Glass Association of North
254		America (GANA) and as per manufacturer's recommendations for
255		the type of glazing required by the manufacturers of sections as
256		noted in paragraph entitled "Related Work Specified Elsewhere"
257		hereinabove.
258		
259		(2) Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of
260		glass, sealants, tapes, gaskets and other glazing materials unless
261		more stringent requirements are required.
262		
263		(3) Glazing channel of manufacturer shall provide necessary bite
264		on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant
265		thicknesses with reasonable tolerances. Adjust as required by
266		Project conditions during installation.
267		
268		(4) Protect glass edges from damage during handling and
269		installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally
270		dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass is glass with edge
271		damage or other imperfections that when installed, could weaken
272		glass and impair performance and appearance.
273		
274		(5) Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of
275		sealants, determine by preconstruction sealant-substrate testing as
276		per manufacturer's requirements.

- (6) Install setting blocks in sill rabbets sized and located to comply with applicable glazing publications unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- (7) Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- **(8)** Provide spacers for glass lites where the length plus the width is larger than 50-inches as follows:
 - (a) Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserver required face clearances unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
 - **(b)** Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spaces on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- **(9)** Provide edge blocking where required to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.
- (10) Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow and similar characteristics.
- (11) Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- (12) Where applicable, square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away. Seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.
- **(H) Protection and Replacement.** All glass shall be protected against damage. At completion of work, all imperfect glass which cannot be properly cleaned shall be replaced in kind. All broken or cracked glass shall be replaced.

323	
324	(I) Cleaning and Washing. At the completion of construction, the
325	Contractor shall clean and wash all of the glass provided by him, removing
326	all dirt, putty stains, etc. and shall leave the glass perfectly cleaned and
327	polished.
328	
329	688.04 Measurement. The Engineer will not measure glazing for payment.
330	
331	688.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for glazing separately. The
332	Engineer will consider the price for glazing included in the contract price for
333	Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
334	work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
335	
336	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
337	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing glazing, and all incidentals
338	necessary to complete the work.
339	
340	
341	
342	END OF SECTION 688

1	Make the fol	llowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
2 3		SECTION 689 - TERMITE CONTROL
4		
5 6 7 8 9	application/i	escription. This section describes the materials for and nstallation of termite control. This section includes the use of chemical nt against subterranean termite infestation and a metal mesh barrier I slab joints and penetrations.
10		
11	689.02 M	aterials
12 13 14 15	(A) TC, F	Chemicals. An aqueous solution of Dursban TC, Dragnet, Demon Prevail FT, or accepted equivalent shall be used.
16 17	(B)	Equipment
18 19 20 21		(1) Metering equipment. A totalizing meter shall be used to determine application rates and to indicate the total volume of pesticide applied in U.S. gallons. Do not allow distance from meter from the applicator to exceed 5-feet.
22 23 24 25		(2) Pumping equipment. Pumping equipment shall be type normally used, capable of pumping the working solution in a manner accepted and practiced by the pest control industry.
26 27 28 29		Metal Mesh. Metal mesh shall be compliant with ASTM A 478 and A 580; Type A1AA marine grade 316 stainless steel mesh of 0.007-diameter wire with mesh openings of 0.026 x 0.018-inches.
30 31 32 33		Accessories. Accessories include parging adhesives, bonding ent, high grade stainless steel clamps, ties and other accessories as nmended by system manufacturer.
34 35	689.03 C	onstruction
36 37 38	(A) herei	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications n as well as to the following sections:
39 40		(1) Section 657 "Cast-in-Place Concrete".
41 42	(B)	Submittals
43 44		(1) Product Data Submit data for each type of product
44		(1) Product Data. Submit data for each type of product specified.
46		•

47		(a)	Include label for the proposed metal mesh system.
48			
49		(b)	Include the EPA-Registered Label for termiticide
50		produ	cts.
51		•	
52		(c)	Include the manufacturer's application instructions and
53			mesh installation manual.
54		motai	most installation manual.
55	(2)	Drodi	Let Cartificates Submit product cartificates for termite
	(2)		act Certificates. Submit product certificates for termite
56	CONTIC	n produ	ucts, signed by product manufacturer.
57	(0)		
58	(3)	•	Drawings. Submit shop drawings of the metal mesh
59	barrie	r syste	m installation at all joint and penetration conditions.
60			
61	(4)	Samp	les. Submit 4-inch square sample of stainless steel
62	mesh.		
63			
64	(5)	Soil	Treatment Application Report. After application of
65	` '		completed, submit report for State's record information,
66			following:
67	IIICIUU	ing the	ionowing.
		(-)	Data and time of Application
68		(a)	Date and time of Application.
69		(I-X	
70		(b)	Moisture content of soil before application.
71			
72		(c)	Brand name and manufacturer of termiticide.
73			
74		(d)	Quality of undiluted termiticide used.
75			
76		(e)	Dilutions, methods, volumes, and rates of application
77		used.	•
78			
79		(f)	Areas of application.
80		(-)	7 todo or approation.
81		(g)	Water source of application.
82		(9)	vater source or application.
	(6)	Morro	nnt.
83	(6)	Warra	inty
84		(-)	Observing Treatment Francish a within a summer
85		(a)	Chemical Treatment. Furnish a written warranty
86		stating	g the following:
87			
88			(i) Application was made at the concentration,
89			rates, methods, and locations specified.
90			
91			(ii) Effectiveness of the treatment against
92			subterranean termite infestation is warranted for a

93	period of not less than two years from the Project
94	Acceptance date.
95	
96	(iii) If damage by subterranean termites occurs
97	within a period of one year from the Project Acceptance
98	date, necessary building repairs to termite-caused
99	damage, up to a total of \$5,000, will be made at no
100	additional expense.
101	·
102	(iv) If subterranean termite infestation occurs
103	through the treated area within the warranty period, the
104	Contractor will re-treat the soil to exterminate all
105	infestation, at no additional expense as follows:
106	,
107	Remove floor covering as required.
108	
109	Drill 1/2 or 9/16-inch diameter holes through
110	interior concrete ground floor slabs, not more than 18-
111	inches apart, along both sides of partitions and walls, at
112	each plumbing and utility penetration and at cracks and
113	expansion joints.
114	expansion joints.
115	Drill one hole per block along one course above
116	adjacent grade of concrete unit masonry walls which
117	extend below grade.
118	catoria below grade.
119	Treat at a rate consistent with pesticide label
120	directions at working pressures applicable and safe
121	under the conditions at the site.
122	under the conditions at the site.
123	Perform corrective treatment to at least ten feet
124	from each visible subterranean termite activity.
125	Datab drill balan with compant/comprete to full
126	Patch drill holes with cement/concrete to full
127	depth of slab thickness. Refinish as necessary to
128	prevent backflow and to restore original appearance.
129	
130	Re-install finishes as applicable. Use a
131	competent commercial carpet installer to re-install
132	carpets.
133	
134	Replace finishes and finish materials which are
135	contaminated by spilled chemicals.
136	
137	Treat above-ground areas infested with
138	subterranean termites as appropriate with a proven,

effective insecticide to eliminate those termites.
(b) Metal Mesh System. Furnish a written warranty
including the following:
(i) Manufacturer's written warranty against
infestation or re-infestation by subterranean termites of
the building renovated under this contract. Perform
annual inspections of the building. If live subterranean
termite infestation or damage is discovered during the
warranty period and building conditions have not been
altered in the interim, Contractor shall:
Correct defective stainless steel mesh
installation and perform other treatment as may be
necessary for the elimination of subterranean termite
infestation.
Repair damage caused by termite infestation.
Re-inspect the building approximately 180
calendar days after the repair.
(ii) Warranty Period: Five years from the Project
Acceptance date.
(iii) The County shall not be held liable become O
(iii) The Surety shall not be held liable beyond 2
years from the Project Acceptance date.
Quality Assurance
Quality Assurance
(1) Installer. The installer shall be trained and accredited by the
(1) Installer. The installer shall be trained and accredited by the system supplier. Installer shall employ only workers trained and
accredited at the appropriate level by the system supplier.
accredited at the appropriate level by the system supplier.
(2) Regulatory Requirements. Formulate and apply termiticides
according to the EPA-Registered Label.
according to the El A-Registered Label.
(3) Notify the Engineer at least one day before application of
chemicals.
onomiouio.
(4) In addition to requirements of these specifications, comply
with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for work
including preparation of substrate and application.
(5) Pre-installation Meeting. No less than one week prior to

185		beginning installation, convene a pre-installation meeting at the
186		construction site attended by Contractor, the installer including the
187		crew leader, and representatives of the trades affected by this work.
188		Review conditions of preparation and coordination with related work.
189		
190	(D)	Delivery, Storage, and Handling
191		
192		(1) Deliver materials to the site in original unbroken packaging
193		and containers, with original labels in place. Store materials in
194		conformance with manufacturer's recommendations.
195		
196	(E)	Job Conditions
197		
198		(1) Do not apply soil treatment solution until excavation, filling,
199		and grading operations are completed, except as otherwise required
200		in construction operations.
201		(a) T
202		(2) To ensure penetration, do not apply soil treatment to
203		excessively wet soils or during inclement weather. Comply with
204		handling and application instructions of the soil toxicant
205		manufacturer.
206 207	/E\	Coordination
207	(F)	Coordination
209		(1) Coordinate soil treatment application with excavating, filling,
210		grading, and concreting operations. Treat soil under footings, grade
211		beams, and ground-supported slabs before construction.
212		boarno, and ground capportod class bolors construction.
213		(2) Coordinate metal mesh system installation with concrete
214		installation.
215		
216	(G)	Examination
217		
218		(1) Examine the surfaces and conditions under which work of this
219		section will be performed with Installer present. Do not proceed until
220		unsatisfactory conditions detrimental to timely and proper completion
221		of the work have been corrected.
222		
223		(2) Verify, in writing, that the site conditions under the proposed
224		slabs and at penetrations are proper for the installation of the termite
225		barrier system and that the following are complete:
226		(a) The ground has been sleaved of
227		(a) The ground has been cleared of wood scraps such as
228		ground stakes, forms, and other termite food sources.
229		(b) The work area has been filled with finely grades as:
230		(b) The work area has been filled with finely grades soil

231		consisting of particle sizes no larger than one-inch and
232		compacted to eliminate soil movement.
233		(a) Factings and foundations and outer forms are in place
234		(c) Footings and foundations and outer forms are in place.
235		(d) Communications electrical and numbing nonetrating
236		(d) Communications, electrical, and plumbing penetrating
237 238		pipes are in place.
236 239	(H)	Preparation
240	(11)	
241		(1) General. Comply with the most stringent requirements of
242		authorities having jurisdiction and with manufacturer's written
243		instruction for preparation before beginning application of termite
244		control treatment. Remove all extraneous sources of wood cellulose
245		and other edible materials such as wood debris, tree stumps and
246		roots, stakes, formwork, and construction waste wood from soil
247		within and around foundations.
248		
249		(2) Remove foreign matter which could decrease effectiveness of
250		treatment on areas to be treated.
251		
252		(3) Loosen, rake, and level soil to be treated, except previously
253		compacted areas under slabs and foundations.
254		·
255		(4) Toxicants may be applied before placement of compacted fill
256		under slab, if recommended by manufacturer.
257		
258	(I)	Application
259		
260		(1) Chemical Treatment
261		
262		(a) Use chemicals in accordance with the product labels
263		and provisions related to the use of those pesticides as
264		adopted by the Hawaii Pesticide Law, Chapter 149A, HRS,
265		and the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.
266		
267		(b) Apply the soil treatment solution as follows:
268		(i) Apply not more than 24 hours hefere placing
269		(i) Apply not more than 24 hours before placing
270		concrete over the affected area, whenever possible.
271 272		(ii) Apply under alaba after haakfill has been
272 273		(ii) Apply under slabs after backfill has been
273 274		completed and rough plumbing and other utility lines have been installed and just prior to the placement of
274 275		the moisture barrier.
275 276		แเษ เมษายนเช มิสเมษา
4 / U		

277 278			(iii) Apply to dry material whenever possible. Do not apply chemicals under conditions during which the soil
279			does not readily absorb the solution.
280			
281			(iv) Apply uniformly and at the rates indicated on the
282			label for the chemical being used for both horizontal
283			application and vertical barriers indicated on product
284			label.
285			
286		(c)	11 7
287			bsequent excavation and other construction following
288		ар	plication.
289			
290		(2) Me	etal Mesh Systems
291			
292		(a)	
293			tructions published in Manufacturer's Installation Instruction
294		Ma	anual.
295			
296			(i) Fit mesh tightly around all pipe or other
297			penetrations and terminate at perimeters as described
298			in the installation instructions.
299			/**
300			(ii) Install mesh under the perimeter of concrete
301			slab edges, block-outs, and all joints after vapor barrier
302			and reinforcing steel are in place, and comply with
303			manufacturer's written installation methods.
304 305			(iii) Where required integrate mesh into subsequent
306			(iii) Where required, integrate mesh into subsequent construction as instructed by manufacturer's written
307			installation methods.
308			installation methods.
309	(J)	Protection	un
310	(3)	Trotectio	/II
311		(1) Th	e installed metal mesh system, attachments, and
312		` '	es shall be protected before, during, and after the work of
313			s as required by the system supplier or directed by the
314		Engineer.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
315		Liigiiiooii	
316		(2) In	the event following trades on the site move, or damage the
317		` '	imps or parging mix, immediately contact the mesh installer,
318			mendation of necessary repairs.
319			·) F
320	689.04 M	easureme	nt. The Engineer will not measure termite control for
321	payment.		ŭ
322	. •		

323 324	689.05 Payment. The Engineer will not pay for termite control separately. The Engineer will consider the price for termite control included in the contract price for
325	Section 608 – Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
326	work prescribed in this section and contract documents.
327	
328	The price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
329	labor, materials, tools, and equipment for installing termite control, and all
330	incidentals necessary to complete the work.
331	
332	
333	
334	END OF SECTION 689

1 2	Make the	e fol	lowing section a part of the Standard Specifications:
3 4			SECTION 690 - BATT INSULATION
5 6 7 8	690.01 batt insu		escription. This section describes the furnishing and installation of on. This section includes batt insulation at roof.
9 10	690.02	Ma	aterials
11	(A	A)	Batt Insulation Materials
12 13 14 15 16			(1) Fiberglass Batt Insulation Bonded with a Thermosetting Resin. Batts shall be laminated with a Foil or FSK (foil-scrim-kraft) facing. Pre-cut batts shall fit within standard framing cavities. Comply with ASTM C665, Type III Class A, Category 1.
17 18 19 20			(a) Flame Spread Index. 25 or less, when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
21 22 23			(b) Smoke Developed Index. 50 or less when tested in accordance with ASTM E84.
24 25			(c) Manufacturers
26 27			(i) Johns Manville; R30 Foil Faced Fiberglass Insulation Batt: www.jm.com
28 29 30			(ii) Owens Corning, R-30 Foil Faced Fiberglass Insulation Batts; www.owenscorning.com
31 32 33 34			(iii) Knauf Ecobatt R-30 Foil Faced Insulation Batt; www.knaufinsulation.com
35 36			(iv) Or approved substitute.
37 38	(E	3)	Accessories
39 40 41 42			(1) Insulation Fasteners. Provide fasteners appropriate for purpose intended and approved as recommended by insulation manufacturer.
43 44 45			(2) Adhesive. Provide single-component, polyurethane adhesives tested to UL 1987.
46 47			(3) Sealant. Provide one-part, flexible polyurethane-based elastomeric sealant; moisture curing and non-sagging; to ASTM

48		C920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25.		
49 50 690	.03 Co	onstruction		
51 52 53	(A) hereir	Related Requirements. Work shall conform to the specifications as well as to the following sections:		
54 55 56		(1) Section 684 "Preformed Metal Roofing"		
57 58 59 60 61	editio	Reference Standards. In addition to referenced codes and rds within this specification, the work shall comply with the latest of the following standards. When conflicts arise between standards, are stringent shall apply:		
62 63		(1) American Society for Testing Materials (ASTM) Publications		
64 65 66 67 68		(a) ASTM C665 – Standard Specification for Mineral-Fiber Blanket Thermal Insulation for Light Frame Construction and Manufacturing Housing; 2012.		
69 70 71		(b) ASTM E84 – Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials; 2015a.		
72 73	(C)	Submittals		
74 75		(1) Product Data. Provide data on product characteristics, performance criteria, and product limitations.		
76 77 78 79 80		(2) Manufacturer's Certificate. Provide a certificate from the manufacturer stating that products meet or exceed specified requirements.		
81 82 83 84		(3) Manufacturer's Installation Instructions. Provide manufacturer's installation instructions and include information on installation techniques.		
85 86	(D)	Examination		
87 88 89 90		(1) Verify that the substrate, adjacent materials, and insulation materials are dry and that substrates are ready to receive insulation and adhesive.		
91 92 93		(2) Verify substrate surfaces are flat, free of honeycomb, fins, irregularities, or materials or substances that may impede adhesive bond.		

94		
95	(E)	Installation
96		
97		(1) Install in accordance with manufacturer's installation
98		instructions.
99		
100	(F)	Batt Installation
101		
102		(1) Install insulation and vapor retarder in accordance with
103		manufacturer's instructions.
104		
105		(2) Install in exterior roof spaces without gaps or voids. Do not
106		compress insulation.
107		
108		(3) Trim insulation neatly to fit spaces. Insulate miscellaneous
109		gaps and voids.
110		
111		(4) Fit insulation tightly in cavities.
112		
113	(G)	Protection
114		
115		(1) Do not permit installed insulation to be damaged prior to its
116		concealment.
117		
118	690.04 Me	easurement. The Engineer will not measure batt insulation for
119	payment.	
120		
121	690.05 Pa	ayment. The Engineer will not pay for batt insulation separately. The
122	Engineer wil	I consider the price for batt insulation included in the contract price for
123	Section 608	- Modular Storage Containers. Payment will be full compensation for
124	work prescril	bed in this section and contract documents.
125		
126	The p	price includes full compensation for providing all submittals, furnishing
127	labor, mate	rials, tools, and equipment for installing batt insulation, and all
128	incidentals n	ecessary to complete the work.
129		
130		
131		
132		END OF SECTION 690

1	SECTION 699 - MOBILIZATION
2 3	Make the following amendments to said Section:
4	Make the following afficitions to said Section.
5	(I) Amend 699.03 Applicability by revising from lines 21 to 24 to read as
6	follows:
7	"COO O2 Applicability Maximum hid allowed for this item is an amount not to
8	"699.03 Applicability. Maximum bid allowed for this item is an amount not to exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items excluding the bid price of this item."
10	oxecour or percent of the cam of an iteme excluding the bla price of the item.
11	(II) Amend 699.05 Payment by revising from lines 44 to 47 to read as follows:
12	
13	"Mobilization (Not to exceed 6 percent of the sum of all items
14 15	excluding the bid price of this item) Lump Sum"
16	
17	
18	
19	END OF OFOTION 200
20	END OF SECTION 699

determined by laboratory test samples, use of cement from the same source shall

be delayed until the Engineer can make tests on each cement lot delivered.

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1		SECTION 702 – BITUMINOUS M	IATERIALS
2			
3	Make	the following amendments to said Section:	
4	413	A 10 1 4 T00 00 41 1 1 1	
5	(I)	Amend Subsection 702.06 (Unassigned) b	y replacing line 23 to read:
6 7	" 702 .	06 Warm Mix Asphalt (WMA) Additive.	Additives for WMA shall be
8		oved by the Engineer."	Additives for vvivia criain be
9	• •	,	
10			
11			
12			
13 14			
15		END OF SECTION 70	2
16		END OF SECTION 70.	_
10			

Amend **Section 711 – CONCRETE CURING MATERIALS AND ADMIXTURES** to read as follows:

SECTION 711 - CONCRETE CURING MATERIALS AND ADMIXTURES

711.01 Curing Materials. Curing materials must conform to requirements of Table 711.01-1 - Curing Material Requirements.

TABLE 711.01-1 - CURING MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS				
MATERIAL	SPECIFICATION			
Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete (Excluding Bridge Decks)	ASTM C309			
Liquid Membrane-Forming Compounds for Curing Concrete Bridge (Bridge Decks Only)	ASTM C309, Type 2			
Waterproof Paper for Curing Concrete	ASTM C171			
White Polyethylene Sheeting (Film) for Curing Concrete	ASTM C171			
Burlap Cloth Made from Jute or Kenaf	AASHTO M 182			

711.02 (Unassigned).

711.03 Admixtures. Admixtures in portland cement concrete must be used when indicated in the contract documents or authorized in writing by the Engineer. ASTM C494 (or AASHTO M194) Type S admixtures may also be used when accepted by the Engineer.

Chemical and air-entraining admixtures must not be used in prestressed or reinforced concrete if chloride content is more than 1 percent by weight of admixture, as determined by California Test 415.

Admixture containing calcium chloride must not be used in concrete with steel reinforcement or other embedded metal.

Admixture that is non-uniform during application must not be used.

If two or more admixtures are used, all must be compatible.

In determining the total quantity of free water per cubic yard of concrete, a

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liquid admixture that requires a batched dosage greater than 1/2 gallon or 64 fluid ounces per cubic yard must be considered to be free water and counted in the water-cement ratio in concrete designs.

Admixture Material. The listed admixtures must conform to the (A) requirements of Table 711.03-1 - Admixture Requirements.

TABLE 711.03-1 - ADMIXTURE REQUIREMENTS				
TYPE	SPECIFICATION			
Chemical Admixtures for Concrete	AASHTO M 194			
Air-Entraining Admixtures for Concrete	AASHTO M 154			
Calcium Chloride	AASHTO M 144			
Coal Fly Ash and Raw or Calcined Natural Pozzolan for Use as a Mineral Admixture in Concrete	AASHTO M 295, except that loss on ignition, must not exceed 3 percent			

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(B) Admixture Acceptance. The Engineer's written acceptance is required before the use of admixture in concrete, including ASTM C494 (or AASHTO M194) Type S admixtures. Acceptance is contingent upon the furnishing of certified test results by the Contractor and additional tests the Engineer may choose to perform. For ASTM C494 (or AASHTO M194) Type S admixtures provide a list of additional effects for Engineer's review. If the Engineer requests samples of admixture or samples of the concrete with the admixtures for testing, samples must be submitted at least 30 days before the intended use.

If a previously accepted admixture is proposed for use, the Contractor must provide a certificate of compliance from the manufacturer affirming that both admixtures and mix design are identical. The Engineer reserves the right to sample admixture even with the certification.

If mineral admixture is delivered directly to the worksite or is to be used in ready-mix concrete or precast concrete product, the Contractor must submit a certificate of compliance signed by the manufacturer or concrete supplier.

Admixture Usage. If chemical admixture or calcium chloride is indicated for use in the contract documents or ordered in writing by the Engineer, quantity must be as indicated or ordered. If the quantity is not indicated or ordered, the manufacturer's recommendation must be followed when accepted by the Engineer.

Admixtures allowed are Type A or Type F water-reducing, Type B retarding, and Type D or Type G water-reducing and retarding, in accordance with AASHTO M 194, to economize on cement or facilitate construction. ASTM C494 (or AASHTO M194) Type S admixtures may also be used when specified in the contract documents or when accepted by the Engineer.

 If the air-entraining admixture is specified in the contract documents or ordered in writing by the Engineer, the quantity of admixture must be as required to produce concrete with specified air content, when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 152.

Air-entraining admixture will be allowed even when not specified or ordered. In such an event, the air content of concrete shall be 4 percent plus or minus 1 percent.

Replacement of up to 15 percent by weight of portland cement, other than Type IP, with mineral admixture, will be allowed, except when high early strength concrete is specified or mineral admixture is prohibited. Weight of mineral admixture must be equal to or greater than the weight of portland cement replaced. In determining free water for concrete, mineral admixture must be considered to be cement. Replacement of more than 15 percent by weight with mineral admixture is allowed if specified in contract documents or in an approved concrete design.

END OF SECTION 711

Requirements of Chapter 104, HRS Wages and Hours of Employees on Public Works Law

Chapter 104, HRS, applies to every public works construction project over \$2,000, regardless of the method of procurement or financing (purchase order, voucher, bid, contract, lease arrangement, warranty, SPRB).

Rate of Wages for Laborers and Mechanics

- Minimum prevailing wages (basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits), as determined by the Director of Labor and Industrial Relations and published in wage rate schedules, shall be paid to the various classes of laborers and mechanics working on the job site. [§104-2(a), (b), Hawaii Revised Statutes (HRS)]
- If the Director of Labor determines that prevailing wages have increased during the performance of a public works contract, the rate of pay of laborers and mechanics shall be raised accordingly. [§104-2(a) and (b), HRS; §12-22-3(d) Hawaii Administrative Rules (HAR)]

Overtime

Laborers and mechanics working on a Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or more than eight hours a day on any other day shall be paid overtime compensation at not less than one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus the cost of fringe benefits for all hours worked. If the Director of Labor determines that a prevailing wage is defined by a collective bargaining agreement, the overtime compensation shall be at the rates set by the applicable collective bargaining agreement [§§104-1, 104-2(c), HRS; §12-22-4.1, HAR]

Weekly Pay

• Laborers and mechanics employed on the job site shall be paid their full wages at least once a week, without deduction or rebate, except for legal deductions, within five working days after the cutoff date. [§104-2(d), HRS]

Posting of Wage Rate Schedules

Wage rate schedules with the notes for prevailing wages and special overtime rates, shall be posted by the contractor in a
prominent and easily accessible place at the job site. A copy of the entire wage rate schedule shall be given to each laborer
and mechanic employed under the contract, except when the employee is covered by a collective bargaining agreement.
[§104-2(d), HRS]

Withholding of Accrued Payments

• If necessary, the contracting agency may withhold accrued payments to the contractor to pay to laborers and mechanics employed by the contractor or subcontractor on the job site any difference between the wages required by the public works contract or specifications and the wages received. [§104-2(e), HRS]

Certified Weekly Payrolls and Payroll Records

- A certified copy of all payrolls shall be submitted weekly to the contracting agency. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- The contractor is responsible for the submission of certified copies of the payrolls of all subcontractors. The certification shall affirm that the payrolls are correct and complete, that the wage rates listed are not less than the applicable rates contained in the applicable wage rate schedule, and that the classifications for each laborer or mechanic conform with the work the laborer or mechanic performed. [§104-3(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
- Payroll records shall be maintained by the contractor and subcontractors for three years after completion of construction. The records shall contain: [§104-3(b), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]
 - the name and home address of each employee
 - the last four digits of social security number
 - a copy of the apprentice's registration with DLIR
 - the employee's correct classification
 - rate of pay (basic hourly rate + fringe benefits)
 - · itemized list of fringe benefits paid

- daily and weekly hours worked
- · weekly straight time and overtime earnings
- · amount and type of deductions
- · total net wages paid
- date of payment

• Records shall be made available for examination by the contracting agency, the Department of Labor and Industrial Relations (DLIR), or any of its authorized representatives, who may also interview employees during working hours on the job. [§§104-3(c), 104-22(a), HRS; §12-22-10, HAR]

Termination of Work on Failure to Pay Wages

• If the contracting agency finds that any laborer or mechanic employed on the job site by the contractor or any subcontractor has not been paid prevailing wages or overtime, the contracting agency may, by written notice to the contractor, terminate the contractor's or subcontractor's right to proceed with the work or with the part of the work in which the required wages or overtime compensation have not been paid. The contracting agency may complete this work by contract or otherwise, and the contractor or contractor's sureties shall be liable to the contracting agency for any excess costs incurred. [§104-4, HRS]

Apprentices

- Apprentice wage rates apply to contractors who are a party to a bona fide apprenticeship program which has been registered with the DLIR. In order to be paid apprentice rates, apprentices must be parties to an agreement either registered with or recognized as a USDOL nationally approved apprenticeship program by the DLIR, Workforce Development Division, (808) 586-8877, and the apprentice must be individually registered by name with the DLIR. [§12-22-6(1) and (2), HAR]
- The number of apprentices on any public work in relation to the number of journeyworkers in the same craft classification as
 the apprentices employed by the same employer on the same public work may not exceed the ratio allowed under the
 apprenticeship standards registered with or recognized by the DLIR. A registered or recognized apprentice receiving the
 journeyworker rate will not be considered a journeyworker for the purpose of meeting the ratio requirement. [§12-22-6(3),
 HAR]

Enforcement

- To ensure compliance with the law, DLIR and the contracting agency will conduct investigations of contractors and subcontractors. If a contractor or subcontractor violates the law, the penalties are: [§104-24, HRS]
 - First Violation Equal to 25% of back wages found due or \$250 per offense up to \$2,500, whichever is greater.
 - Second Violation Equal to amount of back wages found due or \$500 for each offense up to \$5,000, whichever is greater.
 - Third Violation Equal to two times the amount of back wages found due or \$1,000 for each offense up to \$10,000, whichever is greater; and

Suspension from doing any new work on any public work of a governmental contracting agency for three years.

- A violation would be deemed a second violation if it occurs within two years of the first notification of violation, and a third violation if it occurs within three years of the second notification of violation. [§104-24, HRS; §12-22-25(b), HAR]
- Suspension: For a first or second violation, the department shall immediately suspend a contractor who fails to pay wages or penalties until all wages and penalties are paid in full. For a third violation, the department shall penaltie and suspend the contractor as described above, except that if the contractor continues to violate the law, then the department shall immediately suspend the contractor for a mandatory three years. The contractor shall remain suspended until all wages and penalties are paid in full. [§§104-24, 104-25, HRS]
- Suspension: Any contractor who fails to make payroll records accessible or provide requested information within 10 days, or fails to keep or falsifies any required record, shall be assessed a penalty including suspension as provided in Section 104-22(b) and 104-25(a)(3), HRS. [§104-3(c), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- If any contractor interferes with or delays any investigation, the contracting agency shall withhold further payments until the delay has ceased. Interference or delay includes failure to provide requested records or information within ten days, failure to allow employees to be interviewed during working hours on the job, and falsification of payroll records. The department shall assess a penalty of \$10,000 per project, and \$1,000 per day thereafter, for interference or delay. [§104-22(b), HRS; §12-22-26, HAR]
- Failure by the contracting agency to include in the provisions of the contract or specifications the requirements of Chapter 104, HRS, relating to coverage and the payment of prevailing wages and overtime, is not a defense of the contractor or subcontractor for noncompliance with the requirements of this chapter. [§104-2(f), HRS]



For additional information, visit the department's website at http://labor.hawaii.gov/wsd or contact any of the following DLIR offices:

 Oahu (Wage Standards Division)
 (808) 586-8777

 Hawaii Island
 (808) 974-6464

 Maui and Kauai
 (808) 243-5322

eH104-3 Rev. 04/21

"General Decision Number: HI20240001 06/07/2024

Superseded General Decision Number: HI20230001

State: Hawaii

Construction Types: Building, Heavy (Heavy and Dredging),

Highway and Residential

Counties: Hawaii Statewide.

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (consisting of single family homes and apartments up to and including 4 stories); HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS AND DREDGING

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered |. | into on or after January 30, | | 2022, or the contract is | renewed or extended (e.g., an |. | option is exercised) on or | after January 30, 2022:

- Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract.
- |. The contractor must pay | all covered workers at | least \$17.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate | listed on this wage | determination, if it is | higher) for all hours | spent performing on the contract in 2024.

If the contract was awarded on . or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:

- Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract.
- . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number Publicatio 0 01/05/202 1 01/12/202 2 01/19/202 3 04/19/202 4 05/17/202 5 06/07/202	4 4 4 4	
ASBE0132-001 09/03/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Asbestos Workers/Insulator Includes application of all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems. Also the application of firestopping material for wall openings and penetrations in walls, floors, ceilings and		
curtain walls\$	44.80	27.50
BOIL0627-005 01/01/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
BOILERMAKER\$	37.25	31.25
* BRHI0001-001 09/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
BRICKLAYER Bricklayers and Stonemasons.\$ Pointers, Caulkers and Weatherproofers\$		32.23 32.23
* BRHI0001-002 09/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Worker Terrazzo Base Grinders\$ Terrazzo Floor Grinders	44.69	33.00
<pre>and Tenders\$ Tile, Marble and Terrazzo</pre>	43.14	33.00
Workers\$	46.50	33.00
CARP0745-001 10/01/2021		
	Rates	Fringes
Carpenters:		

6/24/24, 9:33 AM		SAM.gov
Millwrights and Machine Erectors\$ Power Saw Operators (2	51.50	24.84
h.p. and over)\$		
CARP0745-002 09/04/2023		
1	Rates	Fringes
Drywall and Acoustical Workers and Lathers\$	53.00	27.74
ELEC1186-001 08/22/2023		
ı	Rates	Fringes
Electricians: Cable Splicers\$ Electricians\$ Telecommunication worker\$	54.55	31.91 31.70 14.84
ELEC1186-002 08/22/2023		
ı	Rates	Fringes
Line Construction: Cable Splicers\$ Groundmen/Truck Drivers\$ Heavy Equipment Operators\$ Linemen\$ Telecommunication worker\$	40.91 49.10 54.55	31.91 26.03 29.37 31.70 14.84
* ELEV0126-001 01/01/2024		
1	Rates	Fringes
ELEVATOR MECHANIC\$	70.90	37.885+a+b
a. VACATION: Employer contributes5 years service and 6% of basic l5 years service as vacation pay	nourly rate f	hourly rate for for 6 months to
b. PAID HOLIDAYS: New Year's Day Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, T after Thanksgiving Day and Chris	nanksgiving D tmas Day.	Day, the Friday
ENGI0003-002 09/03/2018		
1	Rates	Fringes
Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)) Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba) (over a depth of 30 feet)\$ Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba)	66.00	31.26
(up to a depth of 30 feet)\$ Stand-by Diver (Aqua Lung)	56.63	31.26
(Scuba)\$ Diver (Other than Aqua Lung)	47.25	31.26
Diver (Other than Aqua Lung)\$ Diver Tender (Other than	66.00	31.26

Diver Tender (Other than

Stand-by Diver (Other than

Aqua Lung).....\$ 44.22

Aqua Lung).....\$ 47.25

31.26

31.26

5/24/24, 9:33 AIVI	SAIV
Helicopter Work	
Airborne Hoist Operator	
for Helicopter\$ 45.80	31.26
Co-Pilot of Helicopter\$ 45.98	31.26
Pilot of Helicopter\$ 46.11	31.26
Power equipment operator -	
tunnel work	
GROUP 1\$ 42.24	31.26
GROUP 2\$ 42.35	31.26
GROUP 3\$ 42.52	31.26
GROUP 4\$ 42.79	31.26
GROUP 5\$ 43.10	31.26
GROUP 6\$ 43.75	31.26
GROUP 7\$ 44.07	31.26
GROUP 8\$ 44.18	31.26
GROUP 9\$ 44.29	31.26
GROUP 9A\$ 44.52	31.26
GROUP 10\$ 44.58	31.26
GROUP 10A\$ 44.73	31.26
GROUP 11\$ 44.88	31.26
GROUP 12\$ 45.24	31.26
GROUP 12A\$ 45.60	31.26
Power equipment operators:	
GROUP 1\$ 41.94	31.26
GROUP 2\$ 42.05	31.26
GROUP 3\$ 42.22	31.26
GROUP 4\$ 42.49	31.26
GROUP 5\$ 42.80	31.26
GROUP 6\$ 43.45	31.26
GROUP 7\$ 43.77	31.26
GROUP 8 \$ 43.88	31.26
GROUP 9 \$ 43.99	31.26
GROUP 9A\$ 44.22	31.26
GROUP 10	31.26 31.26
GROUP 11\$ 44.43	31.26
GROUP 12\$ 44.58	31.26
GROUP 12 \$ 45.30	31.26
GROUP 13\$ 43.38	31.26
GROUP 13 42.22 GROUP 13A 42.49	31.26
GROUP 13B 42.49 GROUP 13B 42.80	31.26
GROUP 136 42.80	31.26
GROUP 13D 43.43	31.26
GROUP 13E 43.77	31.26
GUOOF TAL 43.00	21.20

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Fork Lift (up to and including 10 tons); Partsman (heavy duty repair shop parts room when needed).

GROUP 2: Conveyor Operator (Handling building material); Hydraulic Monitor; Mixer Box Operator (Concrete Plant).

GROUP 3: Brakeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler; Oiler/Gradechecker; Signalman; Switchman; Highline Cableway Signalman; Bargeman; Bunkerman; Concrete Curing Machine (self-propelled, automatically applied unit on streets, highways, airports and canals); Leveeman; Roller (5 tons and under); Tugger Hoist.

GROUP 4: Boom Truck or dual purpose ""A"" Frame Truck (5 tons or less); Concrete Placing Boom (Building Construction); Dinky Operator; Elevator Operator; Hoist and/or Winch (one drum); Straddle Truck (Ross Carrier, Hyster and similar).

GROUP 5: Asphalt Plant Fireman; Compressors, Pumps, Generators and Welding Machines (""Bank"" of 9 or more, individually or collectively); Concrete Pumps or Pumpcrete Guns; Lubrication and Service Engineer (Grease Rack); Screedman.

GROUP 6: Boom Truck or Dual Purpose ""A""Frame Truck (over 5 tons); Combination Loader/Backhoe (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.); Concrete Batch Plants (wet or dry); Concrete Cutter, Groover and/or Grinder (self-propelled unit on streets, highways, airports, and canals); Conveyor or Concrete Pump (Truck or Equipment Mounted); Drilling Machinery (not to apply to waterliners, wagon drills or jack hammers); Fork Lift (over 10 tons); Loader (up to and including 3 and 1/2 cu. yds); Lull High Lift (under 40 feet); Lubrication and Service Engineer (Mobile); Maginnis Internal Full Slab Vibrator (on airports, highways, canals and warehouses); Man or Material Hoist; Mechanical Concrete Finisher (Large Clary, Johnson Bidwell, Bridge Deck and similar); Mobile Truck Crane Driver; Portable Shotblast Concrete Cleaning Machine; Portable Boring Machine (under streets, highways, etc.); Portable Crusher; Power Jumbo Operator (setting slip forms, etc., in tunnels); Rollers (over 5 tons); Self-propelled Compactor (single engine); Self-propelled Pavement Breaker; Skidsteer Loader with attachments; Slip Form Pumps (Power driven by hydraulic, electric, air, gas, etc., lifting device for concrete forms); Small Rubber Tired Tractors; Trencher (up to and including 6 feet); Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (50 feet of platform or less).

GROUP 7: Crusher Plant Engineer, Dozer (D-4, Case 450, John Deere 450, and similar); Dual Drum Mixer, Extend Lift; Hoist and/or Winch (2 drums); Loader (over 3 and 1/2 cu. yds. up to and including 6 yards.); Mechanical Finisher or Spreader Machine (asphalt), (Barber Greene and similar) (Screedman required); Mine or Shaft Hoist; Mobile Concrete Mixer (over 5 tons); Pipe Bending Machine (pipelines only); Pipe Cleaning Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Pipe Wrapping Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Roller Operator (Asphalt); Self-Propelled Elevating Grade Plane; Slusher Operator; Tractor (with boom) (D-6, or similar); Trencher (over 6 feet and less than 200 h.p.); Water Tanker (pulled by Euclids, T-Pulls, DW-10, 20 or 21, or similar); Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge).

GROUP 8: Asphalt Plant Operator; Barge Mate (Seagoing); Cast-in-Place Pipe Laying Machine; Concrete Batch Plant (multiple units); Conveyor Operator (tunnel); Deckmate; Dozer (D-6 and similar); Finishing Machine Operator (airports and highways); Gradesetter; Kolman Loader (and similar); Mucking Machine (Crawler-type); Mucking Machine (Conveyor-type); No-Joint Pipe Laying Machine; Portable Crushing and Screening Plant; Power Blade Operator (under 12); Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yds.); Stationary Pipe Wrapping, Cleaning and Bending Machine; Surface Heater and Planer Operator, Tractor (D-6 and similar); Tri-Batch Paver; Tunnel Badger; Tunnel Mole and/or Boring Machine Operator Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (over 50 feet of platform).

GROUP 9: Combination Mixer and Compressor (gunite); Do-Mor Loaderand Adams Elegrader; Dozer (D-7 or equal); Wheel and/or Ladder Trencher (over 6 feet and 200 to 749 h.p.).

GROUP 9A: Dozer (D-8 and similar); Gradesetter (when required by the Contractor to work from drawings, plans or specifications without the direct supervision of a foreman or superintendent); Push Cat; Scrapers (up to and including 20 cu. yds); Self-propelled Compactor with Dozer; Self-Propelled, Rubber-Tired Earthmoving Equipment (up to and including 20 cu. yds) (621 Band and similar); Sheep's Foot; Tractor (D-8 and similar); Tractors with boom (larger than D-6, and similar).

GROUP 10: Chicago Boom; Cold Planers; Heavy Duty Repairman or Welder; Hoist and/or Winch (3 drums); Hydraulic Skooper (Koehring and similar); Loader (over 6 cu. yds. up to and including 12 cu. yds.); Saurman type Dragline (over 5 cu. yds.); Self-propelled, rubber-tired Earthmoving Equipment (over 20 cu. yds. up to and including 31 cu. yds.) (637D and similar); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or equal); Sub-Grader (Gurries or other automatic type); Tractors (D-9 or equivalent, all attachments); Tractor (Tandem Scraper); Watch Engineer.

GROUP 10A: Boat Operator; Cable-operated Crawler Crane (up to and including 25 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Dozer D9-L; Dozer (D-10, HD41 and similar) (all attachments); Gradall (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Hydraulic Backhoe (over 3/4 cu. yds. up to and including 2 cu. yds.); Mobile Truck Crane Operator (up to and including 25 tons) (Mobile Truck Crane Driver Required); Self-propelled Boom Type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (up to and including 25 tons) (Grove, Drott, P&H, Pettibone and similar; Trencher (over 6 feet and 750 h.p. or more); Watch Engineer (steam or electric).

GROUP 11: Automatic Slip Form Paver (concrete or asphalt); Band Wagon (in conjunction with Wheel Excavator); Cable-operated Crawler Cranes (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (over 1 cu. yd. up to 7 cu. yds.); Gradall (over 1 cu. yds. up to 7 cu. yds.); DW-10, 20, etc. (Tandem); Earthmoving Machines (multiple propulsion power units and 2 or more Scrapers) (up to and including 35 cu. yds.,"" struck"" m.r.c.); Highline Cableway; Hydraulic Backhoe (over 2 cu. yds. up to and including 4 cu. yds.); Leverman; Lift Slab Machine; Loader (over 12 cu. yds); Master Boat Operator; Mobile Truck Crane Operator (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); (Mobile Truck Crane Driver required); Pre-stress Wire Wrapping Machine; Self-propelled Boom-type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (over 25 tons m.r.c); Self-propelled Compactor (with multiple-propulsion power units); Single Engine Rubber Tired Earthmoving Machine (with Tandem Scraper); Tandem Cats; Trencher (pulling attached shield).

GROUP 12: Clamshell or Dipper Operator; Derricks; Drill Rigs; Multi-Propulsion Earthmoving Machines (2 or more Scrapers) (over 35 cu. yds ""struck""m.r.c.); Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes); Power Shovels and Draglines (7 cu. yds. m.r.c. and over); Self-propelled rubber-tired Earthmoving equipment (over 31 cu. yds.) (657B and similar); Wheel Excavator (up to and including 750 cu. yds. per hour); Wheel Excavator (over 750 cu. yds. per hour).

GROUP 12A: Dozer (D-11 or similar or larger); Hydraulic Excavators (over 4 cu. yds.); Lifting cranes (50 tons and

over); Pioneering Dozer/Backhoe (initial clearing and excavation for the purpose of providing access for other equipment where the terrain worked involves 1-to-1 slopes that are 50 feet in height or depth, the scope of this work does not include normal clearing and grubbing on usual hilly terrain nor the excavation work once the access is provided); Power Blade Operator (Cat 12 or equivalent or over); Straddle Lifts (over 50 tons); Tower Crane, Mobile; Traveling Truss Cranes; Universal, Liebher, Linden, and similar types of Tower Cranes (in the erection, dismantling, and moving of equipment there shall be an additional Operating Engineer or Heavy Duty Repairman); Yo-Yo Cat or Dozer.

GROUP 13: Truck Driver (Utility, Flatbed, etc.)

GROUP 13A: Dump Truck, 8 cu.yds. and under (water level); Water Truck (up to and including 2,000 gallons).

GROUP 13B: Water Truck (over 2,000 gallons); Tandem Dump Truck, over 8 cu. yds. (water level).

GROUP 13C: Truck Driver (Semi-trailer. Rock Cans, Semi-Dump or Roll-Offs).

GROUP 13D: Truck Driver (Slip-In or Pup).

GROUP 13E: End Dumps, Unlicensed (Euclid, Mack, Caterpillar or similar); Tractor Trailer (Hauling Equipment); Tandem Trucks hooked up to Trailer (Hauling Equipment)

BOOMS AND/OR LEADS (HOURLY PREMIUMS):

The Operator of a crane (under 50 tons) with a boom of 80 feet or more (including jib), or of a crane (under 50 tons) with leads of 100 feet or more, shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (under 50 tons) in accordance with the following schedule:

Booms of 80 feet up to but
not including 130 feet or
Leads of 100 feet up to but
not including 130 feet 0.50
Booms and/or Leads of 130 feet
up to but not including 180 feet 0.75
Booms and/or Leads of 180 feet up
to and including 250 feet 1.15
Booms and/or Leads over 250 feet 1.50

The Operator of a crane (50 tons and over) with a boom of 180 feet or more (including jib) shall receive a per hour premium for each hour worked on said crane (50 tons and over) in accordance with the following schedule:

Booms of 180 feet up to and including 250 feet 1.25 Booms over 250 feet 1.75

ENGI0003-004 09/04/2017

Rates Fringes

Dredging: (Boat Operators)

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Boat Deckhand.....$ 41.22
                                    30.93
   Boat Operator..... $ 43.43
                                    30.93
   Master Boat Operator.....$ 43.58
                                    30.93
Dredging: (Clamshell or
Dipper Dredging)
   GROUP 1.....$ 43.94
                                    30.93
   GROUP 2.....$ 43.28
                                    30.93
   GROUP 3.....$ 42.88
                                    30.93
   GROUP 4....$ 41.22
                                    30.93
Dredging: (Derricks)
   GROUP 1.....$ 43.94
                                    30.93
   GROUP 2.....$ 43.28
                                    30.93
   GROUP 3.....$ 42.88
                                    30.93
   GROUP 4.....$ 41.22
                                    30.93
Dredging: (Hydraulic Suction
Dredges)
   GROUP 1....$ 43.58
                                    30.93
   GROUP 2.....$ 43.43
                                    30.93
   GROUP 3.....$ 43.28
                                    30.93
   GROUP 4.....$ 43.22
                                    30.93
   GROUP 5.....$ 37.88
                                    26.76
   Group 5.....$ 42.88
                                    30.93
   GROUP 6....$ 37.77
                                    26.76
   Group 6....$ 42.77
                                    30.93
   GROUP 7.....$ 36.22
                                    26.76
   Group 7....$ 41.22
                                    30.93
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CLAMSHELL OR DIPPER DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Clamshell or Dipper Operator.

GROUP 2: Mechanic or Welder; Watch Engineer.

GROUP 3: Barge Mate; Deckmate.

GROUP 4: Bargeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler.

HYDRAULIC SUCTION DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Leverman.

GROUP 2: Watch Engineer (steam or electric).

GROUP 3: Mechanic or Welder.

GROUP 4: Dozer Operator.

GROUP 5: Deckmate.

GROUP 6: Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge)

GROUP 7: Deckhand (can operate anchor scow under direction of Deckmate); Fireman; Leveeman; Oiler.

DERRICK CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes).

GROUP 2: Saurman Type Dragline (over 5 cubic yards).

GROUP 3: Deckmate; Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yards).

GROUP 4: Deckhand, Fireman, Oiler.

ENGI0003-044 09/03/2018

	Rates	Fringes
Power Equipment Operators		
(PAVING)		
Asphalt Concrete Material		
Transfer	\$ 42.92	32.08
Asphalt Plant Operator	\$ 43.35	32.08
Asphalt Raker	\$ 41.96	32.08
Asphalt Spreader Operator	\$ 43.44	32.08

Cold Planer\$ 43.75 Combination Loader/Backhoe	32.08
(over 3/4 cu.yd.)\$ 41.96 Combination Loader/Backhoe	32.08
(up to 3/4 cu.yd.)\$ 40.98 Concrete Saws and/or	32.08
<pre>Grinder (self-propelled unit on streets, highways,</pre>	
, , ,	
airports and canals)\$ 42.92	32.08
Grader\$ 43.75	32.08
Laborer, Hand Roller\$ 41.46	32.08
Loader (2 1/2 cu. yds. and	
under)\$ 42.92	32.08
Loader (over 2 1/2 cu.	
yds. to and including 5	
cu. yds.)\$ 43.24	32.08
Roller Operator (five tons	32.00
and under)\$ 41.69	32.08
Roller Operator (over five	
tons)\$ 43.12	32.08
Screed Person\$ 42.92	32.08
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Soil Stabilizer\$ 43.75	32.08

IRON0625-001 09/01/2023

Rates Fringes

Ironworkers:.....\$ 46.50 39.00

a. Employees will be paid \$.50 per hour more while working in tunnels and coffer dams; \$1.00 per hour more when required to work under or are covered with water (submerged) and when they are required to work on the summit of Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa or Haleakala.

* LAB00368-001 09/05/2023

	Rates	Fringes
Laborers:		
Driller\$	41.65	25.01
Final Clean Up\$	30.85	20.27
Gunite/Shotcrete Operator		
and High Scaler\$	41.15	25.01
Laborer I\$	40.65	25.01
Laborer II\$	38.05	25.01
Mason Tender/Hod Carrier\$	41.15	25.01
Powderman\$	41.65	25.01
Window Washer (bosun chair).\$	40.15	25.01

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

Laborer I: Air Blasting run by electric or pneumatic compressor; Asphalt Laborer, Ironer, Raker, Luteman, and Handroller, and all types of Asphalt Spreader Boxes; Asphalt Shoveler; Assembly and Installation of Multiplates, Liner Plates, Rings, Mesh, Mats; Batching Plant (portable and temporary); Boring Machine Operator (under streets and sidewalks); Buggymobile; Burning and Welding; Chainsaw, Faller, Logloader, and Bucker; Compactors (Jackson Jumping Jack and similar); Concrete Bucket Dumpman; Concrete Chipping; Concrete Chuteman/Hoseman (pouring concrete) (the handling of the chute from ready-mix trucks for such jobs as walls, slabs, decks, floors, foundations, footings, curbs, gutters, and sidewalks); Concrete Core Cutter (Walls, Floors, and Ceiling); Concrete Grinding or Sanding;

Concrete: Hooking on, signaling, dumping of concrete for treme work over water on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc.; Concrete: Mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, otherwise placing of concrete or aggregates or by any other process; Concrete: Operation of motorized wheelbarrows or buggies or machines of similar character, whether run by gas, diesel, or electric power; Concrete Placement Machine Operator: operation of Somero Hammerhead, Copperheads, or similar machines; Concrete Pump Machine (laying, coupling, uncoupling of all connections and cleaning of equipment); Concrete and/or Asphalt Saw (Walking or Handtype) (cutting walls or flatwork) (scoring old or new concrete and/or asphalt) (cutting for expansion joints) (streets and ways for laying of pipe, cable or conduit for all purposes); Concrete Shovelers/Laborers (Wet or Dry); Concrete Screeding for Rough Strike-Off: Rodding or striking-off, by hand or mechanical means prior to finishing; Concrete Vibrator Operator; Coring Holes: Walls, footings, piers or other obstructions for passage of pipes or conduits for any purpose and the pouring of concrete to secure the hole; Cribbers, Shorer, Lagging, Sheeting, and Trench Jacking and Bracing, Hand-Guided Lagging Hammer Whaling Bracing; Curbing (Concrete and Asphalt); Curing of Concrete (impervious membrane and form oiler) mortar and other materials by any mode or method; Cut Granite Curb Setter (setting, leveling and grouting of all precast concrete or stone curbs); Cutting and Burning Torch (demolition); Dri Pak-It Machine; Environmental Abatement: removal of asbestos, lead, and bio hazardous materials (EPA and/or OSHA certified); Falling, bucking, yarding, loading or burning of all trees or timber on construction site; Forklift (9 ft. and under); Gas, Pneumatic, and Electric tools; Grating and Grill work for drains or other purposes; Green Cutter of concrete or aggregate in any form, by hand, mechanical means, grindstone or air and/or water; Grout: Spreading for any purpose; Guinea Chaser (Grade Checker) for general utility trenches, sitework, and excavation; Headerboard Man (Asphalt or Concrete); Heat Welder of Plastic (Laborers' AGC certified workers) (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoir) heat welding for sewer pipes and fusion of HDPE pipes; Heavy Highway Laborer (Rigging, signaling, handling, and installation of pre-cast catch basins, manholes, curbs and gutters); High Pressure Nozzleman - Hydraulic Monitor (over 100# pressure); Jackhammer Operator; Jacking of slip forms: All semi and unskilled work connected therewithin; Laying of all multi-cell conduit or multi-purpose pipe; Magnesite and Mastic Workers (Wet or Dry)(including mixer operator); Mortar Man; Mortar Mixer (Block, Brick, Masonry, and Plastering); Nozzleman (Sandblasting and/or Water Blasting): handling, placing and operation of nozzle; Operation, Manual or Hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary; Pavement Breakers; Paving, curbing and surfacing of streets, ways, courts, under and overpasses, bridges, approaches, slope walls, and all other labor connected therewith; Pilecutters; Pipe Accessment in place, bolting and lining up of sectional metal or other pipe including corrugated pipe; Pipelayer performing all services in the laying and installation of pipe from the point of receiving pipe in the ditch until completion of operation, including any and all forms of tubular material, whether pipe, HDPE, metallic or non-metallic, conduit, and any other stationary-type of tubular device used for conveying of any substance or element, whether water, sewage, solid, gas,

air, or other product whatsoever and without regard to the nature of material from which tubular material is fabricated; No-joint pipe and stripping of same, Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, treating Creosote and similar-type materials (6-inch) pipe and over); Piping: resurfacing and paving of all ditches in preparation for laying of all pipes; Pipe laying of lateral sewer pipe from main or side sewer to buildings or structure (except Contactor may direct work be done under proper supervision); Pipe laying, leveling and marking of the joint used for main or side sewers and storm sewers; Laying of all clay, terra cotta, ironstone, vitrified concrete, HDPE or other pipe for drainage; Placing and setting of water mains, gas mains and all pipe including removal of skids; Plaster Mortar Mixer/Pump; Pneumatic Impact Wrench; Portable Sawmill Operation: Choker setters, off bearers, and lumber handlers connected with clearing; Posthole Digger (Hand Held, Gas, Air and Electric); Powderman's Tender; Power Broom Sweepers (Small); Preparation and Compaction of roadbeds for railroad track laying, highway construction, and the preparation of trenches, footings, etc., for cross-country transmission by pipelines, electrical transmission or underground lines or cables (by mechanical means); Raising of structure by manual or hydraulic jacks or other methods and resetting of structure in new locations, including all concrete work; Ramming or compaction; Rigging in connection with Laborers' work (except demolition), Signaling (including the use of walkie talkie) Choke Setting, tag line usage; Tagging and Signaling of building materials into high rise units; Riprap, Stonepaver, and Rock Slinger (includes placement of stacked concrete, wet or dry and loading, unloading, signaling, slinging and setting of other similar materials); Rotary Scarifier (including multiple head concrete chipping Scarifier); Salamander Heater, Drying of plaster, concrete mortar or other aggregate; Scaffold Erector Leadman; Scaffolds: (Swing and hanging) including maintenance thereof; Scaler; Septic Tank/Cesspool and Drain Fields Digger and Installer; Shredder/Chipper (tree branches, brush, etc.); Stripping and Setting Forms; Stripping of Forms: Other than panel forms which are to be re-used in their original form, and stripping of forms on all flat arch work; Tampers (Barko, Wacker, and similar type); Tank Scaler and Cleaners; Tarman; Tree Climbers and Trimmers; Trencher (includes hand-held, Davis T-66 and similar type); Trucks (flatbed up to and including 2 1/2 tons when used in connection with on-site Laborers'work; Trucks (Refuse and Garbage Disposal) (from job site to dump); Vibra-Screed (Bull Float in connection with Laborers' work); Well Points, Installation of or any other dewatering system.

Laborer II: Asphalt Plant Laborer; Boring Machine Tender; Bridge Laborer; Burning of all debris (crates, boxes, packaging waste materials); Chainman, Rodmen, and Grade Markers; Cleaning, clearing, grading and/or removal for streets, highways, roadways, aprons, runways, sidewalks, parking areas, airports, approaches, and other similar installations; Cleaning or reconditioning of streets, ways, sewers and waterlines, all maintenance work and work of an unskilled and semi-skilled nature; Concrete Bucket Tender (Groundman) hooking and unhooking of bucket; Concrete Forms; moving, cleaning, oiling and carrying to the next point of erection of all forms; Concrete Products Plant Laborers; Conveyor Tender (conveying of building

materials); Crushed Stone Yards and Gravel and Sand Pit Laborers and all other similar plants; Demolition, Wrecking and Salvage Laborers: Wrecking and dismantling of buildings and all structures, with use of cutting or wrecking tools, breaking away, cleaning and removal of all fixtures, All hooking, unhooking, signaling of materials for salvage or scrap removed by crane or derrick; Digging under streets, roadways, aprons or other paved surfaces; Driller's Tender; Chuck Tender, Outside Nipper; Dry-packing of concrete (plugging and filling of she-bolt holes); Fence and/or Guardrail Erector: Dismantling and/or re-installation of all fence; Finegrader; Firewatcher; Flagman (Coning, preparing, stablishing and removing portable roadway barricade devices); Signal Men on all construction work defined herein, including Traffic Control Signal Men at construction site; General Excavation; Backfilling, Grading and all other labor connected therewith; Digging of trenches, ditches and manholes and the leveling, grading and other preparation prior to laying pipe or conduit for any purpose; Excavations and foundations for buildings, piers, foundations and holes, and all other construction. Preparation of street ways and bridges; General Laborer: Cleaning and Clearing of all debris and surplus material. Clean-up of right-of-way. Clearing and slashing of brush or trees by hand or mechanical cutting. General Clean up: sweeping, cleaning, wash-down, wiping of construction facility and equipment (other than ""Light Clean up (Janitorial) Laborer. Garbage and Debris Handlers and Cleaners. Appliance Handling (job site) (after delivery unlading in storage area); Ground and Soil Treatment Work (Pest Control); Gunite/Shotcrete Operator Tender; Junk Yard Laborers (same as Salvage Yard); Laser Beam ""Target Man"" in connection with Laborers' work; Layout Person for Plastic (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoirs); Limbers, Brush Loaders, and Pilers; Loading, Unloading, carrying, distributing and handling of all rods and material for use in reinforcing concrete construction (except when a derrick or outrigger operated by other than hand power is used); Loading, unloading, sorting, stockpiling, handling and distribution of water mains, gas mains and all pipes; Loading and unloading of all materials, fixtures, furnishings and appliances from point of delivery to stockpile to point of installation; hooking and signaling from truck, conveyance or stockpile; Material Yard Laborers; Pipelayer Tender; Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, Creosote, and similar-type materials (pipe under 6 inches); Plasterer Laborer; Preparation, construction and maintenance of roadbeds and sub-grade for all paving, including excavation, dumping, and spreading of sub-grade material; Prestressed or precast concrete slabs, walls, or sections: all loading, unloading, stockpiling, hooking on of such slabs, walls or sections; Quarry Laborers; Railroad, Streetcar, and Rail Transit Maintenance and Repair; Roustabout; Rubbish Trucks in connection with Building Construction Projects (excluding clearing, grubbing, and excavating); Salvage Yard: All work connected with cutting, cleaning, storing, stockpiling or handling of materials, all cleanup, removal of debris, burning, back-filling and landscaping of the site; Sandblasting Tender (Pot Tender): Hoses and pots or markers; Scaffolds: Erection, planking and removal of all scaffolds used for support for lathers, plasters, brick layers, masons, and other construction trades crafts; Scaffolds: (Specially designed by carpenters) laborers shall tend said carpenter

on erection and dismantling thereof, preparation for foundation or mudsills, maintenance; Scraping of floors; Screeds: Handling of all screeds to be reused; handling, dismantling and conveyance of screeds; Setting, leveling and securing or bracing of metal or other road forms and expansion joints; Sheeting Piling/trench shoring (handling and placing of skip sheet or wood plank trench shoring); Ship Scalers; Shipwright Tender; Sign Erector (subdivision traffic, regulatory, and street-name signs); Sloper; Slurry Seal Crews (Mixer Operator, Applicator, Squeegee Man, Shuttle Man, Top Man); Snapping of wall ties and removal of tie rods; Soil Test operations of semi and unskilled labor such as filling sand bags; Striper (Asphalt, Concrete or other Paved Surfaces); Tool Room Attendant (Job Site); Traffic Delineating Device Applicator; Underpinning, lagging, bracing, propping and shoring, loading, signaling, right-of-way clearance along the route of movement, The clearance of new site, excavation of foundation when moving a house or structure from old site to new site; Utilities employees; Water Man; Waterscape/Hardscape Laborers; Wire Mesh Pulling (all concrete pouring operations); Wrecking, stripping, dismantling and handling concrete forms an false work.

LAB00368-002 09/04/2023

	Rates	Fringes
Landscape & Irrigation		
Laborers		
GROUP 1	\$ 27.85	16.45
GROUP 2	\$ 28.85	16.45
GROUP 3	\$ 22.55	16.45

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Installation of non-potable permanent or temporary irrigation water systems performed for the purposes of Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural work; the installation of drinking fountains and permanent or temporary irrigation systems using potable water for Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural purposes only. This work includes (a) the installation of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers (pressure and non-pressure), low voltage electrical lines and, provided such work involves electrical wiring that will carry 24 volts or less, the installation of sensors, master control panels, display boards, junction boxes, conductors, including all other components for controllers, (b) and metallic (copper, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe including all work incidental thereto, i.e., unloading, handling and distribution of all pipes fittings, tools, materials and equipment, (c) all soldering work in connection with the above whether done by torch, soldering iron, or other means; (d) tie-in to main lines, thrust blocks (both precast and poured in place), pipe hangers and supports incidental to installation of the entire irrigation system, (e) making of pressure tests, start-up testing, flushing, purging, water balancing, placing into operation all irrigation equipment, fixtures and appurtenances installed under this agreement, and (f) the fabrication, replacement, repair and servicing oflandscaping and irrigation systems. Operation of hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered

tools and equipment used in the performance of Landscape and Irrigation work in connection with architectural horticulture; Choke-setting, signaling, and rigging for equipment operators on job-site in the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Concrete work (wet or dry) performed in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This work shall also include the setting of rock, stone, or riprap in connection with such Landscape, Waterscape, Rockscape, and Irrigation work; Grubbing, pick and shovel excavation, and hand rolling or tamping in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Sprigging, handseeding, and planting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings and the performance of all types of gardening and horticultural work relating to said planting; Operation of flat bed trucks (up to and including 2 1/2 tons).:

GROUP 2. Layout of irrigation and other non-potable irrigation water systems and the layout of drinking fountains and other potable irrigation water systems in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This includes the layout of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers, low voltage electrical lines, hydraulic and electrical controllers, and metallic (coppers, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe. This work also includes the reading and interpretation of plans and specifications in connection with the layout of Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work; Operation of Hydro-Mulching machines (sprayman and driver), Drillers, Trenchers (riding type, Davis T-66, and similar) and fork lifts used in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Tree climbers and chain saw tree trimmers, Sporadic operation (when used in connection with Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work) of Skid-Steer Loaders (Bobcat and similar), Cranes (Bantam, Grove, and similar), Hoptos, Backhoes, Loaders, Rollers, and Dozers (Case, John Deere, and similar), Water Trucks, Trucks requiring a State of Hawaii Public Utilities Commission Type 5 and/or type 7 license, sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers, and other self-propelled, sit-down operated machines not listed under Landscape & Irrigation Maintenance Laborer; Chemical spraying using self-propelled power spraying equipment (200 gallon capacity or more).

GROUP 3: Maintenance of trees, shrubs, ground covers, lawns and other planted areas, including the replanting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings that did not ""take"" or which are damaged; provided, however, that re-planting that requires the use of equipment, machinery, or power tools shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape and Irrigation Laborer, Group 1; Raking, mowing, trimming, and runing, including the use of ""weed eaters"", hedge trimmers, vacuums, blowers, and other hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools, and the operation of lawn mowers (Note: The operation of sit-down type and ""gang"" mowers shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer, Group 2); Guywiring, staking, propping, and supporting trees; Fertilizing, Chemical spraying using spray equipment with less than 200 gallon capacity, Maintaining irrigation and sprinkler systems, including the staking, clamping, and adjustment of risers, and the adjustment and/or replacement of sprinkler heads, (Note: the cleaning and gluing of pipe

and fittings shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer(Group 1); Watering by hand or sprinkler system and the peformance of other types of gardening, yardman, and horticultural-related work.

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LAB00368-003 09/05/2023

	1	Rates	Fringes
Underground	d Laborer		
GROUP	1\$	41.25	24.96
GROUP	2\$	42.75	24.96
GROUP	3\$	43.25	24.96
GROUP	4\$	44.25	24.96
GROUP	5\$	44.50	24.96
GROUP	6\$	44.60	24.96
GROUP	7\$	44.85	24.96

GROUP 1: Watchmen; Change House Attendant.

GROUP 2: Swamper; Brakeman; Bull Gang-Muckers, Trackmen; Dumpmen (any method); Concrete Crew (includes rodding and spreading); Grout Crew; Reboundmen

GROUP 3: Chucktenders and Cabletenders; Powderman (Prime House); Vibratorman, Pavement Breakers

GROUP 4: Miners - Tunnel (including top and bottom man on shaft and raise work); Timberman, Retimberman (wood or steel or substitute materials thereof); Blasters, Drillers, Powderman (in heading); Microtunnel Laborer; Headman; Cherry Pickerman (where car is lifted); Nipper; Grout Gunmen; Grout Pumpman & Potman; Gunite, Shotcrete Gunmen & Potmen; Concrete Finisher (in tunnel); Concrete Screed Man; Bit Grinder; Steel Form Raisers & Setters; High Pressure Nozzleman; Nozzleman (on slick line); Sandblaster-Potman (combination work assignment interchangeable); Tugger

GROUP 5: Shaft Work & Raise (below actual or excavated ground level); Diamond Driller; Gunite or Shotcrete Nozzleman; Rodman; Groundman

GROUP 6: Shifter

GROUP 7: Shifter (Shaft Work & Raiser)

PAIN1791-001 01/01/2024

	Rates	Fringes
Painters: Brush Sandblaster; Spray		30.05 30.05
PAIN1889-001 07/01/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Glaziers	\$ 44.00	38.37

PAIN1926-001 03/05/2023

Rates Fringes

Soft Floor Layers	.\$ 39.77	33.80
* PAIN1944-001 01/07/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Taper	.\$ 45.20	31.40
PLAS0630-001 09/04/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
PLASTERER	.\$ 46.12	34.53
PLAS0630-002 09/04/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Cement Masons: Cement Masons Trowel Machine Operators		33.63 33.63
PLUM0675-001 01/07/2024		
	Rates	Fringes
Plumber, Pipefitter, Steamfitter & Sprinkler Fitter	.\$ 52.33	30.40
ROOF0221-001 11/06/2022		
	Rates	Fringes
Roofers (Including Built Up, Composition and Single Ply)	.\$ 43.15	21.21
SHEE0293-001 03/05/2023		
	Rates	Fringes
Sheet metal worker	.\$ 47.37	31.71
* SUHI1997-002 09/15/1997		
	Rates	Fringes
Drapery Installer	.\$ 13.60 **	1.20
FENCE ERECTOR (Chain Link Fence)		1.65
WELDERS - Receive rate prescribe operation to which welding is ir		performing

^{**} Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.20) or 13658 (\$12.90). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information. Please also note that the minimum wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including

their agencies, are a party.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that

classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA"" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (or local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R \$\infty 1.3(g)-(h)\$. Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 01/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION"

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAYS DIVISION HONOLULU, HAWAII

PROPOSAL

PROPOSAL TO THE

STATE OF HAWAII

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

PROJECT: INTERSTATE ROUTE H-3

HALAWA-LULUKU INTERPRETIVE DEVELOPMENT

LULUKU PROJECT AREA DISTRICT OF KOOLAUPOKO

ISLAND OF OAHU

FEDERAL-AID

PROJECT NO.: I-H3-1(75)

COMPLETION TIME: 352 Calendar days from the date indicated in the

Start Work Date from the Department.

DBE PROJECT GOAL: 0.9%

DESIGN PROJECT MANAGER:

NAME: Evan Kimoto

ADDRESS: Department of Transportation

601 Kamokila Boulevard, Room 688

Kapolei, Hawaii 96707

PHONE NO.: (808) 692-7551

EMAIL: evan.kimoto@hawaii.gov

ELECTRONIC SUBMITTAL: Bidders shall submit and upload the complete

proposal to HIePRO prior to the bid opening date and time. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as confidential

and/or proprietary shall be uploaded as a separate file to HlePRO. Bidders shall refer to SPECIAL PROVISIONS 102.09 Delivery of Proposal for complete details. FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION

OF THE BID.

Director of Transportation 869 Punchbowl Street Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Dear Sir:

The undersigned Bidder declares the following:

- 1. It has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal.
- 2. It has not been assisted or represented on this matter by any individual who has, in a State capacity, been involved in the subject matter of this contract within the past two years.
- 3. It has not and will not, either directly or indirectly offered or given a gratuity (i.e., an entertainment or gift) to any State or County employee to obtain a contract or favorable treatment under a contract.
- 4. It will not maintain for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments.
- 5. Does not and will not permit its employees to perform their services at any location under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained.

The undersigned Bidder further agrees to the following:

- 1. If this proposal is accepted, it shall execute a contract with the Department to provide all necessary labor, machinery, tools, equipment, apparatus and any other means of construction, to do all the work and to furnish all the materials specified in the contract in the manner and within the time therein prescribed in the contract, and that it shall accept in full payment therefore the sum of the unit and/or lump sum prices as set forth in the attached proposal schedule for the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished and furnish satisfactory security in accordance with Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, within 10 days after the award of the contract or within such time as the Director of Transportation may allow after the undersigned has received the contract documents for execution, and is fully aware that non-compliance with the aforementioned terms will result in the forfeiture of the full amount of the bid guarantee required under Section 1032D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes.
- 2. That the quantities given in the attached proposal schedule are approximate only and are intended principally to serve as a guide in determining and comparing the bids.

- 3. That the Department does not either expressly or by implication, agree that the actual amount of work will correspond therewith, but reserves the right to increase or decrease the amount of any class or portion of the work, or to omit portions of the work, as may be deemed necessary or advisable by the Director of Transportation, and that all increased or decreased quantities of work shall be performed at the unit prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule except as provided for in the specifications.
- 4. In case of a discrepancy between unit prices and the totals in said Proposal Schedule, the unit prices shall prevail.
- 5. Unless amended by Special Provision, agrees to begin work within 10 working days after the date of notification to commence with the work, which date is in the notice to proceed, and shall finish the entire project within the time prescribed.
- 6. The Director of Transportation reserves the right to reject any or all bids and to waive any defects when in the Director's opinion such rejections or waiver will be for the best interest of the public.

The Bidder acknowledges receipt of and certifies that it has completely examined the following listed items: Hawaii Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, 2005, and/or the General Provisions for Construction Projects for AIR and WATER Transportation Facilities Division dated 2016, as applicable, the Notice to Bidders, Special Provisions, Proposal, Contract, Bond Forms, and Project Plans.

In accordance with Section 103D-323, Hawaii Revised Statutes, this proposal is accompanied with a bid security in the amount of 5% of the total amount bid, in the form checked below. (Check applicable bid security submitted with bid.)

Surety Bid Bond (Use standard form)
Cash,
- Odon,
Cashier's Check,
Certified Check, or
(Fill in other acceptable security.)

The undersigned Bidder acknowledges receipt of any addendum issued by the Department by recording in the space below the date of receipt.

Addendum No. 1	Addendum No. 3		
Addendum No. 2	Addendum No. 4		

In accordance with Section 103D-302, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the undersigned as Bidder has listed the name of each person or firm who will be engaged by the Bidder on the project as Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and the nature of work to be done by each on the following page. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor and is subject to evaluation as a Subcontractor or Joint Contractor. It is understood that failure to comply with the aforementioned requirements may be cause for rejection of the bid submitted.

The undersigned Bidder asserts that affirmative action has been taken to seek out and consider Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBEs) for portions of the work which can be subcontracted, and the affirmative actions of the Bidder are fully documented in its records and are available upon request by the Department. It is also understood that it must meet or exceed the DBE contract goal listed on page P-1 or demonstrate that it made good faith efforts to meet the DBE project goal. The undersigned as Bidder, agrees to utilize each participating DBE that it submitted to meet the contract goal of ________% (percentage to be completed by Bidder) DBE participation if the contract is awarded to it, and shall maintain such DBE participation during the construction of this project.

SUBCONTRACTOR LISTING

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

	NAME OF FIRM	NAME	NATURE OF WORK	
SUE	BCONTRACTOR:	CONTRACTO		
1.				_
	1a¹	1a¹		
2.				_
	2a	2a		
3.				
	3a	3a		
4.				
	4a	4a		
5.				
	5a	5a		
6.				
	6a.	6a		
7.				
	7a	7a		

NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

¹ Second tier subcontractors

JOINT CONTRACTOR LISTING

(Attach additional sheets if necessary.)

		NAME OF FIRM		NATURE OF WORK
JOIN	NT CON	ITRACTOR:		
1.			_	
	1a¹.		_	
2.			_	
	2a.		_	
3.			_	
	3a.		_	
4.			_	
	4a.		<u> </u>	
5.			<u> </u>	
	5a.		<u>_</u>	
6.				
	6a.			
7.				
	7a.		_	

NOTES:

The Name of Firm and Nature of Work shall be indicated for all listed firms. The Bidder must adequately and unambiguously disclose the unique nature and scope of the work to be performed by each Sub- or Joint Contractor.

For each listed firm, the Bidder declares the respective firm is a Sub- or Joint Contractor and subject to evaluation as a Sub- or Joint Contractor.

¹ Second tier joint contractors

The undersigned hereby certifies that the bid prices contained in the attached proposal schedule have been carefully checked and are submitted as correct and final.

This declaration is made with the understanding that the undersigned is subject to the penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States and is in violation of the Hawaii Penal Code, Section 710-1063, unsworn falsification to authorities, of the Hawaii Revised Statutes, for knowingly rendering a false declaration.

Bidder (Company Name)			
Authorized Signature			
Title			
Business Address			
Business Telephone	Email		
Date			
Contact Person (If different from above.)			
Phone:	Email:		

NOTE:

If Bidder is a <u>CORPORATION</u>, the legal name of the corporation shall be set forth above, the corporate seal affixed, together with the signature(s) of the officer(s) authorized to sign contracts for the corporation. Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority ofthe officer(s) to sign for the corporation.

If Bidder is a <u>PARTNERSHIP</u>, the true name of the partnership shall be set forth above, with the signature(s) of the general partner(s). Please attach to this page current (not more than six months old) evidence of the authority of the partner authorized to sign for the partnership.

If Bidder is an INDIVIDUAL, the bidder's signature shall be placed above.

If signature is by an agent, other than an officer of a corporation or a partner of a partnership, a POWER OF ATTORNEY must be on file with the Department before opening bids or submitted with the bid. Otherwise, the Department may reject the bid as irregular and unauthorized.

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE					
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
201.0100	Clearing and Grubbing	0.66	AC	\$	\$
203.0100	Site Excavation for Permeable Surface, Storage Containers, and Restroom Building	728	CY	\$	\$
204.0100	Trench Excavation for Water System	12	CY	\$	\$
204.0200	Trench Excavation for Sewer System	2,100	CY	\$	\$
204.0300	Trench Backfill for Water System	LS	LS	LS	\$
204.0400	Trench Backfill for Sewer System	LS	LS	LS	\$
209.0100	Installation, Maintenance, Monitoring, and Removal of BMP	LS	LS	LS	\$
209.0200	Additional Water Pollution, Dust, and Erosion Control	FA	FA	FA	\$20,000
304.0100	Aggregate Base Course	130	CY	\$	\$
401.0100	Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, Mix No. IV	LS	LS	LS	\$
421.0100	Permeable Surface	LS	LS	LS	\$
608.1000	Construction of Modular Storage Containers Facility and Incidentals Necessary	LS	LS	LS	\$
609.1000	Precast Concrete Restroom Building	LS	LS	LS	\$
624.0100	Water System	LS	LS	LS	\$
625.0100	Sewer System	LS	LS	LS	\$
641.0100	Hydro-Mulch Seeding	150	SY	\$	\$
645.0100	Traffic Control	LS	LS	LS	\$

I-H3-1(75) P-8 6/6/24

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE					
ITEM NO.	ITEM	APPROX. QUANTITY	UNIT	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT
651.0100	Installation of Cattle Gate	LS	LS	LS	\$
657.0100	Cast-In-Place Concrete Base for Storage Containers	LS	LS	LS	\$
657.0200	Cast-In-Place Concrete Base for Restroom Building	LS	LS	LS	\$
699.1000	Mobilization (Not to Exceed 6 Percent of the Sum of All Items Excluding the Bid Price of this Item)	LS	LS	LS	\$

TOTAL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISION OF BIDS	Φ.
101AL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISION OF DIDS	D

NOTE:

- 1. Bids shall include all Federal, State, County and other applicable taxes and fees.
- 2. The TOTAL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISON OF BIDS shall be used to determine the lowest responsible bidder.
- 3. Bidders shall complete all unit prices and amounts. Failure to do so shall be grounds for rejection of bid.
- 4. If a discrepancy occurs between unit bid price and the bid price, the unit bid price shall govern.
- 5. Bidders shall submit and <u>upload the complete proposal to HIePRO</u> prior to the bid opening date and time. Proposals received after said due date and time shall not be considered. Any additional support documents explicitly designated as <u>confidential and/or proprietary</u> shall be uploaded as a <u>separate file</u> to HIePRO. Bidders shall not include confidential and/or proprietary documents with the proposal. The record of each bidder and respective bid shall be open to public inspection. Original (wet ink, hard copy) proposal documents are not required to be submitted. Contract award shall be based on evaluation of proposals submitted and uploaded to HIEPRO. FAILURE TO UPLOAD THE COMPLETE PROPOSAL TO HIEPRO SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR REJECTION OF THE BID.

If there is a conflict between the specification document and the HIePRO solicitation, the specifications shall govern and control, unless otherwise specified.

PROPOSAL SCHEDULE

2 3

The bidder is directed to Subsection 105.16 – Subcontracts.

4 5

The bidder's attention is directed to Section 699 – Mobilization for the limitation of the amount bidders are allowed to bid.

 If the bid price for any proposal item having a maximum allowable bid indicated therefore in any of the contract documents is in excess of such a maximum amount, the bid price for such proposal item shall be adjusted to reflect the limitation thereon. The comparison of bids to determine the successful Bidder and the amount of contract to be awarded shall be determined after such adjustments are made, and such adjustments shall be binding upon the Bidder.

SURETY BID BOND

	Bond No
KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:	
That we,	
(Full name or	r legal title of offeror)
as Offeror, hereinafter called the Principal	, and
	orporation authorized to transact business as a , are held and firmly bound unto
as Owner, hereinafter called Owner, in th	(State/county entity) e penal sum of
Dollars (\$), lawful money of the United States of rell and truly to be made, the said Principal and rs, executors, administrators, successors and rese presents.
WHEREAS: The Principal has submitted an off	er for
(Project by numb	per and brief description)
in the alternate, accept the offer of the contract with the Owner in accordance wi or bonds as may be specified in the soli sufficient surety for the faithful perform payment of labor and material furnished	such that if the Owner shall reject said offer, or Principal and the Principal shall enter into a ith the terms of such offer, and give such bond citation or Contract Documents with good and nance of such Contract and for the prompt in the prosecution thereof as specified in the null and void, otherwise to remain in full force
Signed this day	y of
(Seal)	Name of Principal (Offeror)
	Signature
(Seal)	Title
(coul)	Name of Surety
	Signature
	Title

BB-1 r11/17/98

STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HONOLULU, HAWAII

SAMPLE FORMS

Contract

Performance Bond (Surety)

Performance Bond

Labor and Material Payment Bond (Surety)

Labor and Material Payment Bond

Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (Standard Form – LLL and LLL-A)

Statement of Compliance (Form WH-348)

Chapter 104, Compliance Certificate

CONTRACT

CONTRACT	
THIS AGREEMENT, made this day,	by and between the
STATE OF HAWAII, by its Director of Transportation, hereinafter referred	to as "STATE",
and <u>«CONTRACTOR»</u> , <u>«STATE_OF_INCORPORATON»</u> , whose busine	ss/post office
address is <u>«ADDRESS»</u> hereinafter referred to as "CONTRACTOR",	
WITNESSETH: That for and in consideration of the payments herein	after mentioned, the
CONTRACTOR hereby covenants and agrees with the STATE to complete	in place, furnish
and pay for all labor and materials necessary for	
"«PROJECT_NAME_AND_NO»",	
or such a part thereof as shall be required by the STATE, the total amount of	f which labor,
materials and construction shall be computed at the unit and/or lump sum pr	rices set forth in the
attached proposal schedule and shall be the sum of <u>«BASIC»</u> DOLLAR	S
(<u>\$«BASIC_NUMERIC»</u>) as follows:	

TOTAL AMOUNT FOR COMPARISON OF BIDS......\$«BASIC_NUMERIC»

which shall be provided from the following funds:

Federal Funds	
State Funds	
TOTAL AMOUNT	

all in accordance with the specifications, the special provisions, if any, the notice to bidders, the instructions to bidders, the proposal and plans for <u>«PROJECT_NO_ONLY»</u>, and any supplements thereto, on file in the office of the Director of Transportation. These documents, together with all alterations, amendments, and additions thereto and deductions therefrom, are attached hereto or incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this contract.

For and in consideration of the covenants, undertakings and agreements of the CONTRACTOR herein set forth and upon the full and faithful performance thereof by the CONTRACTOR, the STATE hereby agrees to pay the CONTRACTOR the sum of
<u>«BASIC»-----</u>DOLLARS (<u>\$«BASIC_NUMERIC»</u>) in lawful money, but not more than such part of the same as is actually earned according to the STATE's determination of the actual quantities of work performed and materials furnished by the CONTRACTOR at the unit or lump sum prices set forth in the attached proposal schedule. Such payment, including any extras, shall be made, subject to such additions or deductions hereto or hereafter made in the manner and at the time prescribed in the specifications and this contract.

An additional sum of <u>«EXTRAS»-----DOLLARS (\$«EXTRA_NUMERIC»)</u> is hereby provided for extra work and shall be provided from the following funds:

Federal Funds	
State Funds	
Total	

Where Federal funds are involved, it is covenanted and agreed by and between the parties hereto that the sum of _----«FEDERAL_BASIC»----DOLLARS

(\$«FEDERAL_BASIC_NUMERIC») and ----«FEDERAL_EXTRAS»----DOLLARS

(\$«FEDERAL_EXTRAS_NUMERIC»), a portion of the contract price and extras, respectively, shall be paid out of the applicable Federal funds, and that this contract shall be construed to be an agreement to pay said sums to the Contractor only out of the aforesaid Federal funds if and when such Federal funds shall be received from the Federal Government, and that this contract shall not be construed to be a general agreement to pay said portions at all events out of any funds other than those which may be so received from the Federal Government; provided, that if the Federal share of the cost of the project is not immediately forthcoming from the Federal Government, the STATE may advance the CONTRACTOR the anticipated Federal reimbursement of the cost of the completed portions of the work from funds which have been appropriated by the STATE for its pro rata share.

All words used herein in the singular shall extend to and include the plural. All words used in the plural shall extend to and include the singular. The use of any gender shall extend to and include all genders.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be duly executed the day and year first above written.

STATE OF HAWAII
Director of Transportation
«CONTRACTOR»
Signature
Print name
Print Title
Date

PERFORMANCE BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

That
That, (Full Legal Name and Street Address of Contractor)
as Contractor, hereinafter called Principal, and
(Name and Street Address of Bonding Company)
as Surety, hereinafter called Surety, a corporation(s) authorized to transact business as a
surety in the State of Hawaii, are held and firmly bound unto the, (State/County Entity)
(State/County Entity)
its successors and assigns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount of
DOLLARS (\$), to which payment Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.
WHEREAS, the above-bound Principal has signed a Contract with Obligee on, for the following project:
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.

NOW THEREFORE, the condition of this obligation is such that:

If the Principal shall promptly and faithfully perform, and fully complete the Contract in strict accordance with the terms of the Contract as said Contract may be modified or amended from time to time; then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.

Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

In the event of Default by the Principal, of the obligations under the Contract, then after written Notice of Default from the Obligee to the Surety and the Principal and subject to the limitation of the penal sum of this bond, Surety shall remedy the Default, or take over the work to be performed under the Contract and complete such work, or pay moneys to the Obligee in satisfaction of the surety's performance obligation on this bond.

Signed this	day of	
	(Seal)	Name of Principal (Contractor)
		* Signature
		Title
	(Seal)	Name of Surety
		* Signature
		Title

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

PERFORMANCE BOND

KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

That we,	
	(full legal name and street address of Contractor)
as Contr	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto the
	(State/County entity)
its succe	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
	DOLLARS \$), (Dollar amount of Contract)
	(Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and Firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:
	Certificate of Deposit, No, dated issued by drawn on a bank, savings
	institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to :
	Cashier's Check No, dated
	drawn ona bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Teller's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Official Check No, dated
	drawn ona bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Certified Check No, dated accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;

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WHEREAS:	
The Contractor has by written agreement dated ent	ered into d
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and r hereof.	nade a par
NOW THEREFORE,	
The Condition of this obligation is such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faith the Contract in accordance with, in all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covaconditions of the Contract as it now exists or may be modified according to its term deliver the Project to the Obligee, or to its successors or assigns, fully completed as in the specified and free from all liens and claims and without further cost, expense or che Obligee, its officers, agents, successors or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or actinature and kind which may be brought for or on account of any injury or damage, direct arising or growing out of the doing of said work or the repair or maintenance thereof or of doing the same or the neglect of the Contractor or its agents or servants or the performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its agents or servants or from any of them this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force and effects.	renants and shall he Contractors of even the manne the improperture of the cause of
AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that suit on this bond may be brought be of competent jurisdiction without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the said liquidated damages, if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or assigns, in a breach of any, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, or stipulation in the Contract or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.	Contract as the event o
The amount of this bond may be reduced by and to the extent of any payment a made in good faith hereunder.	or payments
Signed and sealed this,, day of,	_·

(Seal)_____

Title

Signature*

Name of Contractor

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

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LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND (SURETY)

(6/21/07)

KNOW TO ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

That

(Full Legal Name and Street Address of Contractor)		
as Contractor, hereinafter called Principal, and		
(Name and Street Address of Bonding Company) as Surety, hereinafter called Surety, a corporation(s) authorized to transact business as a surety in the State of Hawaii, are held and firmly bound unto the		
its successors and assigns, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount of		
Dollars (\$), to which payment Principal and Surety bind themselves their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.		
WHEREAS, the above-bound Principal has signed Contract with the Obligee on for the following project:		
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.		
NOW THEREFORE , the condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal shall promptly make payment to any Claimant, as hereinafter defined, for all labor and materials supplied to the Principal for use in the performance of the Contract, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise to remain in full force and effect.		
1. Surety to this Bond hereby stipulates and agrees that no changes, extensions of time, alterations, or additions to the terms of the Contract, including the work to be performed thereunder, and the specifications or drawings accompanying same, shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, and it does hereby waive notice of any such changes, extensions of		

A "Claimant" shall be defined herein as any person who has furnished labor or materials

time, alterations, or additions, and agrees that they shall become part of the Contract.

to the Principal for the work provided in the Contract.

Every Claimant who has not been paid amounts due for labor and materials furnished for work provided in the Contract may institute an action against the Principal and its Surety on this bond at the time and in the manner prescribed in Section 103D-324, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and have the rights and claims adjudicated in the action, and judgment rendered thereon; subject to the Obligee's priority on this bond. If the full amount of the liability of the Surety on this bond is insufficient to pay the full amount of the claims, then after paying the full amount due the Obligee, the remainder shall be distributed pro rata among the claimants.

Signed this	day of	·
	(Seal)	Name of Principal (Contractor)
		* Signature
	(Seal)	Title
		* Signature
		 Title

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

LABOR AND MATERIAL PAYMENT BOND

KNOW ALL BY THESE PRESENTS:

Т	hat we,(full legal name and street address of Contractor)
as Contra	actor, hereinafter called Contractor, is held and firmly bound unto (State/County entity)
	ssors and assigns, as Obligee, hereinafter called Obligee, in the amount
	(Dollar amount of Contract)
and truly	oney of the United States of America, for the payment of which to the said Obligee, well to be made, Contractor binds itself, its heir, executors, administrators, successors and firmly by these presents. Said amount is evidenced by:
	Legal Tender;
	Share Certificate unconditionally assigned to or made payable at sight to
	Description:
	Certificate of Deposit, No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Çashier's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Teller's Check No, dated
	drawn on a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Treasurer's Check No, dated
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Official Check No, dated
	a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to;
	Certified Check No, dated accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit
	accepted by a bank, savings institution or credit union insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Administration, payable at sight or unconditionally assigned to

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WHEREAS:
The Contractor has by written agreement datedentered into a contract with Obligee for the following Project:
hereinafter called Contract, which Contract is incorporated herein by reference and made a part hereof.
NOW THEREFORE,
The condition of this obligation is such that, if Contractor shall promptly and faithfully perform the Contract in accordance with, in all respects, the stipulations, agreements, covenants and conditions of the Contract as it now exists or may be modified according to its terms, free from all liens and claims and without further cost, expense or charge to the Obligee, its officers, agents, successors or assigns, free and harmless from all suits or actions of every nature and kind which may be brought for or on account of any injury or damage, direct or indirect, arising or growing out of the doing of said work or the repair or maintenance thereof or the manner of doing the same or the neglect of the Contractor or its agents or servants or the improper performance of the Contract by the Contractor or its agents or servants or from any other cause, then this obligation shall be void; otherwise it shall be and remain in full force and effect.
AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that suit on this bond may be brought before a court of competent jurisdiction without a jury, and that the sum or sums specified in the said Contract as liquidated damages, if any, shall be forfeited to the Obligee, its successors or assigns, in the event of a breach of any, or all, or any part of, covenants, agreements, conditions, or stipulations contained in the Contract or in this bond in accordance with the terms thereof.
AND IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED that this bond shall inure to the benefit of any and all persons entitled to file claims for labor performed or materials furnished in said work so as to give any and all such persons a right of action as contemplated by Sections 103D-324(d) and 103D-324(e), Hawaii Revised Statutes.
The amount of this bond may be reduced by and to the extent of any payment or payments made in good faith hereunder, inclusive of the payments of mechanics' liens which may be filed of record against the Project, whether or not claim for the amount of such lien be presented under and against this bond.
Signed this day of,
(Seal)Name of Contractor
*Signature

Title

*ALL SIGNATURES MUST BE ACKNOWLEDGED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC

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Approved by••
0348-0046••

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES..

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352..

(See reverse for public burden disclosure.)..

1. Type of Federal Action: a. contract b. grant c. cooperative agreement d. loan e. loan guarantee f. loan insurance	2. Status of Fed a. bid/offe b. initial a c. post-aw	er/application ward	3. Report Type: a. initial filing b. material change For Material Change Only: year quarter date of last report
4. Name and Address of Reporting Entity: □ Prime □ Subawardee Tier, if known:		5. If Reporting Entity in No. 4 is Subawardee, Enter Name and Address of Prime	
Congressional District, <i>if known</i>	<i>1</i> :		l District, <i>if known</i> :
6. Federal Department/Agency:		7. Federal Program Name/Destination: CFDA Number, <i>if applicable</i> :	
8. Federal Action Number, <i>if kno</i>	own:	9. Award Amou \$	ant, <i>if known:</i>
10. a. Name and address of Lobbying Entity (if individual, last name, first name, MI):		b. Individuals Performing Services (including address if different from No. 10a) (last name, first name, MI):	
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)			
11. Amount of Payment (check all that apply): \$ actual planned 12. Form of Payment (check all that apply): a. cash b. in-kind; specify: nature value		13. Type of Payment (check all that apply): a. retainer b. one-time fee c. commission d. contingent fee e. deferred f. other; specify:	
14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Performed and Date(s) of Service, including officer(s), employees(s) or Member(s) contacted, for Payment Indicated in Item 11:			
(attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if necessary)			
15. Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLI	-A attached:	☐ Yes	□ No
16. Information requested through this form is authorized by title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. This disclosure of lobbying activities is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed by the tier above when this transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure is required pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352. This information will be reported to the Congress semi-annually and will be available for public inspection. Any person who fails to file the required disclosure shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.		Print Name:	Date:
Federal Use Only:			Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form - LLL

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to title 31 U.S.C. section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Use the SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet for additional information if the space on the form is inadequate. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

- 1. Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
- 2. Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
- 3. Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
- 4. Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, if known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
- 5. If the organization filing the report in item 4 checks "Subawardee", then enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
- Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
- 7. Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
- 8. Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number; Invitation for Bid (IFB) number; grant announcement number; the contract, grant, or loan award number; the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal Agency). Include prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
- 9. For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
- 10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the lobbying entity engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.
 - (b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
- 11. Enter the amount of compensation paid or reasonably expected to be paid by the reporting entity (item 4) to the lobbying entity (item 10). Indicate whether the payment has been made (actual) or will be made (planned). Check all boxes that apply. If this is a material change report, enter the cumulative amount of payment made or planned to be made.
- 12. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If payment is made through an in-kind contribution, specify the nature and value of the in-kind payment.
- 13. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If other, specify nature.
- 14. Provide a specific and detailed description of the services that the lobbyist has performed, or will be expected to perform, and the date(s) of any services rendered. Include all preparatory and related activity, not just time spent in actual contact with Federal officials. Identify the federal official(s) or employee(s) contacted or the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) or Congress that were contacted.
- 15. Check whether or not a SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet(s) is attached.
- 16. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction (0348-0046), Washington, D.C. 20503.

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES CONTINUATION SHEET

Approved by 0348-0046

Reporting Entity:	Page	_of

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

Date		
I,(Name of signatory party) (Titl	do haby state:	
(Name of signatory party) (Titl (1) That I pay or supervise the payment of the persons empl		
	(Contractor or subcontractor)	
the; that duing the (Building or work)		
full weekly wages earned, that no rebates have been or will from the full weekly (Contractor or subcontractor)	all persons employed on said project have been paid the be made either directly or indirectly to or on behalf of said ekly wages earned by any person and that no deductions have be by any person, other than permissible deductions as defined in	
Regulations, Part 3 (29 CFR Subtitle A), issued by the Secretar Stat. 108, 72 Stat. 967; 76 Stat. 357; 40 U.S.C. 2769, and describ	y of Labor under the Copeland Act, as amended (48 Stat. 948.63	
the wage rates for laborers or mechanics contained therein are	I to be submitted for the above period are correct and complete; that e not less than the applicable wage rates contained in any wage tions set forth therein for each laborers or mechanic conform with	
with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau of A	duly registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered Apprenticeship and Training, United States Department of Labor, with the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, United States	
(4) That:		
(a) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID TO APPROVED PLANS, FUNDS, OR PROGRAMS In addition to the basic hourly wage rates paid to each laborer or mechanic listed in the above— Referenced payroll, payments of fringe benefits as listed in the contract have been or will be made to appropriate program for the benefit of such employees, except as noted in Section 4(c) below.		
(b) WHERE FRINGE BENEFITS ARE PAID IN CASH Each Laborer or mechanic listed in the above referenced payroll has been paid as indicated on the payroll, as amount not less than the sum of the applicable basic hourly wage rate plus the amount of the required fring benefits as listed in the contract, except as noted in Section 4(c) below.		
(c) EXCEPTIONS		
EXCEPTION (CRAFT)	EXPLANATION	
EXCEPTION (CRAPT)		
	2	
REMARK		
	T	
NAME AND TITLE	SIGNATURE	
THE WILFUL FALSIFICATION OF ANY OF THE ABOVE STATEMENTS MAY SUBJECT THE CONTRACTOR OR SUBCONTRACTOR TO CIVIL OR CRIMINAL PROSECUTION. SEE SECTION 1001 OF TITLE 18 AND SECTION 231 OF TITLE 31 OF THE UNITED STATES CODE.		

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

This statement of compliance meets needs resulting form the amendment of the Davis-Bacon Act to include fringe benefits provisions. Under this amended law, the contractor is required to pay fringe benefits as predetermined by the Department of Labor, in addition to payment of the minimum rates. The contractor's obligation to pay fringe benefits may be met by payment of the fringes to the various plans, funds, or programs or by making these payments to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes.

The contractor should show on the face of his payroll all monies paid to the employees whether as basic or as cash in lieu of fringes. The contractor shall represent in the statement of compliance that he is paying to others fringes required by the contract and not paid as cash in lieu of fringes. Detailed instructions follow:

Contractors who pay all required fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays fringe benefits to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts not less than were determined in the applicable wage decision of the Secretary of Labor shall continue to show on the face of his payroll the basic cash hourly rate and overtime rate paid to his employees, just as he has always done. Such a contractor shall check paragraph 4(a) of the statement to indicate that he is also paying to approved plans, funds, or programs not less than the amount predetermined as fringe benefits for each craft. Any exception shall be noted in Section 4(c).

Contractors who pay no fringe benefits:

A contractor who pays no fringe benefits shall pay to the employee and insert in the straight time hourly rate column of his payroll an amount not less than the predetermined rate for each classification plus the amount of fringe benefits determined for each classification in the applicable wage decision. Inasmuch as it is not necessary to pay time and a half on cash paid in lieu of fringes, the overtime rate shall be not less than the sum of the basic predetermined rate, plus the half time premium on the basic or regular rate plus the required cash in lieu of fringes at the straight time rate. To simplify computation of overtime, it is suggested that the straight time basic rate and cash in lieu of fringes be separately stated in the hourly rate column, thus \$3.25/.40. In addition, the contractor shall check paragraph 4(b) of the statement to indicate that he is paying fringe benefits in cash directly to his employees. Any exceptions shall be noted in Section 4(c).

Use of Section 4(c), Exceptions

Any contractor who is making payment to approved plans, funds, or programs in amounts less than the wage determination requires is obliged to pay the deficiency directly to the employees as cash in lieu of fringes. Any exceptions to Section 4(a) or 4(b), whichever the contractor may check, shall be entered in Section 4(c). Enter in the Exception column the craft, and enter in the Explanation column the hourly amount paid the employees as cash in lieu of fringes, and the hourly amount paid to plans, funds, or programs as fringes.

CHAPTER 104, HRS COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

The undersigned bidder does hereby certify to the following:

- 1. Individuals engaged in the performance of the contract on the job site shall be paid:
 - A. Not less than the wages that the director of labor and industrial relations shall have determined to be prevailing for corresponding classes of laborers and mechanics employed on public works projects; and
 - B. Overtime compensation at one and one-half times the basic hourly rate plus fringe benefits for hours worked on Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday of the State or in excess of eight hours on any other day.

Notary signature_______
Date _____

My Commission Expires: